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لقد تم إنشاء هذا الملف بنسخة بي دي إف بتاريخ ٢٠١٧/١٠/٠٦ بواسطة مصادر من الإنترنت كجزء من الأرشيف الرقمي لمكتبة قطر الرقمية. يحتوي السجلّ على الإنترنت على معلومات إضافية وصور عالية الدقة قابلة للتقريب ومخطوطات. بالإمكان مشاهدتها على الرابط التالي:

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المرجع	IOR/R/15/5/112
المعنوان	"١/١ المجلد ٧] العلاقات الكويتية السعودية"
التاريخ/ التواريخ	۲۹ مايو ۱۹۳۵-۲۱ أبريل ۱۹۳٦ (ميلادي)
لغة الكتابة	الإنجليزية و العربية في اللاتينية بالأحرف والعربية
الحجم والشكل	مجلد واحد (۲٤٧ ورقة)
المؤسسة المالكة	المكتبة البريطانية: أوراق خاصة وسجلات من مكتب الهند
حق النشر	غير معروف

حول هذا السجل

تتعلق المراسلات والأوراق بالعلاقات بين الكويت والمملكة العربية السعودية، وجهود المسؤولين البريطانيين للتفاوض على رفع الحظر التجاري المفروض على الكويت بأوامر من ملك السعودية، عبد العزيز بن عبد آل الرحمن بن فيصل آل سعود. يأتي هذا المجلد زمنيًا مباشرةً بعد "١/١ المجلد :وهو يتضمن ،(IOR/R/15/5/111) "العلاقات الكويتية السعودية !!!

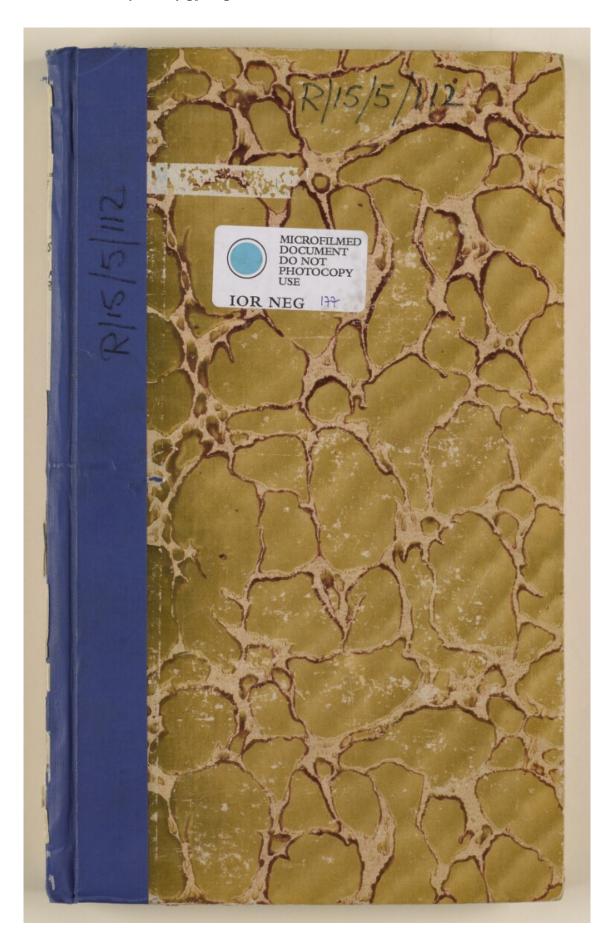
- تبادل مراسلات دبلوماسية أخرى بين مسؤولين بريطانيين وسعوديين وكويتيين بخصوص توغّل مجموعة سعودية مسلحة في الأراضي الكويتية في مايو ١٩٣٥.
 - تأكيدات سعودية بأن التهريب من الكويت إلى السعودية قد ازداد في أعقاب المؤتمر الكويتي-السعودي الذي عقد في يوليو ١٩٣٥.
 - وفاة أمير الأحساء عبد الله بن جلوي آل سعود في أكتوبر ١٩٣٥؛

- نقاشات بخصوص اقتراح تقدم به ابن سعود الإقرار العمل بقانون عرفة بين السعودية والكويت.
- اقتراحات من الحكومة السعودية في بدايات ١٩٣٦عام لرفع الحظر التجاري، وتقارير عن موافقة حاكم الكويت من حيث المبدأ على الاقتراحات.

المتراسلون الرئيسيون بالمجلد هم: الوكيل السياسي في الكويت (المقدم هارولد ريتشارد باتريك ديكسون)؛ المقيم السياسي في الخليج العربي (المقدم وليام ترنشارد كرافن فاول)؛ السفير البريطاني في السعودية (أندرو ريان)؛ القائم بالأعمال البريطاني في جدة (ألبرت سبنسر كالفرت)؛ ممثلين عن حكومة السعودية (فؤاد بك حمزة، يوسف ياسين، فيصل بن عبد العزيز آل سعود)؛ حاكم الكويت (الشيخ أحمد الجابر الصباح).

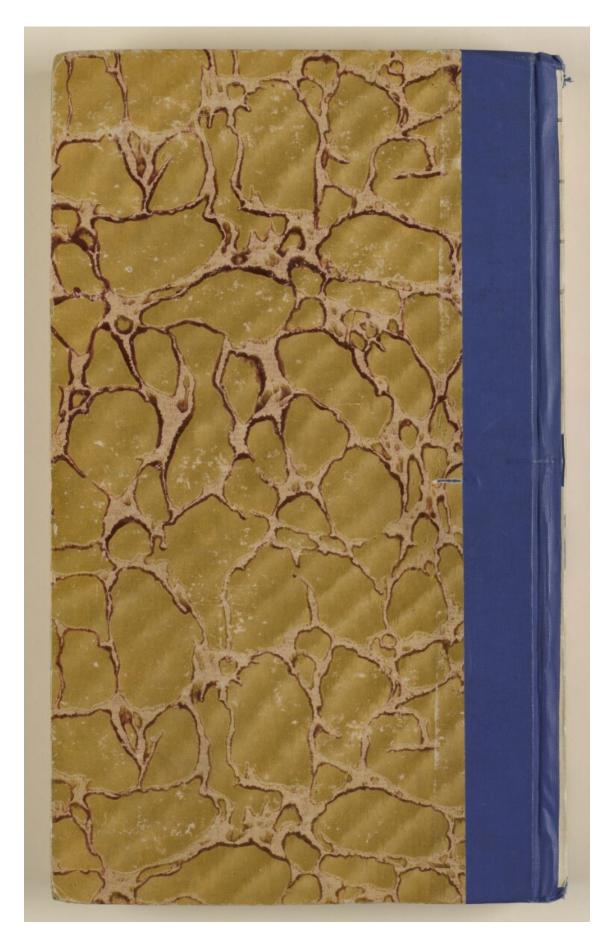


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [أمامي] (١٠/١)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [خلفي] (١٠/٢)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [صلب] (١٠/٣)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [حافة] (١٠/٤)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [رأس] (١٠/٥)



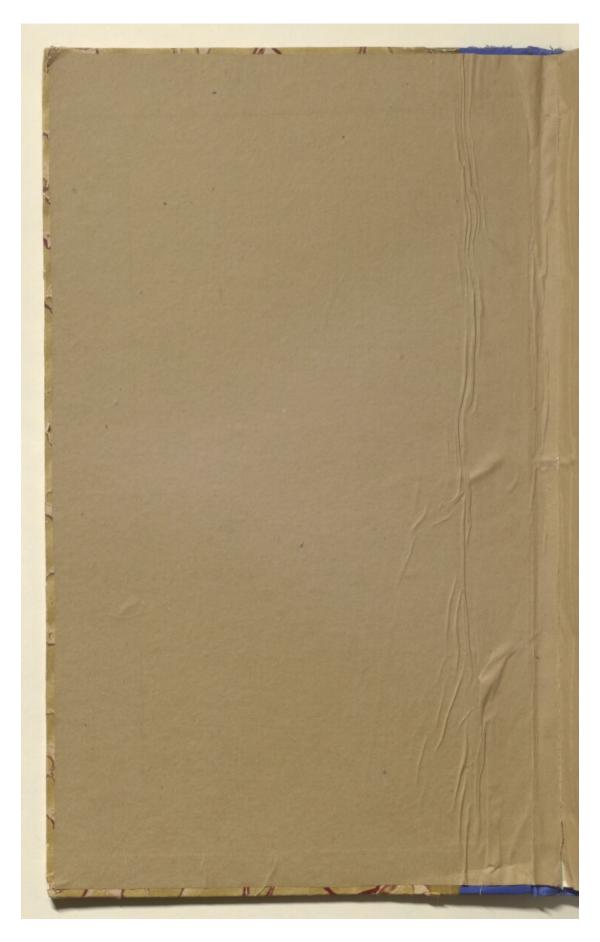


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [ذيل] (١٠/٦)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [أمامي-داخلي] (١٠/٧)



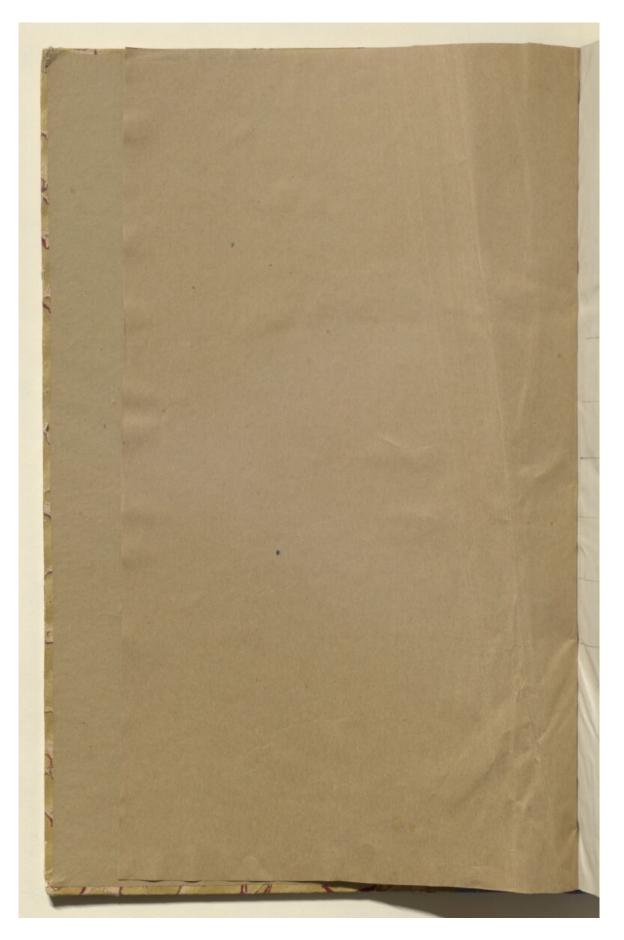


"١/١ المجلد VI العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [i-و] (١٠/٨)



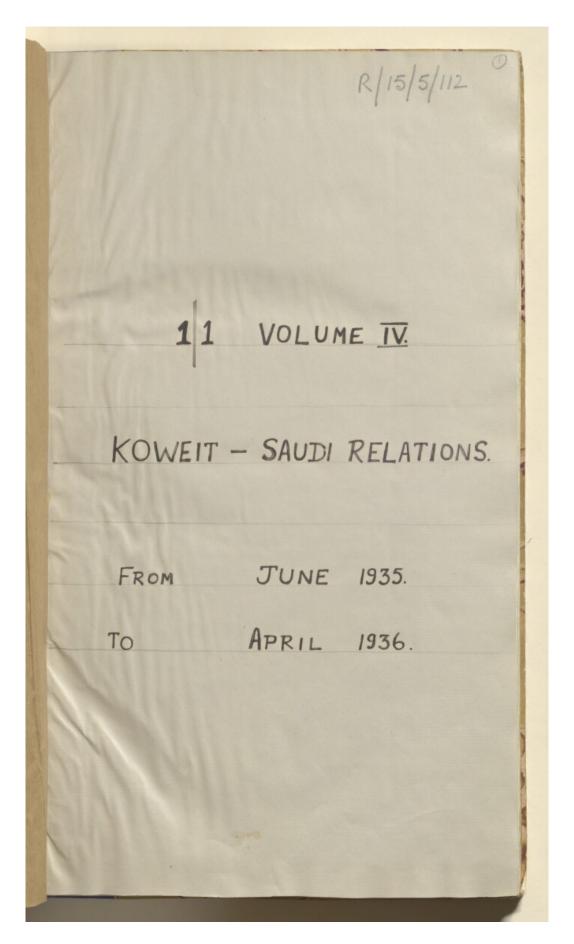


"١/١ المجلد IV العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [i-ظ] (١٠/٩)



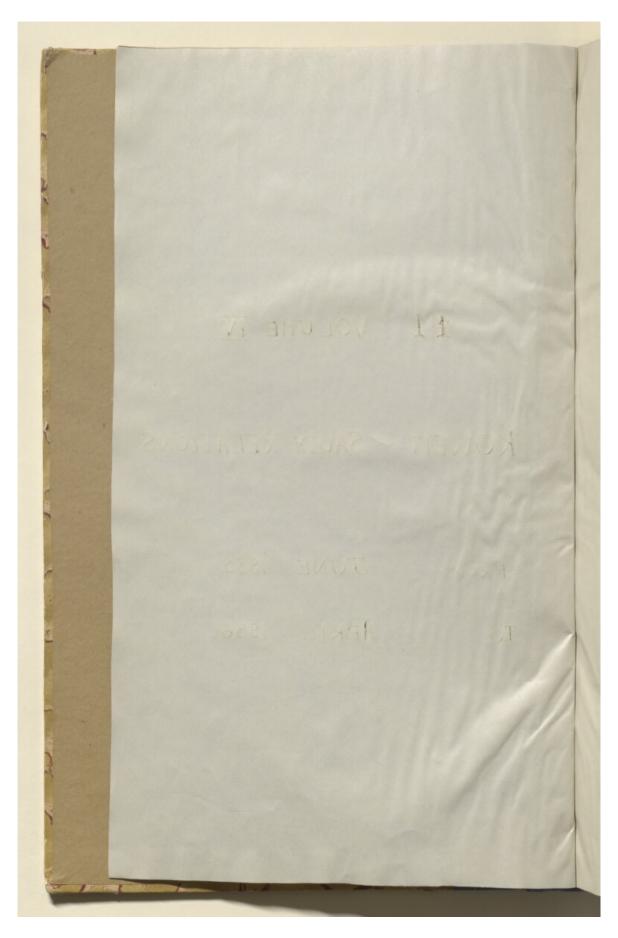


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١و] (١٠/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١ظ] (١١٠/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢و] (١٠/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢ظ] (١٠/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣و] (١٠/١٥)



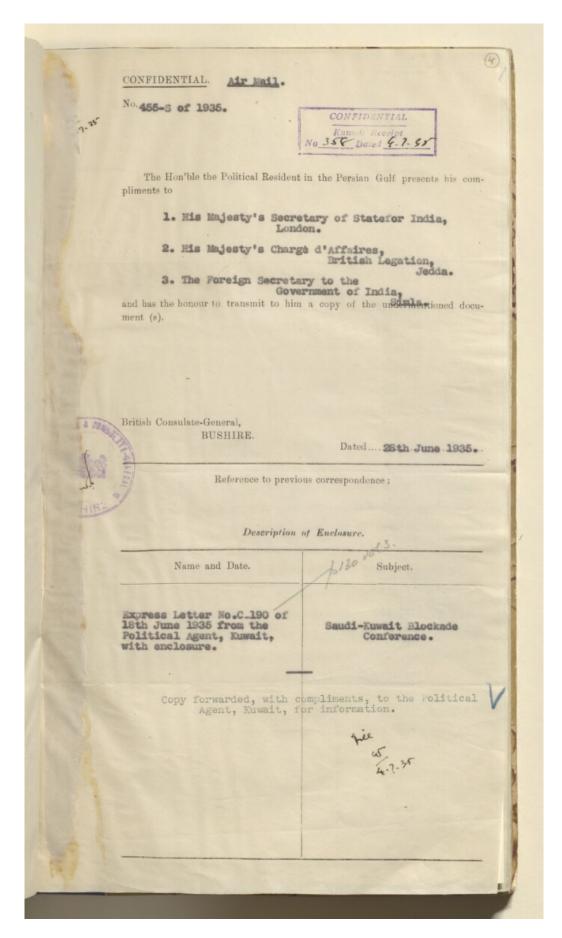


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣ظ] (١٠/١٥)



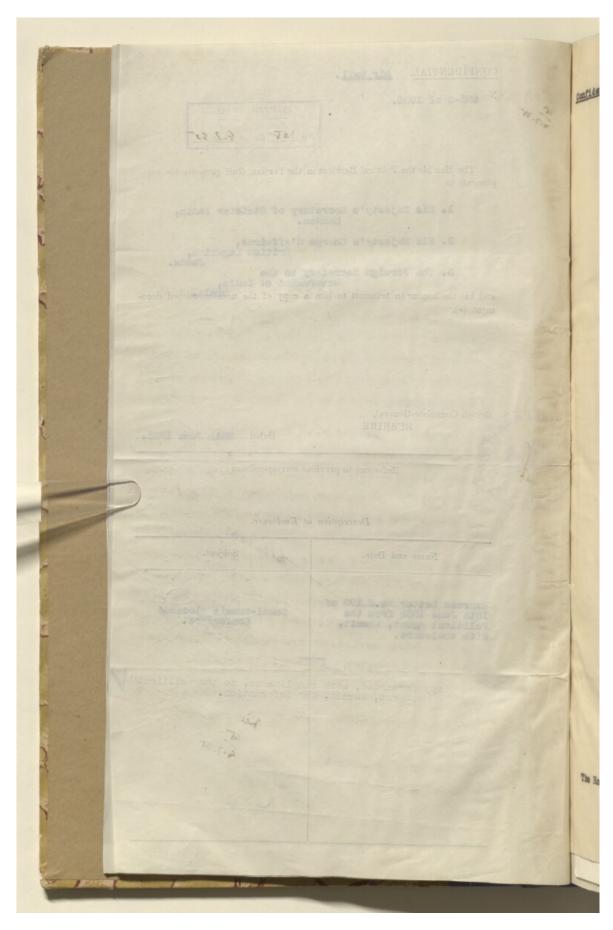


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤و] (١٠/١٦)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤ظ] (١٠/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥و] (١٠/١٥)

Confidential.

D.O. No. C-229.

POLITICAL AGENCY,

KUWAIT.

The 6th July 1935.

"Kuwait-Saudi Blockade Conference"

My dear Fowle,

On the principle of keeping you au fait of all that has been happening here where the conference is concerned, I write to say that this morning (6.7.35) Abdulla al Qusaibi, returned by air to Bahrain and Shaikh Khalid ibn al Walid and Shaikh Hamad al Sulaiman, called on me preparatory to leaving for Riyath tonight by car.

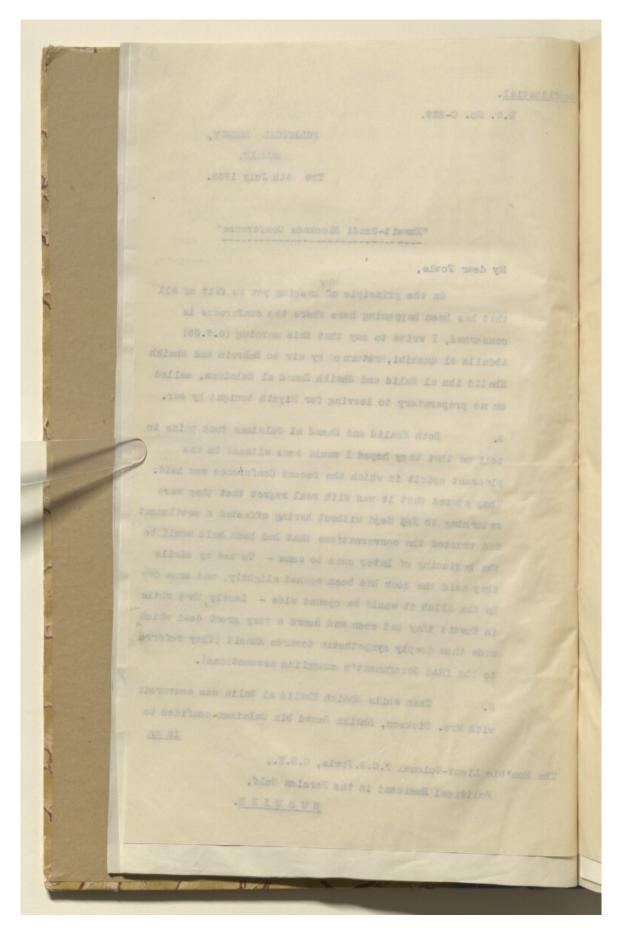
- 2. Both Khalid and Hamad al Sulaiman took pains to tell me that they hoped I would bear witness to the pleasant spirit in which the recent Conference was held: They stated that it was with real regret that they were returning to Neight Neight without having affected a settlement and trusted the conversations that had been held would be the beginning of later ones to come To use my simile they said the door had been opened slightly, and some day En Sha Allah it would be opened wide Lastly that while in Kuwait they had seen and heard a very great deal which made them deeply sympathetic towards Kuwait (They referre to the IRAQ Government's smuggling accusations).
- 3. Then while Shaikh Khalid al Walid was conversir with Mrs. Dickson, Shaikh Hamad bin Sulaiman confided to in an

The Hon'ble Lieut-Colonel T.C.W.Fowle, C.B.E., Political Resident in the Persian Gulf,

BUSHIRE.



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥ظ] (١٠/١٥)



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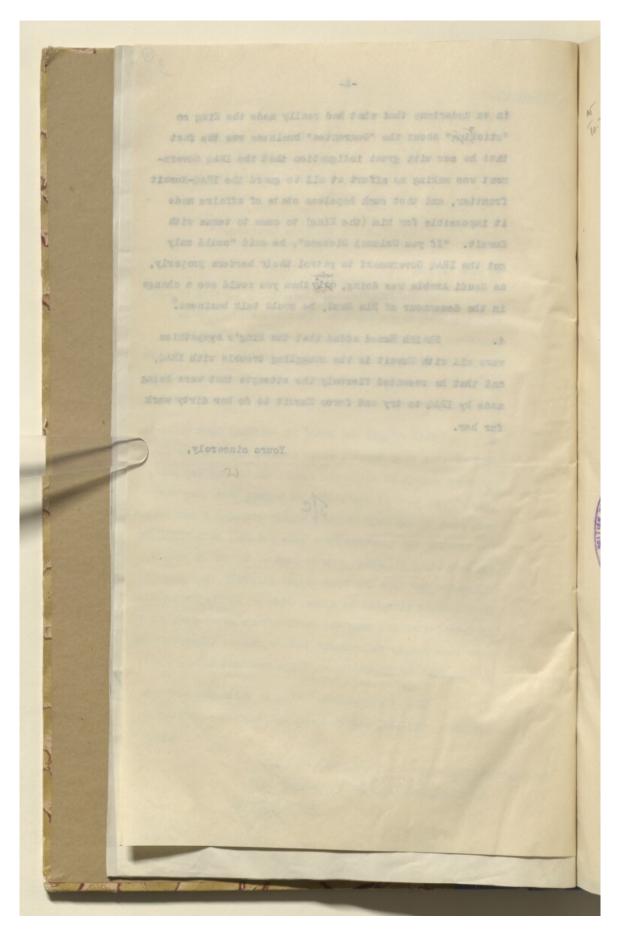


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦] (٢٠/١٥)

-2in an undertone that what had really made the King so "sticking" about the "Guarantee" business was the fact that he saw with great indignation that the IRAQ Government was making no effort at all to guard the IRAQ-Kuwait frontier, and that such hopeless state of affairs made it impossible for him (the King) to come to terms with Kuwait. "If you Colonel Dickson", he said "could only get the IRAQ Government to patrol their borders properly, as Saudi Arabia was doing, oply then you would see a change in the demeanour of Bin Saud, he would talk business." Shaikh Hamad added that the King's sympathies were all with Kuwait in the snuggling trouble with IRAQ, and that he resented fiercely the attempts that were being made by IRAQ to try and force Kuwait to do her dirty work for her. Yours sincerely, 65 Se



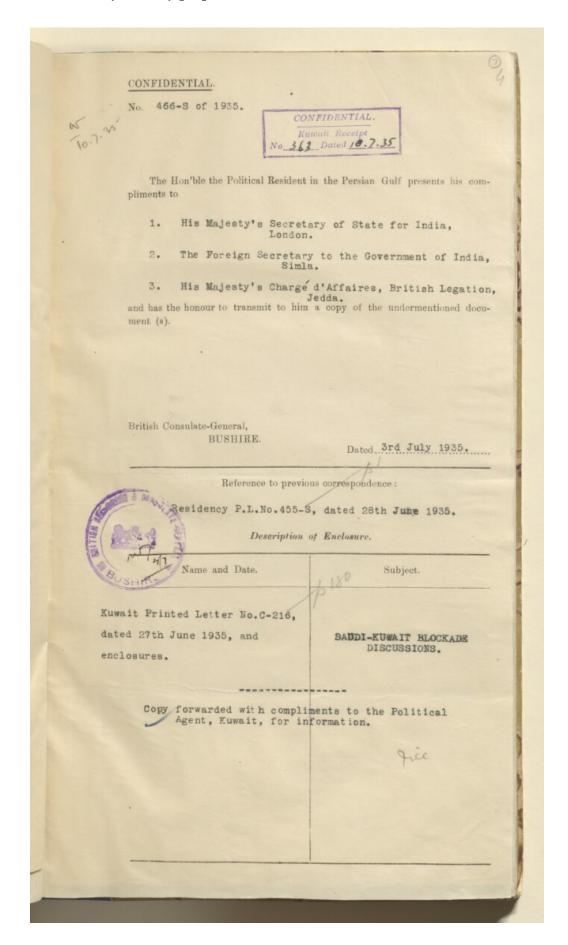
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦ ظ] (١٠/٢١)



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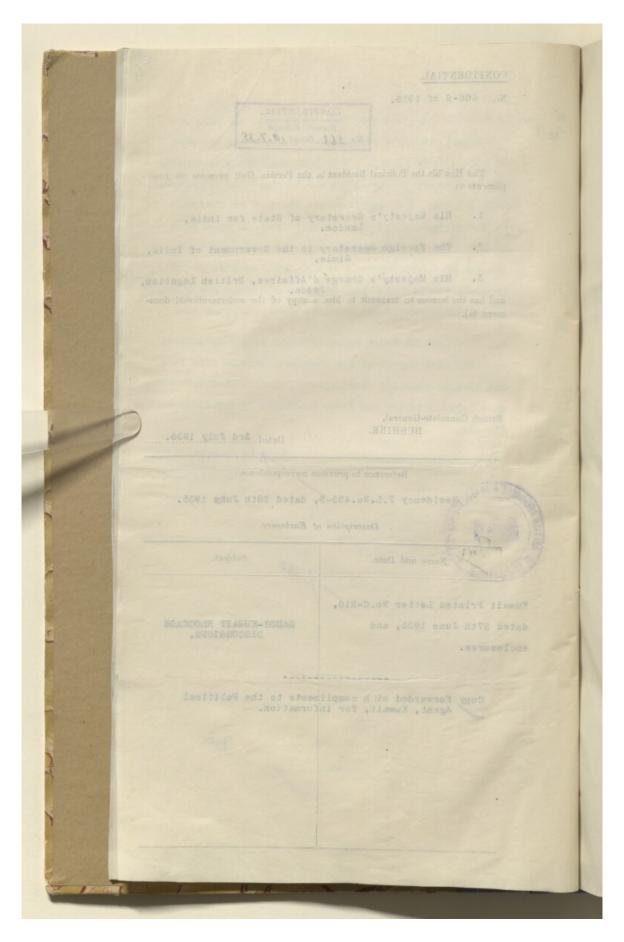


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧و] (٢٢/ ٥١)





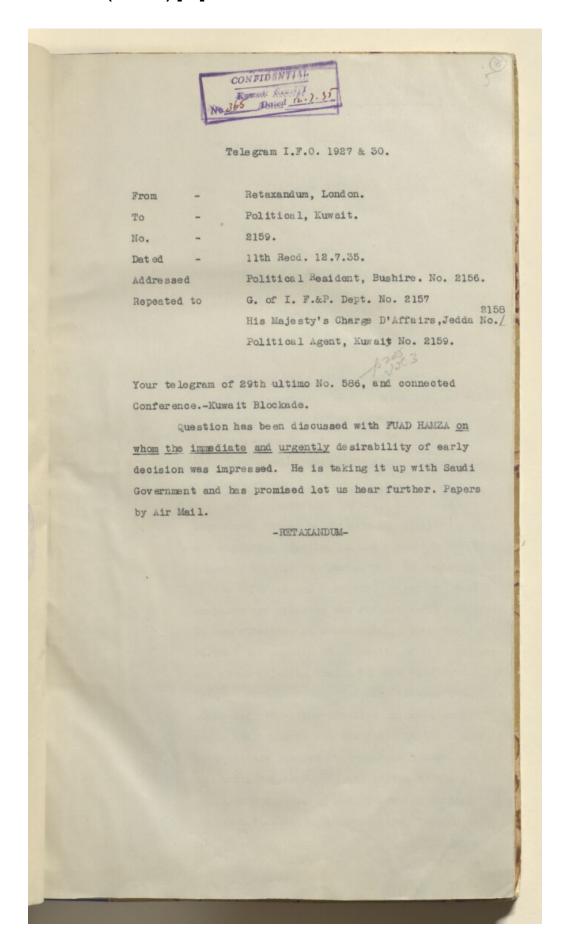
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧ط] (٢٠/٠١٥)



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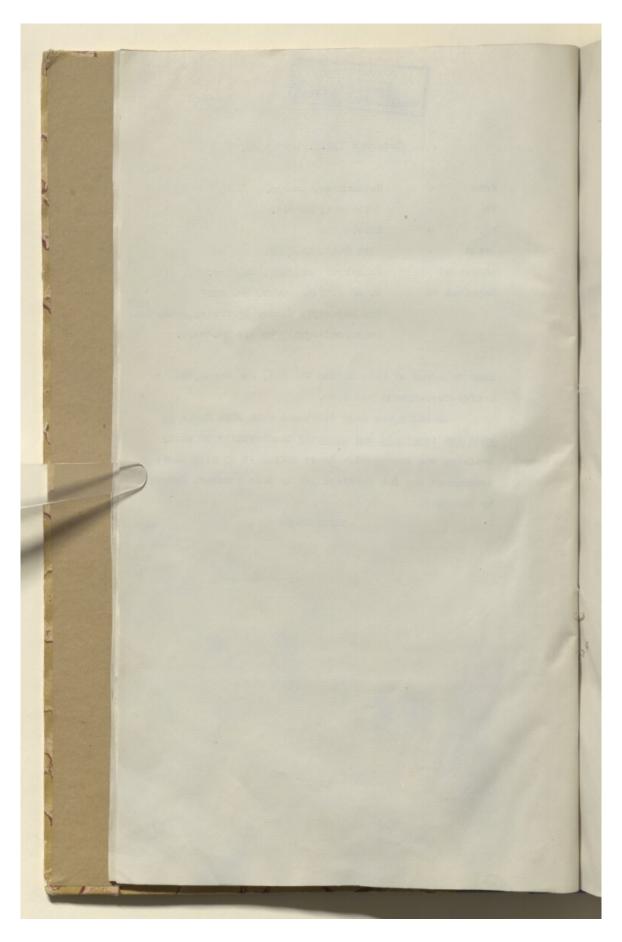


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨و] (١٠/٢٤)



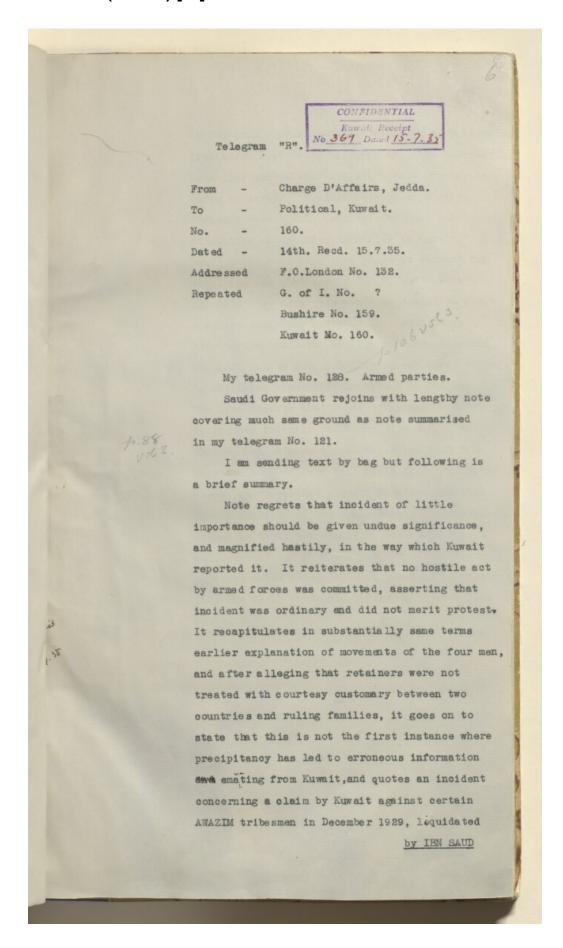


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨ظ] (١٠/٢٥)



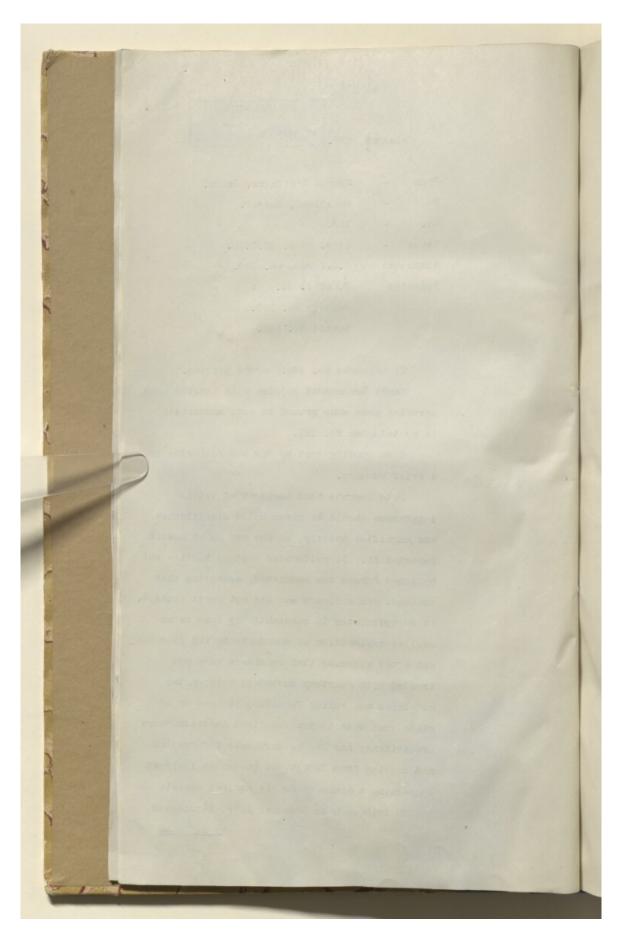


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩و] (٢٦/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩ظ] (٢٠/٠١٥)



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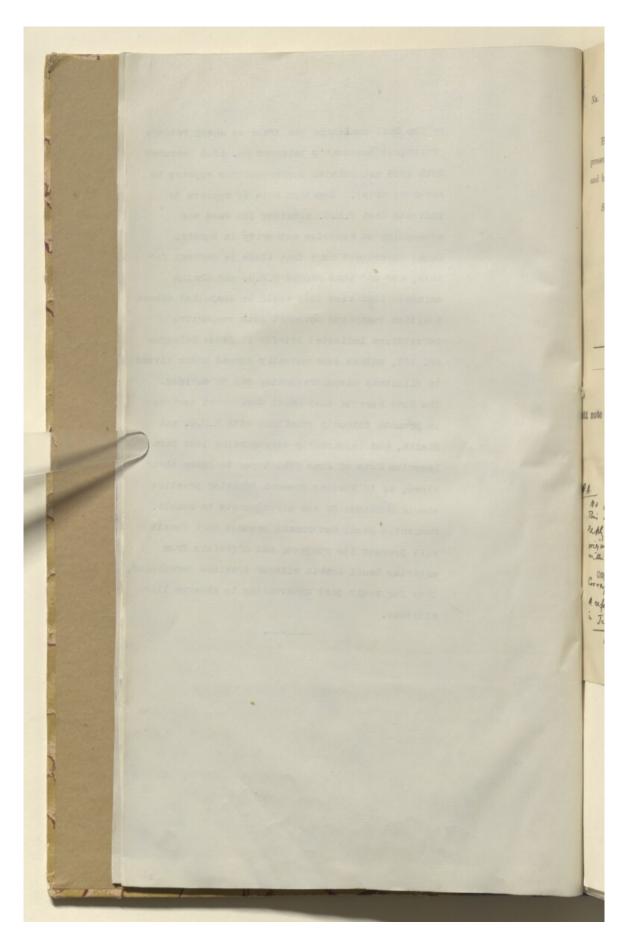
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠و] (١٠/٢٨)

by Ibn Saud punishing the tribe as sheep raiders (Political Resident's telegram No. 1302 December 29th 1929 and related correspondence appears to refer to this). Legation note 92 appears to indicate that H.M.G. consider Ibn Saud was attempting to exercise authority in Kuwait. Saudi Government deny that there is warrant for this, and add that should H.M.G. and Shaikh maintain that view they would be compelled adhere position regarding movement into respective territories indicated briefly in Jedda telegram No. 121, unless some mutually agreed modus vivendi to eliminate misunderstanding can be devised. The Note asserts that Saudi Government desires to promote friendly relations with H.M.G. and Shaikh, and (apparently disregarding last para Legation Note of June 9th) hopes to learn their views, as to whether present frontier practice should continue or new arrangements be sought. Meanwhile Saudi Government request that Kuwait will prevent its subjects and officials from entering Saudi Arabia without previous permission, they for their part undertaking to observe like attitude.

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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠ظ] (٢٩/١٠٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١و] (٣٠،١٥)

No. 1753/238/105. HIS Majesty's Charge d'Affaires at Survey at Jewalt, and has the honour to transmit to him the under-mentioned documents. British Legation. Jedda. Jedda. Jedda Printed despatch No. 17 3/236/97. of 15.7.35. Description of Enclosure. Name and Date. Subject. Name and Date. Armed Sandi incursion into Ruvait. The is a copy of Run Caust. Name to Jish known the country of the country o	W	
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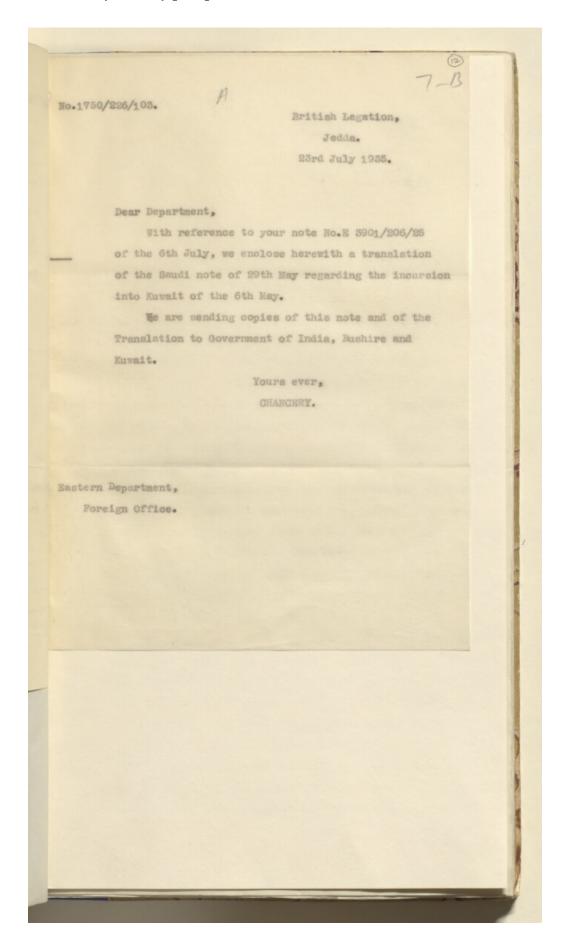


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١ظ] (٣١٠/٥١)



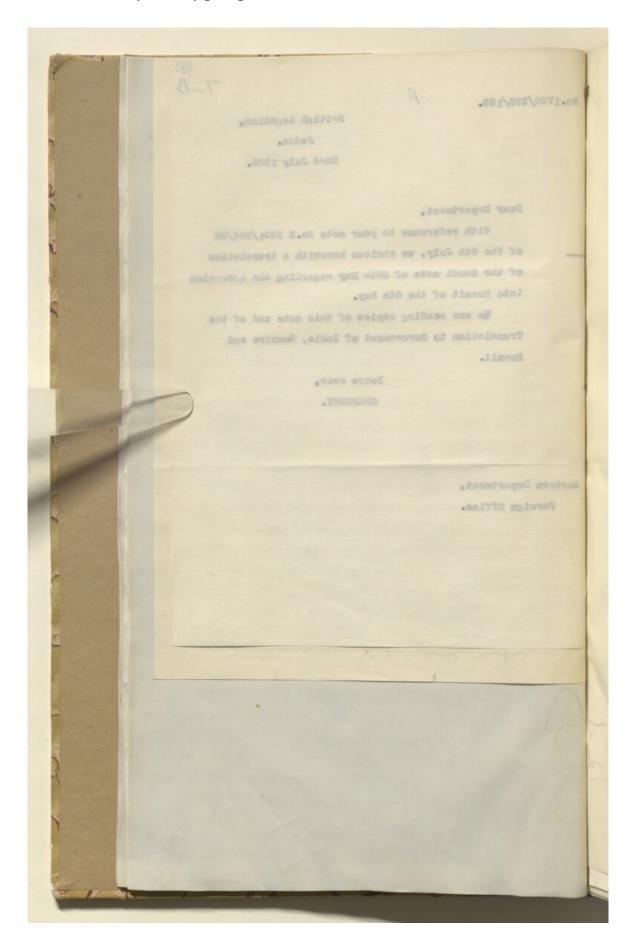


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١و] (٣٢/٥١)



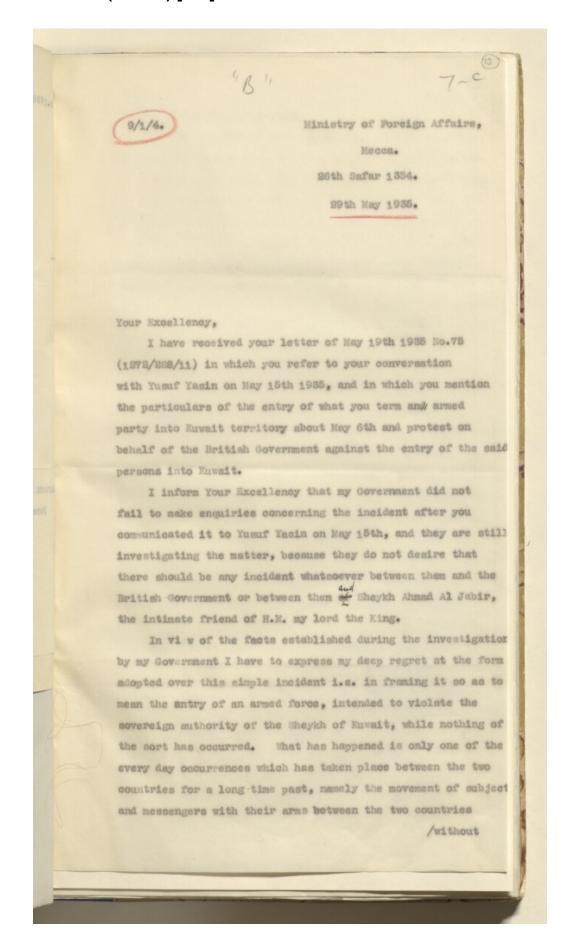


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١ظ] (١٠/٣٣)



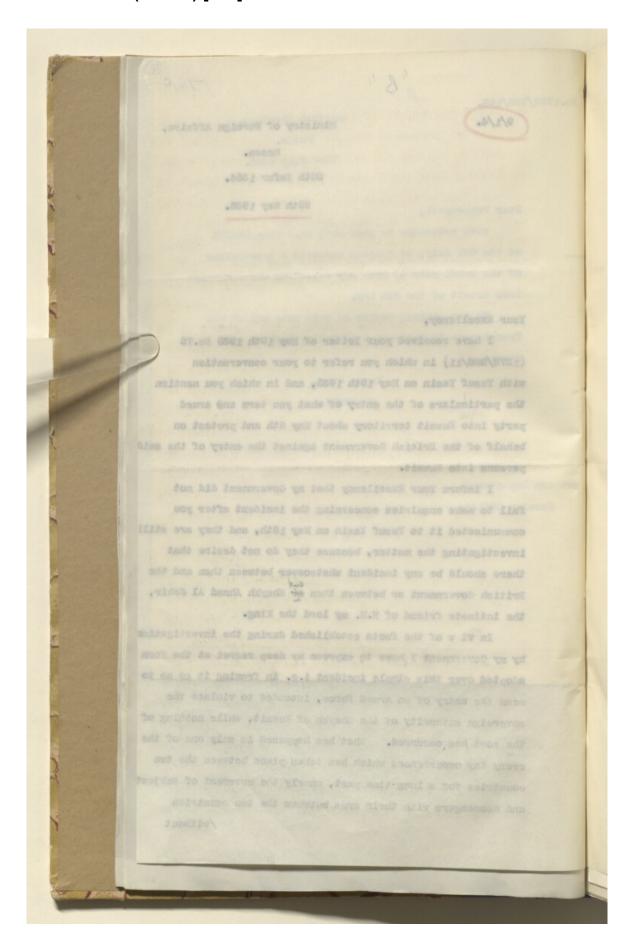


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٣ و] (١٠/٣٤)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٣ ظ] (١٠/٣٥)





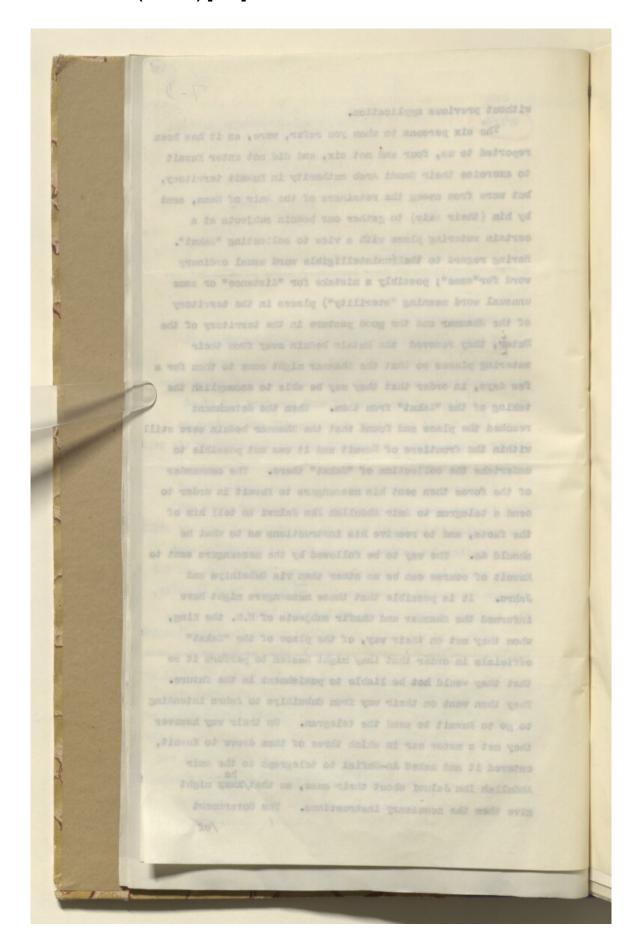
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٤ و] (٣٦٠/٣٦)

without previous application.

The six persons to whom you refer, were, as it has been reported to us, four and not six, and did not enter Kuwait to exercise their Saudi Arab authority in Kuwait territory, but were from among the retainers of the Amir of Hasa, sent by him (their Amir) to gather our beduin subjects at a certain watering place with a view to collecting "Zakat". Having regard to the funintelligible word usual ordinary word for some"; possibly a mistake for "distance" or some unusual word meaning "sterility") places in the territory of the Shammar and the good pasture in the territory of the Muter, they removed the Mutair beduin away from their watering places so that the Shammar might come to them for a few days, in order that they may be able to accomplish the taking of the "Zakat" from them. When the detachment reached the place and found that the Shammar beduin were still within the frontiers of Kuwait and it was not possible to undertake the collection of "Zakat" there. The commander of the force then sent his messengers to Enwait in order to send a telegram to Amir Abdullah Ibn Jaluwi to tell him of the facts, and to receive his instructions as to what he should do. The way to be followed by the messengers sent to Kuwait of course can be no other than via Subaihiya and Jahra. It is possible that those messengers might have informed the Shammar and Dhafir subjects of H.H. the King, whom they met on their way, of the place of the "Zakat" officials in order that they might hasten to perform it so that they would not be liable to punishment in the future. They then went on their way from Subaihiya to Jahra intending to go to Kuwait to send the telegram. On their way however they met a motor car in which three of them drove to Kuwait, entered it and asked An-Nafisi to telegraph to the Amir Abdullah Ibn Jaluwi about their case, so that/ximx might give them the necessary instructions. The Government 101



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٤ظ] (٥١٠/٣٧)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٥ و] (١٠/٣٨)

7-E (5)

of Kuwait however informed An-Nafisi that those people should leave the territory of Kuwait. They obeyed and leftit. It will thus appear to Your Excellency from this that there was no intended invasion of the territory of Kuwait as you stated to Yusuf Yasin in your conversation with him. There has also been no interference in the local affairs of Kuwait by armed forces of the Government of H.M. the King Abdul Aziz. The whole matter was that four persons entered Kuwait to make a communication which is a customary thing between the two countries. Messengers of His Highness the Sheykh of Kuwait always come into the territories of H.M. the King and go to Riyadh and Hasa with their arms. On many occasions Amirs of Al-as-Sabah themselves and numerous troops of the Amir of Kuwait enter with their arms into the territories of the Saudi Arab Kingdom, without applying for permission, to hunt and shoot and no objections have been raised.

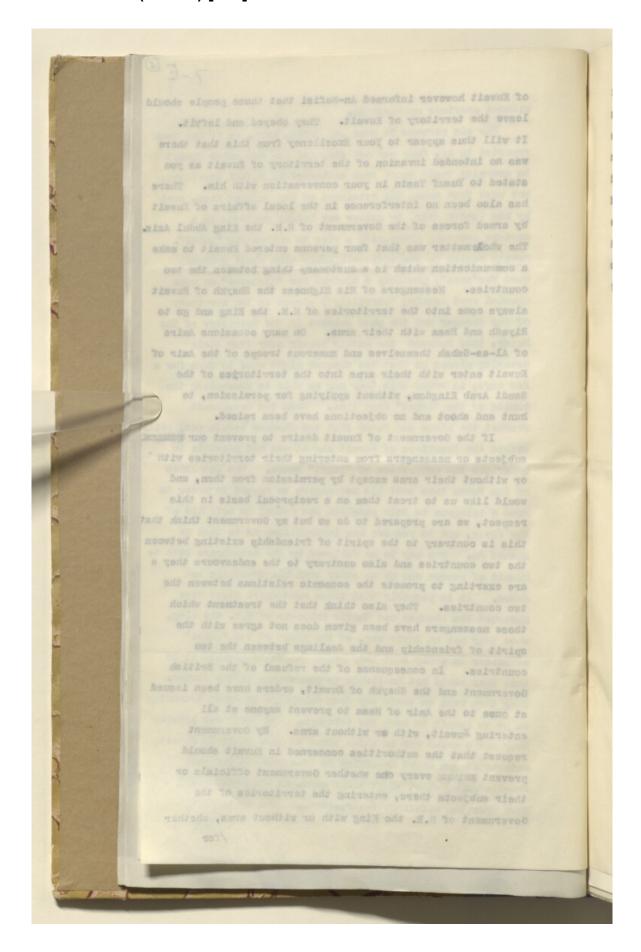
If the Government of Kuwait desire to prevent our water subjects or messengers from entering their territories with or without their arms except by permission from them, and would like us to treat them on a reciprocal basis in this respect, we are prepared to do so but my Government think that this is contrary to the spirit of friendship existing between the two countries and also contrary to the endeavours they a are exerting to promote the economic relations between the two countries. They also think that the treatment which those messengers have been given does not agree with the spirit of friendship and the dealings between the two countries. In consequence of the refusal of the British Government and the Sheykh of Kuwait, orders have been issued at once to the Amir of Hasa to prevent anyone at all entering Kuwait, with or without arms. My Government request that the authorities concerned in Kuwait should prevent seems every ohe whether Government officials or their subjects there, entering the territories of the Government of H.M. the King with or without arms, whether

المرجع: IOR/R/15/5/112 حق النشر: غير معروف

/for



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٥٠ ظ] (٣٩/ ٥١)



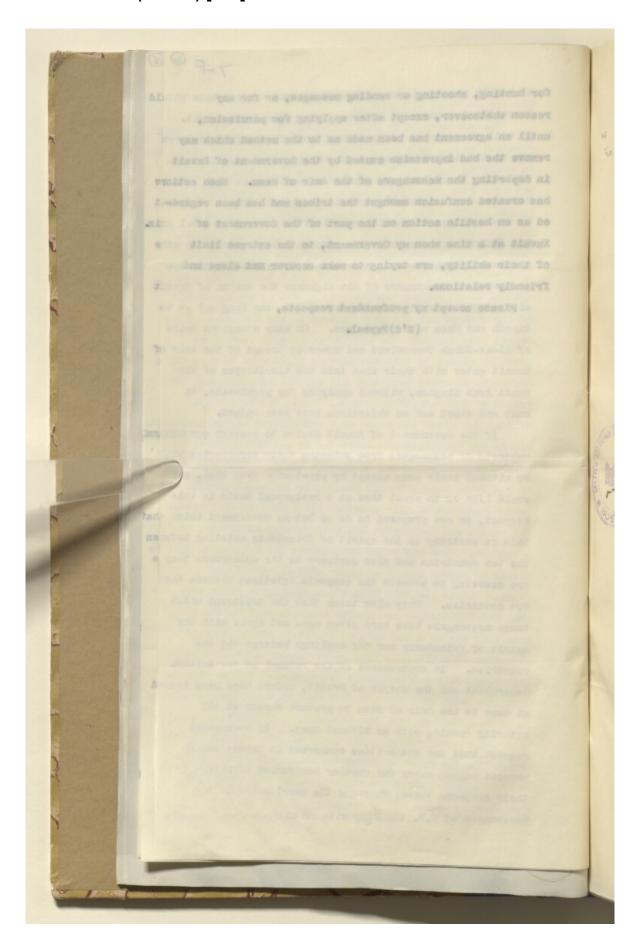


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٦و] (١٠/٤٠)

7-F 10 for hunting, shooting or sending messages, or for any reason whatsoever, except after applying for permission, until an agreement has been made as to the method which may remove the bad impression caused by the Government of Kuwait in deporting the messengers of the Amir of Hasa. Such action has created confusion amongst the tribes and has been regarded as an hostile action on the part of the Government of Kuwait at a time when my Government, to the extreme limit of their ability, are trying to make securer man close and friendly relations. Please accept my profoundest respects, (S'd) Feysal.

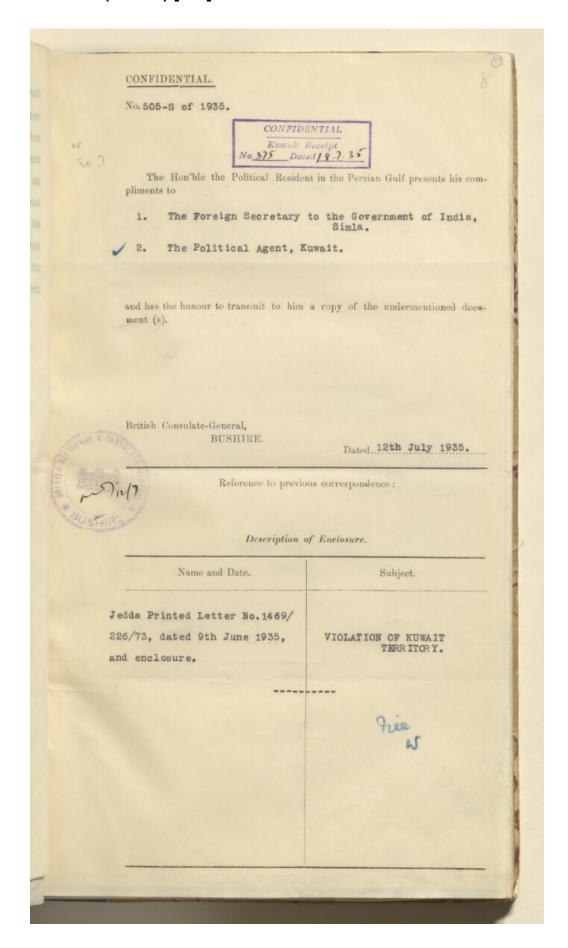


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٦ظ] (١٠/٤١)



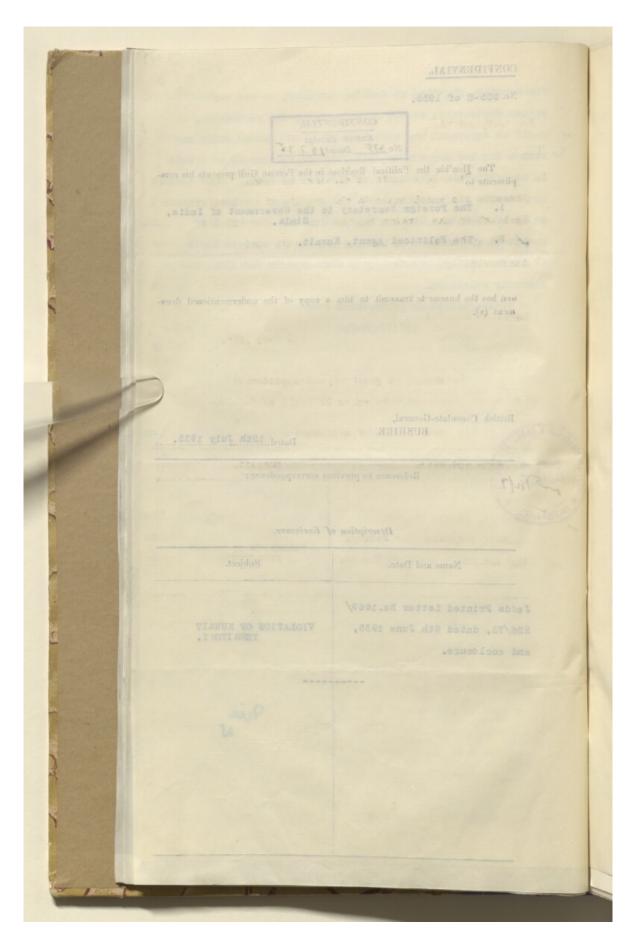


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٠] (١٠/٤٢)



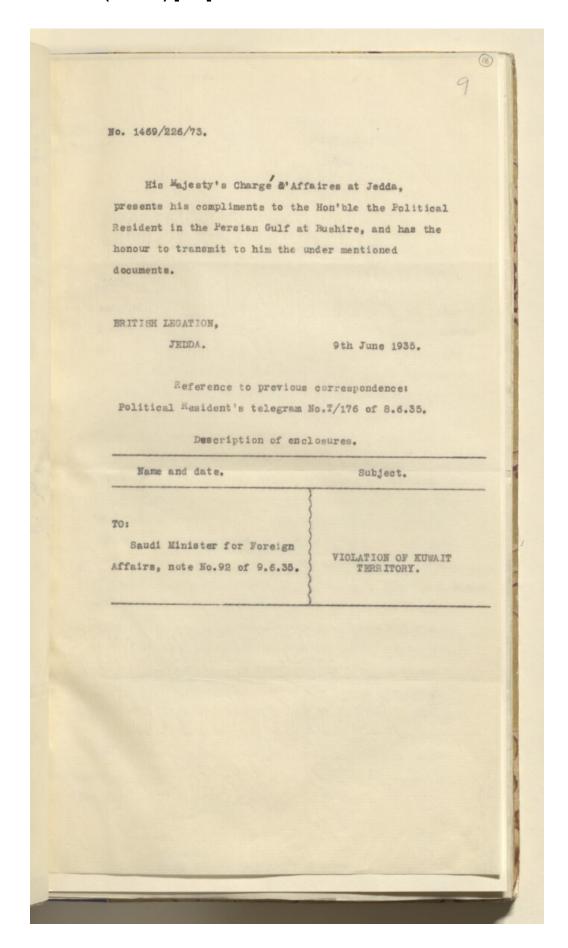


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠ظ] (١٠/٤٣)



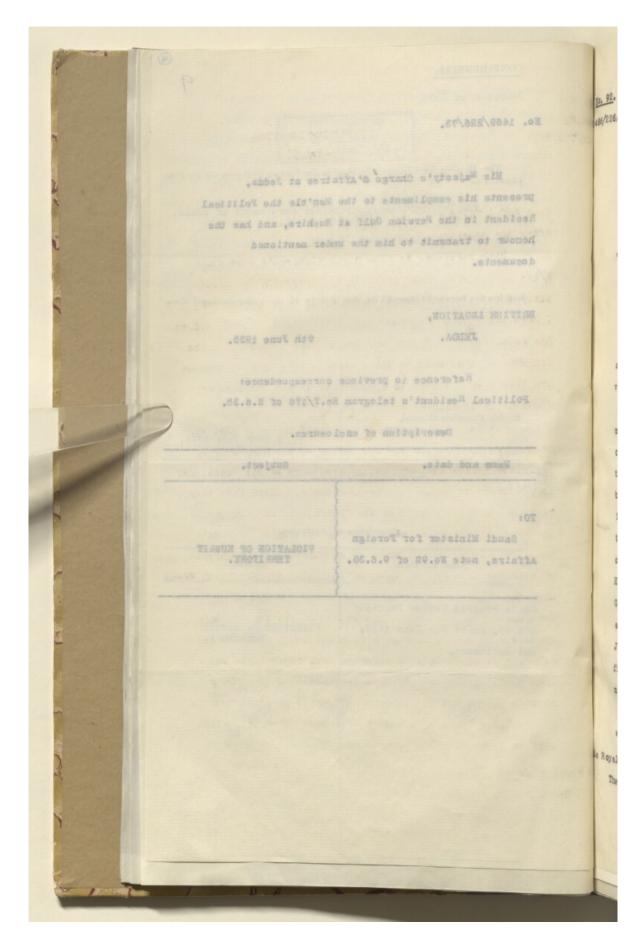


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨ و] (١٠/٤ ٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨ ظ] (١٠/٤٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٩ و] (١٠/٤٦)

166/226/73).

BRITISH LEGATION, JEDDA.

9th June 1935.

Your Royal Highness, After Compliments,

With reference to Your Royal Highness's note No. 9/1/4 of the 26th Safar (29th May), concerning the armed party which entered Kuwait territory on or about May 6th, I have the honour to inform Your Royal Highness that, before his departure from Jedas, Sir Andrew Ryan communicated the contents of this note to His Britannic Majesty's Government and that I am now a ble to communicate to you the further views of my Government on this subject.

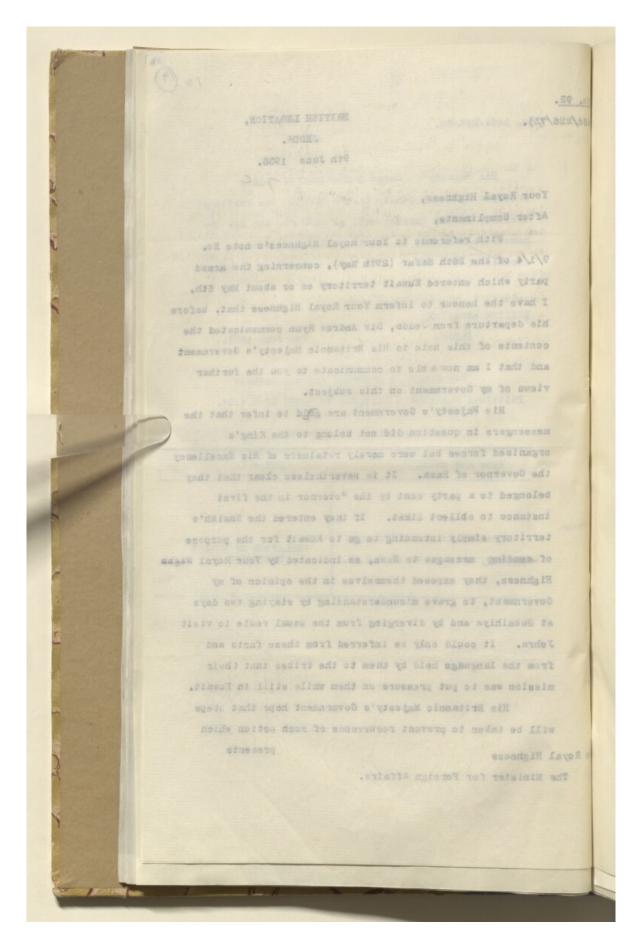
His Majesty's Government are gald to infer that the messengers in question did not belong to the King's organised forces but were merely retainers of His Excellency the Governor of Hasa. It is nevertheless clear that they belonged to a party sent by the "overnor in the first instance to obliect Zikat. If they entered the Shaikh's territory simply intending to go to Kuwait for the purpose of sending messages to Hasa, as indicated by Your Royal Wighan Highness, they exposed themselves in the opinion of my Government, to grave misunderstanding by staying two days at Subaihiya and by diverging from the usual route to visit Jehra. It could only be inferred from these facts and from the language held by them to the tribes that their mission was to put pressure on them while still in Kuwait.

His Britannic Majesty's Government hope that steps
will be taken to prevent recurrence of such action which
s Royal Highness
presents

The Minister for Foreign Affairs.



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٩ ظ] (١٠/٤٧)



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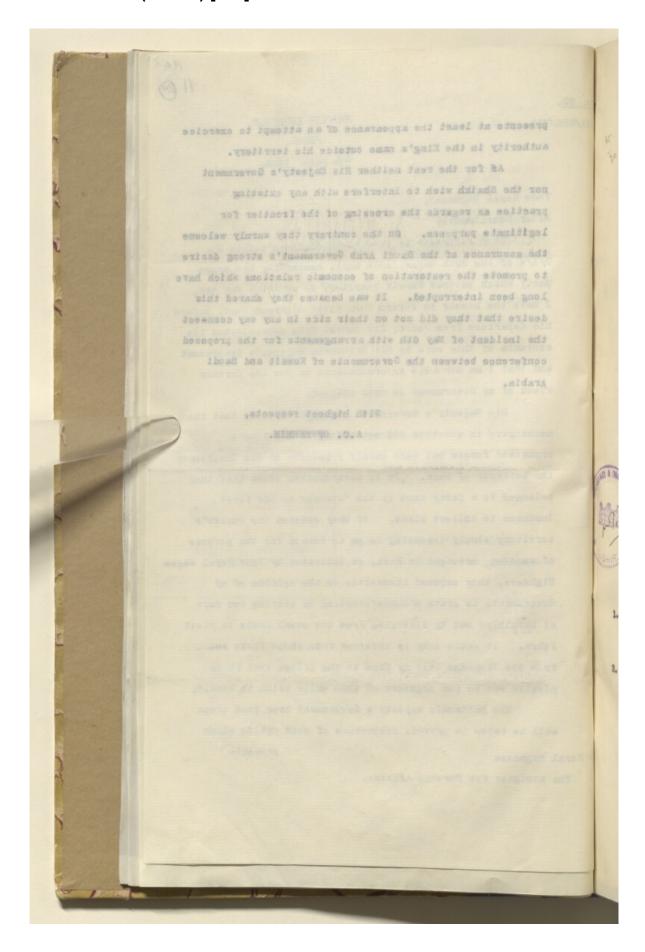


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠و] (١٠/٤٨)

198 11 60 presents at least the appearance of an attempt to exercise authority in the King's name outside his territory. As for the rest neither His Hajesty's Government nor the Shaikh wish to interfere with any existing practice as regards the crossing of the frontier for legitimate purposes. On the contrary they warmly welcome the assurance of the Saudi Arab Government's strong desire to promote the restoration of economic relations which have long been interrupted. It was because they shared this desire that they did not on their side in any way connect the incident of May 6th with arrangements for the proposed conference between the Governments of Kuwait and Saudi Arabia. With highest respects, A.C. OPPENHEIM.



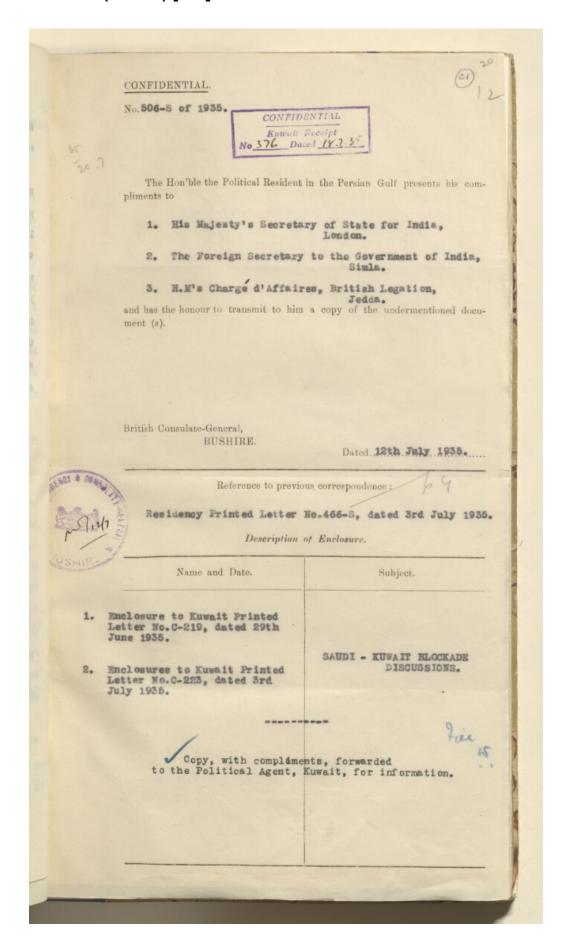
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠ظ] (٢٩/١٥)



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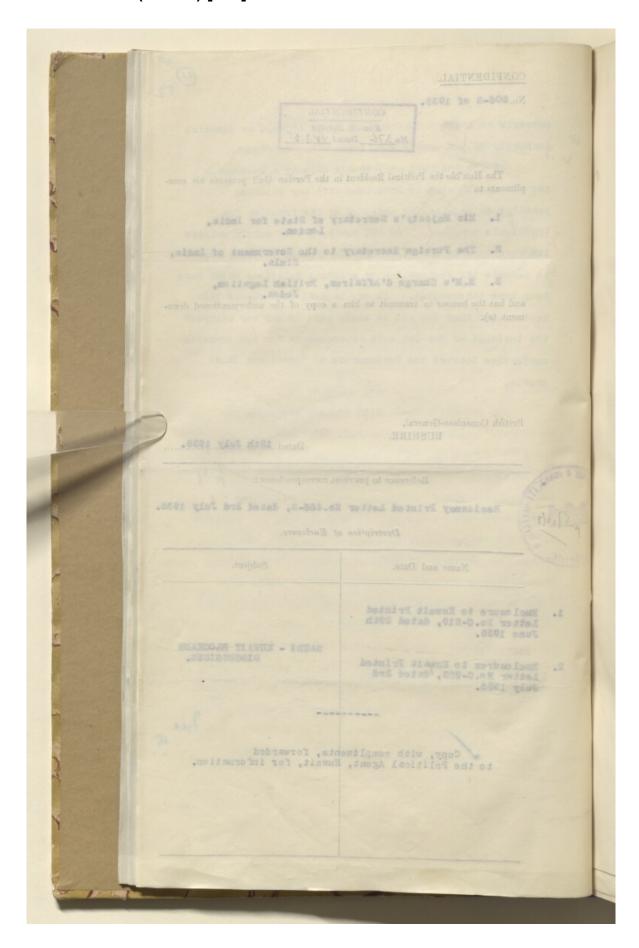


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١ و] (٥٠/٠١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ ظ] (١٥/٠١٥)



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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢و] (٢٥/٥١٥)

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P.Z. 4923, 19 19.7.35 D/2

p.Z. 4923, 19 or peur D/2

) Saudi Blockade of Koweit. 3 Joly 1934

THE SHEIKH said that in 1929 he had received a letter from H.M.G. concerning his trade with Nejd, promising that if his Excellency would prevent help being given to Faisal al Duwish, H.M.G. would endeavour to reach a solution of his trade difficulties with King Abdul Aziz. His Excellency had carried out his part and had even fought with Al Duwish's people, but H.M.G., for their part, had as yet failed to make any progress towards a solution of the blockade. A Saudi deputation of 83 persons had recently visited Koweit, but his Excellency thought that no good had come of the conference which had taken place.

MR.LAITHWAITE said that for some time H.M.G. had been trying hard to reach a solution of the blockade question with King Abdul Aziz, and that, as the Sheikh would remember the proposal for a conference regarding it, which had now materialised, had originated with the late Sir Hugh Biscoe. He reminded the Sheikh that matters had been held up for more than a year owing to a misunderstanding about certain correspondence between His Excellency and the King of Saudi Arabia. After briefly recalling the proceedings at the recent Conference at Koweit, he said that H.M.G. regarded it as satisfactory that the Saudi delegation had gone so far as agreeing even on the principle of a system of manifests and Customs posts. H.M.G. entirely agreed that the Saudi demand for a guarantee as a condition of agreement on this basis, that not a single Koweit smuggler would cross the frontier was quite unreasonable. The India Office and

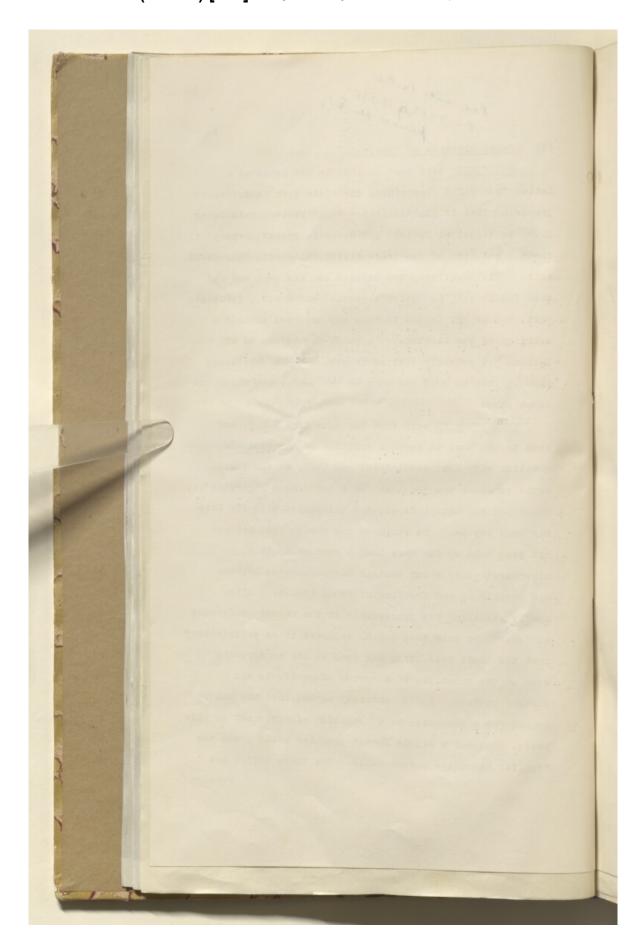
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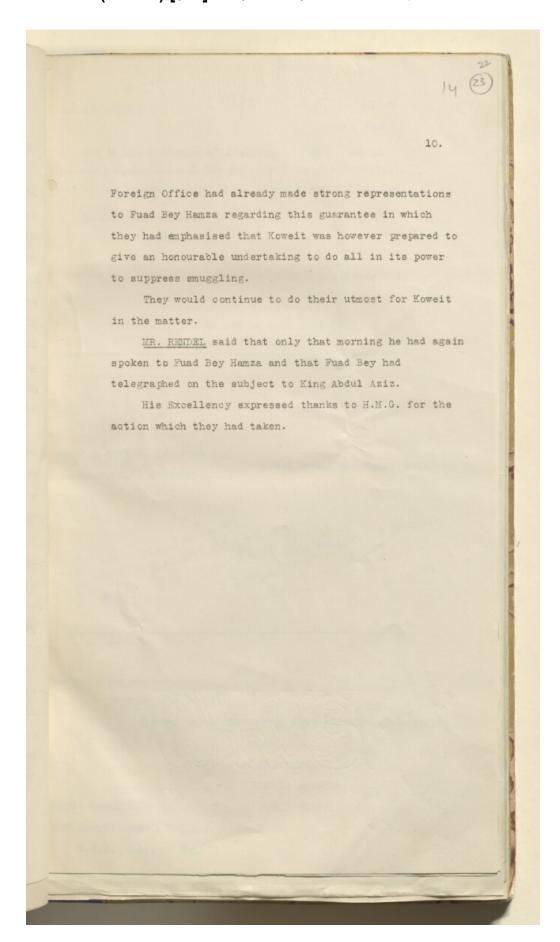


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢ظ] (٥١٠/٥٣)



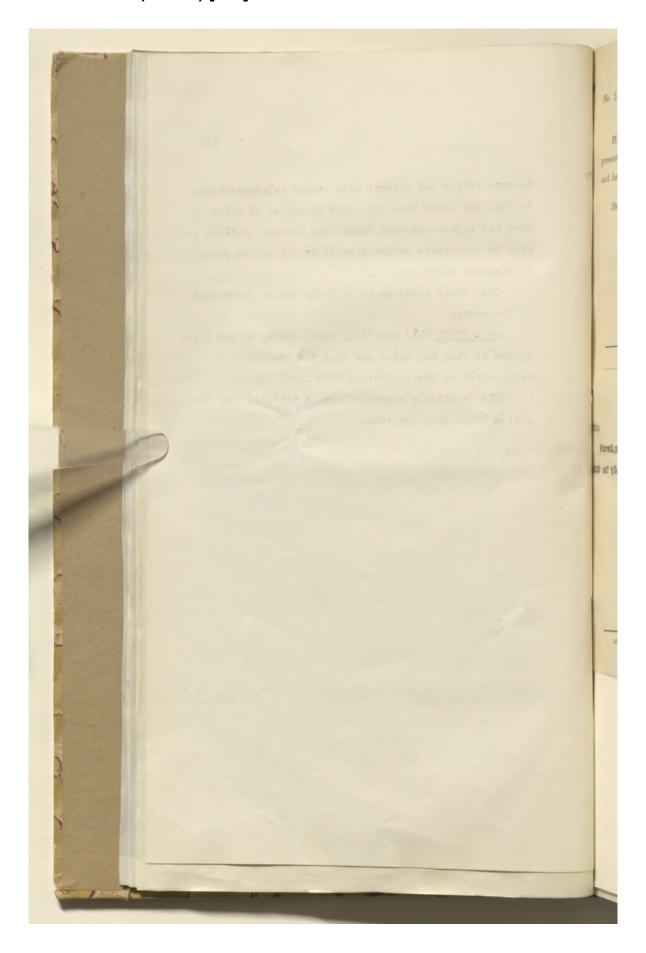


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣ و] (١٠/٥٤)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٢ظ] (٥٥/،١٥)



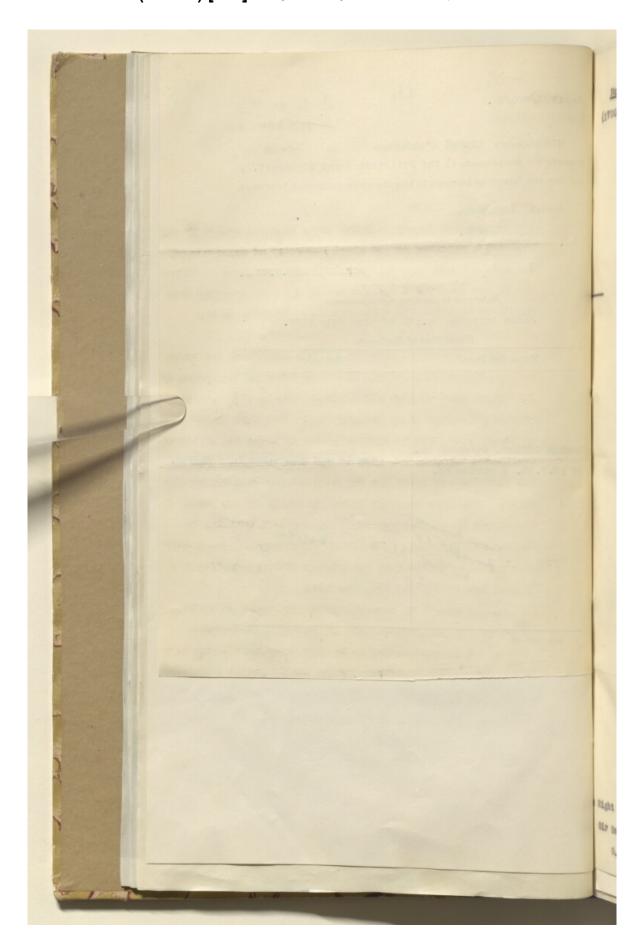


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤ و] (٥١٠/٥٦)

31-725	23
No. 1703/226/97.	7/1 R. 1. No. 596 (29)
HIS Majesty's Charge d	*Affaires at Jedda
	he Political Agent at Kuwait, t to him the under-mentioned documents.
	to min the dider-mentioned documents,
BritishLegation	
	15.7198.5.
Reference to p	revious correspondence :
Jedda telegram N	0.160 of 14th July 1935.
	on of Enclosure.
Name and Date.	Subject.
Foreign Office, despatch	No.
The state of the s	
	Armed Saudi incursion into Kuwait.
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of 15.7.35. + enclosure.	Armed Saudi incursion into Euwait.
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of 15.7.35. + enclosure.	Armed Saudi incursion into Kuwait.
of 15.7.35. + enclosure.	Armed Saudi incursion into Euwait.
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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤ظ] (١٠/٥٧)



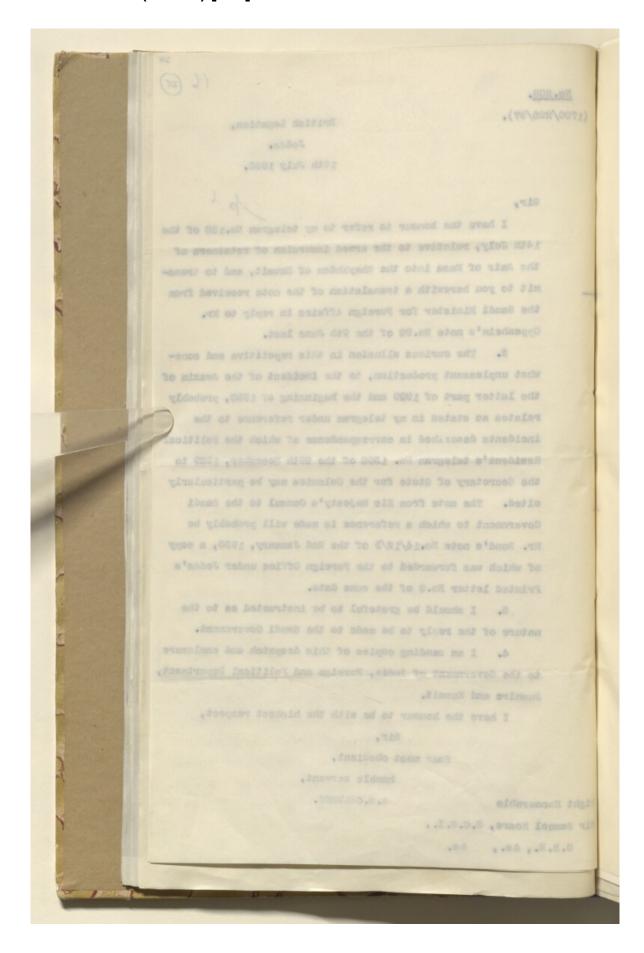


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٥] (١٠/٥٨)

16 (25) No. 205. (1700/226/97). British Legation, Jedda. 15th July 1935. Sir, I have the honour to refer to my telegram No.132 of the 14th July, relative to the armed incursion of retainers of the Amir of Hasa into the Sheykhdom of Ruwait, and to transmit to you herewith a translation of the note received from the Saudi Minister for Poreign Affairs in reply to Mr. Oppenheim's note No. 92 of the 9th June last. 2. The curious allusion in this repetitive and somewhat unpleasant production, to the incident of the Awazim of the latter part of 1929 and the beginning of 1930, probably relates as stated in my telegrem under reference to the incidents described in correspondence of which the Political Resident's telegram No. 1302 of the 29th December, 1929 to the Secretary of State for the Colonies may be particularly cited. The note from His Majesty's Consul to the Saudi Government to which a reference is made will probably be Mr. Bond's note No.14/12/5 of the 2nd January, 1930, a copy of which was forwarded to the Foreign Office under Jedda's Printed letter No. 2 of the same date. 3. I should be grateful to be instructed as to the nature of the reply to be made to the Saudi Government. 4. I am sending copies of this despatch and enclosure to the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, Bushire and Kuwait. I have the honour to be with the highest respect, Sir, Your most obedient, humble servant, Right Honourable A. B. CALVERY. Sir Samuel Hoare, G.C.S.I., G. B. E. , &c. ,



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٥ ظ] (١٠/٥٩)



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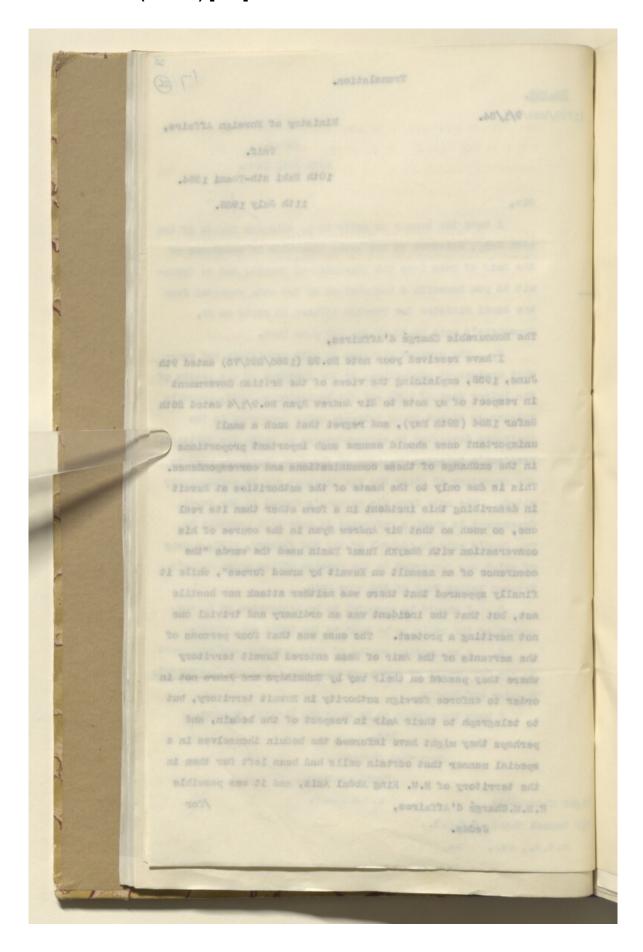


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦و] (٢٠/١٠)

17 @ Translation. 9/1/34. Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Tair. 10th Rabi ath-Thani 1354. 11th July 1935. The Honourable Charge d'Affaires, I have received your note No.92 (1366/286/73) dated 9th June, 1935, explaining the views of the British Government in respect of my note to Sir Andrew Ryan No. 9/1/4 dated 26th Safar 1354 (29th May), and regret that such a small unimportant case should assume such important proportions in the exchange of these communications and correspondence. This is due only to the haste of the authorities at Kuwait in describing this incident in a form other than its real one, so much so that Sir Andrew Ryan in the course of his conversation with Sheykh Yusuf Yasin used the words "the occurence of an assault on Kuwait by armed forces", while it finally appeared that there was neither attack nor hostile act, but that the indident was an ordinary and trivial one not meriting a protest. The case was that four persons of the servants of the Amir of Hasa entered Kuwait territory where they passed on their way by Subaihiya and Jahra not in order to enforce foreign authority in Kuwait territory, but to telegraph to their Amir in respect of the bedrin, and perhaps they might have informed the beduin themselves in a special manner that certain wells had been left for them in the territory of H.M. King Abdul Azis, and it was possible H.B.M. Charge d'Affaires, /for Jedda.



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ظ] (٢١/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧و] (٢٦/١٥)

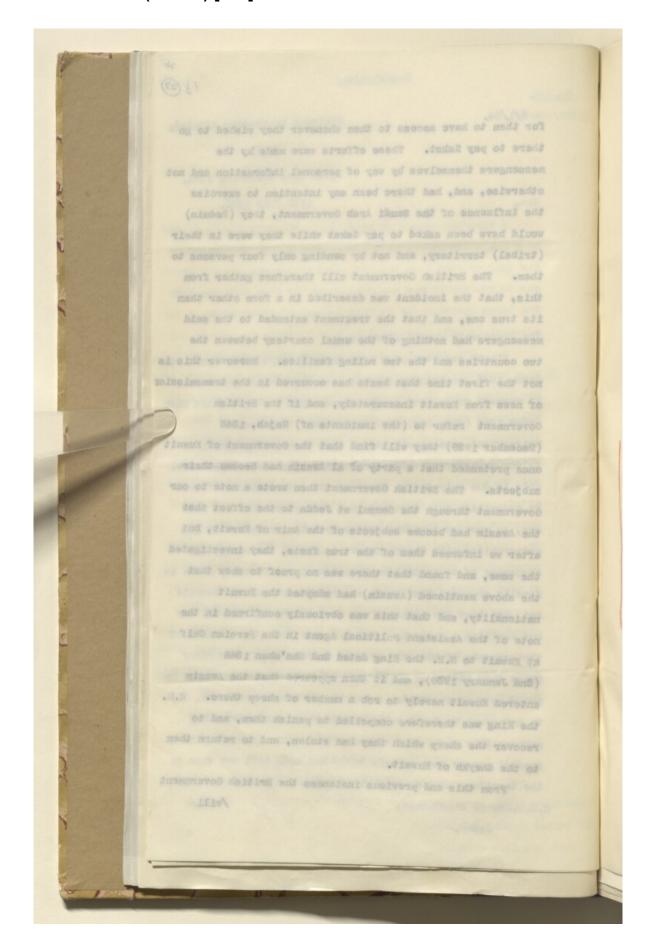
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for them to have access to them whenever they wished to go there to pay Zakat. These efforts were made by the messengers themselves by way of personal information and not otherwise, and, had there been any intention to exercise the influence of the Saudi Arab Government, they (Beduin) would have been asked to pay Zakat while they were in their (tribal) territory, and not by sending only four persons to them. The British Government will therefore gather from this, that the incident was described in a form other than its true one, and that the treatment extended to the said messengers had nothing of the usual courtesy between the two countries and the two ruling families. Moreover this is not the first time that haste has occurred in the transmission of news from Kuwait inaccurately, and if the British Government refer to (the incidents of) Rajab, 1348 (December 1929) they will find that the Government of Kuwait once pretended that a party of al Awazim had become their subjects. The British Government then wrote a note to our Government through the Consul at Jedda to the effect that the Awazim had become subjects of the Amir of Kuwait, but after we informed them of the true facts, they investigated the same, and found that there was no proof to show that the above mentioned (Awasim) had adopted the Kuwait nationality, and that this was obviously confirmed in the note of the Assistant Political Agent in the Persian Gulf at Kuwait to H.M. the King dated 2nd Sha'aban 1348 (2nd January 1930), and it then appeared that the Awazim entered Kuwait merely to rob a number of sheep there. H.M. the King was therefore compelled to punish them, and to recover the sheep which they had stolen, and to return them to the Sheykh of Kuwait.

From this and previous instances the British Government



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧ظ] (٦١٠/٦٣)





"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٨ و] (١٠/٦٥)

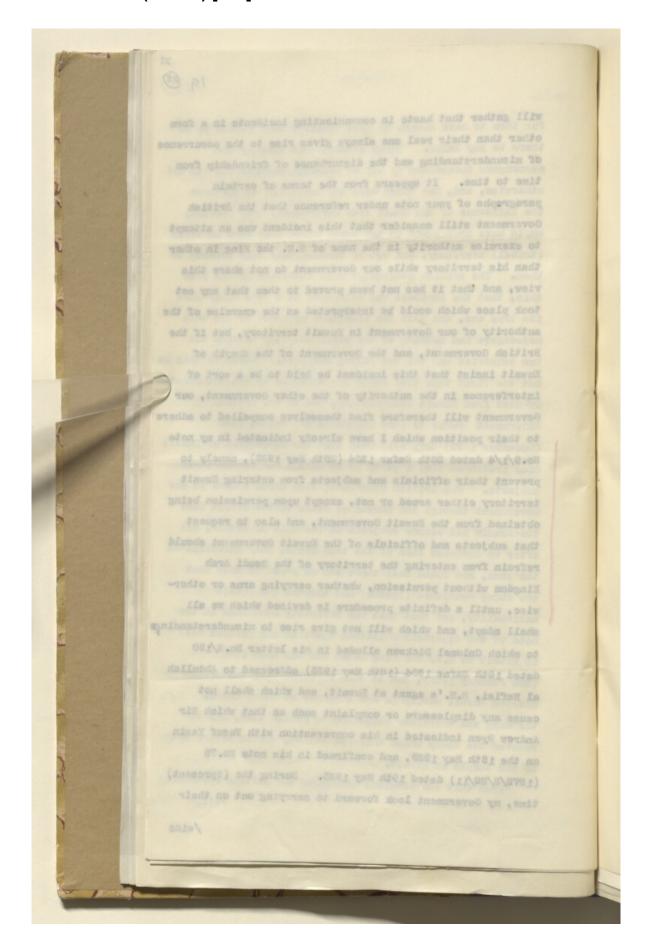
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will gather that haste in communicating incidents in a form other than their real one always gives rise to the occurrence of misunderstanding and the disturbance of friendship from time to time. It appears from the terms of certain paragraphs of your note under reference that the British Government still consider that this incident was an attempt to exercise authority in the name of H.M. the King in other than his territory while our Government do not share this view, and that it has not been proved to them that any act took place which could be interpreted as the exercise of the authority of our Government in Kuwait territory, but if the British Government, and the Government of the Sheykh of Kuwait insist that this incident be held to be a sort of interference in the authority of the other Government, our Government will therefore find themselves compelled to adhere to their position which I have already indicated in my note No. 9/1/4 dated 26th Safar 1354 (29th May 1935), namely to prevent their officials and subjects from entering Kuwait territory either armed or not, except upon permission being obtained from the Kuwait Government, and also to request that subjects and officials of the Kuwait Government should refrain from entering the territory of the Saudi Arab Kingdom without permission, whether carrying arms or otherwise, until a definite procedure is devised which we all shall adopt, and which will not give rise to misunderstanding to which Colonel Dickson alluded in his letter No. 8/150 dated 15th Safar 1354 (18th May 1935) addressed to Abdullah al Nafisi, M.M.'s agent at Kuwait, and which shall not cause any displeasure or complaint such as that which Sir Andrew Ryan indicated in his conversation with Yusuf Yasin on the 15th May 1935, and confirmed in his note No. 75 (1272/8/22/11) dated 19th May 1935. During the (?present) time, my Government look forward to carrying out on their

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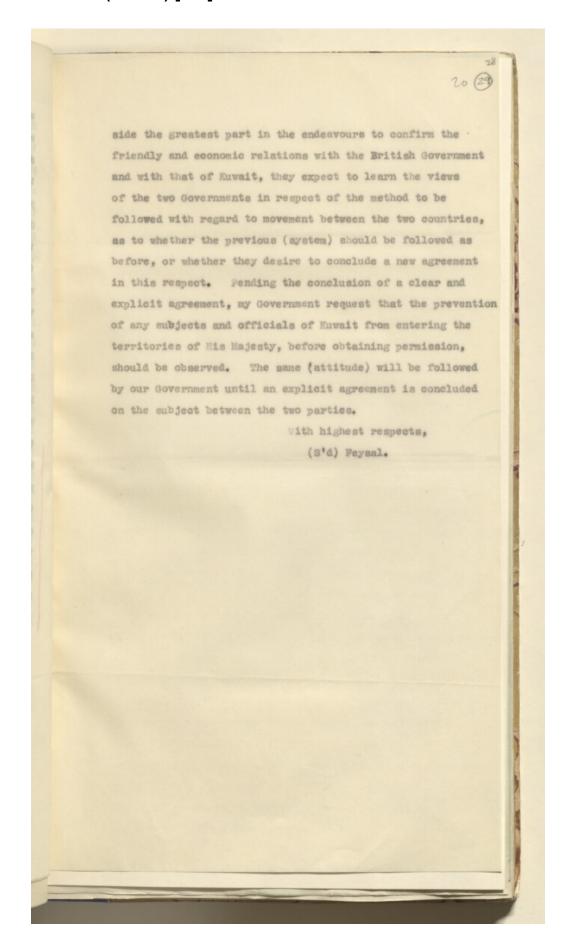


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٨ظ] (٥١٠/٥٥)



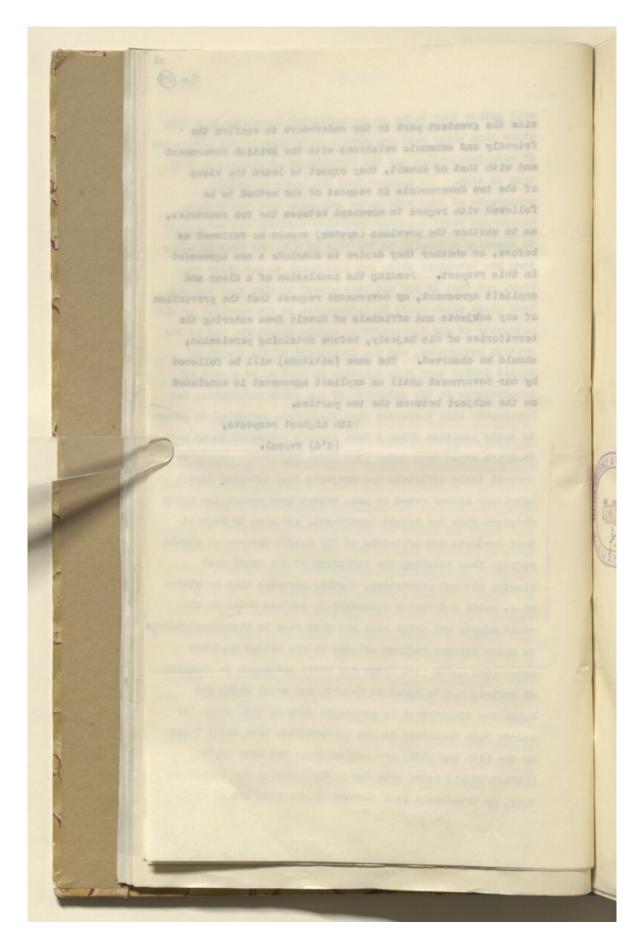


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٩ و] (٢٦/١٥)



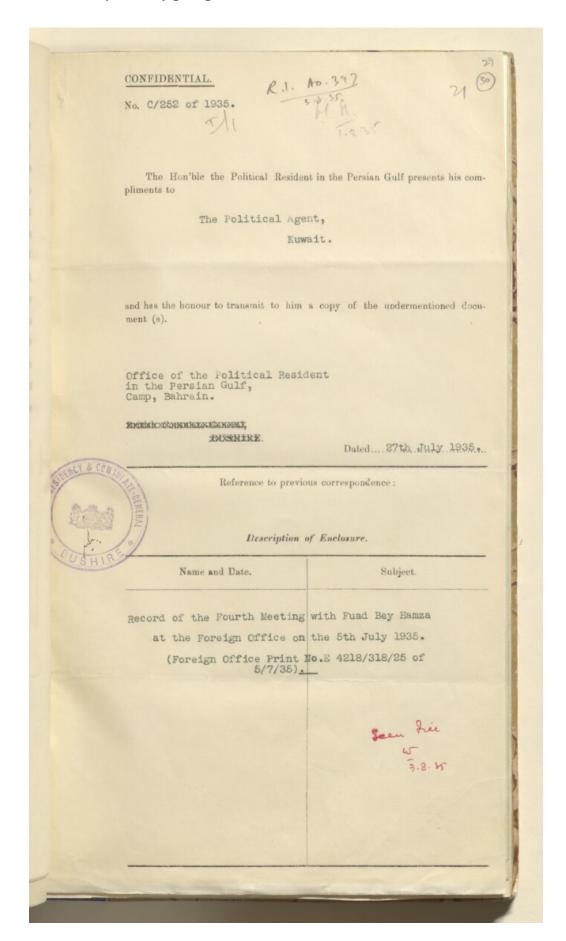


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٩ظ] (١٠/٦٧)



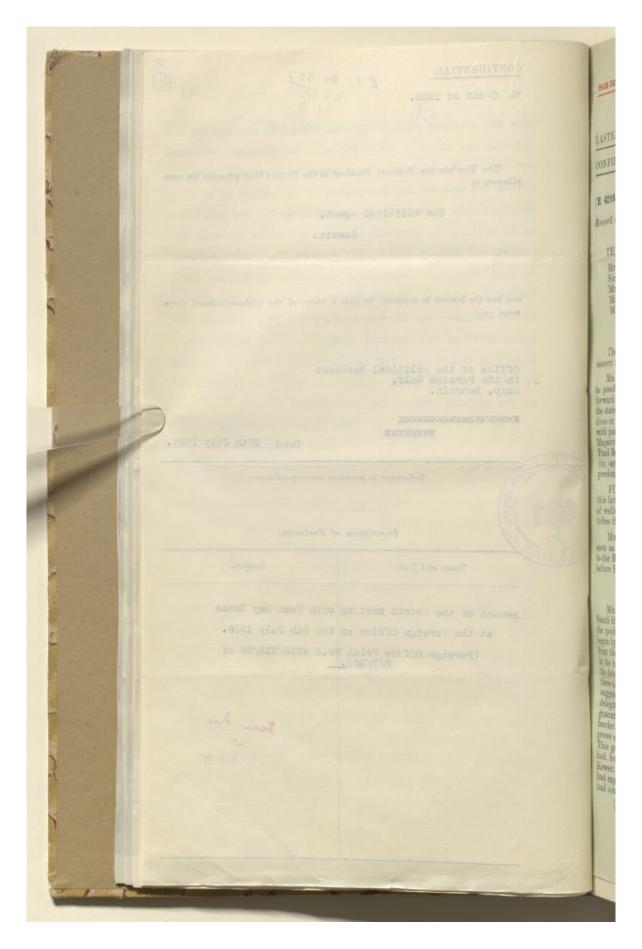


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠] (٣١٠/٦٨)



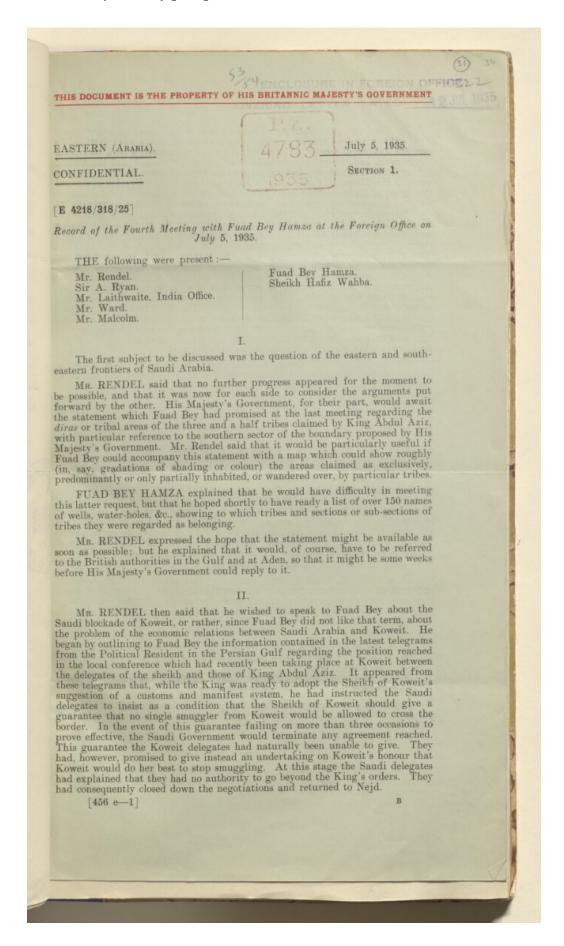


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠-١٠٥] (١٠/٦٩)



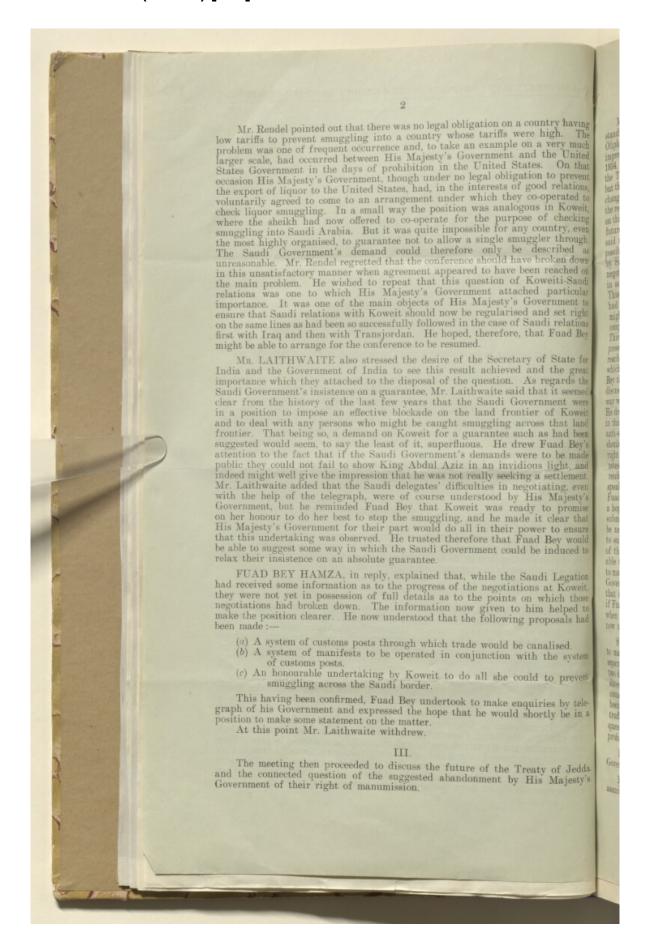


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣١] (١٠/٧٠)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣١ ظ] (١٠/٧١)



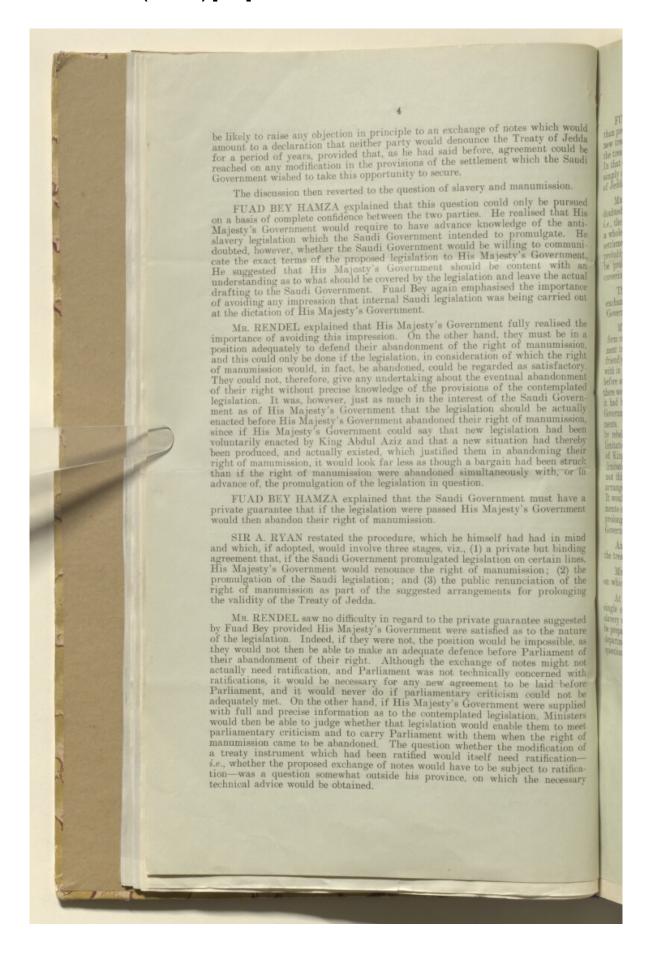


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦] (٢٧/٠١٥)

MR. RENDEL said that he wished first of all to dispose of a misunderstanding to which Fuad Bey had given expression in conversation with Sir L. Oliphant on the previous day. It appeared that Fuad Bey had gained the impression during the conversations which were held in London in September 1934, that His Majesty's Government had declared their willingness to renew the Treaty of Jedda in the manner now proposed by the Saudi Government, but that Fuad Bey had now found, to his surprise and regret, that they had since changed their minds. Mr. Rendel said he was satisfied, and had confirmed from the records of the 1934 conversations, that Fuad Bey was under a misapprehension on this point. His Majesty's Government had never taken any decision about the future of the Treaty of Jedda, and had not gone back on anything that had been said to Fuad Bey on that subject last year. He cited once more the three possibilities which had been discussed in 1934 and which had again been quoted by Sir A. Ryan at the meeting held on the 2nd July. Of these three, the negotiation of an entirely new treaty covering all points at issue and drawn up in accordance with present conditions naturally seemed the most workmanlike. This could, however, only take place when the major questions now outstanding had been settled, and as it now looked as though a settlement of these questions might take longer than had at first been anticipated, the conclusion of such a new comprehensive treaty might in consequence be delayed for a considerable time. This being so he could see no objection in principle to the prolongation of the present treaty in the way suggested by Fuad Bey Hamza, if agreement could be reached in regard to any modifications of the provisions of the Jedda settlement which it was desired at the same time to introduce. Mr. Rendel reminded Fuad Bey that it had been agreed at a previous meeting that the principal topic to be discussed before the Jedda settlement could be prolonged and amended in this way was the question of slavery in r n read oweiti. d parti and set and the s regard er of Ka w Fast 8 e to les speaking personally and unofficially, that the draft anti-slavery regulations which Fuad Bey had communicated privately to Sir A. Ryan seemed to him to provide a hopeful basis for further discussion. It had not yet, however, been possible to submit the details of these proposals to the Secretary of State and it would be necessary, before any undertaking could be given to the Saudi Government, to submit to Sir Samuel Hoare a detailed statement showing the precise scope of the proposed Saudi regulations. It was only thus that Ministers would be able to judge whether the new arrangements would be sufficient to enable them to make an adequate defence in Parliament for the abandonment by His Majesty's Government of this important and well-known right. Mr. Rendel suggested it clear wer to a Government of this important and well-known right. Mr. Rendel suggested that it would be of great assistance from the point of view of further progress if Fuad Bey Hamza could give a firm undertaking that King Abdul Aziz would, when the time came, be ready to promulgate regulations on the lines of those ns at Ku which im belpe now under discussion SIR ANDREW RYAN then explained the progress which he had been able to make on the previous day in a conversation with Fuad Bey Hamza (see separate record in E 4163/325/25) and gave it as his opinion, subject to one or separate record in E. 4163/325/25) and gave it as his opinion, subject to one or two difficult points, that a promising position had now been reached as regards slavery. There were, however, other points which needed consideration in connexion with the future of the Treaty of Jedda, some of which had already been raised by the Saudi Government. He mentioned the question of the arms traffic as an example. He pointed out, however, that, if only in view of the close questioning which His Majesty's Government must be prepared to face, the problem of slavery was the most serious. petly be FUAD BEY HAMZA again pressed for an assurance that His Majesty's Government would in principle be prepared to prolong the Treaty of Jedda. Mr. RENDEL replied that, while he was not yet authorised to give a formal assurance to this effect, he did not think that His Majesty's Government would [456 e-1]

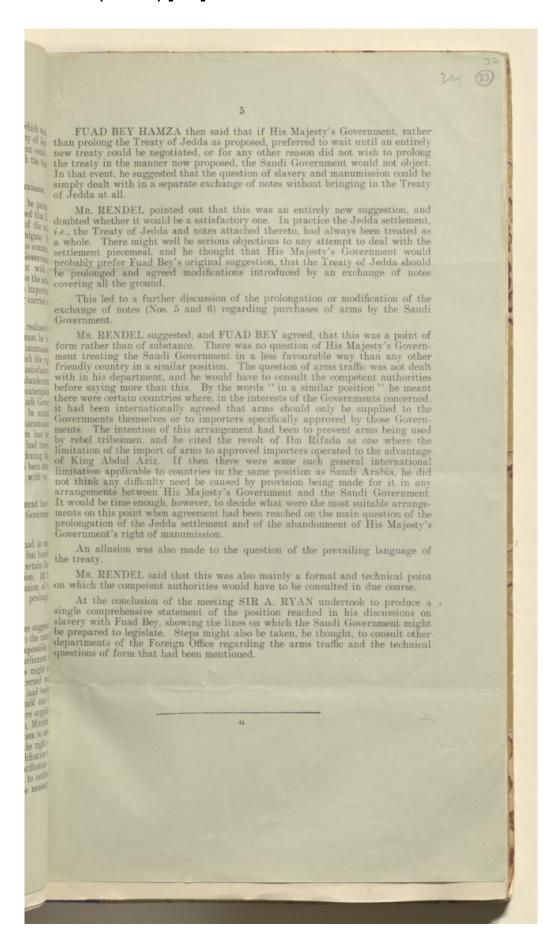


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦ ظ] (٣١٠/٥٠)



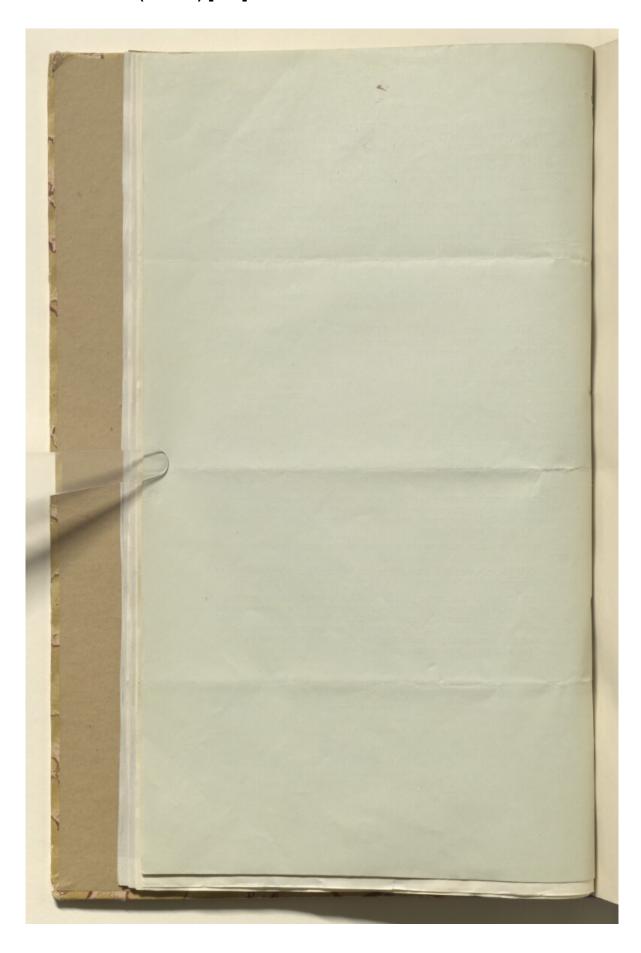


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣و] (١٠/٧٤)





"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣ظ] (٥١٠/٥٥)



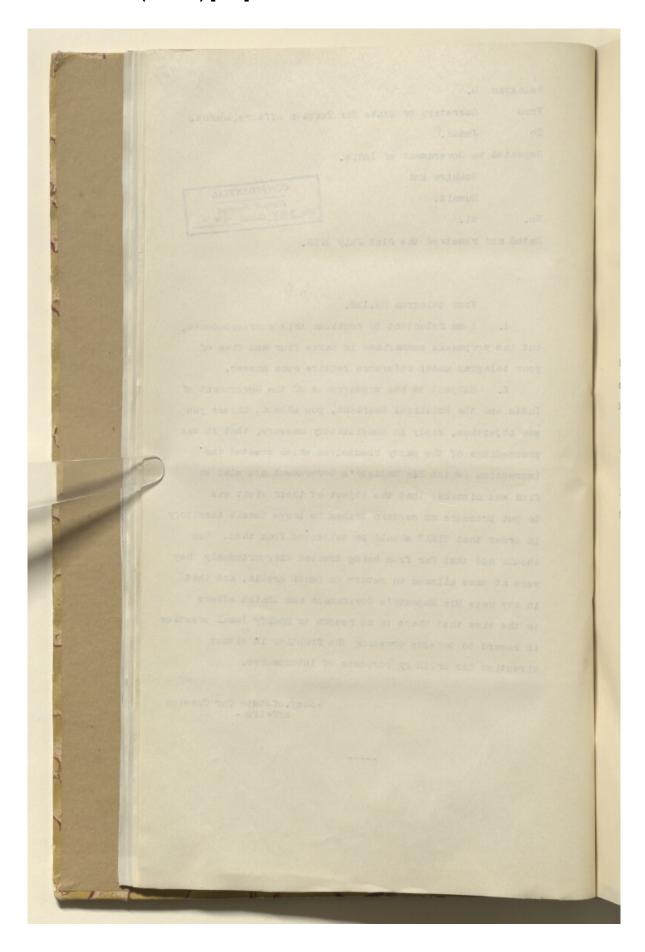


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤] (٢٠/٠١٥)

2 (34) Telegram R. Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, London. To Jedda. Repeated to Government of India. Bushire and CONFIDENTIAL Kuwait. No 398 Dated 34 91. Dated and received the 31st July 1935. Your telegram No.132. I am reluctant to continue this correspondence, but the proposals summarized in paras four and five of your telegram under reference require some answer. 2. Subject to the concurrence of the Government of India and the Political Resident, you should, unless you see objection, reply in conciliatory message, that it was proceedings of the party themselves which created the impression (which His Majesty's Government are glad to find was mistake) that the object of their visit was to put pressure on certain tribes to leave Kuwait territory in order that ZIKAT should be collected from them. You should add that far from being treated discourteously they were at once allowed to return to Saudi Arabia, and that in any case His Majesty's Government and Shaikh adhere to the view that there is no reason to modify local practice in regard to persons crossing the frontier in either direction for ordinary purposes of intercourse. -Secy. of State for Foreign



"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤] (١٠/٧٧)



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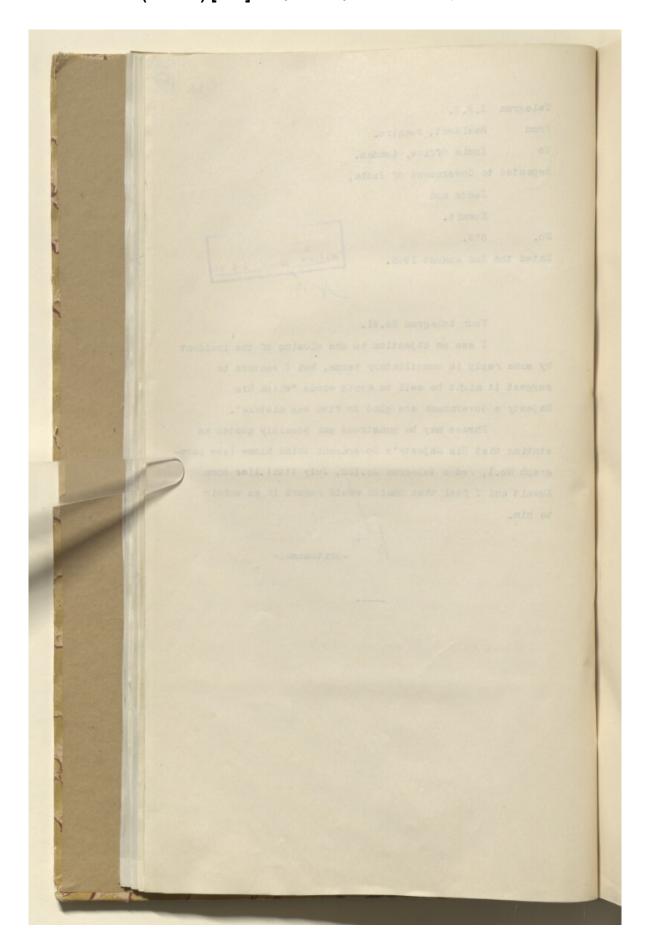


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٥و] (١٠/٧٨)

Telegram I.R.O. From Resident, Bushire. India Office, London. To Repeated to Government of India, Jedda and Kuwai t. 679. No. Dated the 2nd August 1935. Your telegram No.91. I see no objection to the closing of the incident by some reply in conciliatory terms, but I venture to suggest it might be well to avoid words "which His Majesty's Government are glad to find was mistake". Phrase may be construed and possibly quoted as stating that His Majesty's Government think blame (see paragraph No.1, Jedda telegram No.132, July 14th) lies upon Kuwait and I feel that Shaikh would regard it as unfair to him.

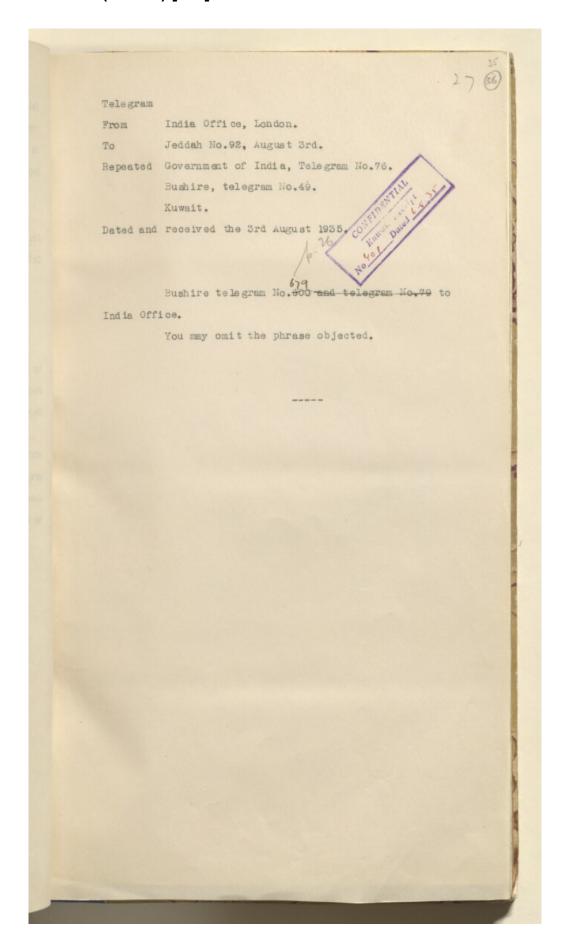


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٥- ٣٥] (١٠/٧٩)





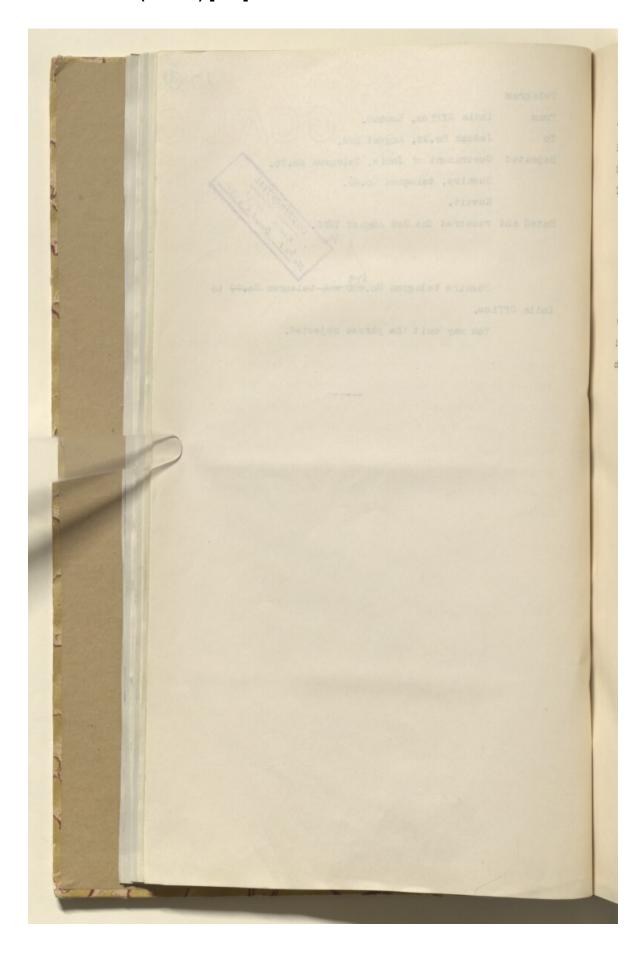
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦] (١٠/٨٠)



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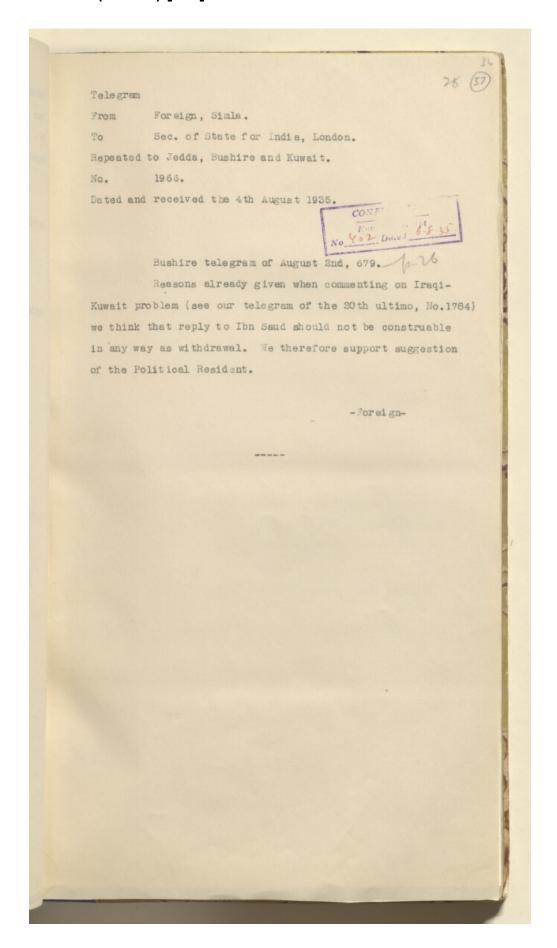


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦] (١٠/٨١)



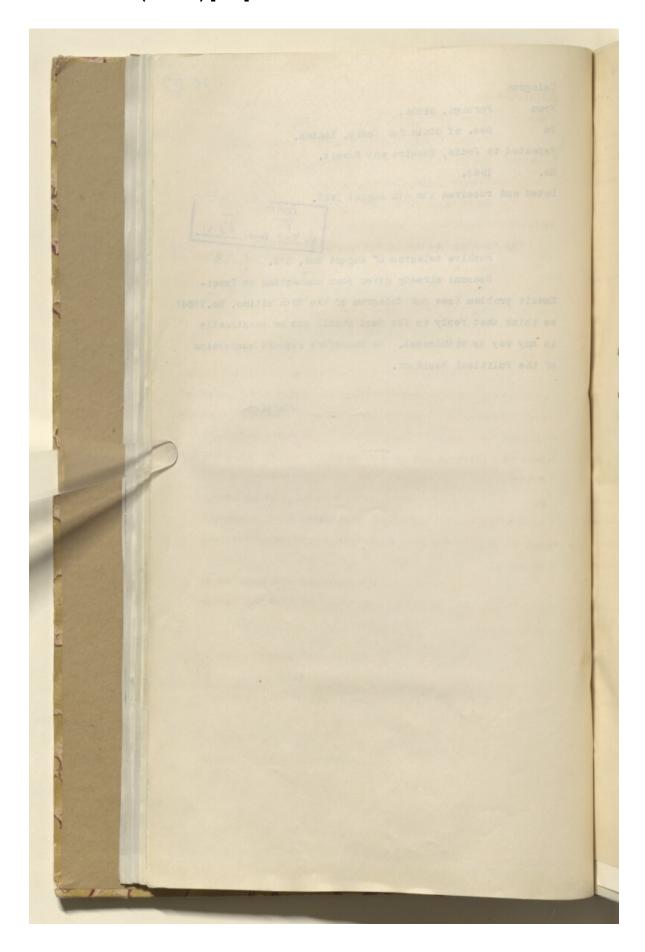


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٣و] (١٠/٨٢)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٧ظ] (١٠/٨٣)





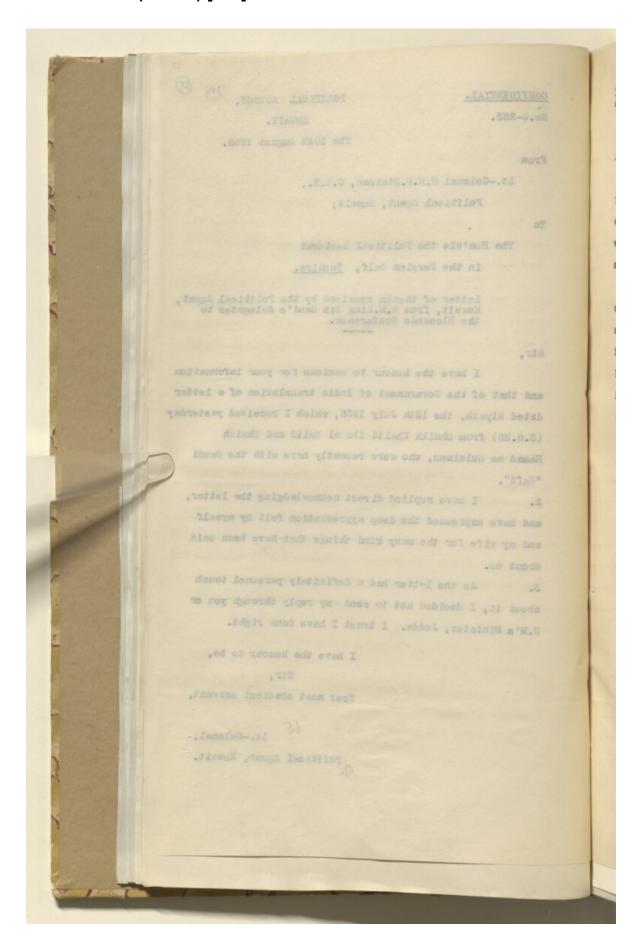
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٨و] (١٠/٨٤)

POLITICAL AGENCY. CONFIDENTIAL. KUWAIT. No. C-253. The 10th August 1935. From Lt.-Colonel H.R.F. Dickson, C.I.E., Political Agent, Kuwait; To The Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, Bushire. Letter of thanks received by the Political Agent, Kuwait, from H.M.King Bin Saud's delegates to the Blockede Conference. Sir, I have the honour to enclose for your information and that of the Government of India translation of a letter dated Riyath, the 13th July 1935, which I received yesterday (8.8.35) from Sheikh Khelid ibn al Walid and Shaikh Hamad as Sulaiman, who were recently here with the Saudi "Wafd". 2. I have replied direct acknowledging the letter, and have expressed the deep appreciation felt by myself and my wife for the many kind things that have been said about us. As the letter had a definitely personal touch about it, I decided not to send my reply through you or H.M's Minister, Jedda. I trust I have done right. I have the honour to be, sir, Your most obedient servant, Lt.-Colonel, Political Agent, Kuwait.

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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٨ظ] (١٠/٨٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٩و] (١٠/٨٦)

Translation of a letter dated the 12th Rabi' Thani 39
1354 (13.7.35) from Messrs: Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman, Riyadh, to the Political Agent, Kuwait.

After Compliments,

We beg to inform Your Excellency that we arrived in Riyadh on Tuesday the 9th instant (10.7.35) in the best of health. This time we had no trouble on the way. We were received in audience by His Majesty the King the same day that we re_ached Riyadh.

We gave faithful account to His Majesty the King of all the courtesy, kindness and consideration that was shown to us in Kuwait both by its Government, its Ameers and its notables. We also in special manner explained to His Majesty all that we experienced at Your Excellency's kind hands, of courtesy, good treatment and assistance generally, and we made a point of telling him of your genuine personal attachment, and admiration for His Majesty. His Majesty was very much pleased with same.

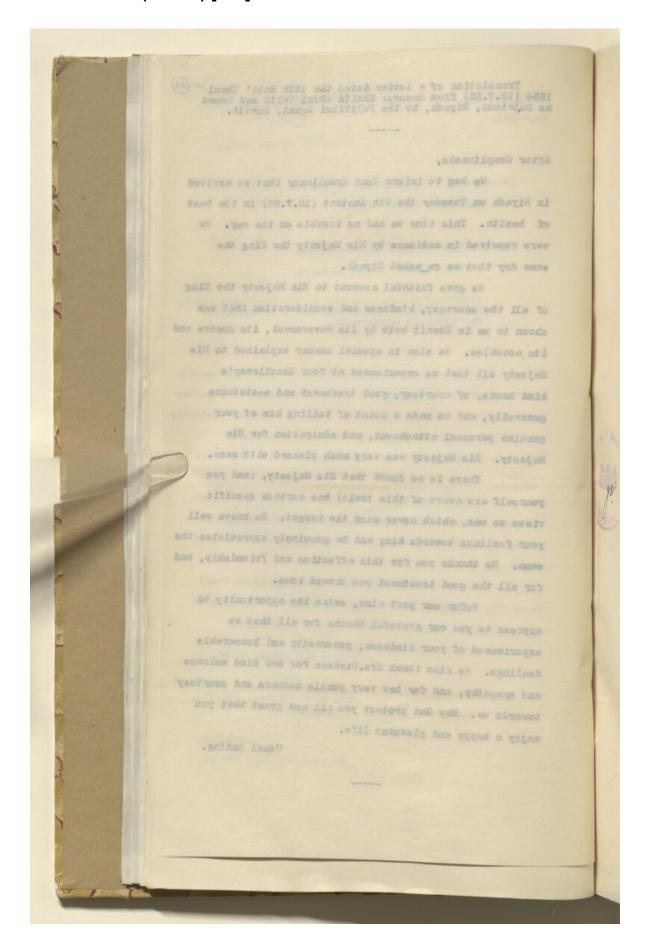
There is no doubt that His Majesty, (and you yourself are aware of this trait) has certain specific views on men, which never miss the target. He knows well your feelings towards him; and he genuinely appreciates the same. He thanks you for this affection and friendship, and for all the good treatment you showed tous.

Weffor our part also, seize the opportunity to express to you our grateful thanks for all that we experienced of your kindness, generosity and honourable dealings. We also thank Mrs.Dickson for her kind welcome and sympathy, and for her very gentle manners and courtesy towards us. May God protect you all and grant that you enjoy a happy and pleasant life.

Usual Ending.



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٩ ظ] (١٠/٨٧)



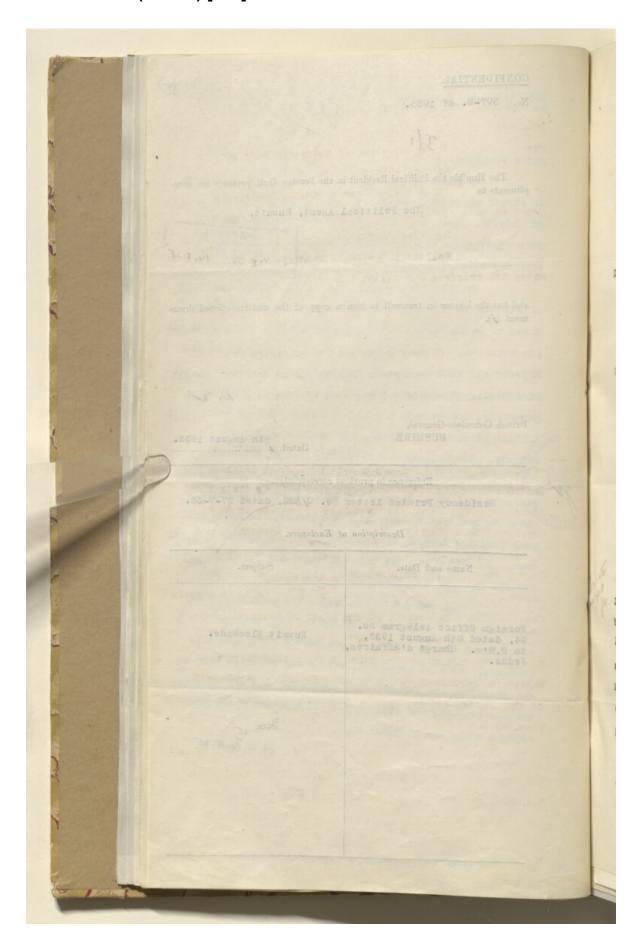


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٠١٠] (٨٨/١٥)

	CONFIDENTIAL.	39
	No. 597-S. of 1935.	Mh
	Ili	M. 13.8 25
	The Hon'ble the Political Resident i	n the Persian Gulf presents his com-
	The Political	Agent, Kuwait,
		No Yes found 14.8.35
	and has the honour to transmit to him ment (4).	a copy of the undermentioned docu-
		p.21
	Deltick Consulate Consul	/P. CI
	British Consulate-General, BUSHIRE.	Dated
200	Reference to previou	is correspondence :
SUSHIR-	Residency Printed letter No. 0/252, dated 27-7-35.	
	Description of	† Enclosure.
	Name and Date.	Subject.
	Foreign Office telegram No. 94, dated 8th Aggust 1935, to H.M's. Charge d'Affaires, Jedda.	Kuwait Blockade.
		Ario.
		Frie W. 12.25



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٠٤٠] (١٠/٨٩)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١و] (١٠/٩٠)

Telegram XX.

From H.M's Secretary of State for Foreign

Affairs, London.

To H.M's Charge d'Affaires, Jedda. No. 94

Repeated to Government of India, Foreign and Political

Depur tment, Simla.

Political Resident, Bushire. No. 50

Dated 8th received 9th August 1935.

Please see 5th section of Record of final Conversation with Fund Hamza enclosed in my despatch No. 211 2/July and Political Resident's despatches of June 28th and June 3rd.

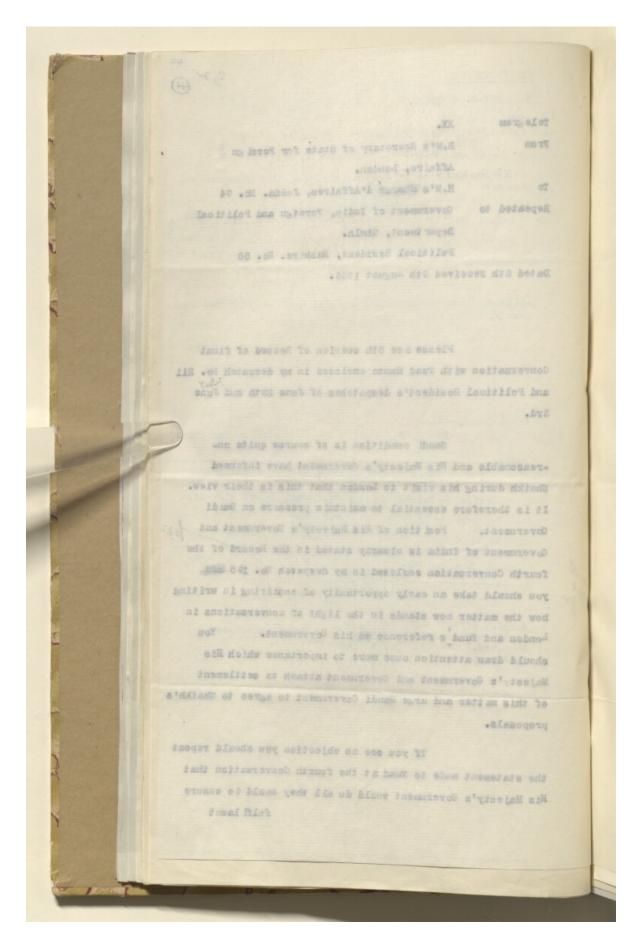
Faudi condition is of course quite un-reasonable and His Majesty's Covernment have informed
Shaikh during his visit to London that this is their view.

It is therefore essential to maintain pressure on Saudi
Government. Position of His Majesty's Government and
Government of India is clearly stated in the Record of the
fourth Conversation enclosed in my despatch No. 195 and
you should take an early opportunity of enquiring in writing
how the matter now stands in the light of conversations in
London and Fund's reference to his Government. You
should draw attention once more to importance which His
Majesty's Government and Government attach to settlement
of this matter and urge Saudi Government to agree to Shaikh's
proposals.

If you see no objection you should repeat
the statement made to Fuad at the fourth Conversation that
His Majesty's Government would do all they could to ensure
fulfilment



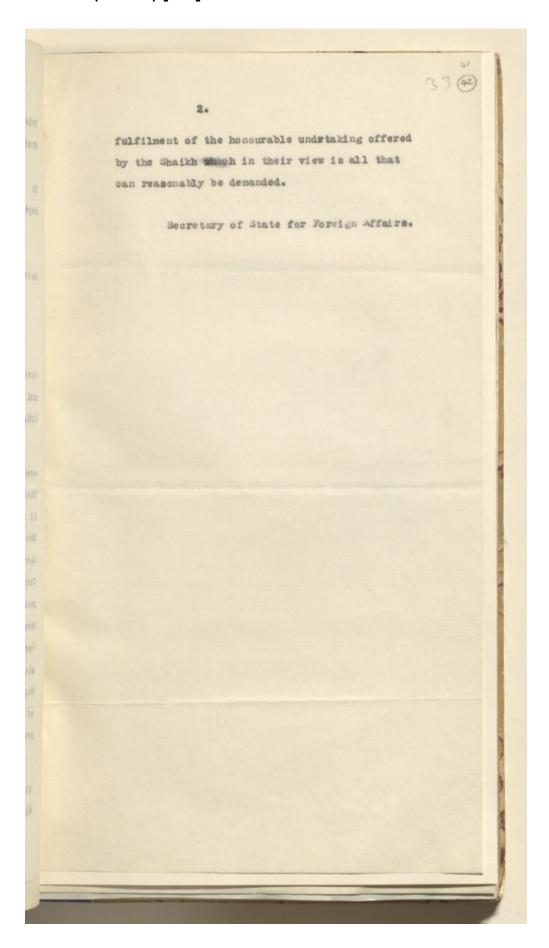
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤١ ظ] (١٩/٩١)



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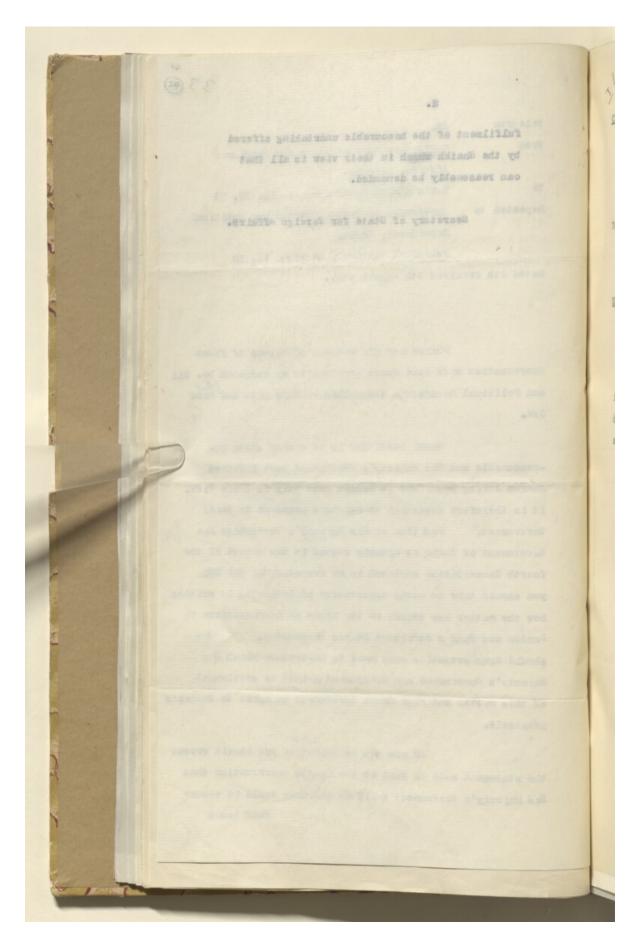


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٠] (١٠/٩٢)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤ظ] (١٠/٩٣)



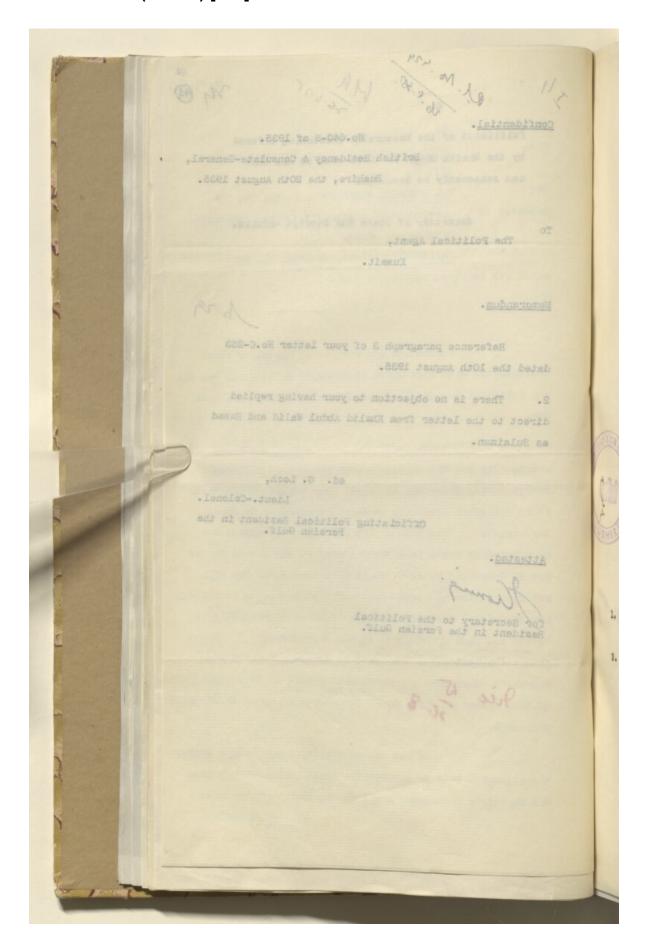


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤و] (١٩٠/٥)

Confidential. No.640-S of 1935. Rritish Residency & Consulate-General, Bushire, the 20th August 1935. To The Political Agent, Kuwait. Memorandum. Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. 8d. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attasted. Attasted.	
No.640-8 of 1935. British Residency & Consulate-General, Pushire, the 20th August 1935. To The Political Agent, Kuwait. Memorandum. Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Attested. Attested. Attested.	2/1 D. M. W. H. M. S. M. B.
British Residency & Consulate-General, Bushire, the 20th August 1935. To The Political Agent, Kuwait. Memorandum. Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. Sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Attested. Attested. Attested. Attested. Por Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	Confidential. No.640-S of 1935.
To The Political Agent, Kuwait. Memorandum. Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. Sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Attested. For Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	
To The Political Agent, Kuwait. Memorandum. Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. Sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Attested. For Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	
Memorandum. Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. Sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Actional Resident in the Persian Gulf.	
Memorandum. Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. Sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Actional Resident in the Persian Gulf.	
Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Action Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	The Political Agent,
Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Action Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	Kuwait.
Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253 dated the 10th August 1935. 2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Action Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	Memorandum.
2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Action Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	
2. There is no objection to your having replied direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. Sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Actual Resident in the Persian Gulf.	Reference paragraph 3 of your letter No.C-253
direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Resident in the Persian Gulf.	dated the 10th August 1935.
direct to the letter from Khalid Abdul Walid and Hamad as Sulaiman. sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. Resident in the Persian Gulf.	2. There is no objection to your having replied
sd. G. Loch, LieutColonel. Officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. Attested. Attested. for Secretary to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.	
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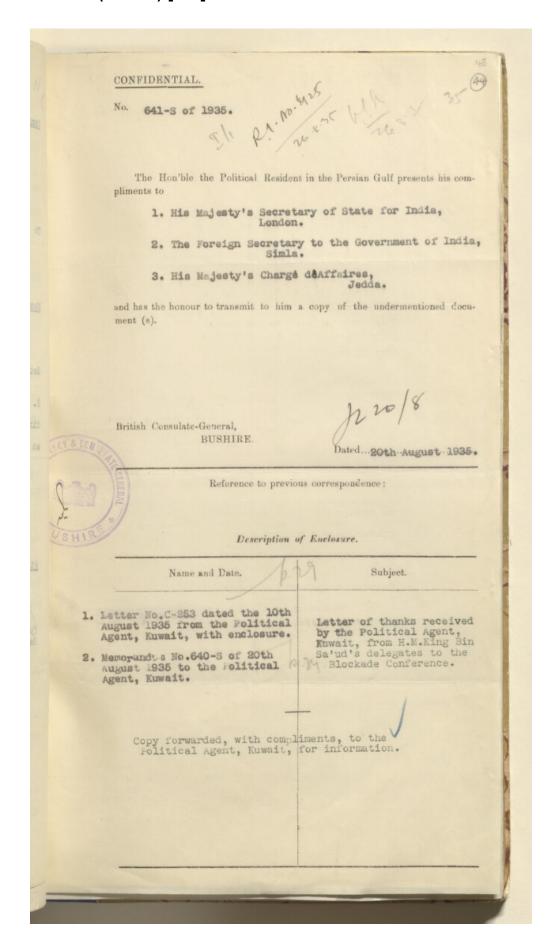


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤ظ] (١٠/٩٥)



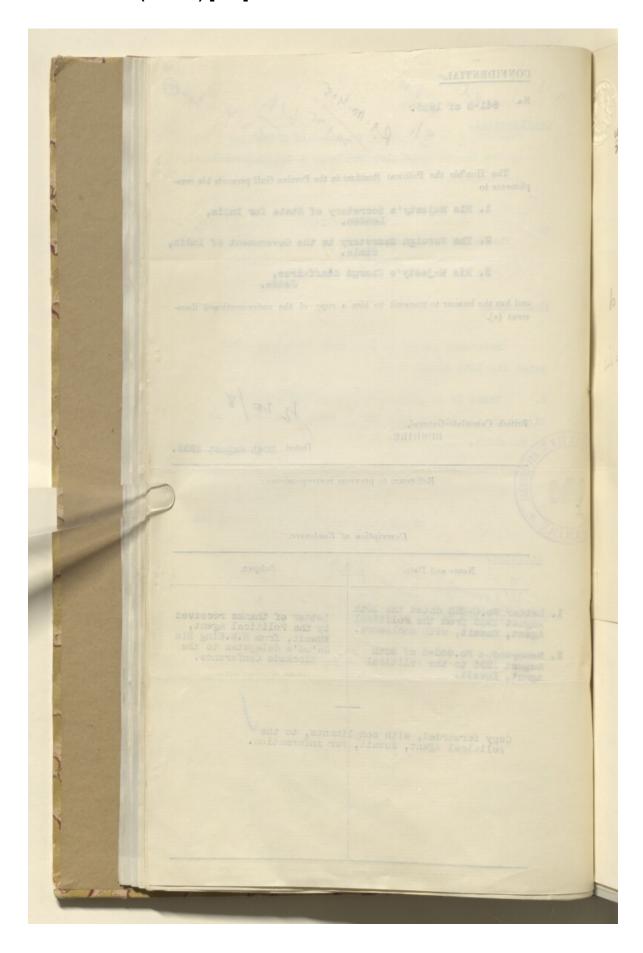


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٤و] (١٠/٩٦)



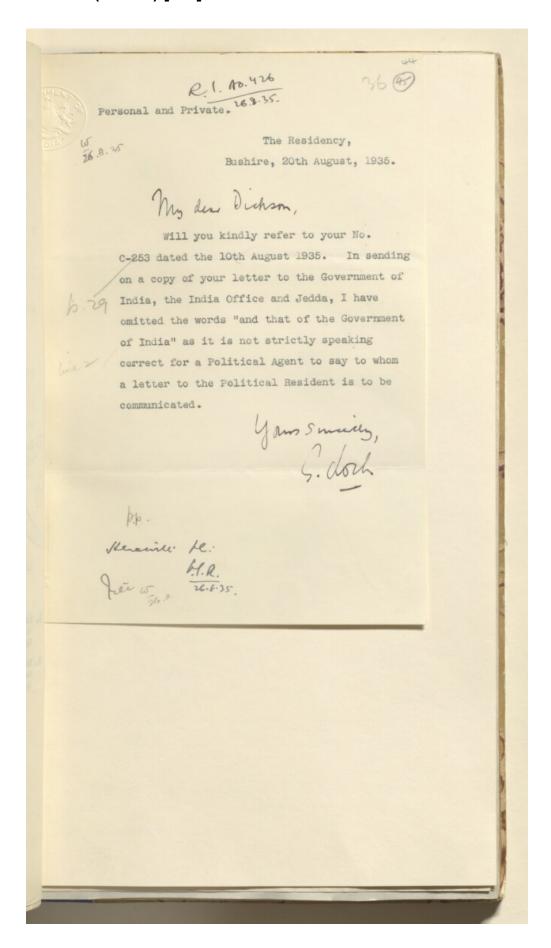


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٤ظ] (١٠/٩٧)



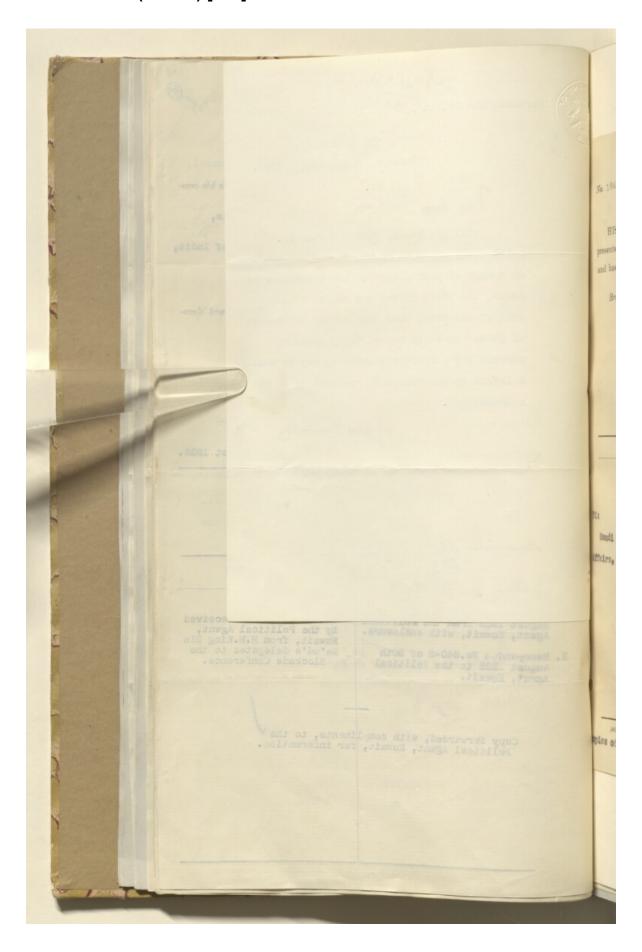


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١ و] (١٠/٩٨)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٤٠] (١٠/٩٩)



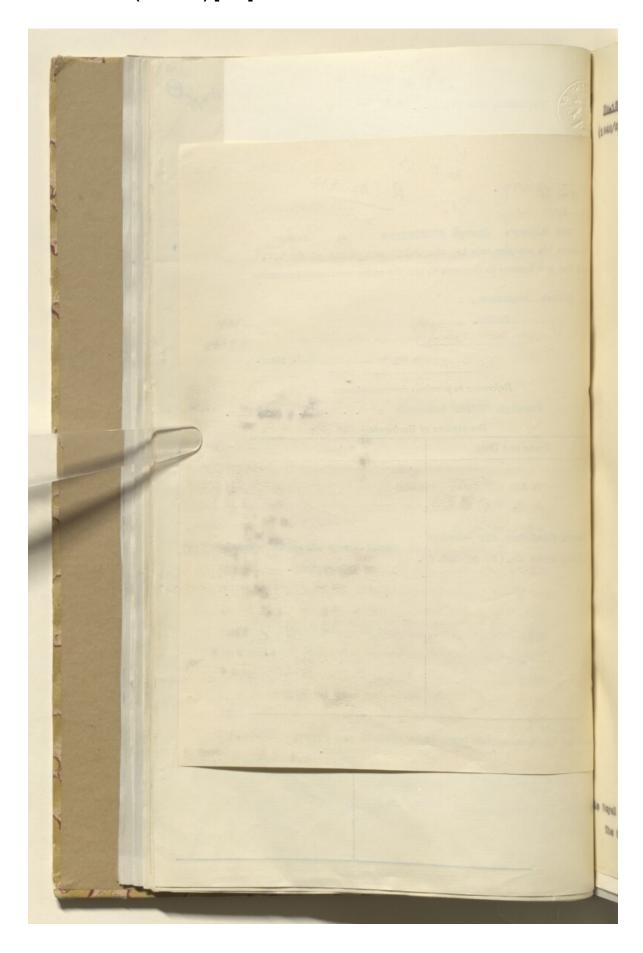


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٠] (١٠١/١٠٠)

30.8	R. (.Ms. 432 37 66)
No. 1846/226/108.	K-(1110
HIS Majesty's Charge d'A	ffaires at Jedda
presents his compliments to the	Political Agent at Kuwait,
and has the honour to transmit to	him the under-mentioned documents.
Britishlegation	
Jedda	
- A ADAMAGA	
	5.8, 193.5.
Reference to previ	ious correspondence :
Foreign Office tel	egram of 3.8.35. No.92 to Jedda.
Description	of Enclosure.
Name and Date.	Subject.
Saudi Minister for Foreign	
fairs, note No.130 of 5.8.3	Saudi armed party in Auwait
rustos most mostos or oscaso	territory.
	des die
	W
34/5 5578 (2)	een eent to the Foreign Office,
	India and Bushire.

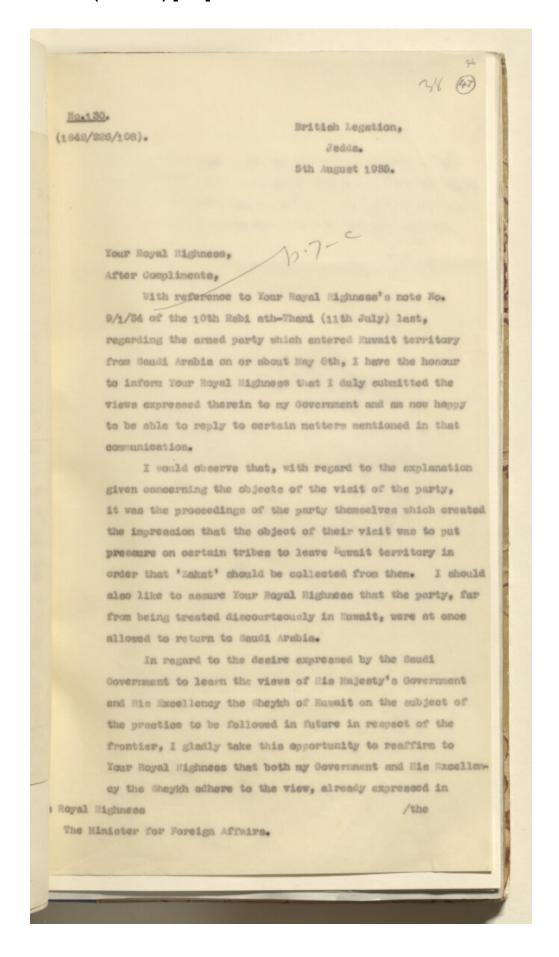


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤ظ] (١٠/١٠١)



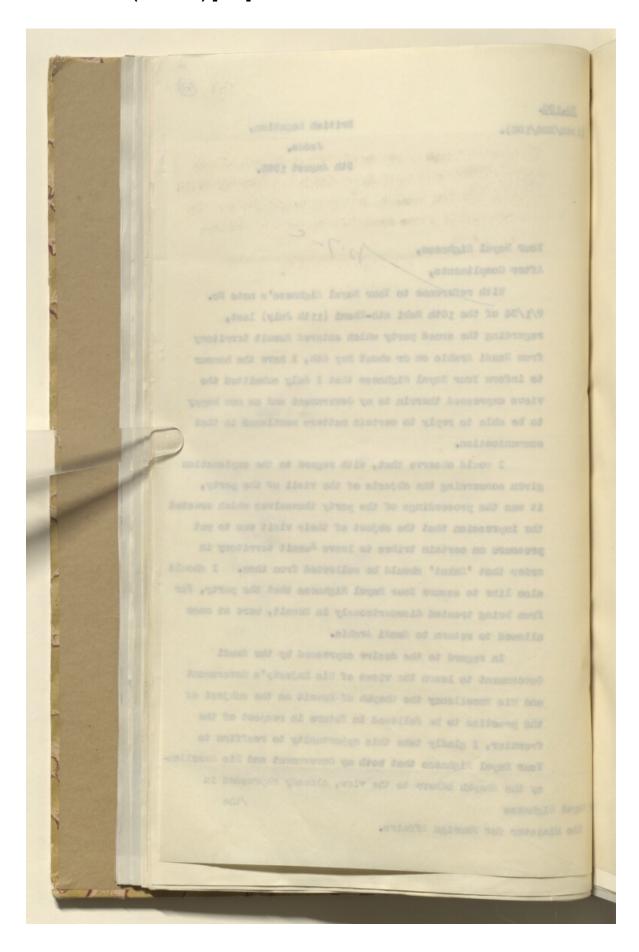


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٤و] (١٠/١٠٥)



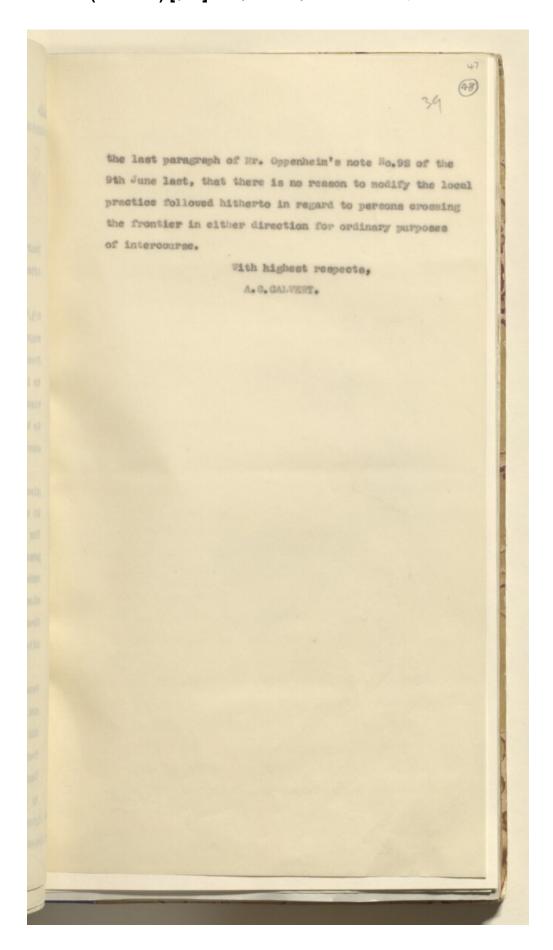


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٤ظ] (١٠/١٠٥)



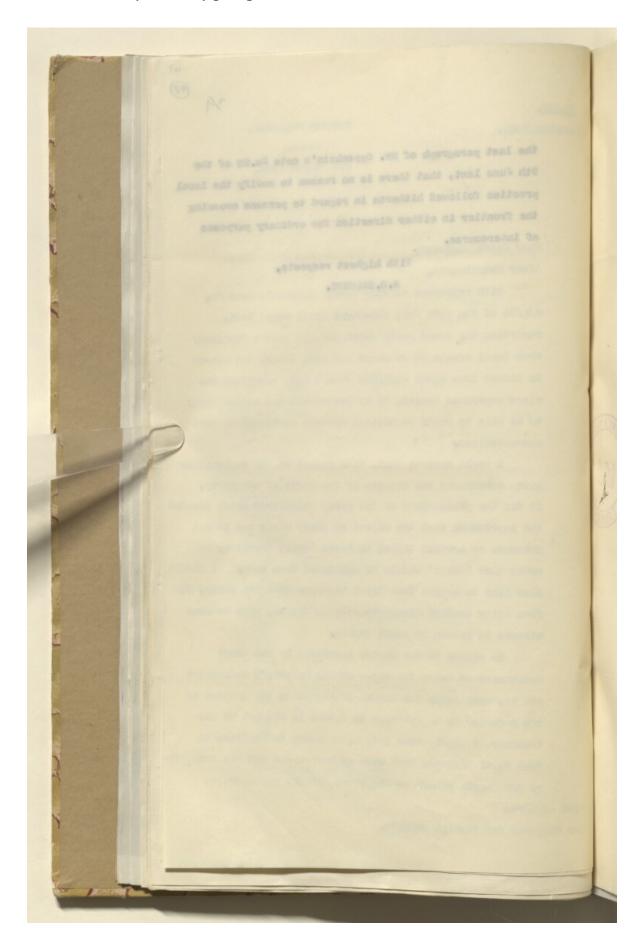


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٤و] (١٠/١٠٥)



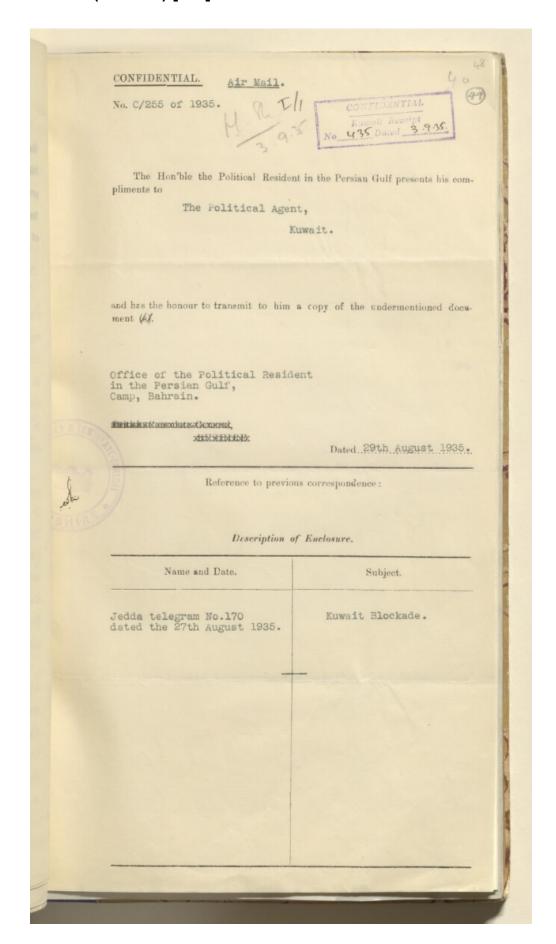


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٤ظ] (٥١٠/١٠٥)



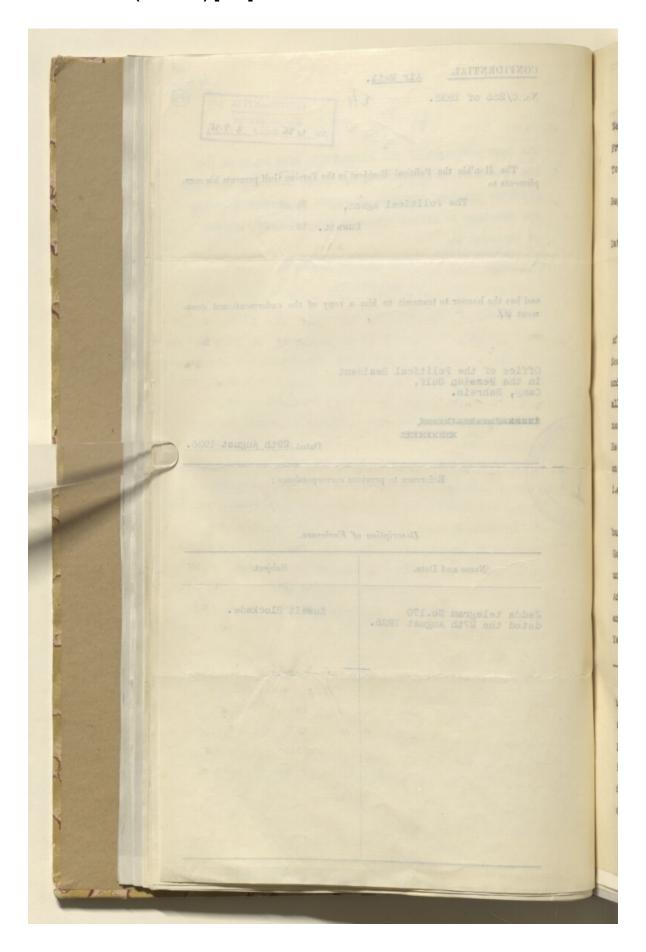


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٤و] (١٠/١٠٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٤ظ] (١٠/١٠٥)





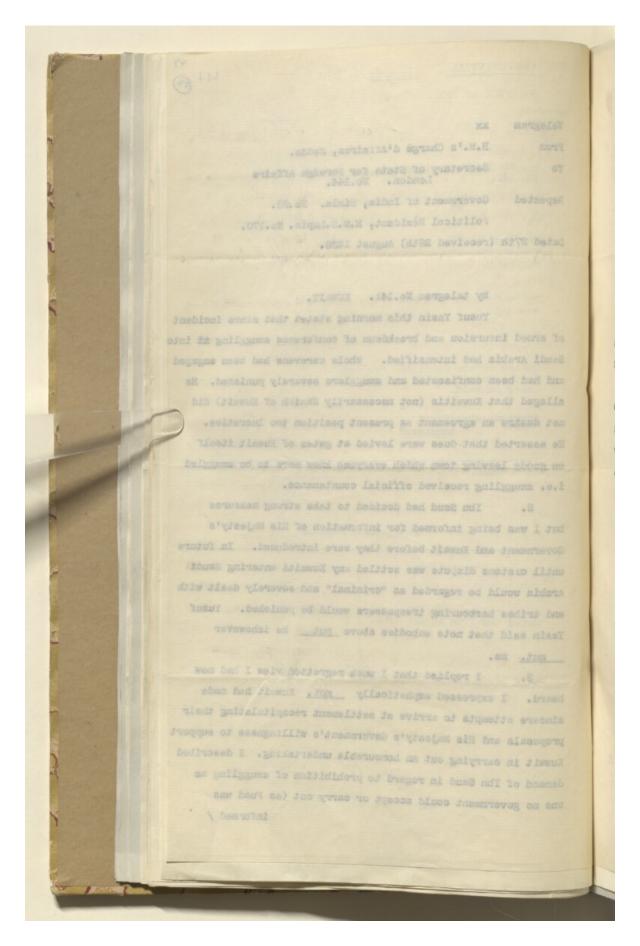
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٠و] (١٠/١٠٨)

Telegram H.M.'s Charge d'Affaires, Jedda. From Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs London. No.144. To Government of India, Simla. No.93. Repeated Political Resident, H.M.S.Lupin. No.170. Dated 27th (received 28th) August 1935. My telegram No.141. KUWAIT. Yusuf Yasin this morning stated that since incident of armed incursion and breakdown of conference smuggling ti into Saudi Arabia had intensified. Whole caravans had been engaged and had been confiscated and smugglers severely punished. He alleged that Kuwaitis (not necessarily Shaikh of Kuwait) did not desire an agreement as present position too lucrative. He asserted that dues were levied at gates of Kuwait itself on goods leaving town which everyone knew were to be smuggled i.e. smuggling received official countenance. Ibn Saud had decided to take strong measures but I was being informed for information of His Majesty's Government and Kuwait before they were introduced. In future until customs dispute was settled any Kuwaiti entering Saudi Arabia would be regarded as "criminal" and severely dealt with and tribes harbouring trespassers would be punished. Yusuf Yasin said that note embodies above mut. he ishowever mut. me. 3. I replied that I much regretted view I had now heard. I expressed emphatically __mut. Kuwait had made sincere attempts to arrive at settlement recapitulating their proposals and His Majesty's Government's willingness to support Kuwait in carrying out an honourable undertaking. I described demand of Ibn Saud in regard to prohibition of smuggling as one no government could accept or carry out (as Fuad was

informed /



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٠٠] (١٠/١٠٥)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: archive/81055/vdc 100042317212.0x00006e/العربية/http://www.gdl.ga/العربية

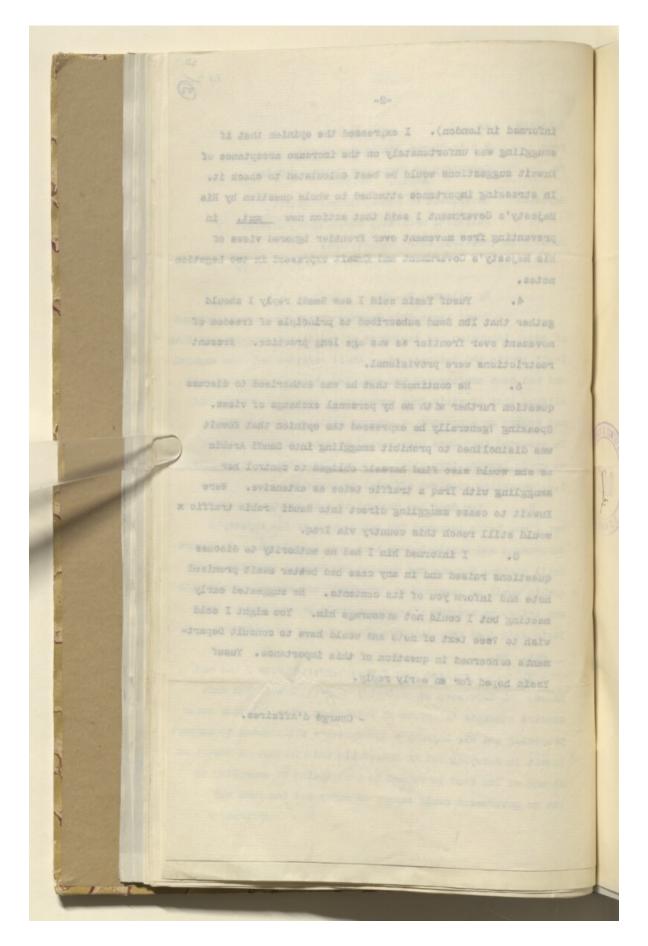


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/١١٠)

-2informed in London). I expressed the opinion that if smuggling was unfortunately on the increase acceptance of Kuwait suggestions would be best calculated to check it. In stressing importance attached to whole question by His Majesty's Government I said that action now __mut. in preventing free movement over frontier ignored views of His Majesty's Government and Kuwait expressed in two Legation notes. Yusuf Yasin said I saw Saudi reply I should gather that Ibn Saud subscribed to principle of freedom of movement over frontier as was age long practice. Present restrictions were provisional. He continued that he was authorised to discuss question further with me by personal exchange of views. Speaking ?generally he expressed the opinion that Kuwait was disinclined to prohibit smuggling into Saudi Arabia as she would also find herself obliged to control her smuggling with Iraq a traffic twice as extensive. Were Kuwait to cease smuggling direct into Saudi Arabia traffic w would still reach this country via Iraq. I informed him I had no authority to discuss questions raised and in any case had better await promised note and inform you of its contents. He suggested early meeting but I could not en courage him. You might I said wish to ?see text of note and would have to consult Departments concerned in question of this importance. Yusuf Yasin hoped for an early reply. - Charge d'Affaires.



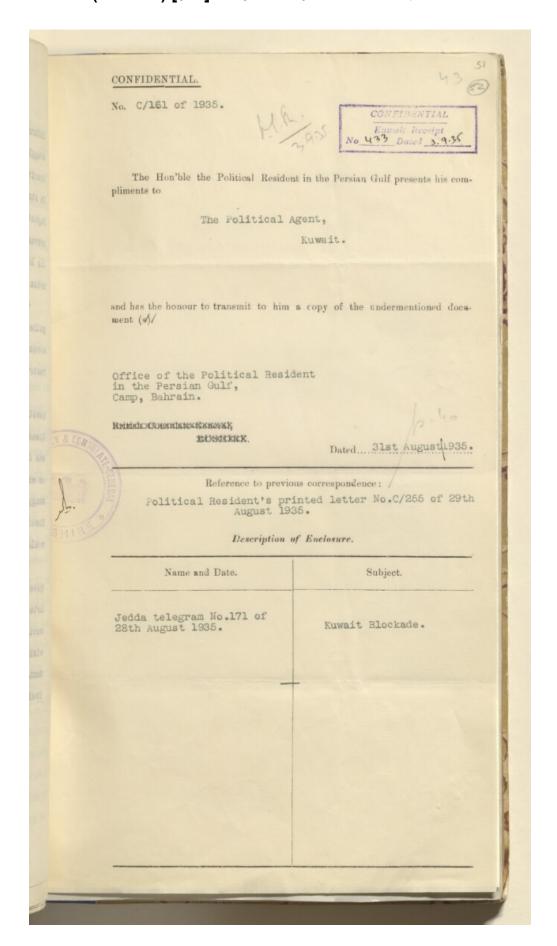
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/١١١)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: archive/81055/vdc 100042317212.0x000070/لحربية/http://www.gdl.ga/العربية

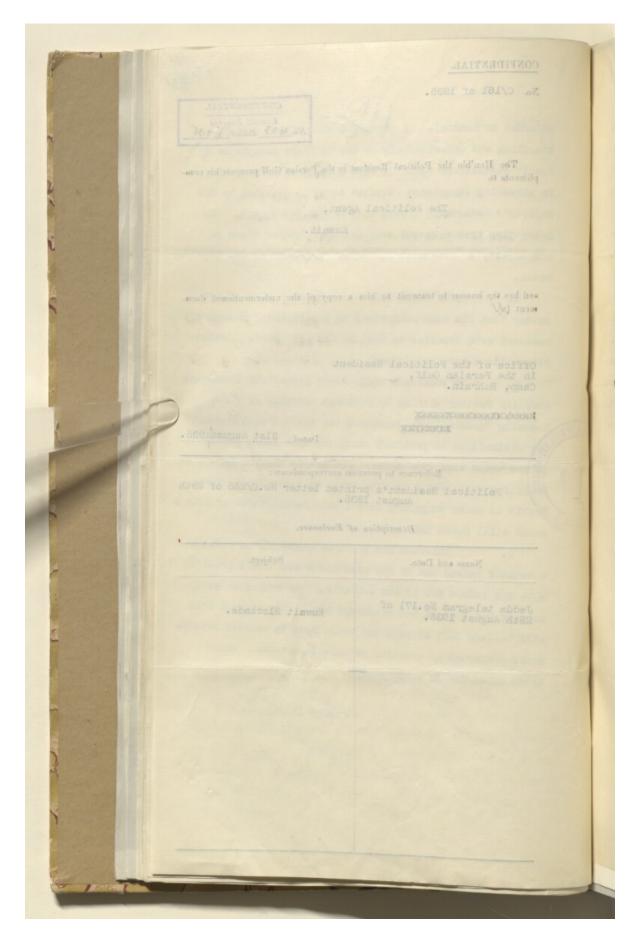


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٠] (١١١/١٥)



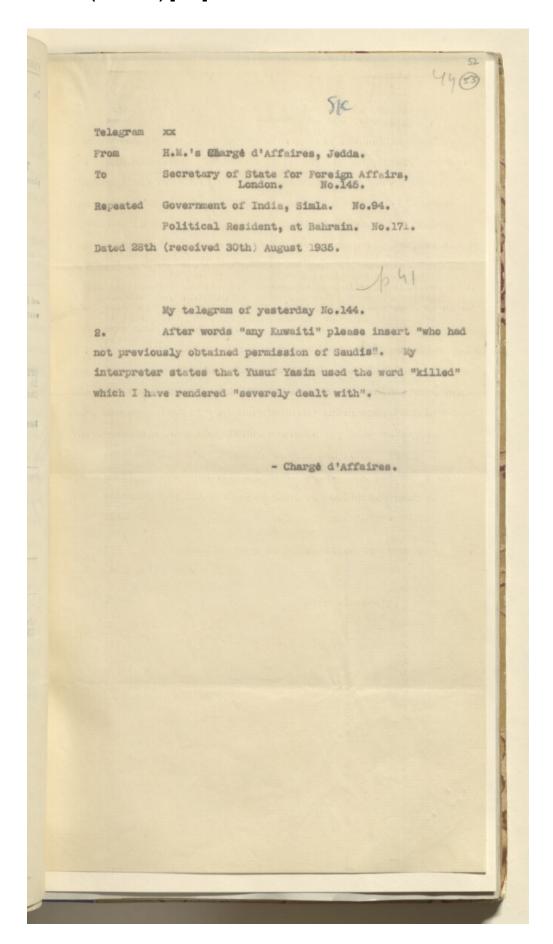


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٥ظ] (١٠/١١٣)



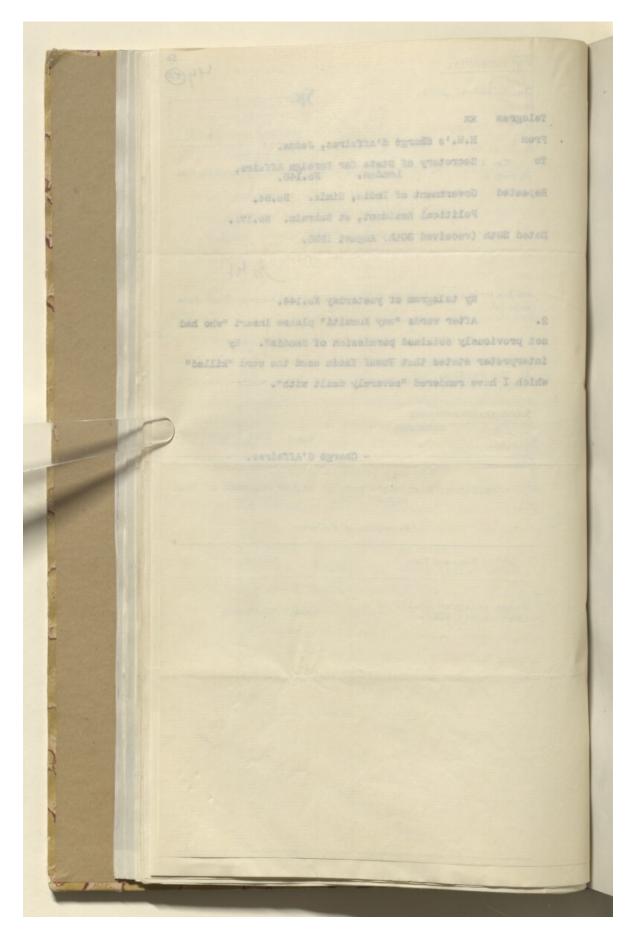


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/١١٥]





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٥ظ] (١٠/١٥)



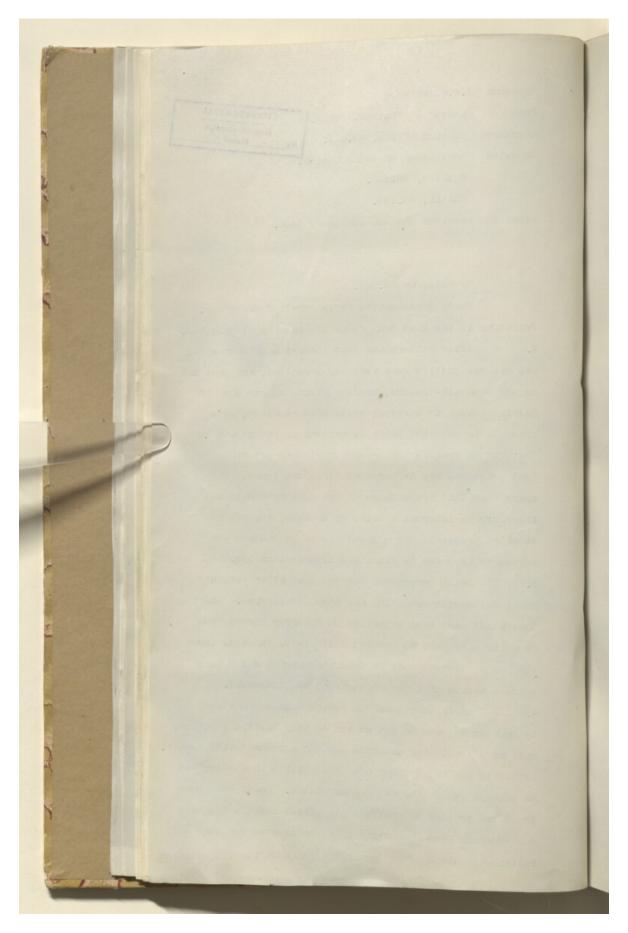


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٥٤] (١١٠/١١٥)

Telegram I.F.O.19271930 CONFIDENTIAL Charge' D'Affaires, Jedda. From Kuwait Receipt Dated 4.9 Addressed Foreign Office, No. 153. Repeated Government of India, No.95 Bushire, No. 183. Kuwait, No.184. Dated and received the 2nd September 1935. My telegram No. 144. Saudi Government's reply received yesterday. Following is the gist from rough preliminary translation. After reiterating that incursion of four armed men did not justify note sent (by legation), and that had no men been ill-treated, thereby giving appearance of hostile intent no incident would have resulted, note proceeds to say that Saudi Government do not object to "return" to frontier procedure previously existing, but that procedure has differed at different times. They share view that armed force of one country should not interfere in internal affairs of another, and desire detailed proposals for a procedure to be subject and agreement in order to eliminate misunderstanding. Saudi Government regrets that after return Saudi delegation smuggling has been intensified. Saudi Government have been compelled to transfer forces from frontier near Hail to Persian Gulf coast, and thus incur expense to prevent loss to Saudi merchants, which loss extreme action of Kuwait Government had increased. Saudi Government to reduce this expenditure to some degree and to put an end to this hostile practice, will adopt following measures pending agreement with Kuwait. Action is not being taken out of hostility to Kuwait, but to protect Saudi finances and merchants. Saudi Government therefore propose to instruct all tribal leaders that all goods coming from Kuwait shall be confiscated and that all individuals coming from Kuwait, unless/notification be given

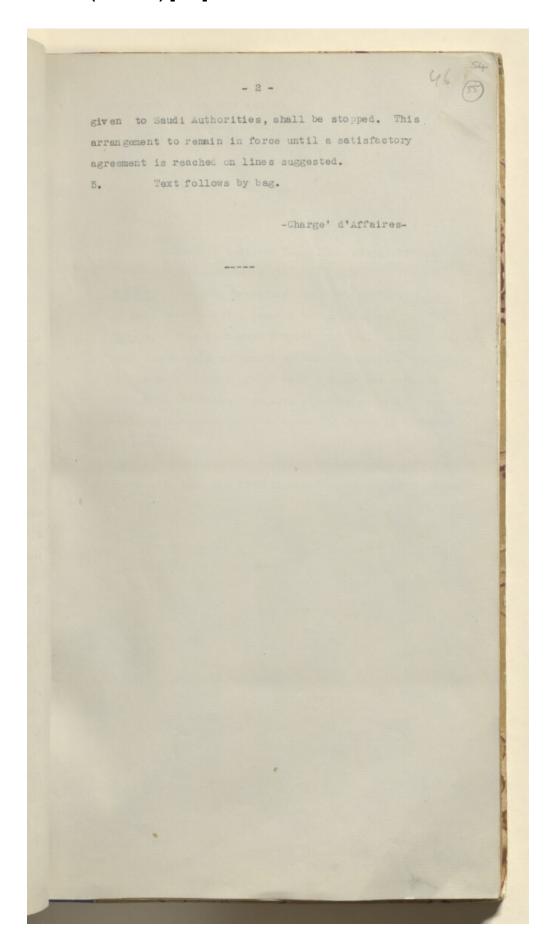


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٥ظ] (١١٠/١٥)



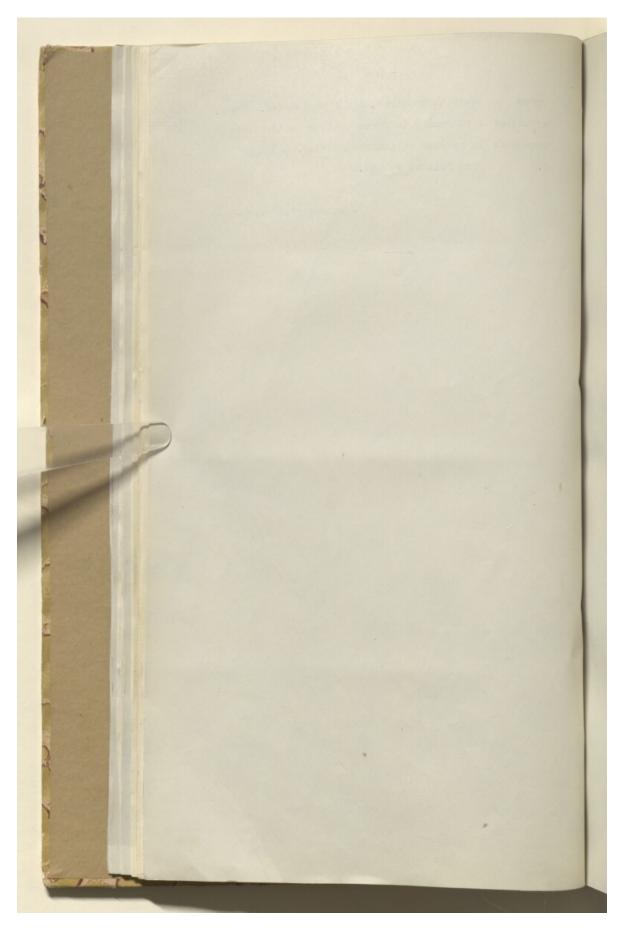


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٥و] (١١/١١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٥ظ] (١٠/١١٩)



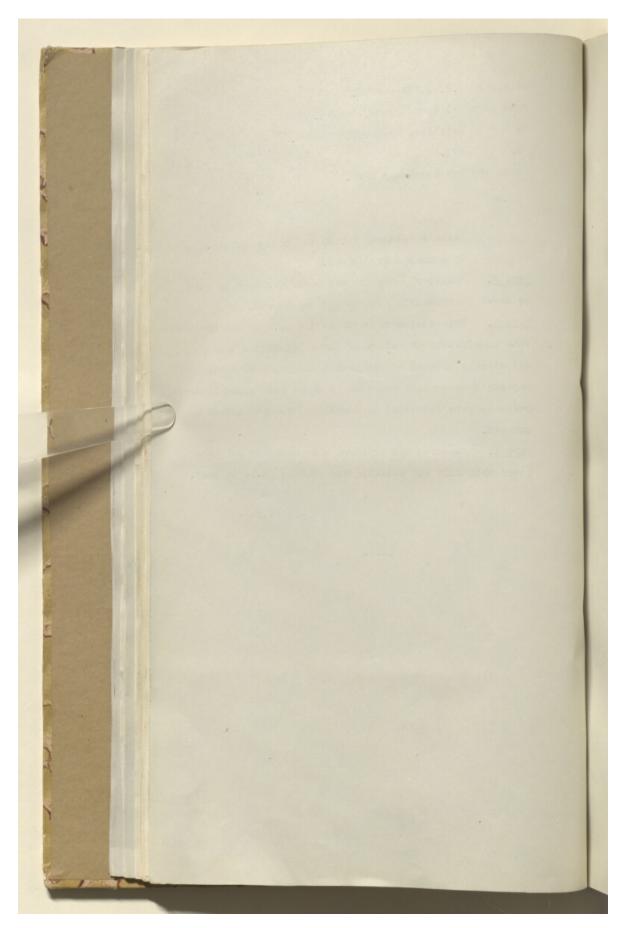


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٦] (١٠/١٢٠)

Telegram I.F.O. 1927 and 30. From Political Agent, Kuwait. Political Resident, Bushire. 271. No. Dated the 7th September 1935. Jedda's telegram No. 153 to Foreign Office. My comments as follows. Para 2. Frontier procedure has never differed in past so Saudi Government's remarks not understood. Para 3. This statement entirely untrue. Actual facts are that immediately on return of Saudi Delegation last July, and clearly because of Bin Saud's annoyance with His Majesty's Government for note re armed incursion, blockade measures were redoubled to degree of ferocity hitherto unknown. Para 4. Measures now proposed were actually put into force 20th July see Intelligence Summary No.14 in post. -Political-

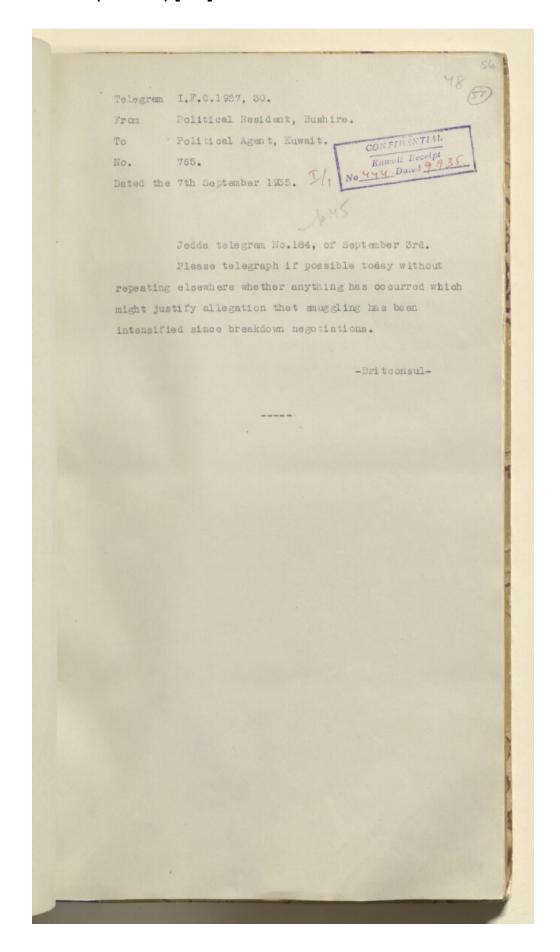


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/١٢١] (١٠/١٢٥)



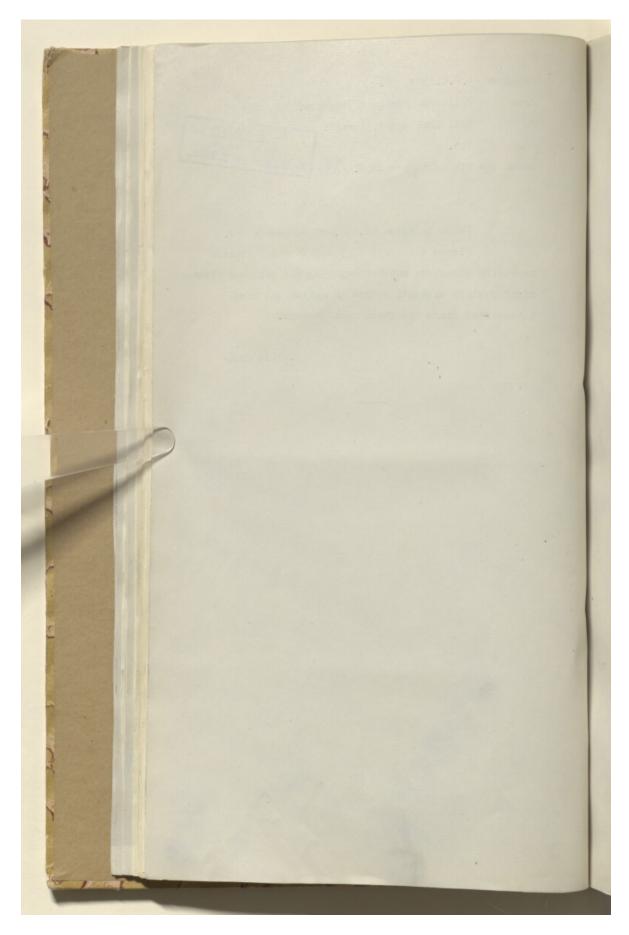


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٥] (٢١/١٢٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/١٢٣]





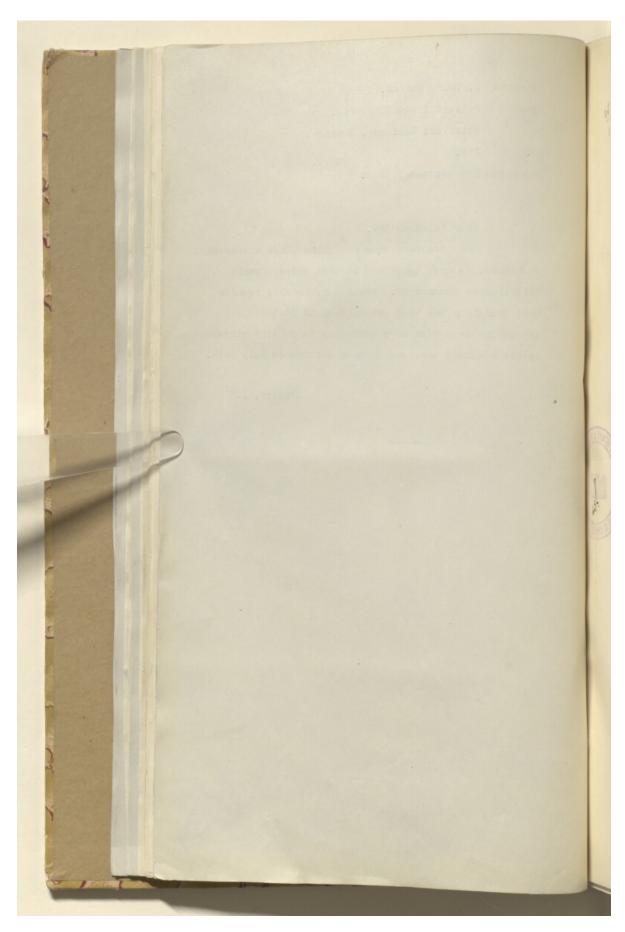
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٩٠] (١٠/١٢٥)

Telegram I.F.O.27 and 30. From Political Agent, Kuwait. Political Resident, Bushire. 272. No. Dated the 7th September 1935. Your telegram 765. Only recorded case smuggling since breakdown Conference is that mentioned in para 140(e) Kuwait Intelligence Summary 12. Saudi Government's remarks that smuggling has been intensified is definitely untrue and have been made obviously to justify extremely severe blockade measures already introduced July 20th. -Political-

اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: http://www.qdl.qa/العربية/archive/81055/vdc_100042317212.0x00007d/

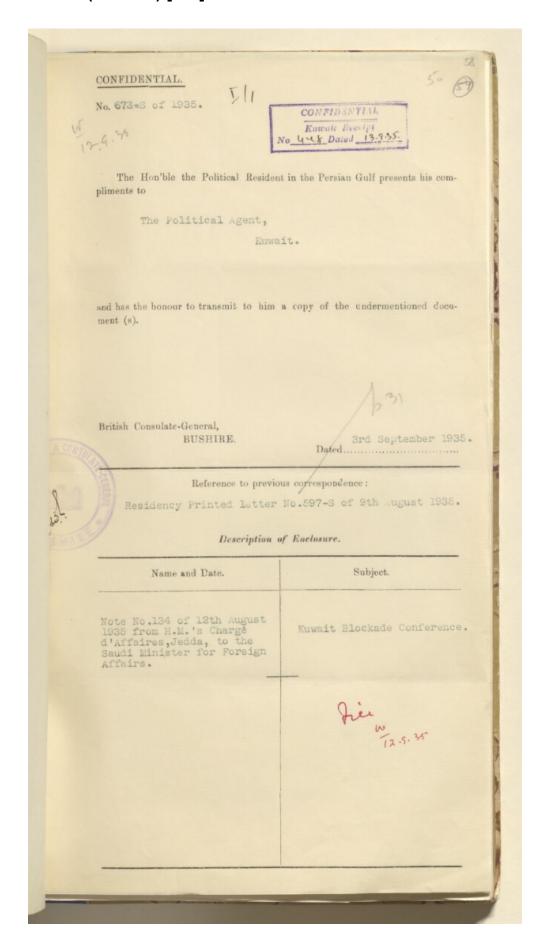


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/١٢٥]



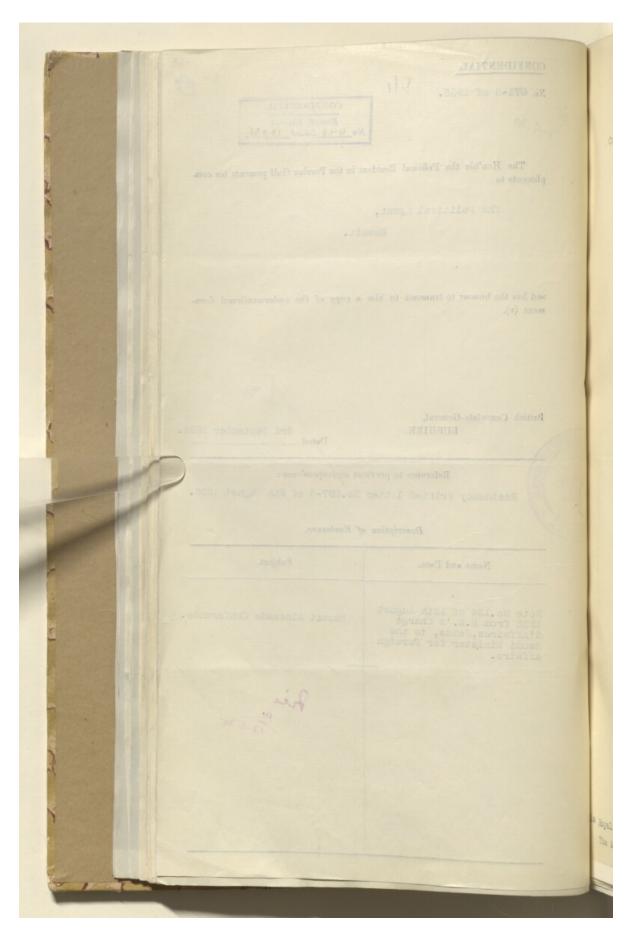


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٩] (٢٦ ١/١٢٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٩ ط] (١٠/١٢٥)





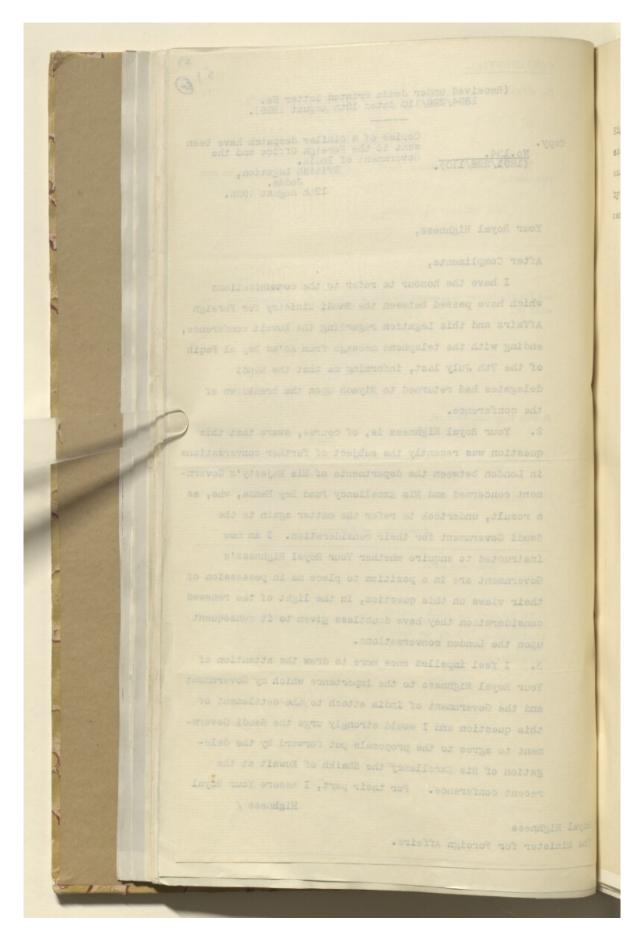
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٠و] (١٠/١٢٨)

(Received under Jedda Printed letter No. 1894/226/110 dated 12th August 1935). Copies of a similar despatch have been sent to the Foreign Office and the Government of India.

British Legation, No.134. (1891/226/110) After Compliments, I have the honour to refer to the communications which have passed between the Saudi Ministry for Foreign ending with the telephone message from As'ad Bey al Faqih of the 7th July last, informing me that the Saudi delegates had returned to Riyadh upon the breakdown of the conference. 2. Your Royal Highness is, of course, aware that this question was recently the subject of further conversations in London between the departments of His Majesty's Government concerned and His Excellency Fuad Bey Hamza, who, as a result, undertook to refer the matter again to the Saudi Government for their consideration. I am now instructed to enquire whether Your Royal Highness's Government are in a position to place me in possession of their views on this question, in the light of the renewed consideration they have doubtless given to it consequent 3. I feel impelled once more to draw the attention of Your Royal Highness to the importance which my Government and the Government of India attach to the settlement of this question and I would strongly urge the Saudi Government to agree to the proposals put forward by the delerecent conference. For their part, I assure Your Royal Highness / Royal Highness The Minister for Foreign Affairs.

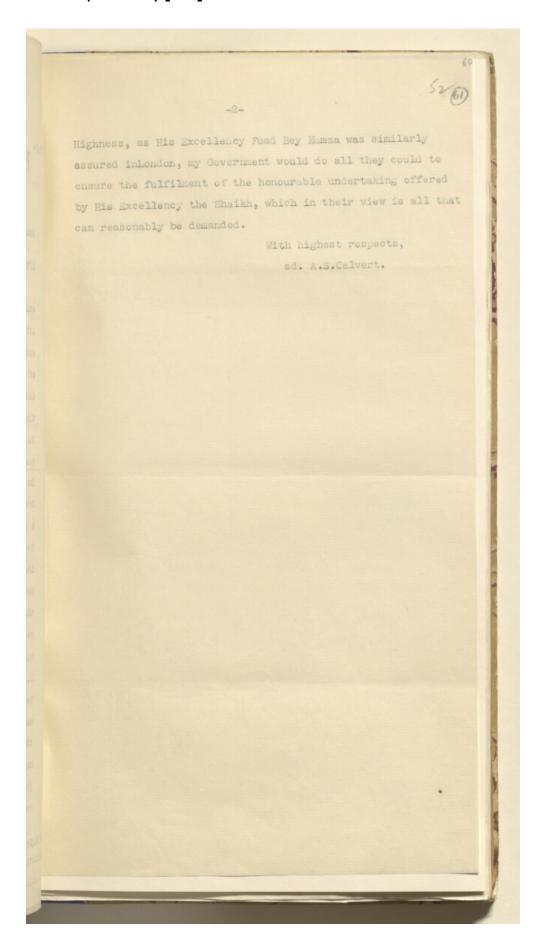


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠ ١٠/١ ٥)



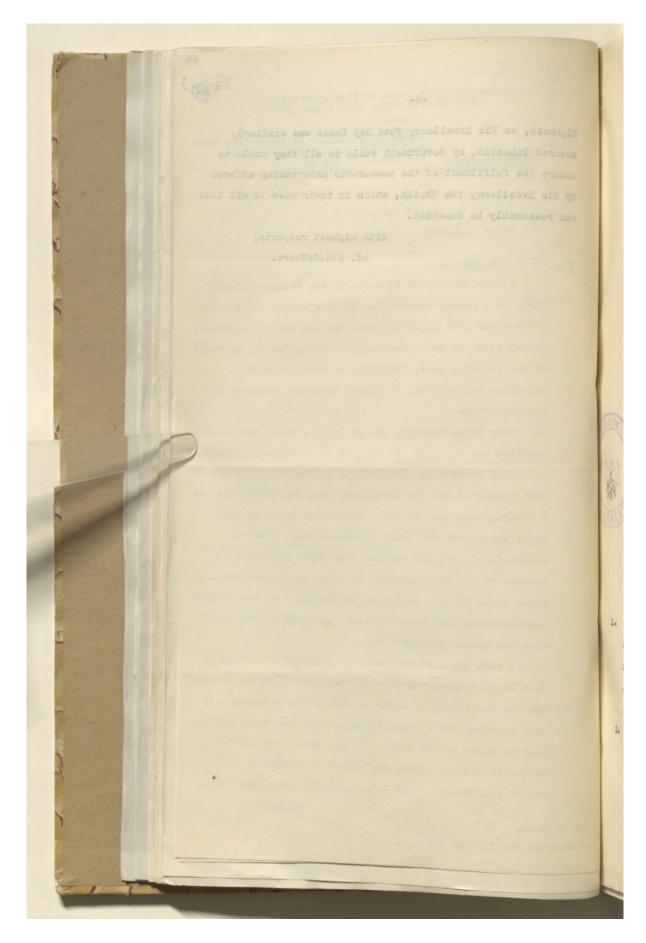


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٠] (١٠/١٣٠)



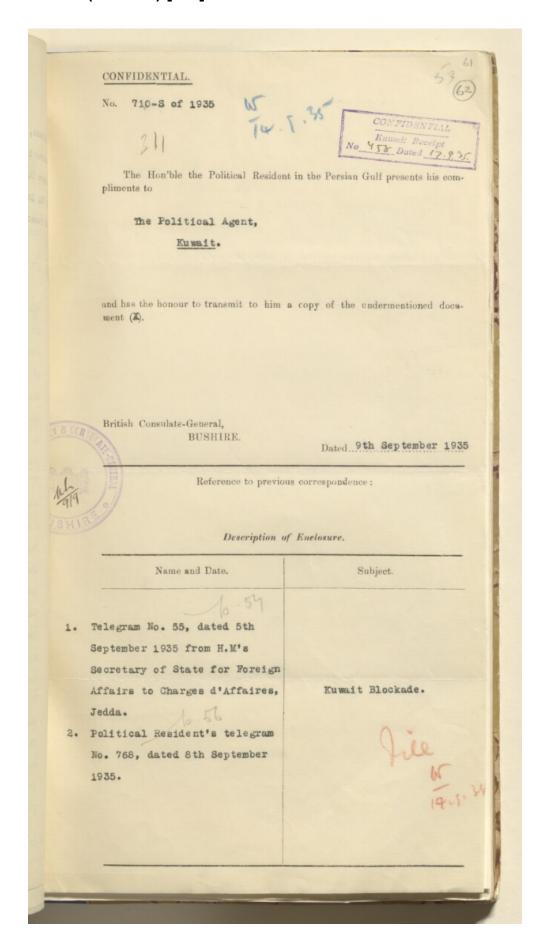


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦٠] (١٠/١٣١)



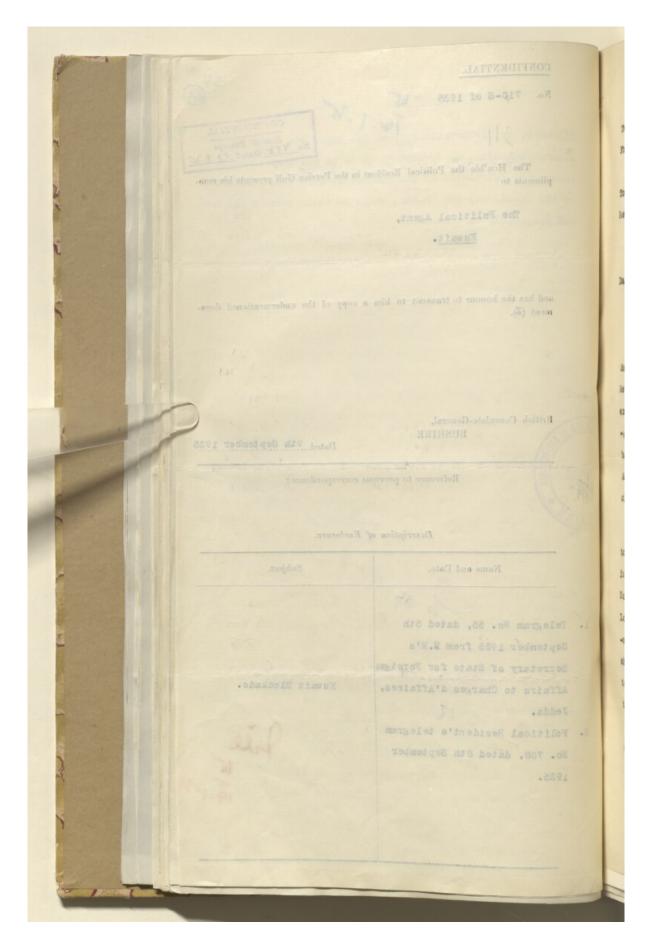


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦و] (١٠/١٣٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ظ] (١٠/١٣٣)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣ و] (١٠/١٣٤)

Telegram XX.

From H.M's Secretary of State for Foreign

Affairs, London.

To H.M's Charge d'Affaires, Jedda. No. 102

Repeated to Government of India, Foreign and Political

Department, Simla.

Political Resident, Bushire. No. 55

Dated 5th received 6th September 1935.

Your telegrams Nos. 144 and 153.

I approve of your language to Yusaf Yasin.

Subject to concurrence of Government of India and Political Resident you should reply to Saudi note on following lines explaining that His Majesty's Government have received telegraphic summary of note. His Majesty's Government have nothing to add to views expressed in your note of 5th August about armed incursion incident which they regard as closed.

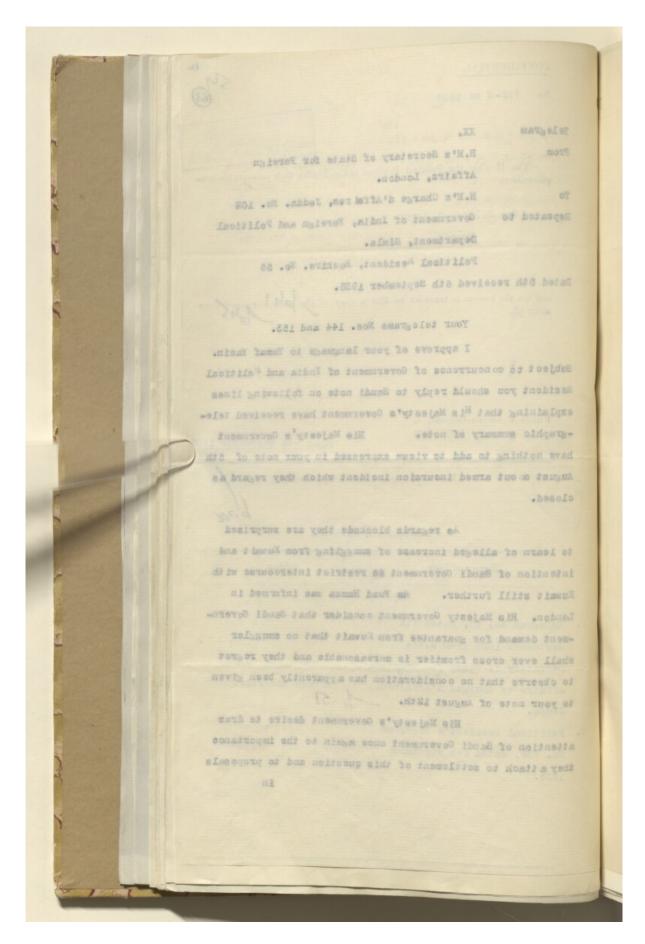
As regards blockade they are surprised to learn of alleged increase of smuggling from Kuwait and intention of Saudi Government to restrict intercourse with Kuwait still further. As Fuad Hamza was informed in London. His Majesty Government consider that Saudi Government demand for guarantee from Kuwait that no smuggler shall ever cross fromtier is unreasonable and they regret to observe that no consideration has apparently been given to your note of August 12th.

His Majesty's Government desire to draw attention of Saudi Government once again to the importance they attach to settlement of this question and to proposals

in

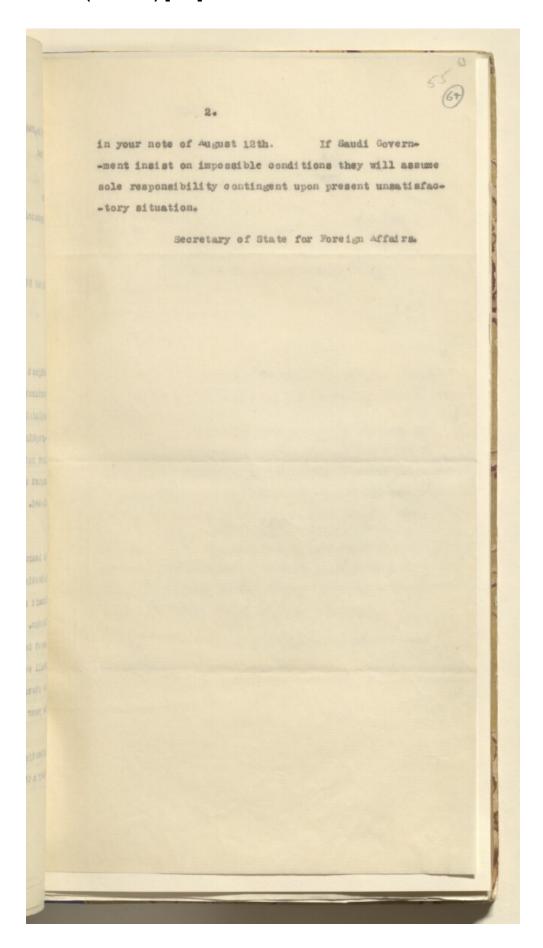


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦ظ] (١٠/١٣٥)



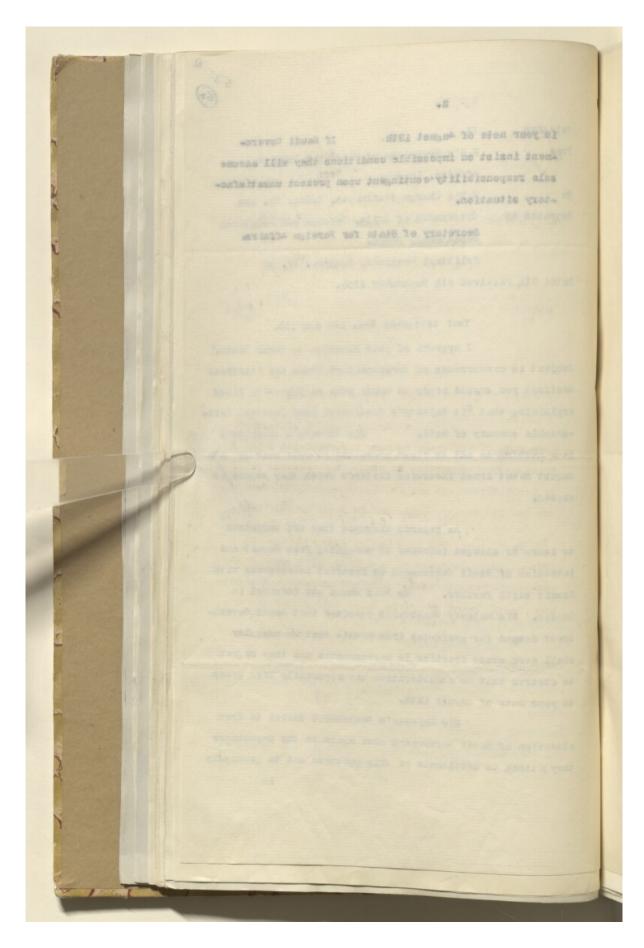


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤و] (١٠/١٣٦)



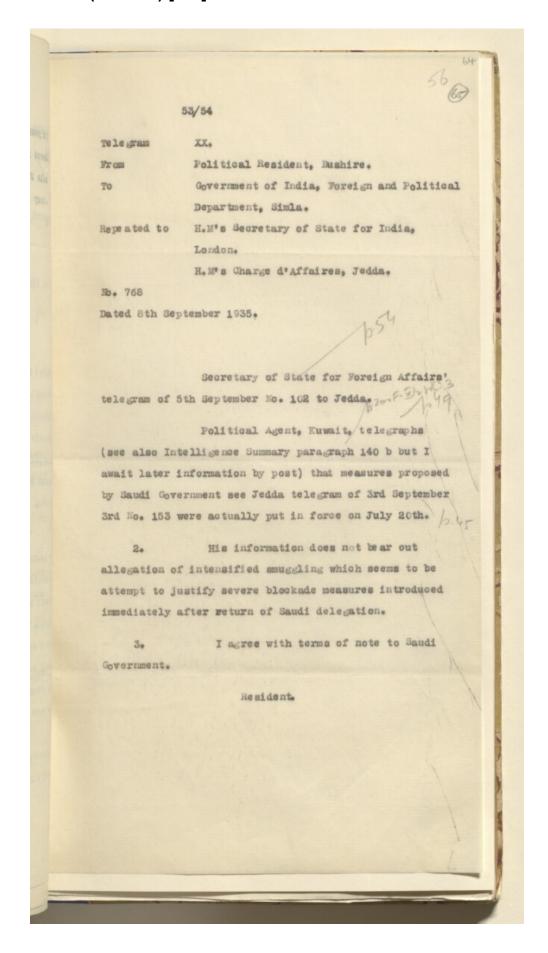


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦٤] (١٠/١٣٧)



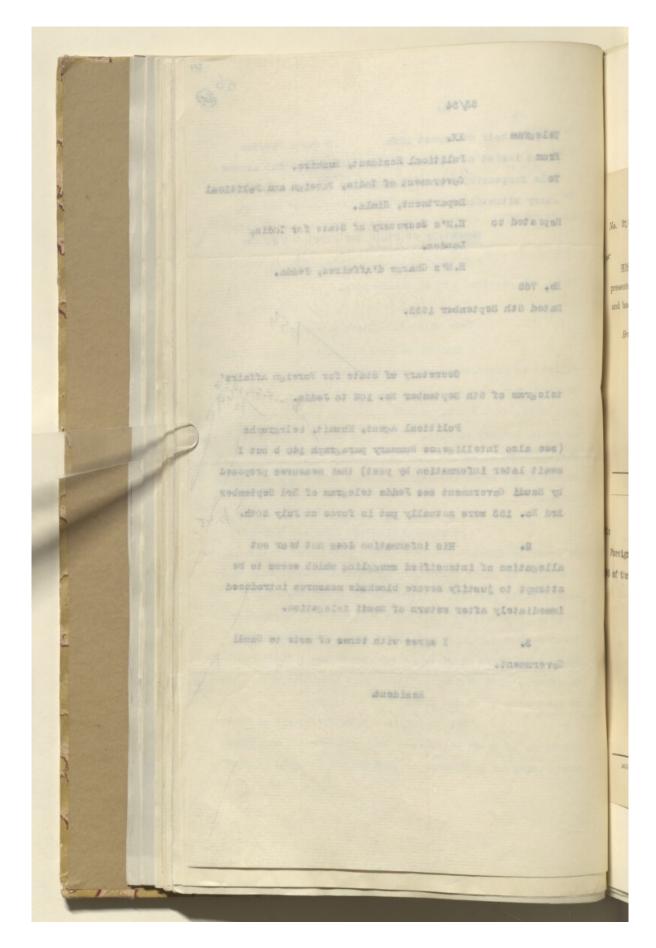


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٦٠] (١٠/١٣٨)



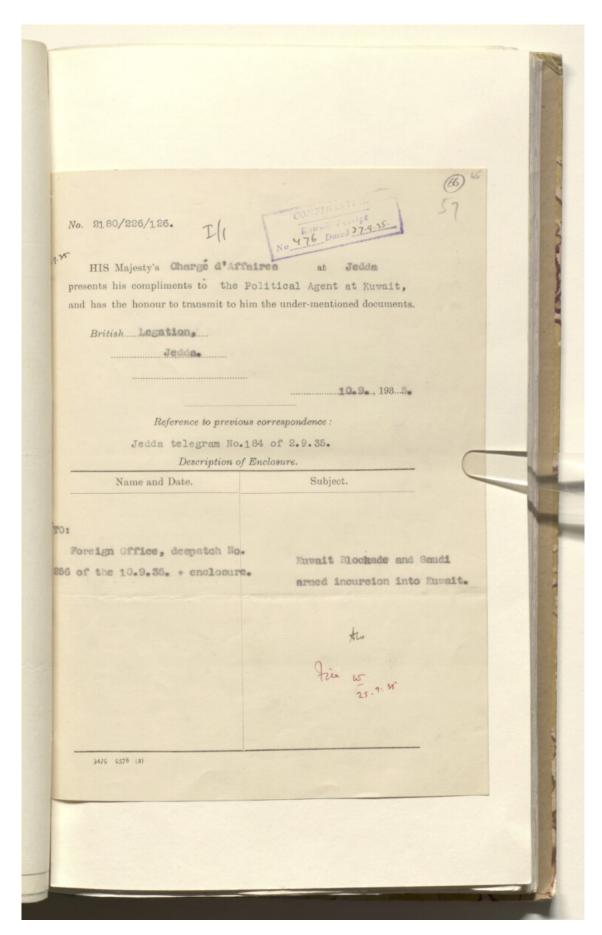


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٦٠] (١٠/١٣٩)



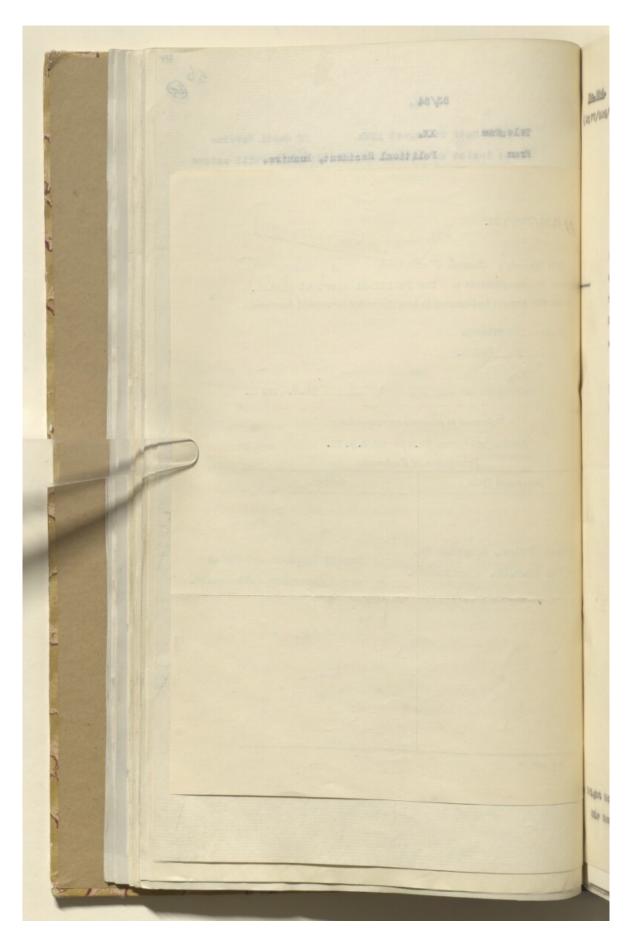


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦و] (١٠/١٠)



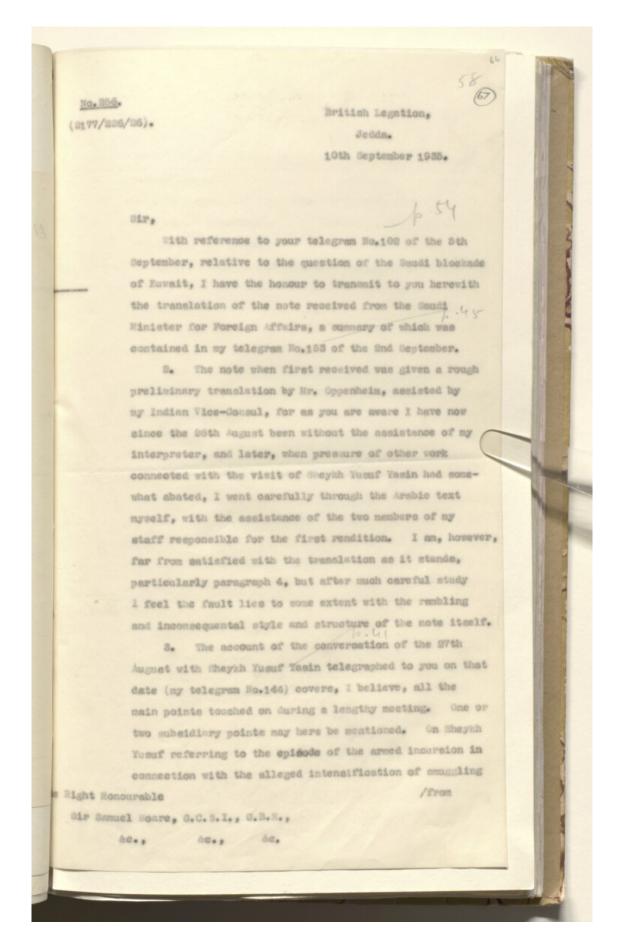


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ظ] (١٠/١٤)



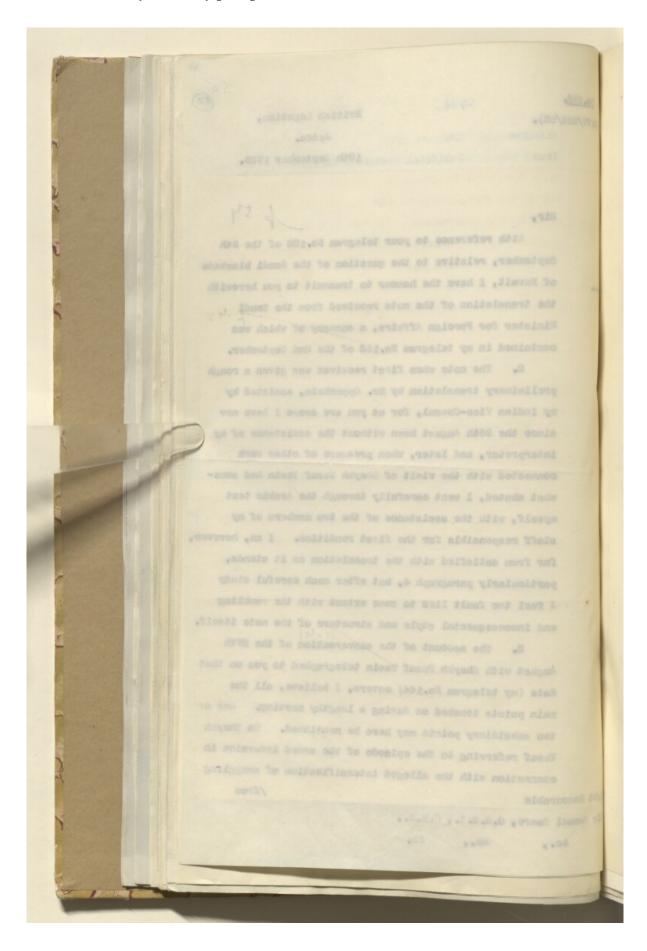


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٦و] (٢١٠/١٥)



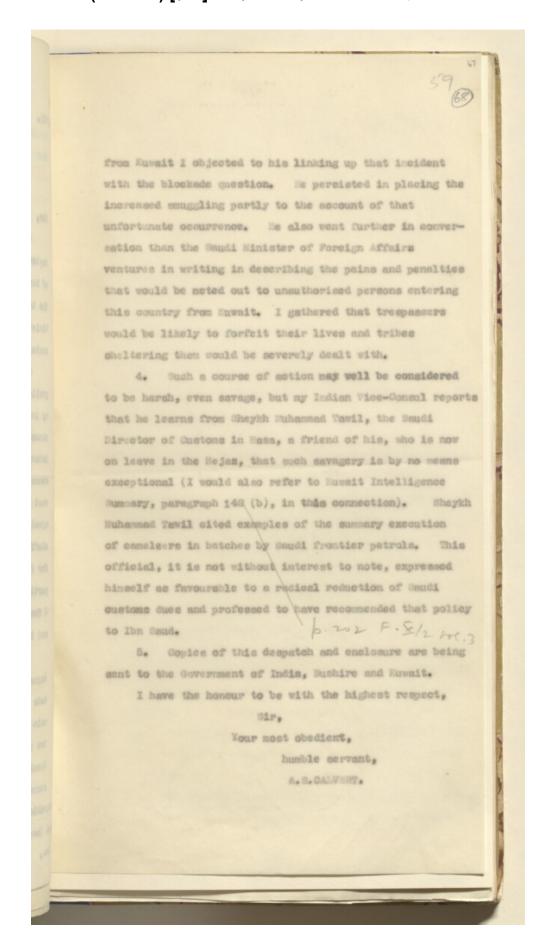


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ظ] (٣١٠/١٥)



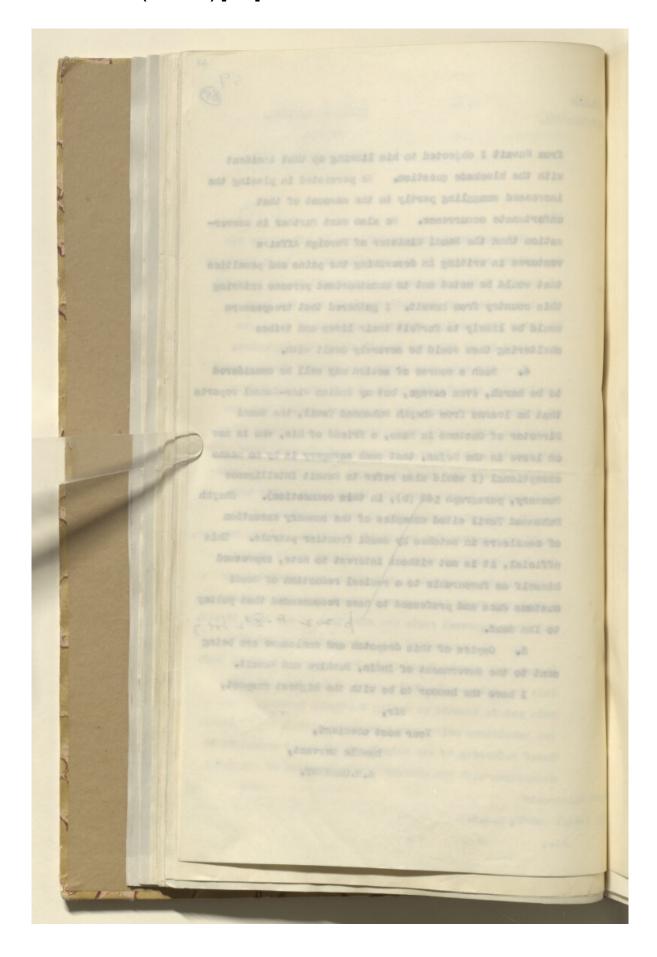


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٦٥] (١٤٤/ ٥١٠)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٦ظ] (٥١٠/١٥)



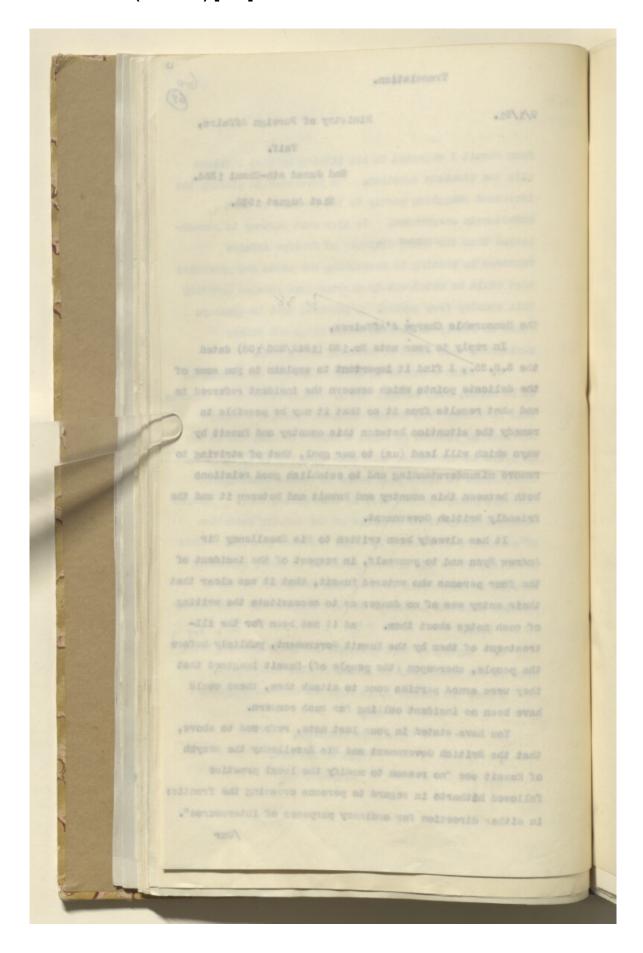


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٦٩] (٢١/١١٥)

Translation. Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 9/1/51. Tair. 2nd Jumed ath-Thani 1354. Elst August 1935. The Honourable Charge a Affaires, In reply to your note No.130 (1842/206/108) dated the 5.8.35., I find it important to explain to you some of the delicate points which concern the incident referred to and what results from it so that it may be possible to remedy the situation between this country and Kuwait by ways which will lead (us) to our goal, that of striving to remove misunderstanding and to establish good relations both between this country and Kuwait and between it and the friendly British Government. It has already been written to His Excellency Sir Andrew Ryan and to yourself, in respect of the incident of the four persons who entered Ruwait, that it was clear that their entry was of no danger as to necessitate the writing of such notes about them. ad it not been for the illtreatment of them by the Kuwait Covernment, publicly before the people, whereupon (the people of) Kuwait imagined that they were armed parties come to attack them, there would have been no incident calling for such concern. You have stated in your last note, referred to above, that the British Government and His Excellency the Sheykh of Kuwait see "no reason to modify the local practice followed hitherto in regard to persons crossing the fronties in either direction for ordinary purposes of intercourse". /our



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦٠] (١٠/١٥)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: archive/81055/vdc 100042317212.0x000094/لحربية/http://www.gdl.ga/العربية

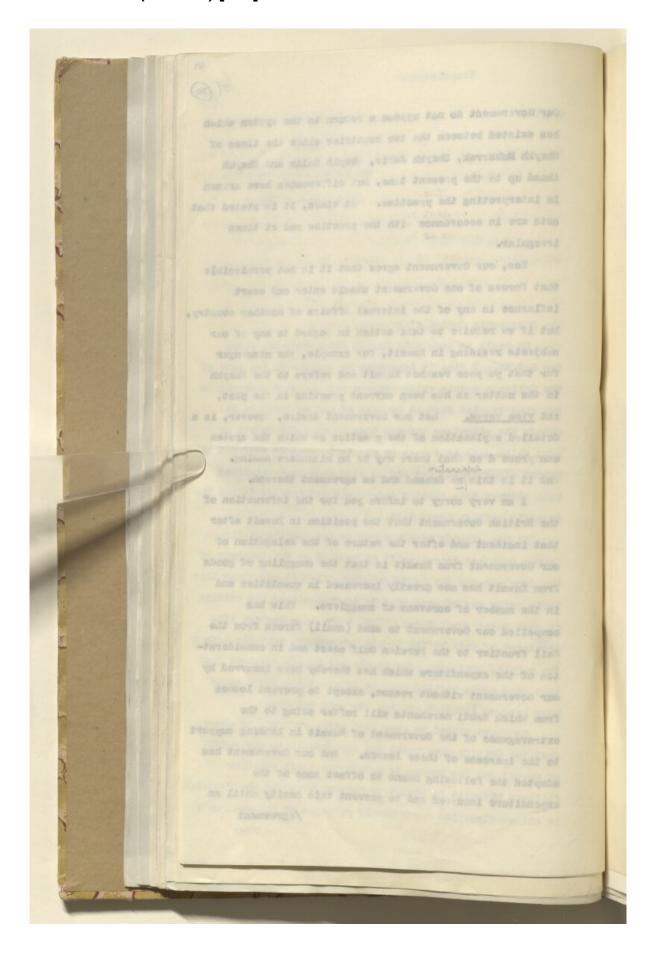


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٠و] (١٠/١٥)

Our Coverement do not oppose a return to the system which has existed between the two countries since the times of Sheykh Mubarrak, Sheykh Jabir, Sheykh Salim and Sheykh Abmad up to the present time, but differences have arisen in interpreting the practice. At times, it is stated that acts are in accordance with the practice and at times irregular. Yes, our Government agree that it is not permissible that forces of one Government should enter and exert influence in any of the internal affairs of another country, but if we require to take action in regard to any of our subjects residing in Kuwait, for example, the messanger for that pu pose reaches Kuenit and refers to the Sheykh in the matter as has been current practice in the past, and vice versa, hat our Government desire, however, is a detailed explanation of the practice on which the aysten can proce d so that there may be no sigunders anding. and it is this we desand and an agreement thereon. I am very sorry to inform you for the information of the British Government that the position in Euwait after that incident and after the return of the delegation of our Government from Kuwait is that the emuggling of goods from Euweit has now greatly increased in quantities and in the number of caravans of saugglers. This has compelled our Government to send (small) forces from the Hail frontier to the Persian Gulf coast and in consideration of the expenditure which has thereby been incurred by our Government without reason, except to prevent losses from which Saudi merchants will suffer owing to the extravagance of the Covernment of Muwait in lending support to the increase of these losses. And our Government has adopted the following means to offset some of the expenditure incurred and to prevent this emnity until an /agreement



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٠ ظ] (٩١٠/١٥)



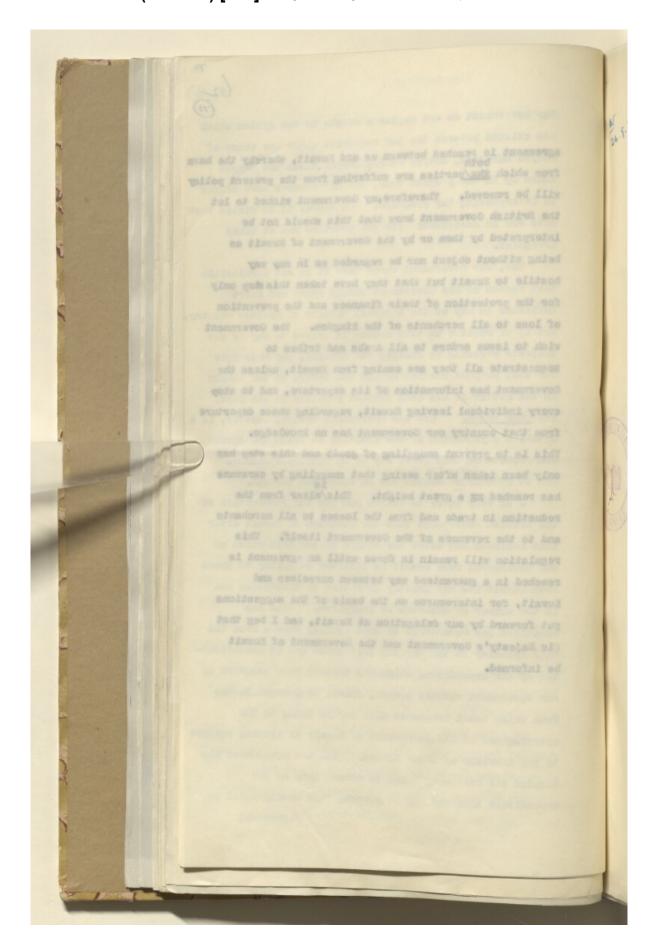


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧١و] (١٠/١٥٠)

agreement is reached between us and Euweit, whereby the harm from which the parties are suffering from the present policy will be removed. Therefore, my Covernment wished to let the British Government know that this should not be interpreted by them or by the Government of Ruwait as being without object nor be regarded as in any way hostile to Euwait but that they have taken this step only for the protection of their finances and the prevention of loss to all merchants of the kingdom. The Government wish to issue orders to all Arabs and tribes to sequestrate all they see coming from Kuwait, unless the Government has information of its departure, and to stop every individual leaving Eusait, regarding whose departure from that country our Government has no knowledge. This is to prevent emuggling of goods and this step has only been taken after seeing that sauggling by caravans has reached my a great height. This/clear from the reduction in trade and from the losses to all merchants and to the revenues of the Government itself. This regulation will remain in force until an agreement is reached in a guaranteed way between ourselves and Euwait, for intercourse on the basis of the suggestions put forward by our delegation at Kumait, and I beg that His Majesty's Government and the Government of Kuwait be informed.

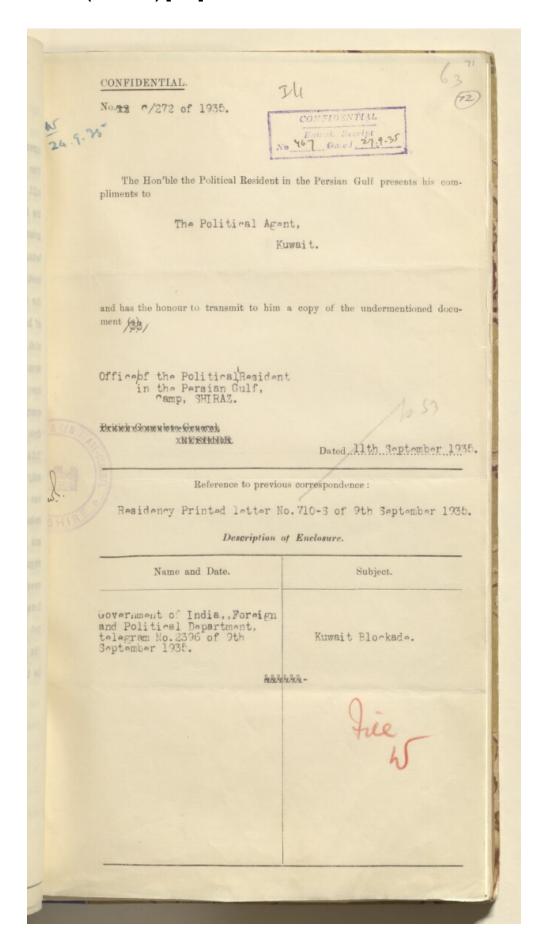


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٠١] (١٠/١٥)



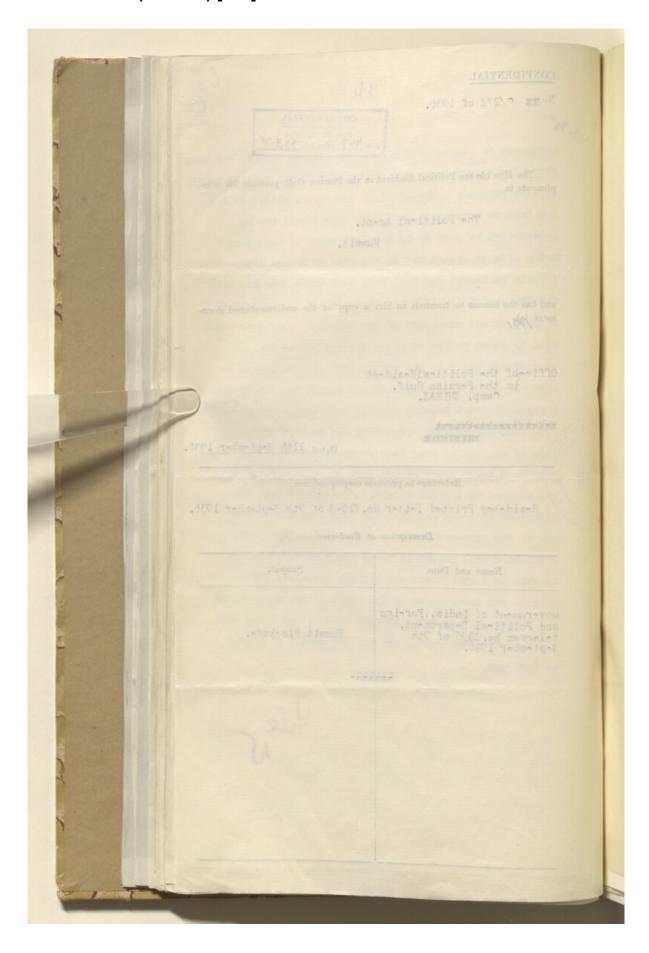


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧و] (٢٥١/١٥)



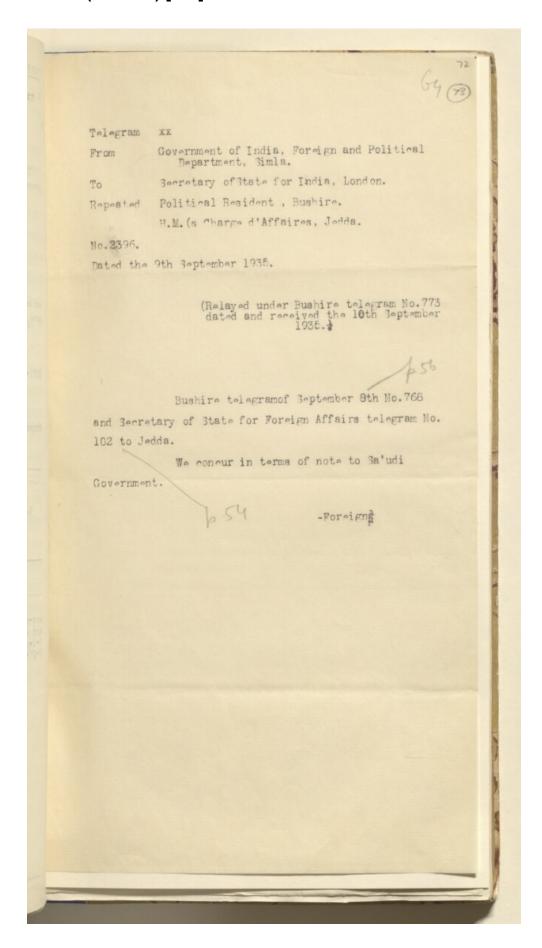


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧ظ] (١٠/١٥٥)



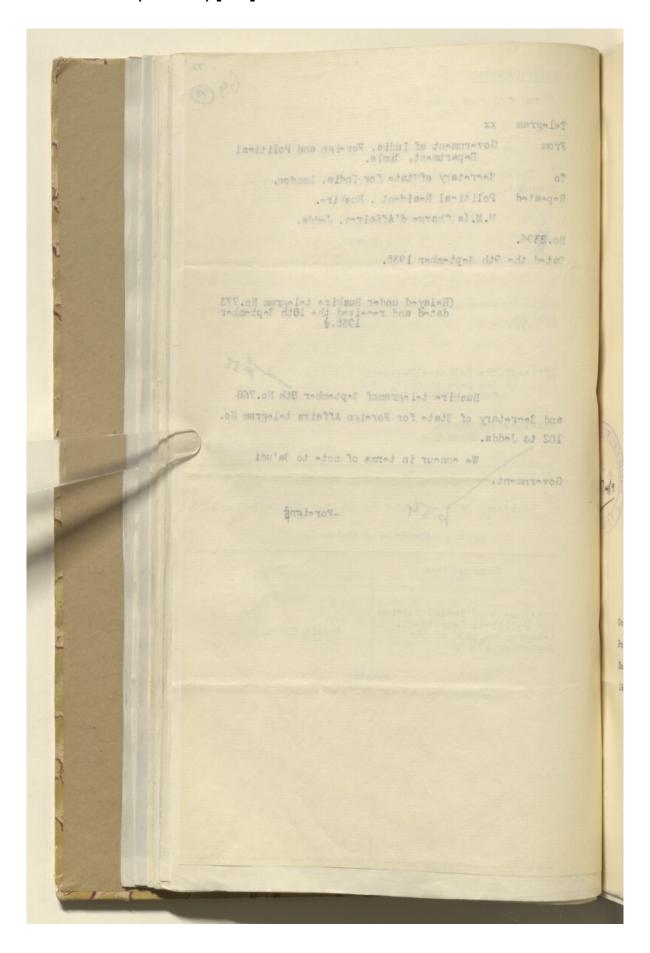


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٧و] (١٠/١٥٥)



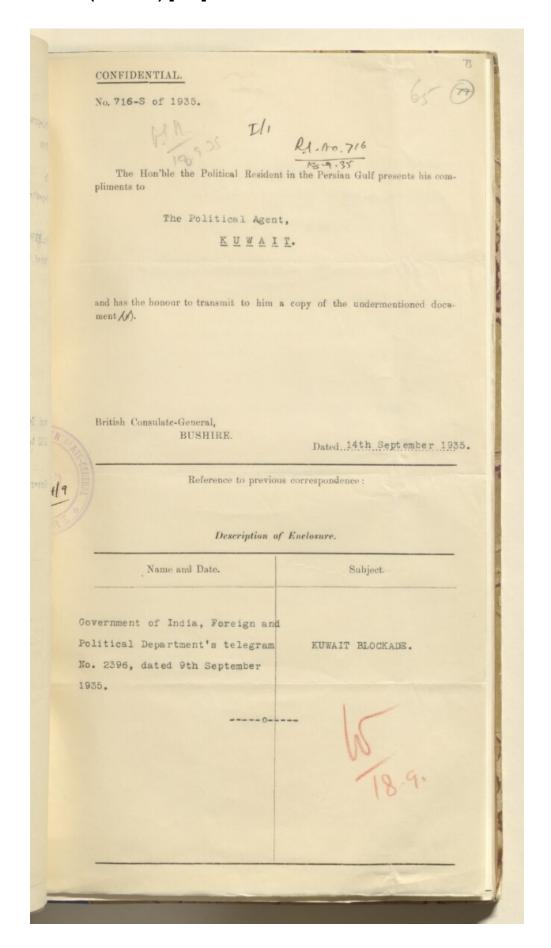


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٧ظ] (٥٥١٠/١٥)



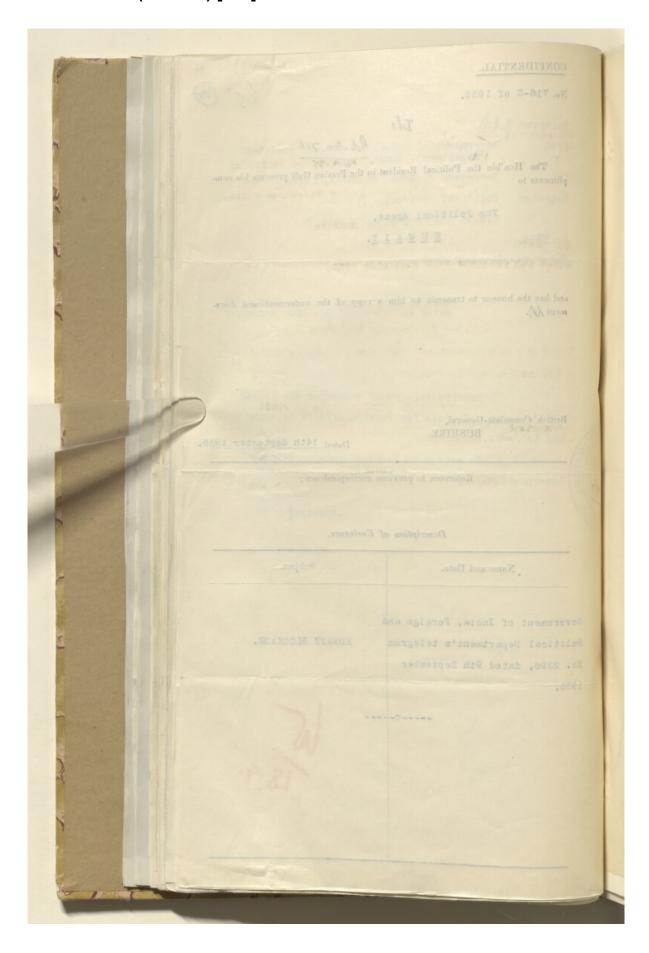


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٧و] (٥١٠/١٥)



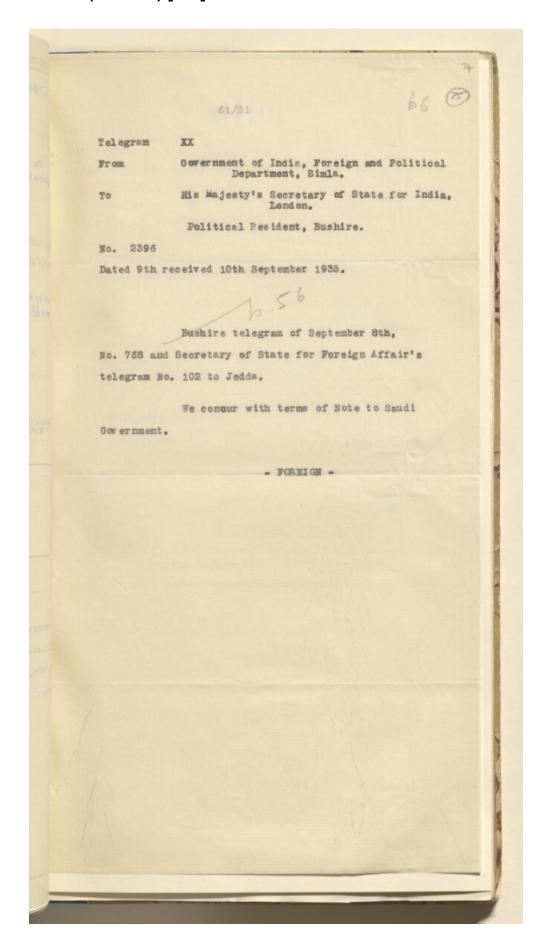


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٧ظ] (١٠/١٥)



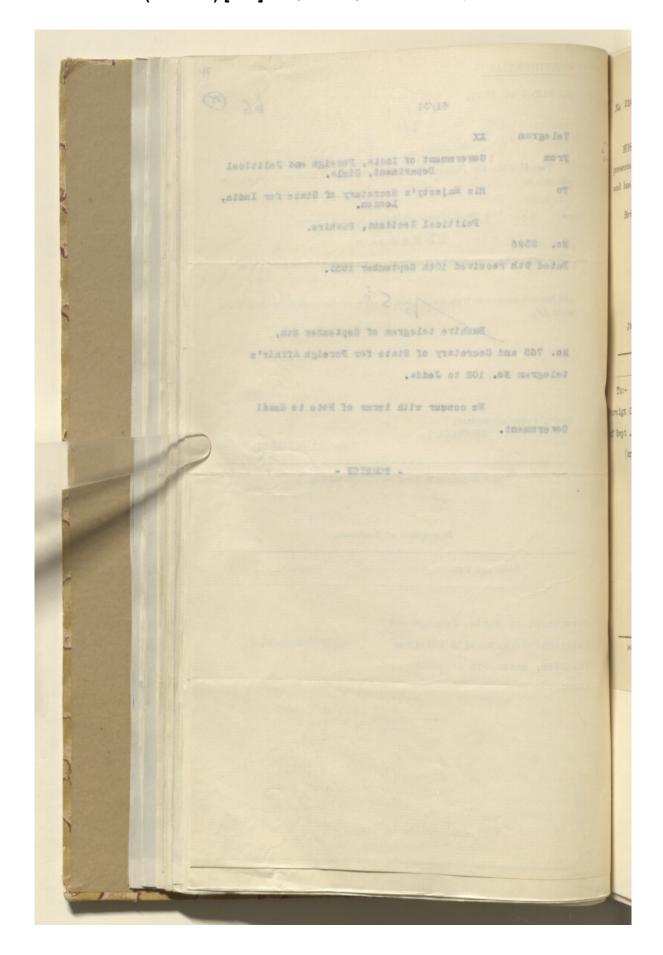


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٧و] (١٠/١٥٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٧ظ] (٥١٠/١٥)



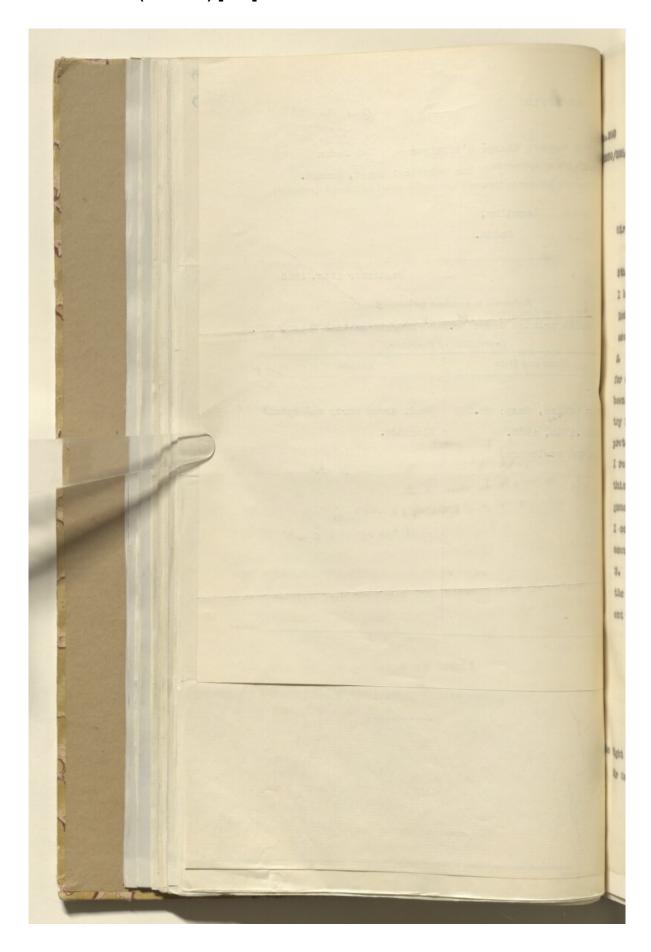


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧و] (١٠/١٦٠)

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	15.16.35
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resents his compliments to the ind has the honour to transmit to	Political Agent, Kuwait. him the under-mentioned documents.
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	September17.th., 198.5
Reference to previ	ious correspondence :
Jedda printed desp: No.	2180/226/126 of 10th Septr,1935.
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ign Office, desp: No.260	Saudi armed party and Kuwait
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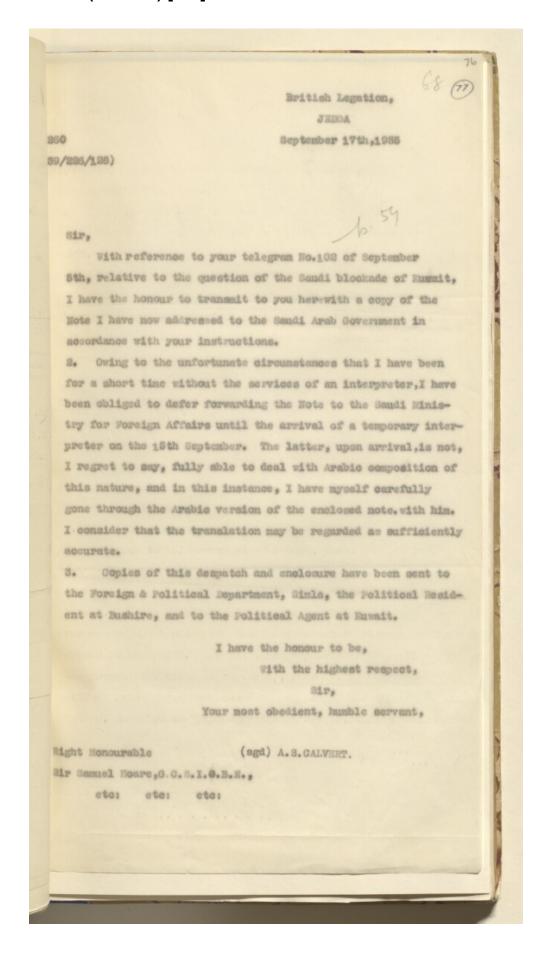


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧ظ] (١٠/١٦١)



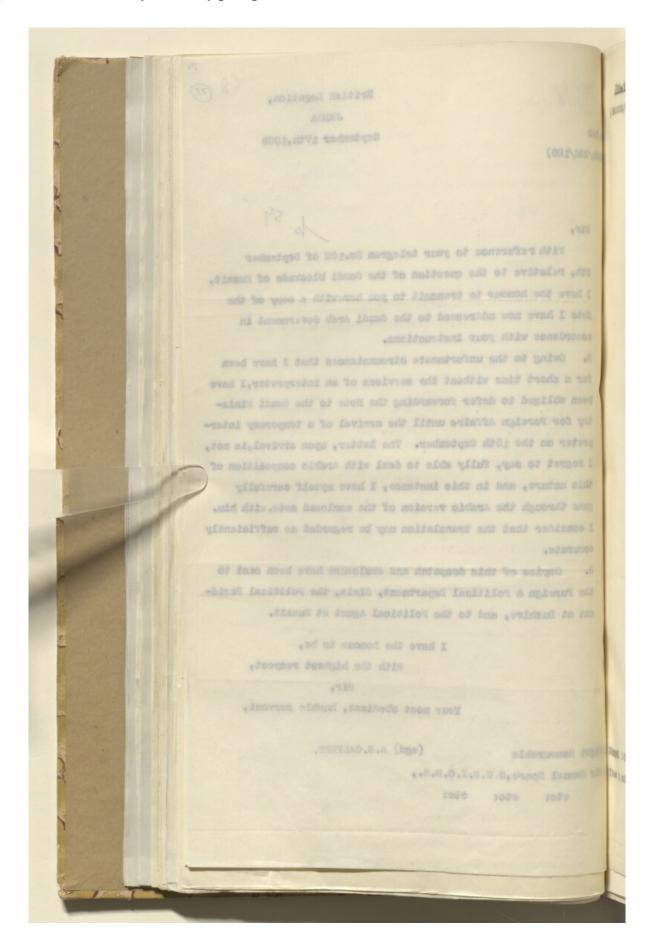


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٧و] (١٠/١٦٠)



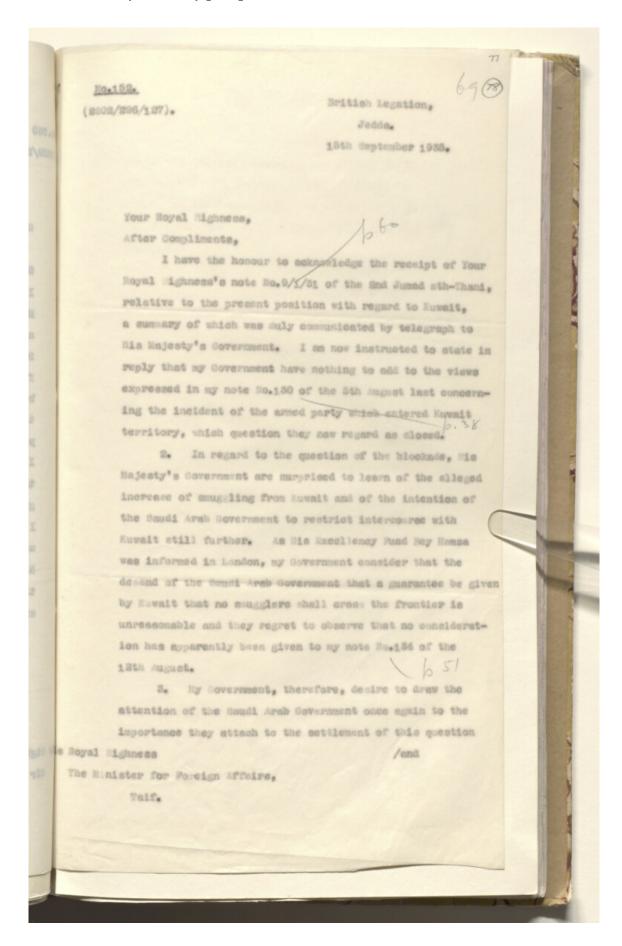


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٧ظ] (١٠/١٦٣)



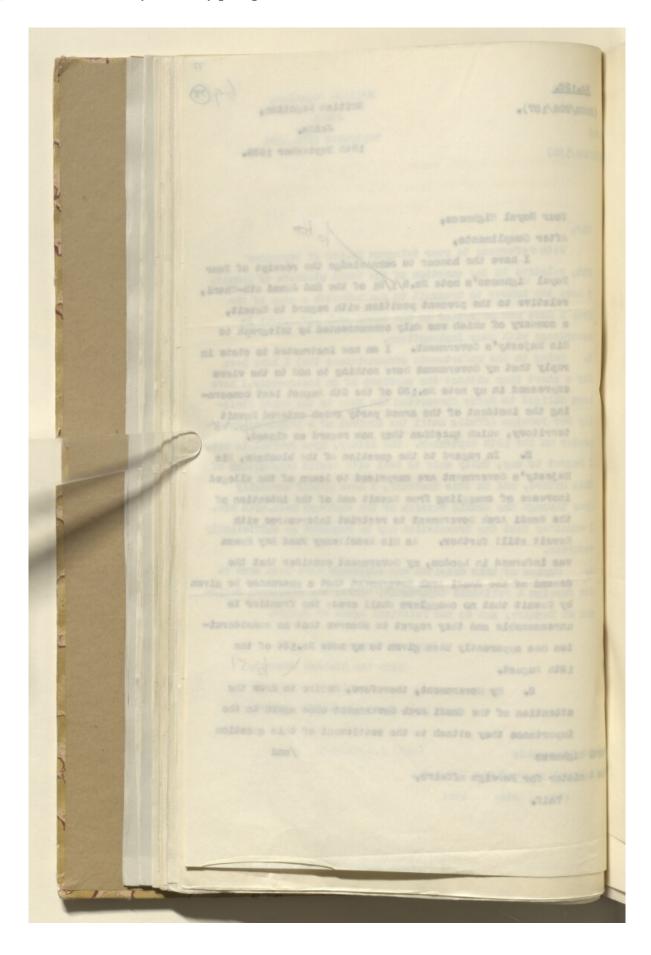


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٨و] (١٦٠/١٦٥)



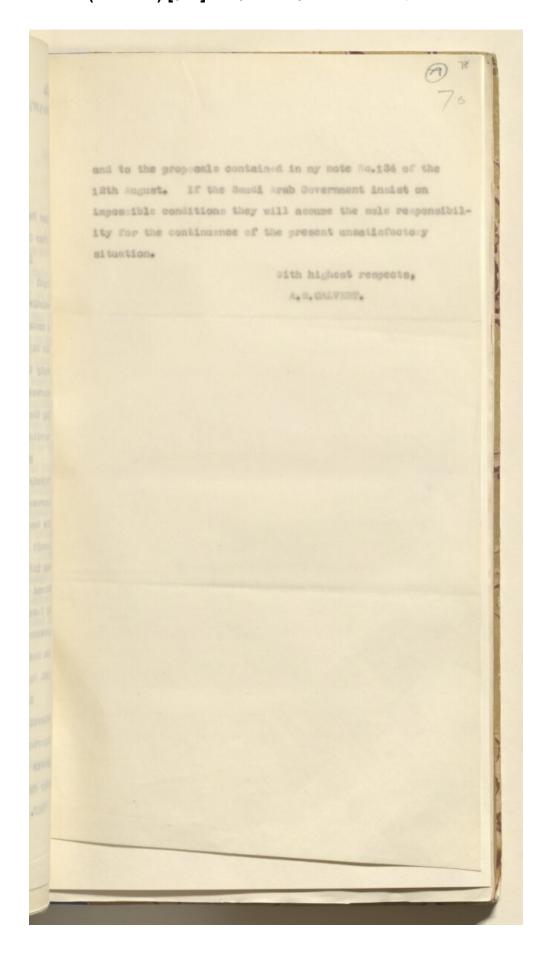


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٨ظ] (١٠/١٦٥)



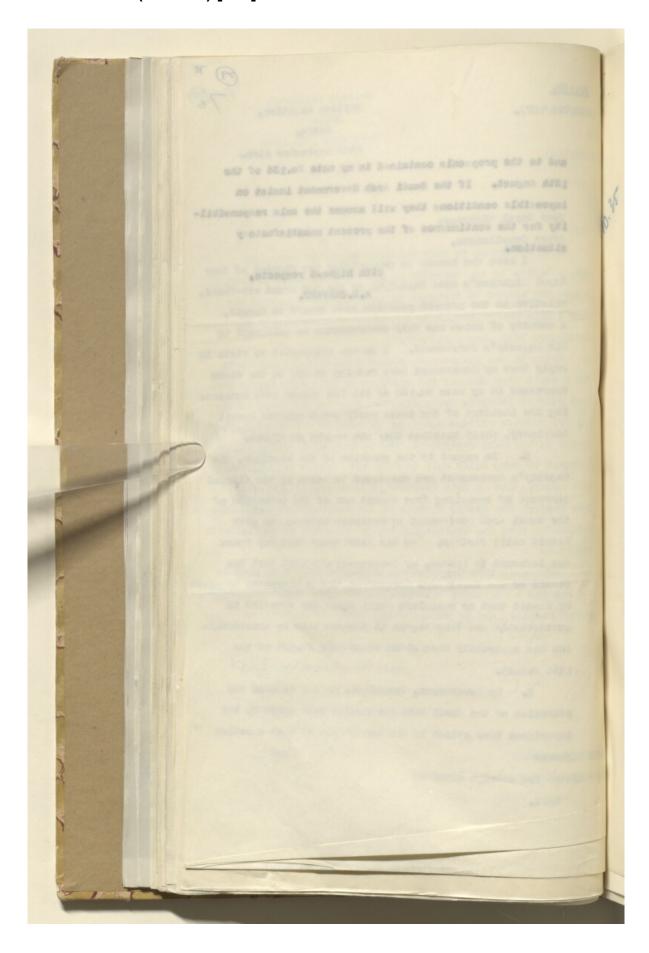


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٩و] (١٠/١٦٦)



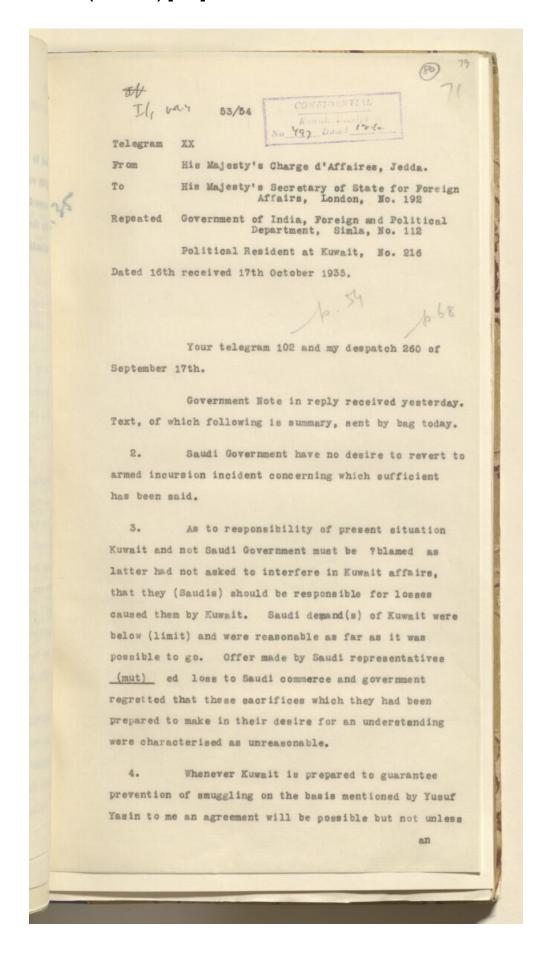


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧ظ] (١٠/١٦٥)



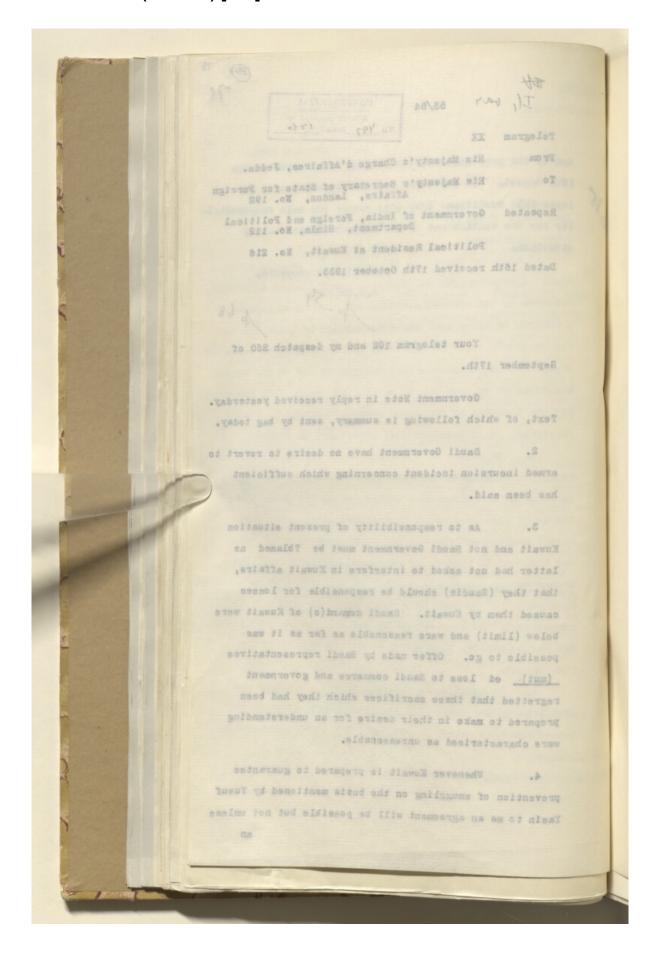


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٠و] (١٠/١٦٨)



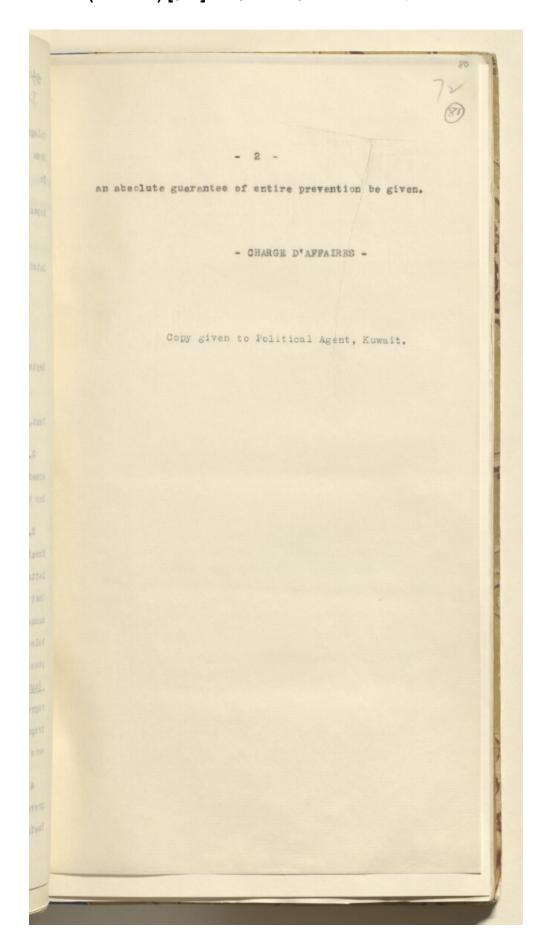


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٠٠] (١٦٠/١٥)



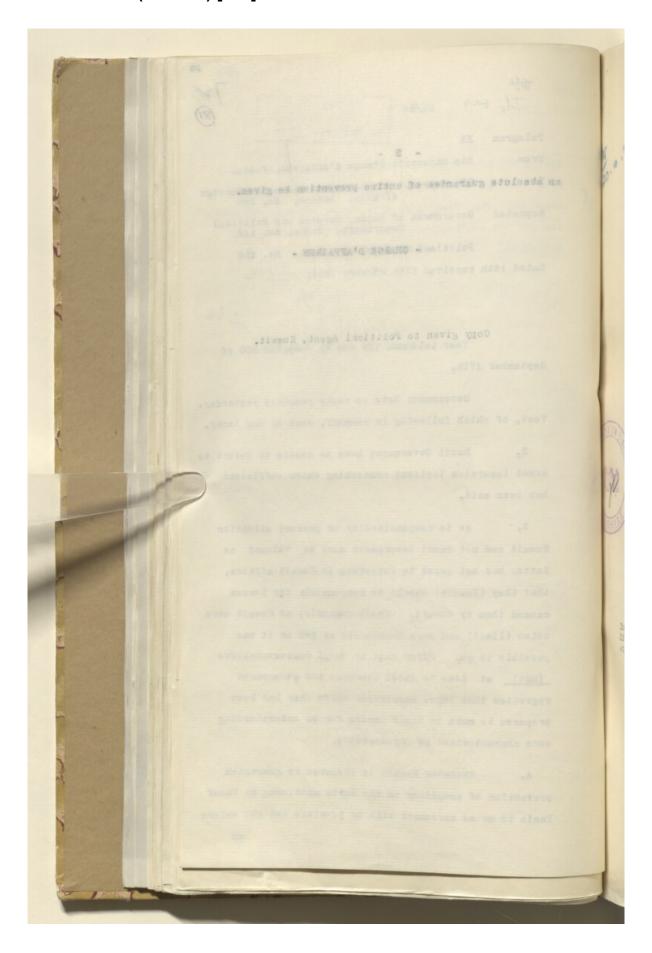


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨١و] (١٠/١٧٠)



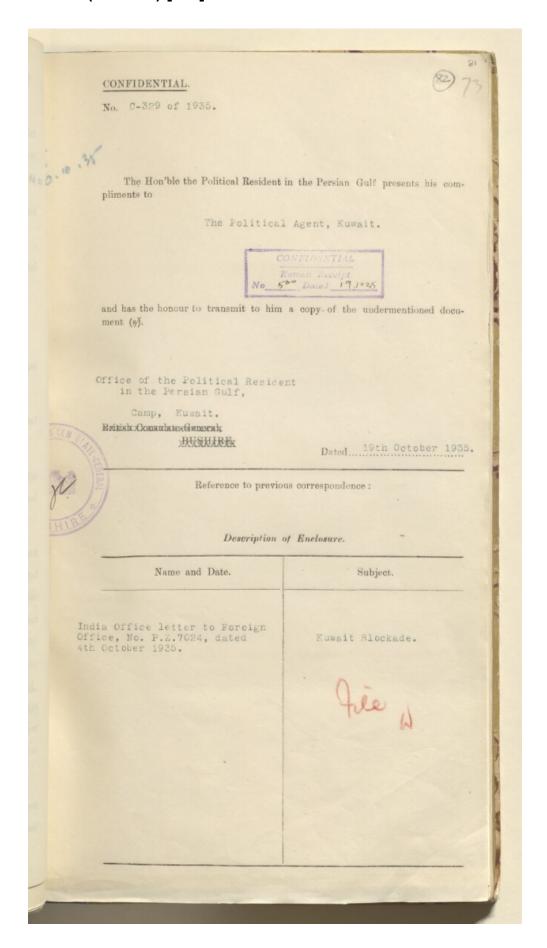


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨ظ] (١٠/١٠٥)



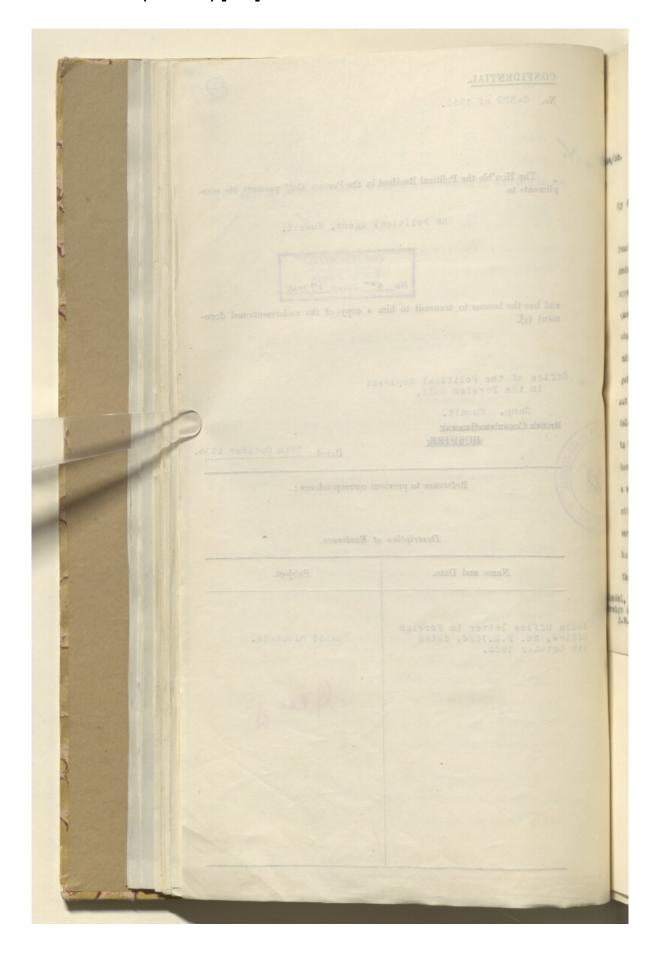


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٨و] (١٠/١٧٥)



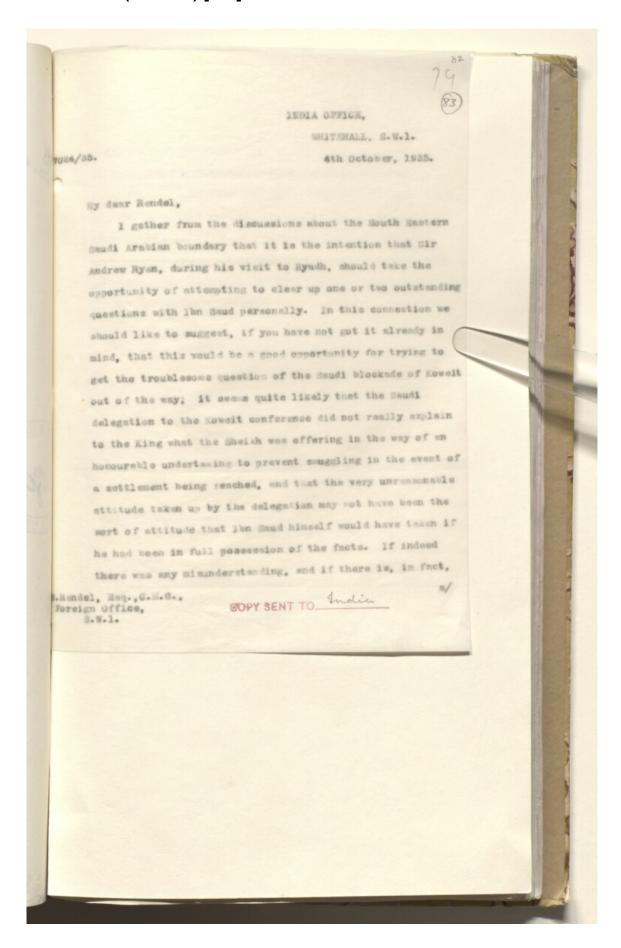


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٨ظ] (١٠/١٧٣)



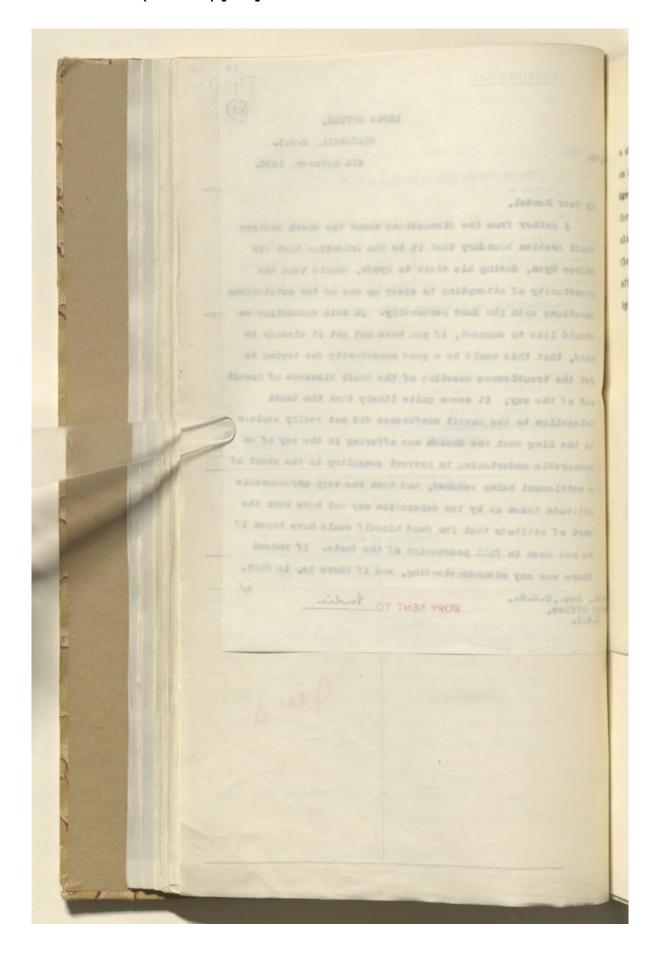


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٣] (١٠/١٧٤)



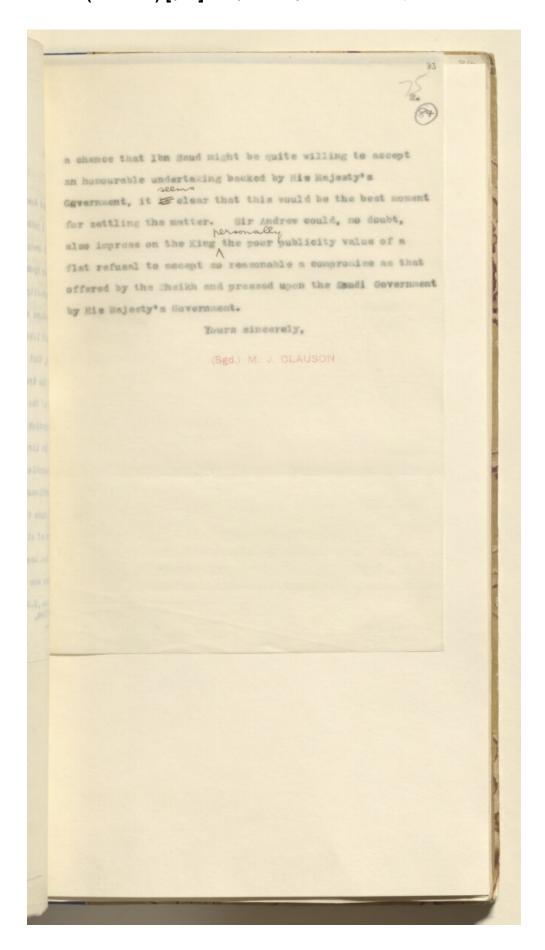


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨٣] (١٠/١٥)



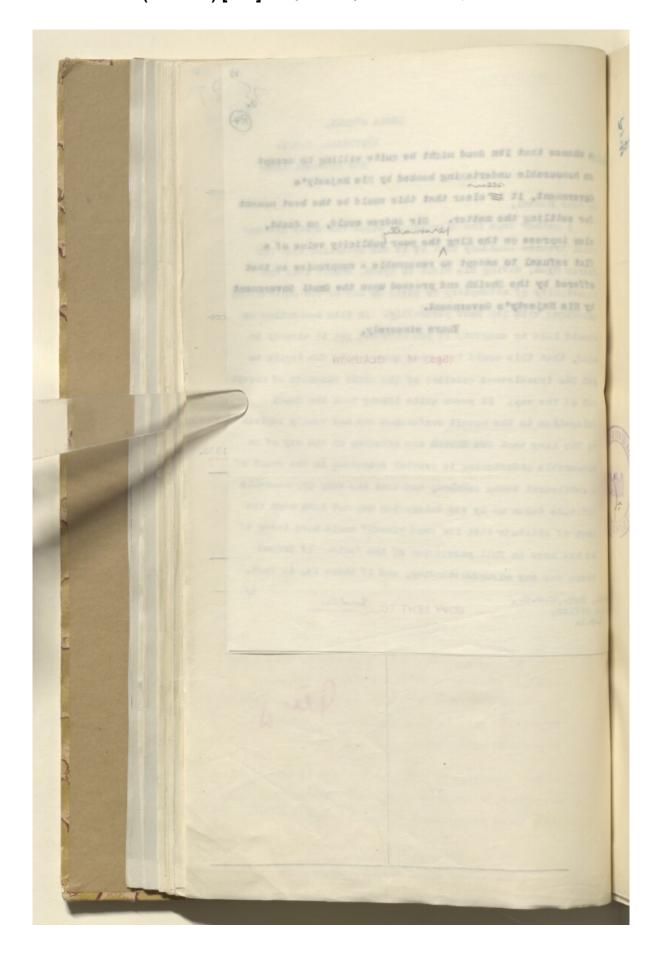


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨٤] (١٠/١٧٦)





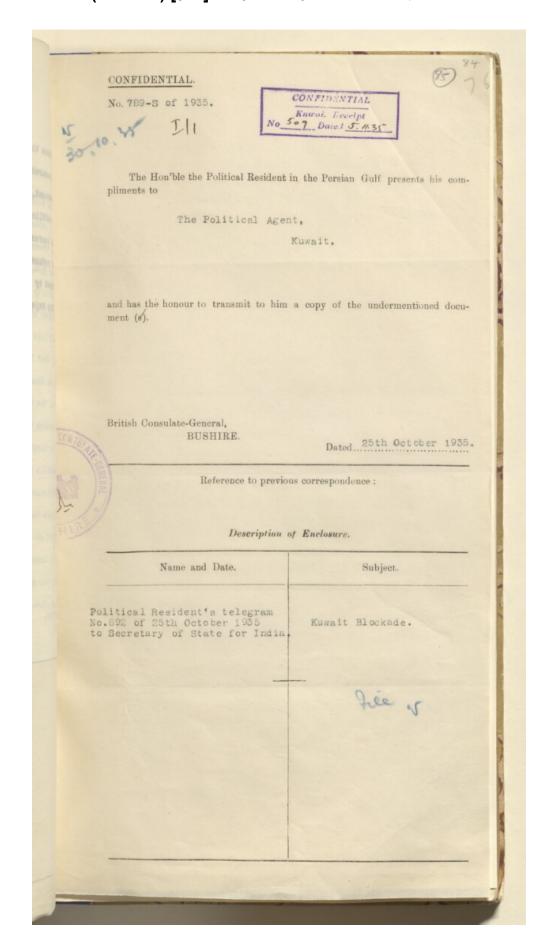
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨٤] (١٠/١٧٥)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: archive/81055/vdc_100042317212.0x0000b2/العربية/archive/81055/vdc_100042317212.0x0000b2/

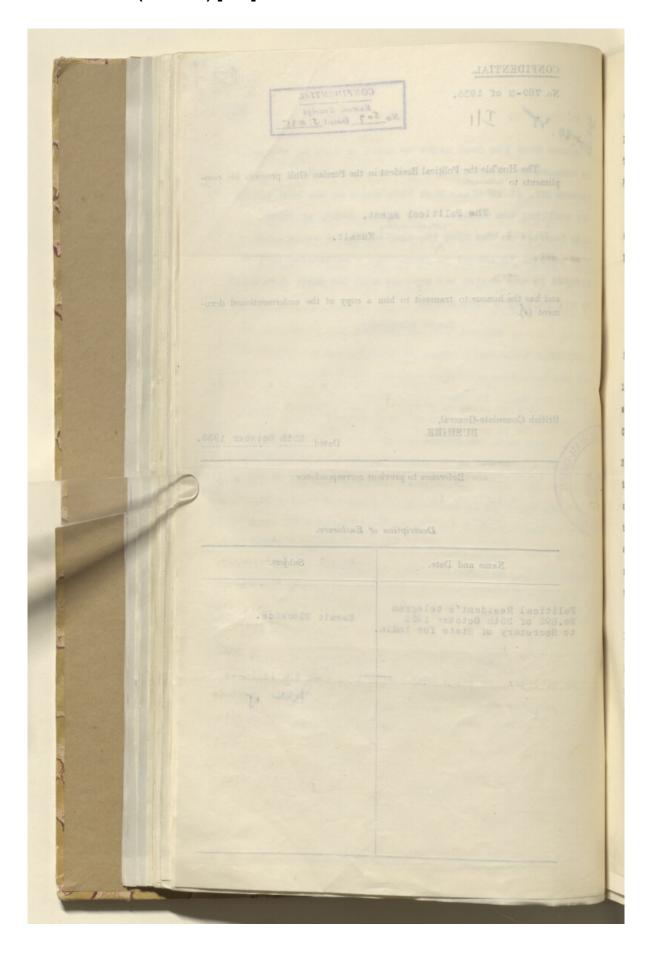


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٨و] (١٠/١٧٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٨ظ] (٩١٠/١٧٩)



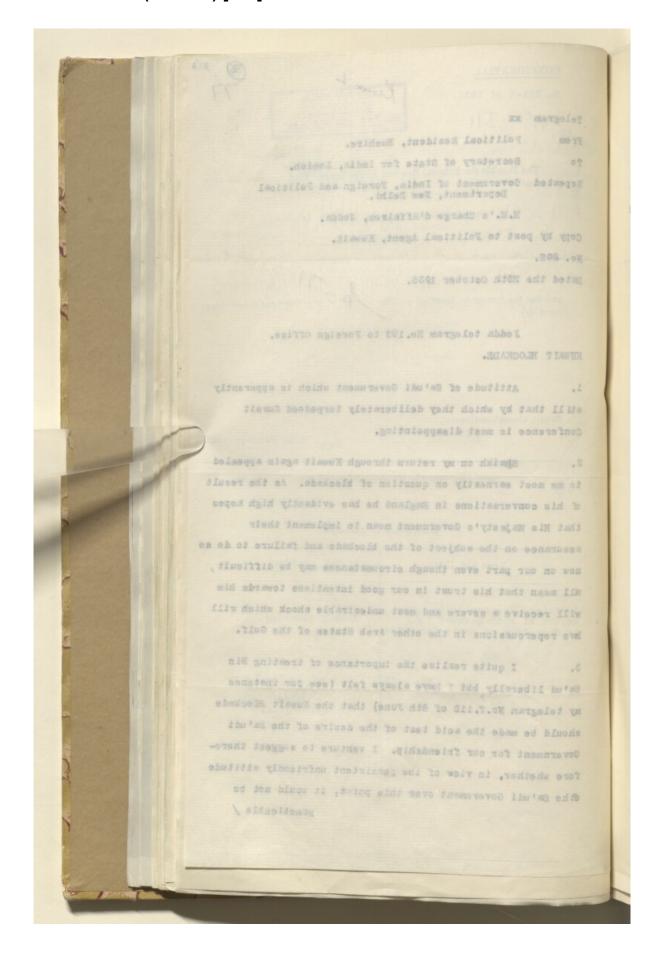


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٦] (١٠/١٨٠)

Lucit Telegram xx Political Resident, Bushire. Secretary of State for India, London. Repeated Covernment of India, Foreign and Political Department, New Delhi. H.M.'s Charge d'Affaires, Jedda. Copy by post to Political Agent, Kuwait. No. 892. pated the 25th October 1935. Jedda telegram No. 192 to Foreign Office. KUWAIT BLOCKADE. Attitude of Sa'udi Government which is apparently still that by which they deliberately torpedced Kuwait Conference is most disappointing. Shaikh on my return through Kuwait again appealed to me most earnestly on question of blockade. As the result of his conversations in England he has evidently high hopes that His Majesty's Government mean to implement their assurance on the subject of the blockade and failure to do so now on our part even though circumstances may be difficult, will mean that his trust in our good intentions towards him will receive a severe and most undesirable shock which will hve repercussions in the other Arab States of the Gulf. I quite realise the importance of treating Bin Sa'ud liberally but I have always felt (see for instance my telegram No.T.112 of 8th June) that the Kuwait Blockade should be made the acid test of the desire of the Sa'udi Government for our friendship. I venture to suggest therefore whether, in view of the persistent unfriendly attitude Othe Satudi Government over this point, it would not be practicable /

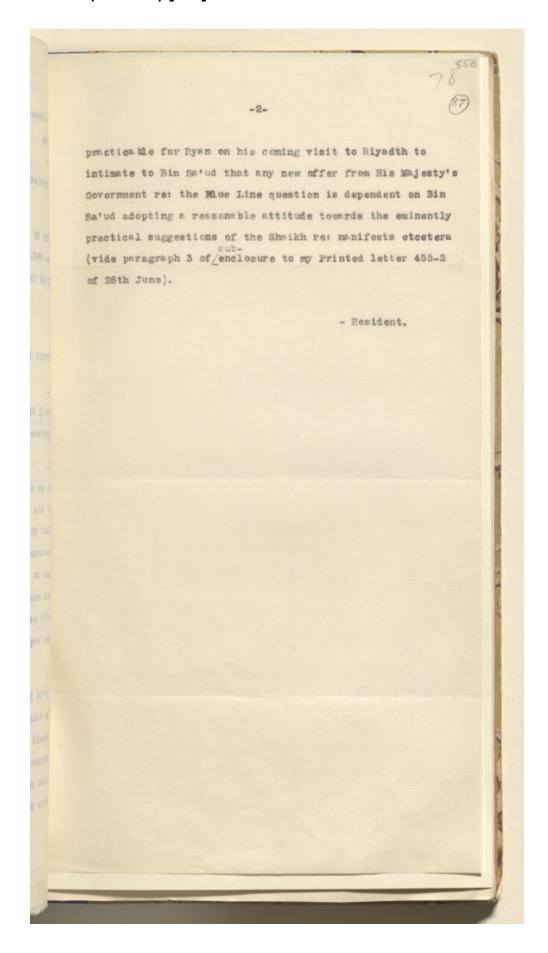


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٦٠] (١٠/١٨١)



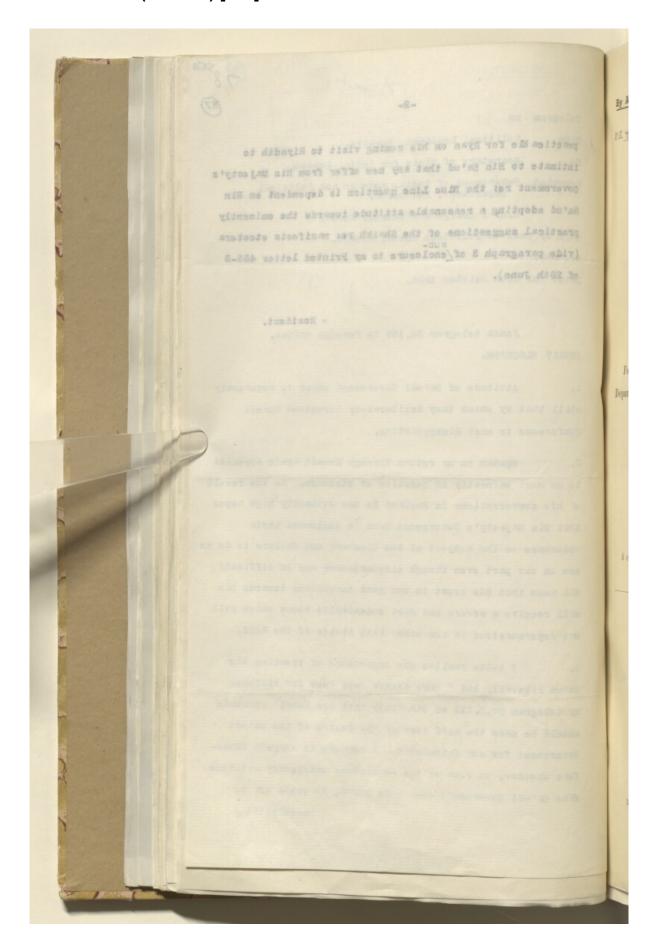


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٧و] (١٠/١٨٥)



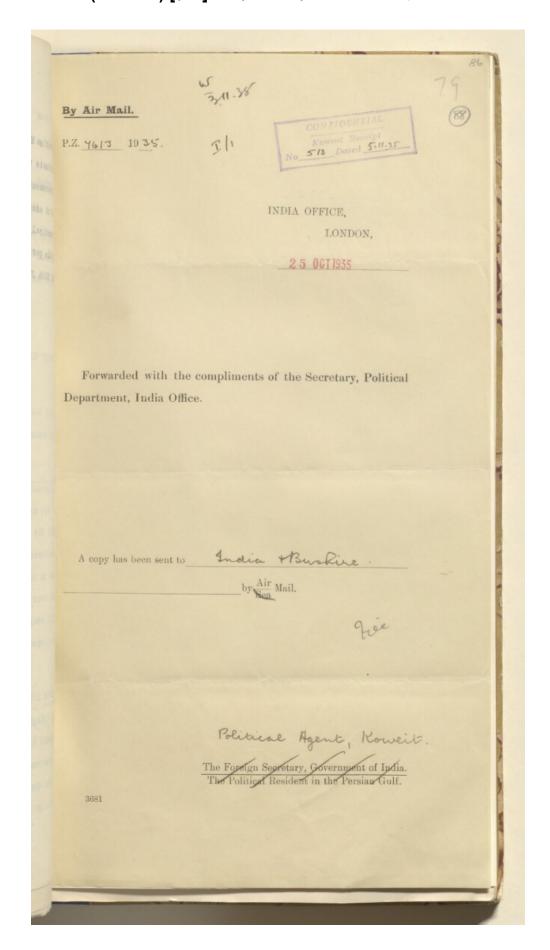


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٨ظ] (١٠/١٨٣)



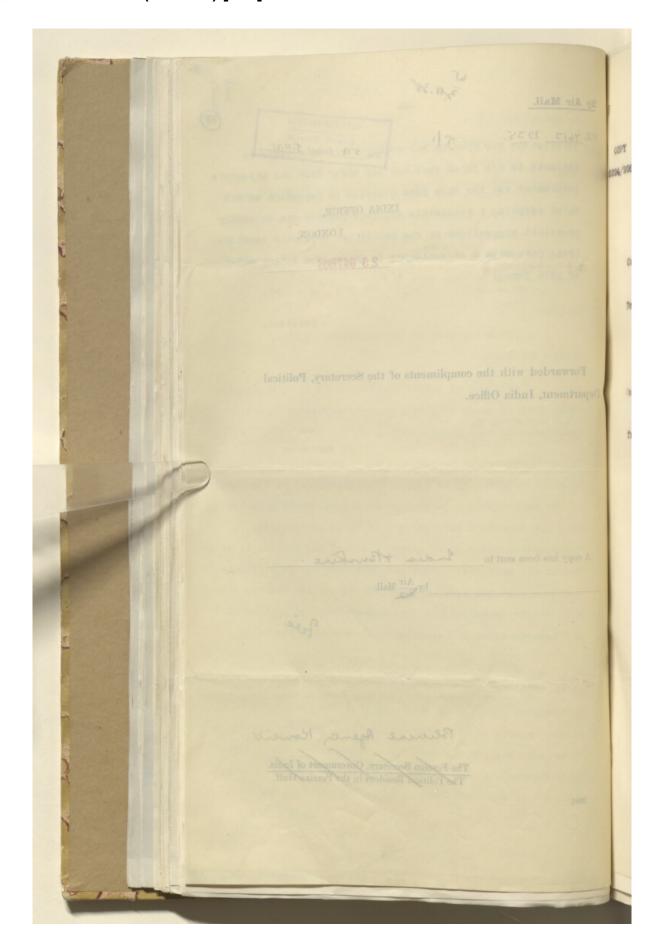


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٨و] (١٠/١٠٥)



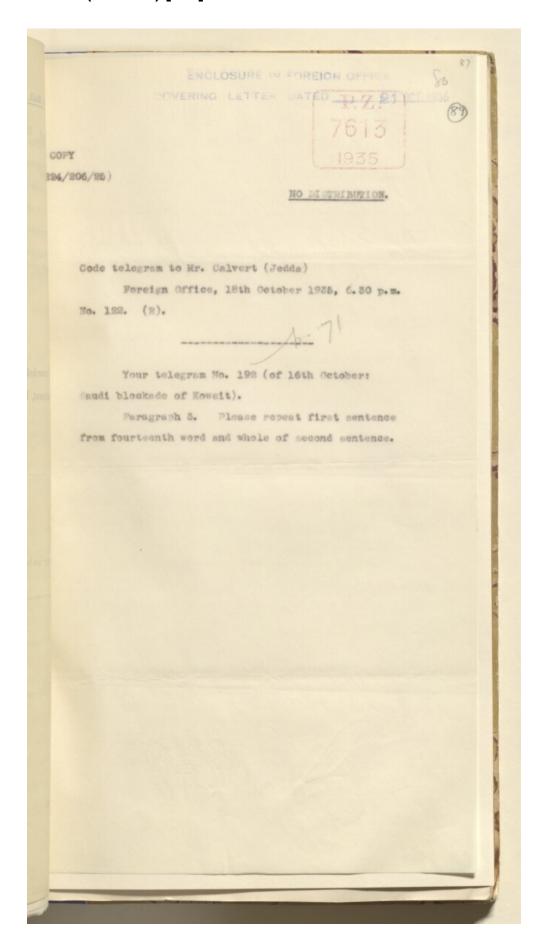


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٨ظ] (٥١٠/١٥)



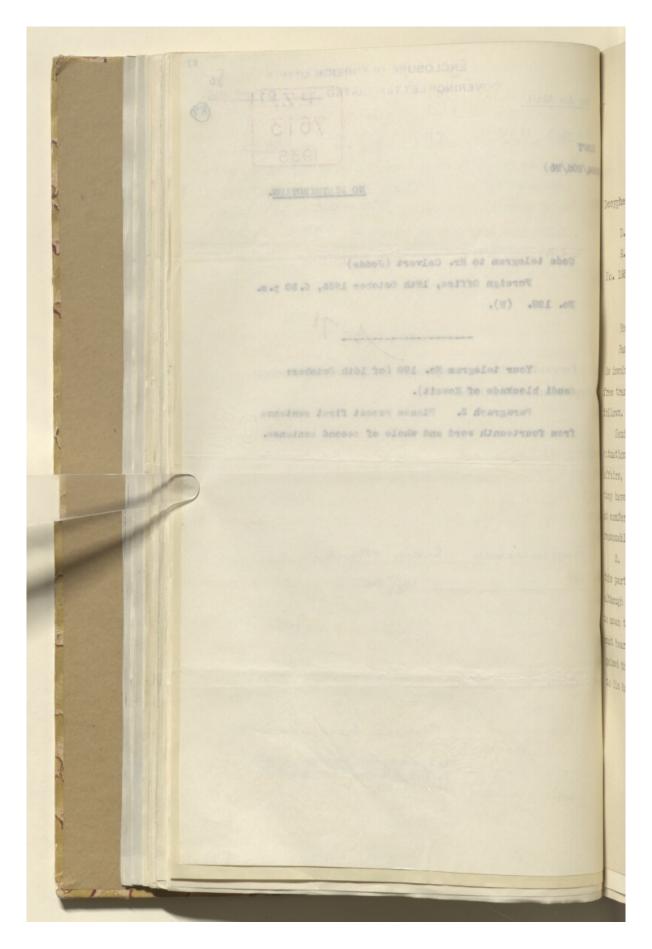


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨و] (١٠/١٠٥)



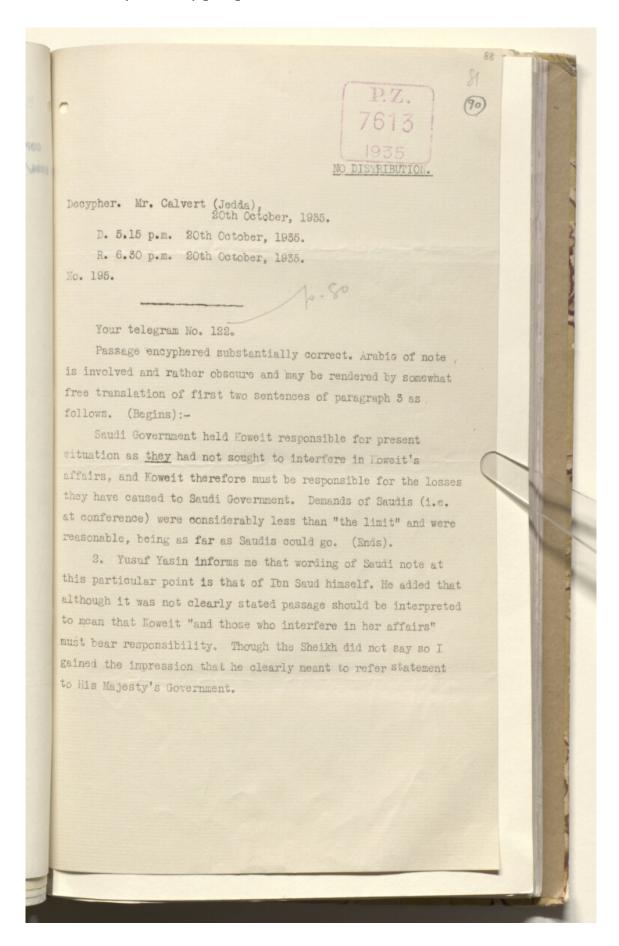


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨ظ] (١٠/١٥)



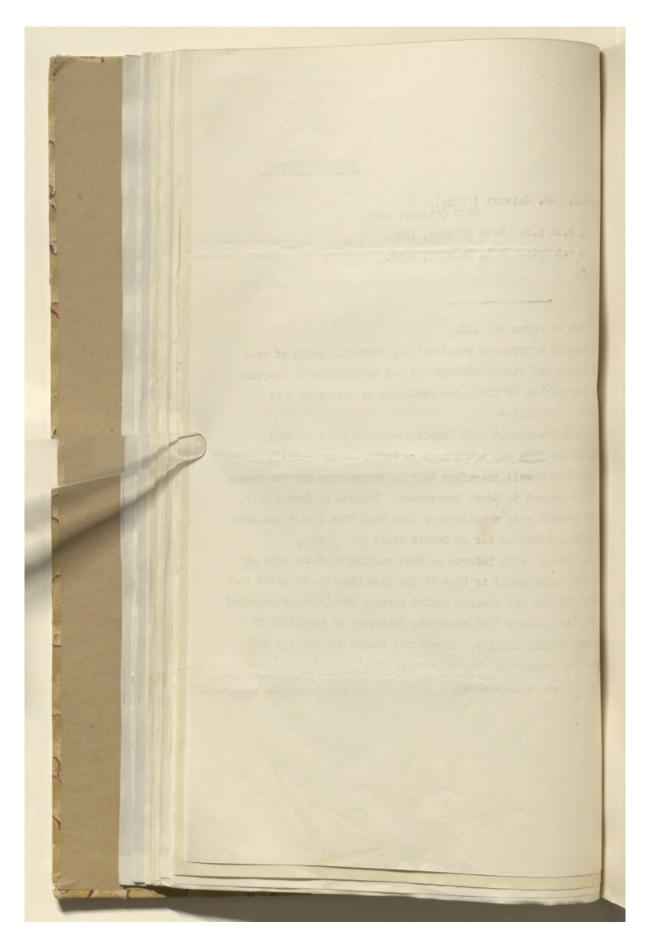


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٠] (٨٨/١٨٥)



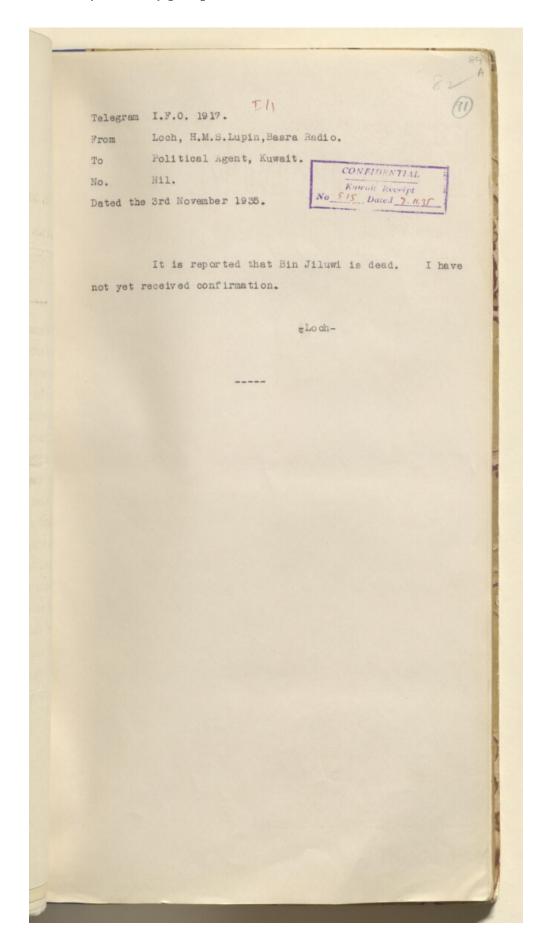


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٠٠] (١٠١٠)



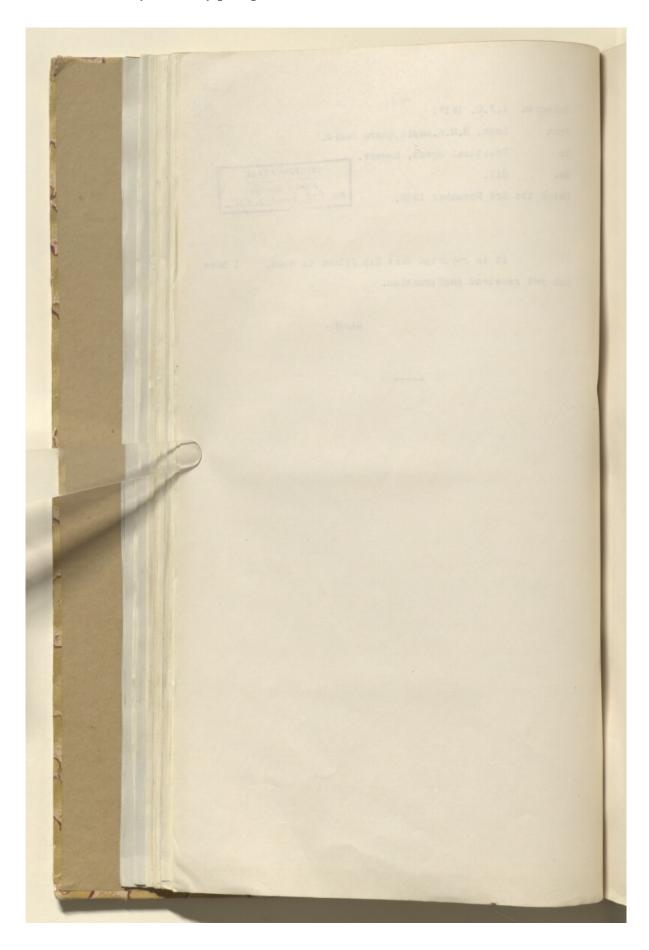


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩١] (١٩١٠)



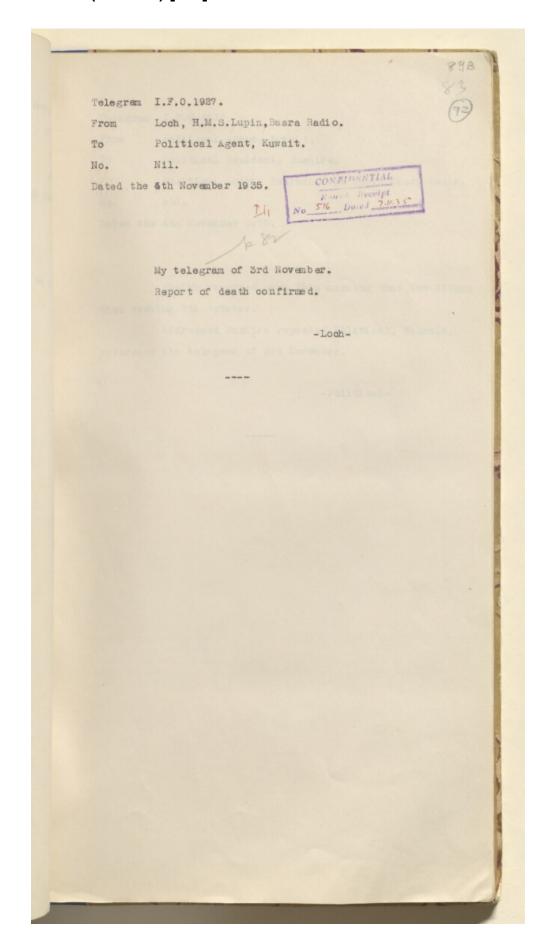


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩١] (١٩١/١٩١)



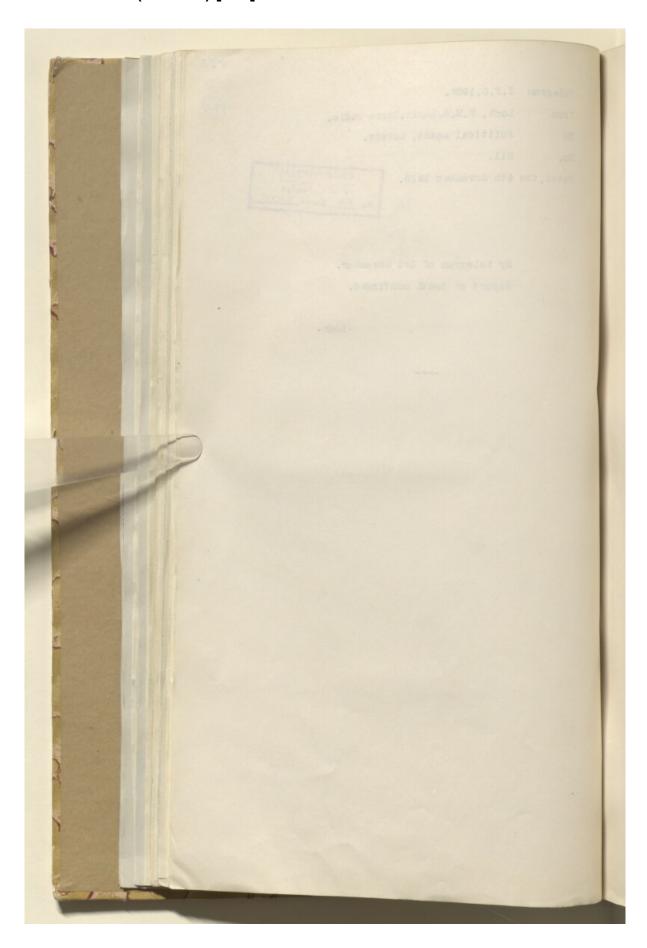


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٢] (١٩١/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٩٢] (١٠/١٩٣)



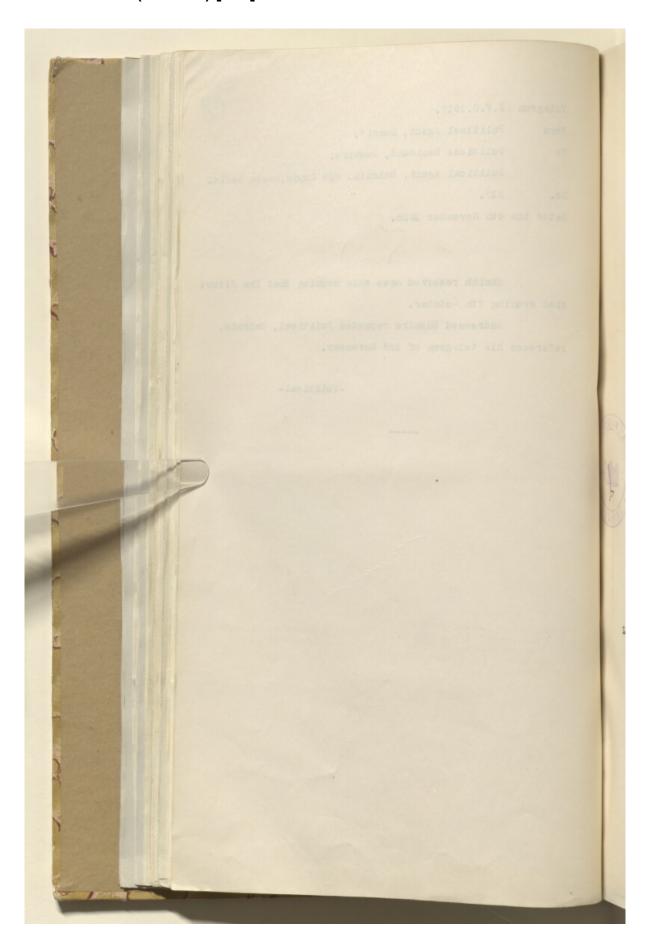


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٣] (١٩١٠/١٥)

Telegram I.F.O.1917. From Political Agent, Kuwait. Political Resident, Bushire. Political Agent, Bahrain, coo Lupin, Basra Radio. 310. No. Dated the 4th November 1935. Shaikh received news this morning that Ibn Jiluwi died evening 7th October. Addressed Bushire repeated Political, Bahrain, reference his telegram of 3rd November. -Political-

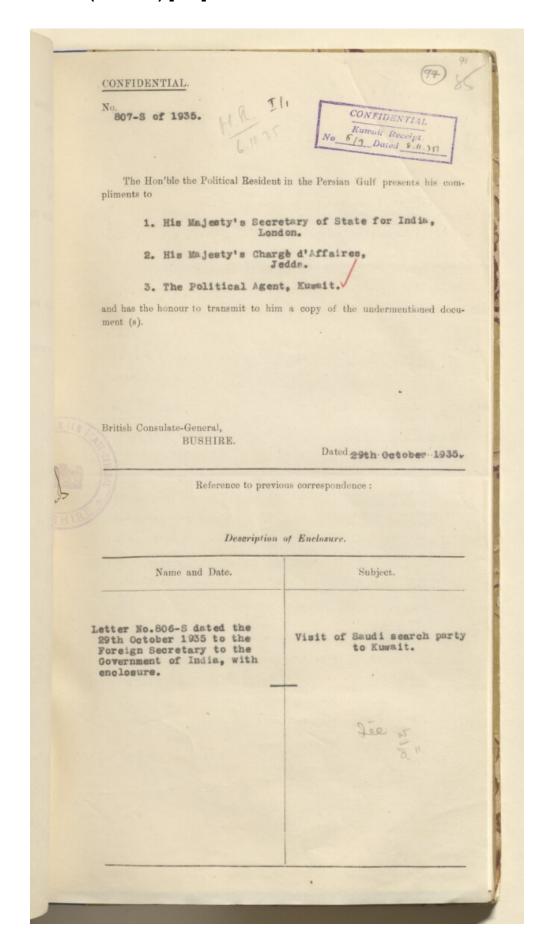


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٣] (١٩٠/١٥)



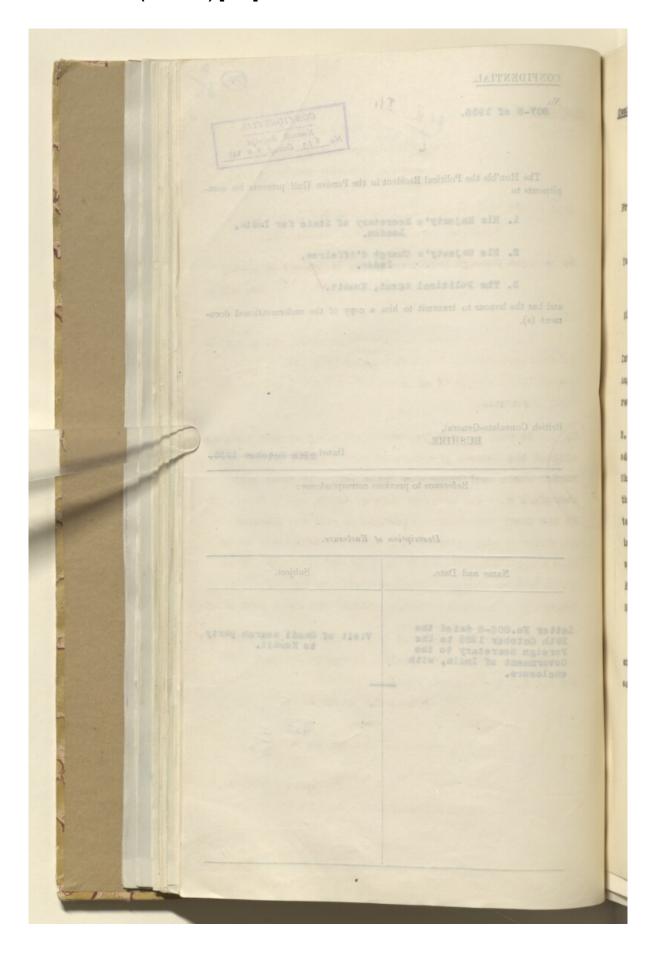


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٤] (١٩١/١٥)



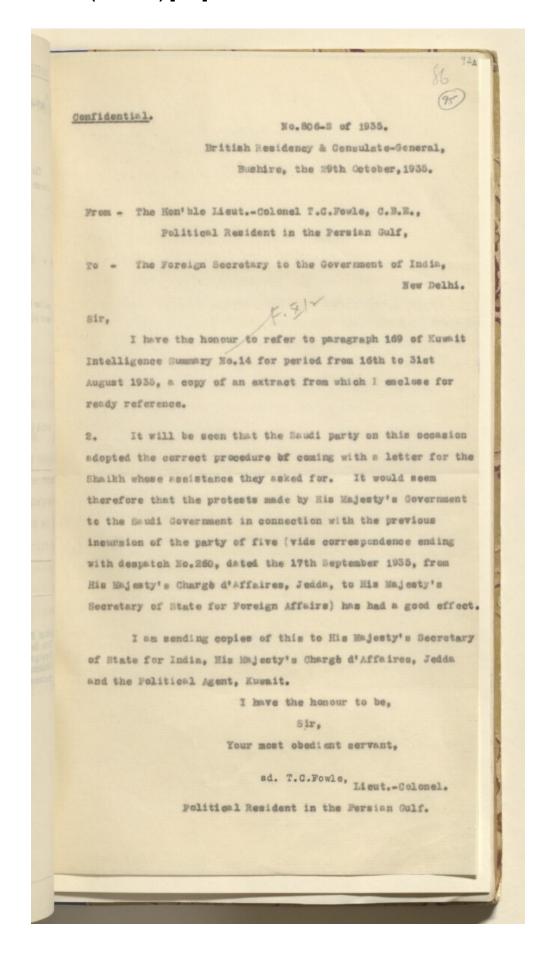


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٤ ١٠/١٥)



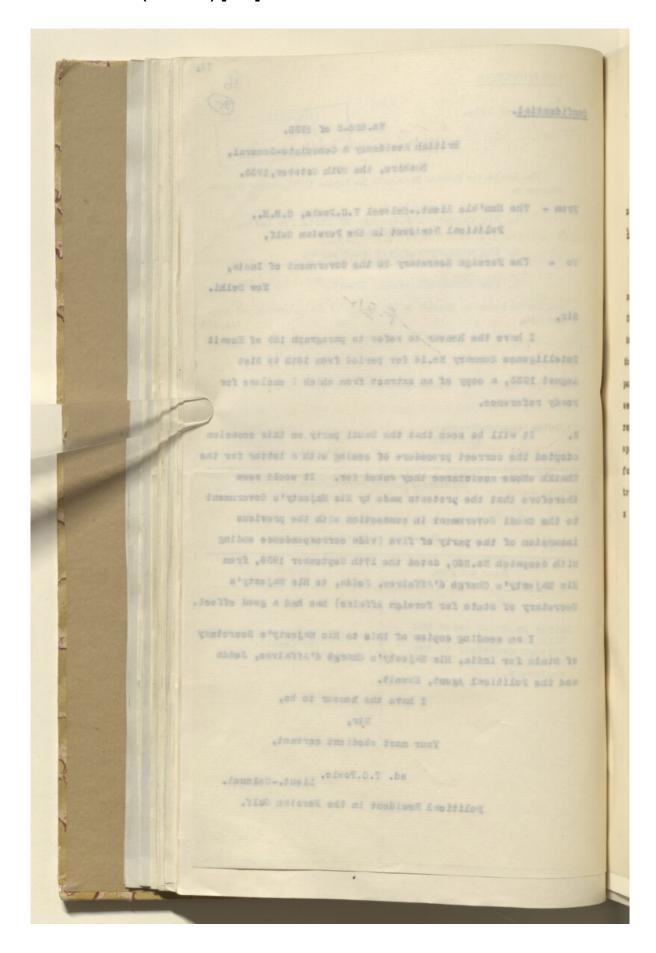


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٥٥] (١٩٨/١٩٥)



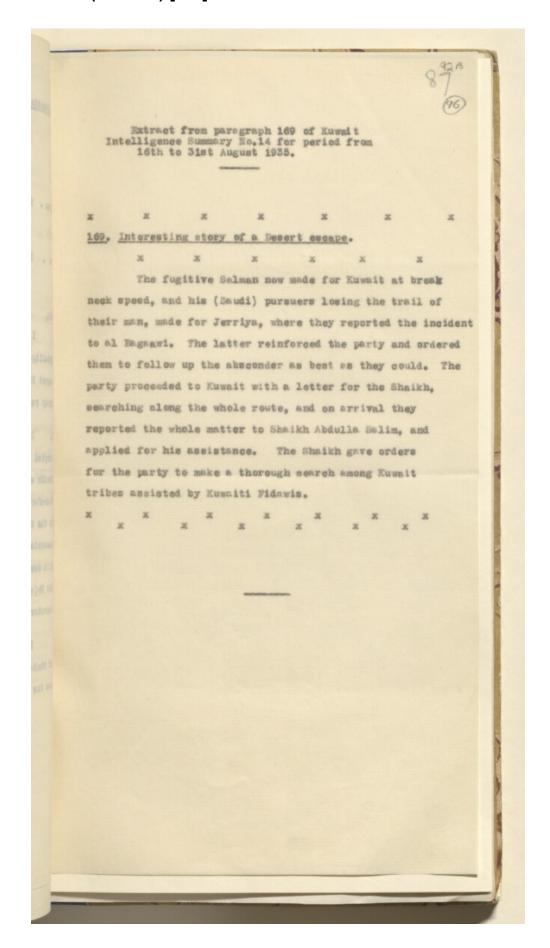


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩٥] (٩٩ ١٠/١٥)



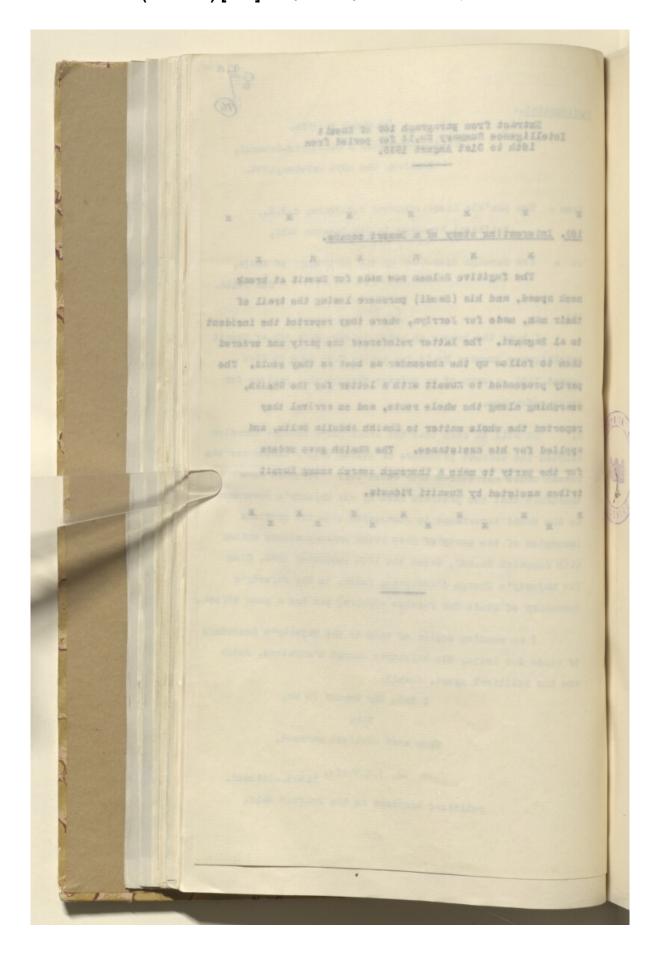


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٦] (٢٠٠/١٥)



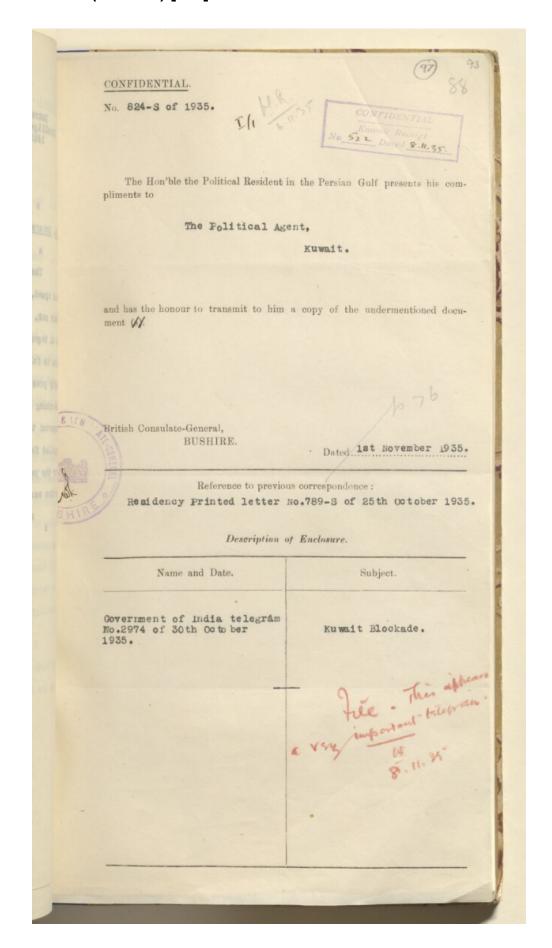


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٦] (١٠/٢٠١)



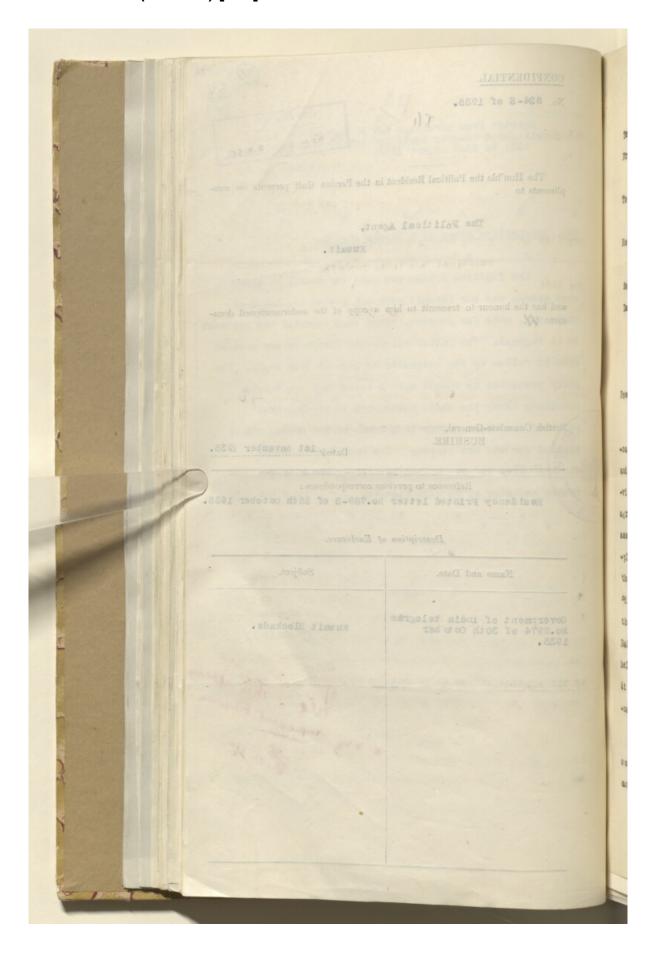


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٧] (٢٠٢/٠)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٧ظ] (١٠/٢٠٣)



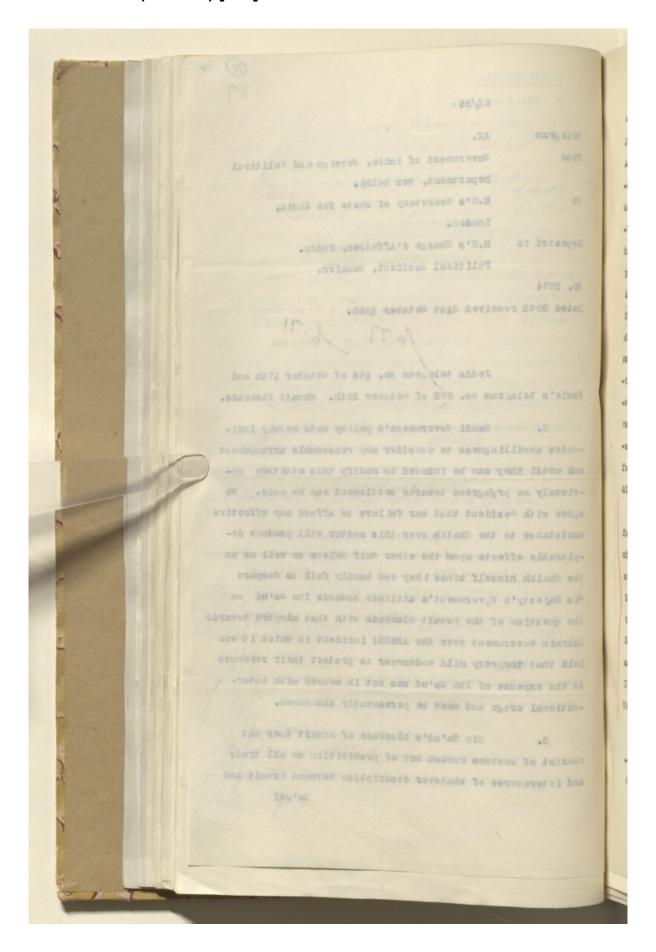


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩٥] (١٠/٢٠٤)

53/54 Telegram XX. From Government of India, Foreign and Folitical Department, New Delhi. To H.M's Secretary of State for India, London. Repeated to H.M's Charge d'Affaires, Jedda. Political Resident, Bushire. No. 2974 Dated 30th received 31st October 1935. Jedda telegram No. 192 of October 17th and Fowle's telegram No. 892 of October 25th. Kuwait Blockade. Saudi Government's policy note merely indi--cates unwillingness to consider any reasonable arrangement and until they can be induced to modify this attitude ob--viously no progress towards settlement can be made. We agree with mesident that our fallure to afford any effective assistance to the Shaikh over this matter will produce de--plorable effects upon the other Gulf Rulers as well as on the Shaikh himself since they can hardly fail to compare his Majesty's Covernment's attitude towards Ibn sa'ud on the question of the Kuwait Blockade with that adopted towards Bahrain Government over the AFMEDI incident in which it was held that the very mild endeavour to protect their revenues at the expense of Ibn Sa'ud was not in accord with inter--national usage and must be permanently abandoned. Bin Sa'ud's blockade of Euwait does not consist of customs cordon but of prohibition on all trade and intercourse of whatever description between Kuwait and Sa'udi



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨ظ] (٥٠٠/٢٠٥)



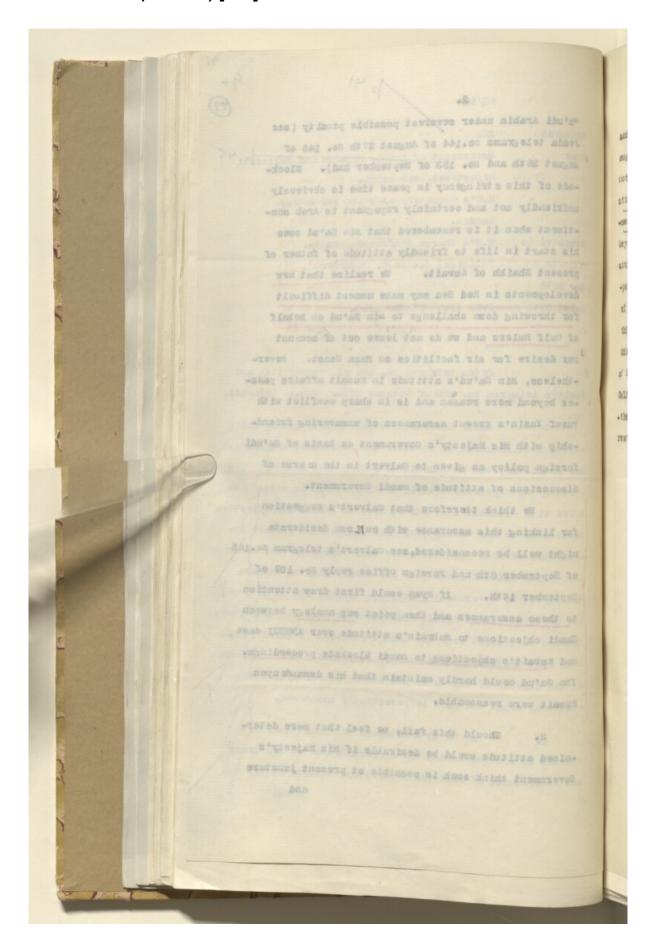


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩٥] (٢٠٠/٠١٥)

Patudi Arabia under severest possible penalty (see Jedda telegrams Ho.144 of August 27th Ho. 145 of August 28th and No. 153 of September 2nd). Block--ade of this stringency in peace time is obviously unffriendly act and certainly repugnant to Arab sen--timent when it is remembered that Bin Sa'ud owes his start in life to friendly attitude of father of present Shaikh of Auwait. We realise that new developments in Red Sea may make moment difficult for throwing down challenge to sin Sa'ud on behalf of Gulf Rulers and we do not leave out of account our desire for air facilities on Hass Coast. -theless, Bin Sa'ud's attitude in Kuwait affairs pass--es beyond mere reason and is in sharp conflict with Yusuf Yasin's recent assurances of unwavering friend--ship with His Majesty's Government as basis of Sa'udi foreign policy as given to Calvert in the course of discussions of attitude of Saudi Government. We think therefore that Calvert's suggestion for linking this assurance with ou Lown desiderata might well be reconsidered, see Calvert's telegram No.165 of September 8th and Foreign Office reply No. 109 of September 14th. If Ryan could first draw attention to these assurances and then point our analogy between Saudi objections to salrain's attitude over AFMEDI case and Kuwait's objections to saudi blockade proceedings. Ibn Sa'ud could hardly maintain that his demands upon Kuwait were reasonable. Should this fail, we feel that more deter--mined attitude would be desirable if His Majesty's Government think such is possible at present juncture and

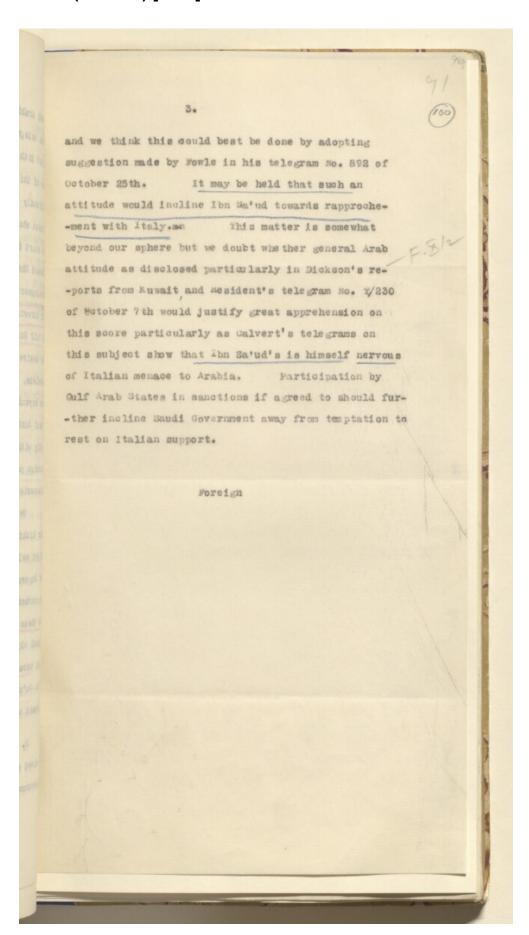


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩٩] (٧٠٠/٠٠)



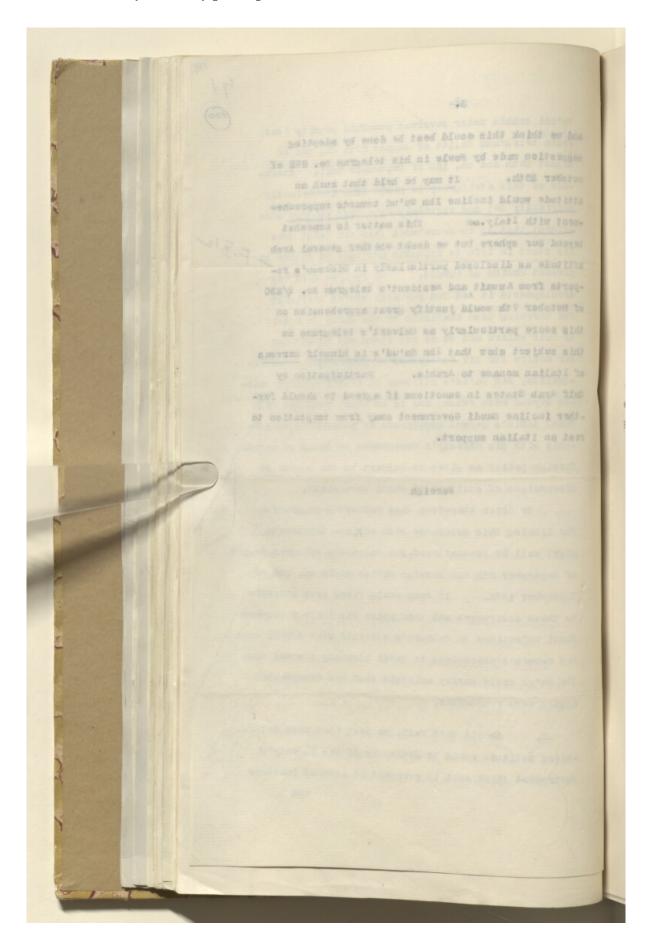


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١٠] (١٠/٢٠٨)



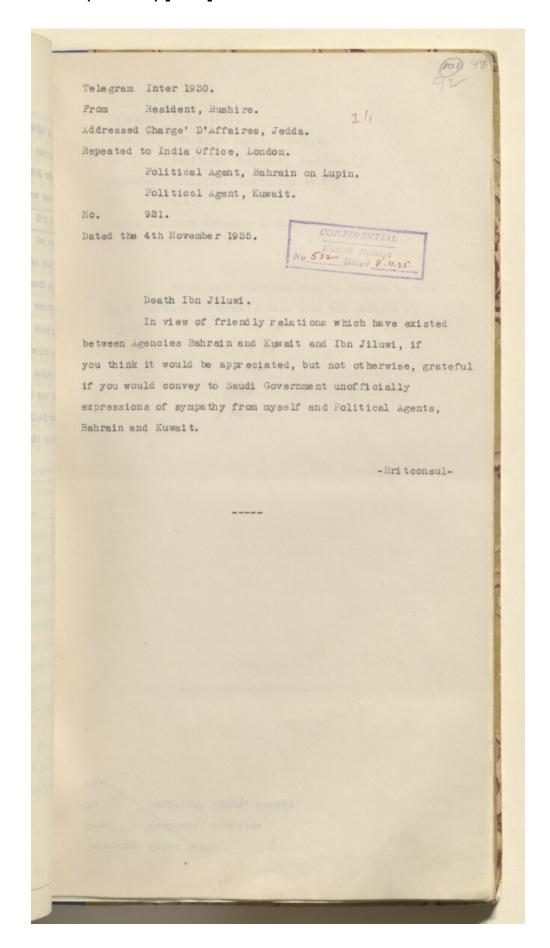


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٠٠١ظ] (١٠/٢٠٩)



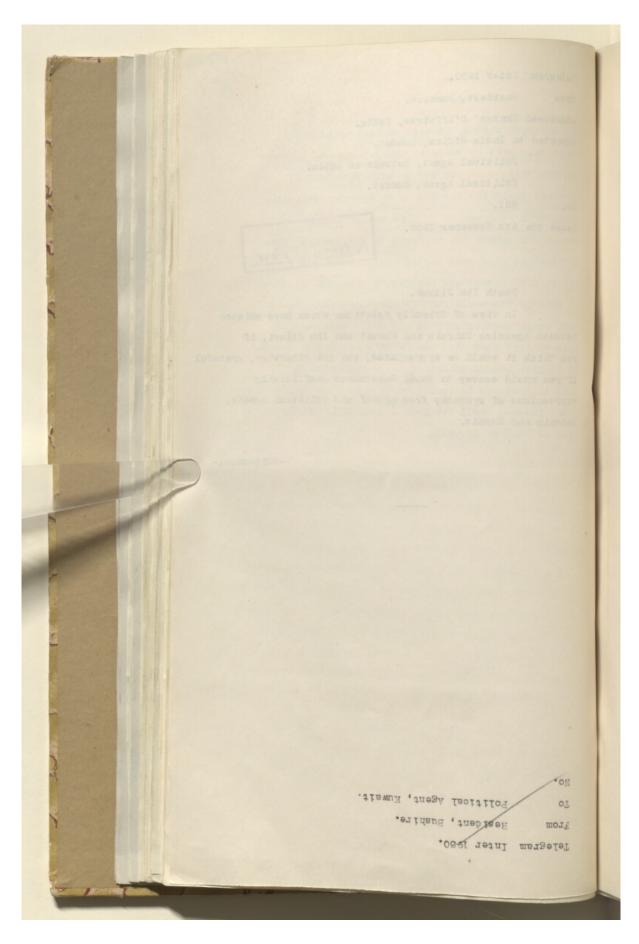


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١٠] (١٠/٢١٠)



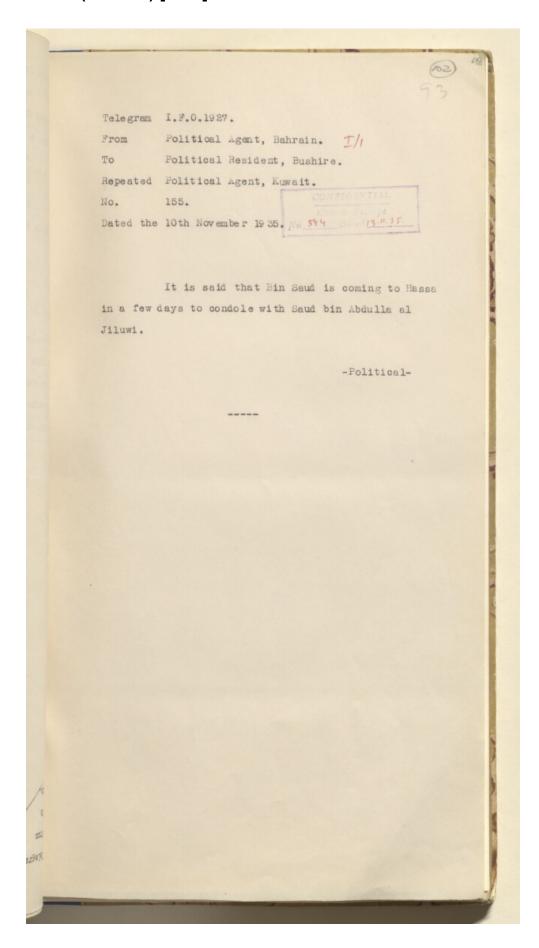


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١ظ] (١٠/٢١١)



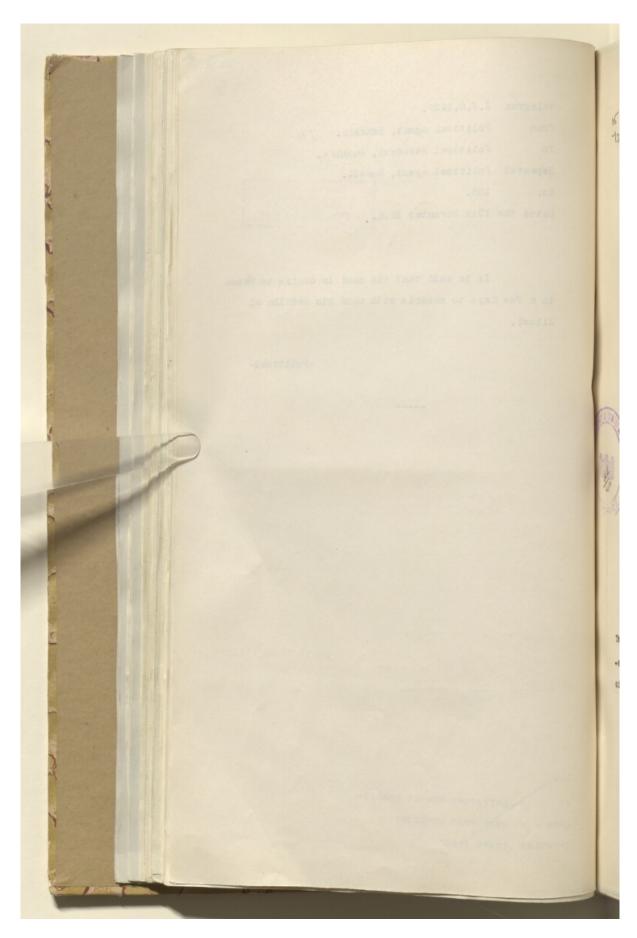


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠١٠] (١٠/٢١٥)



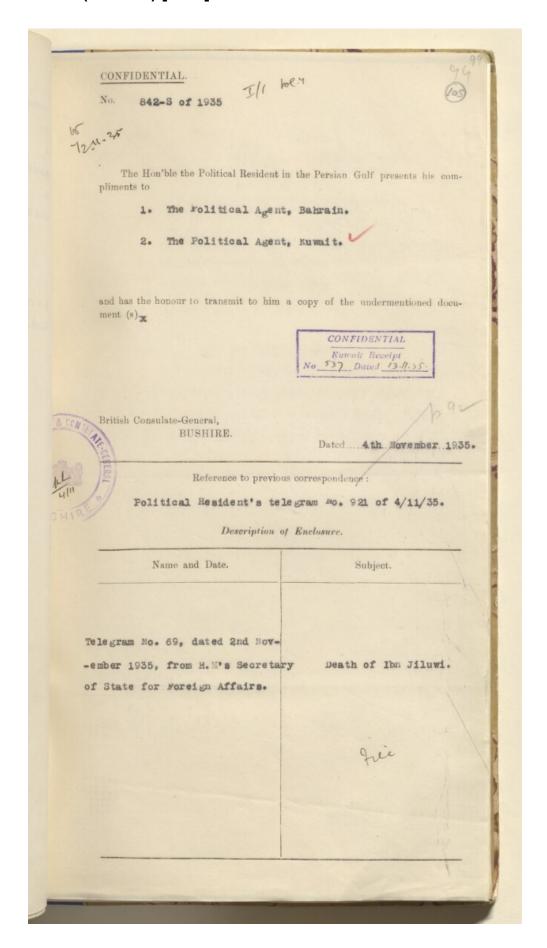


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠١ ظ] (١٠/٢١٣)



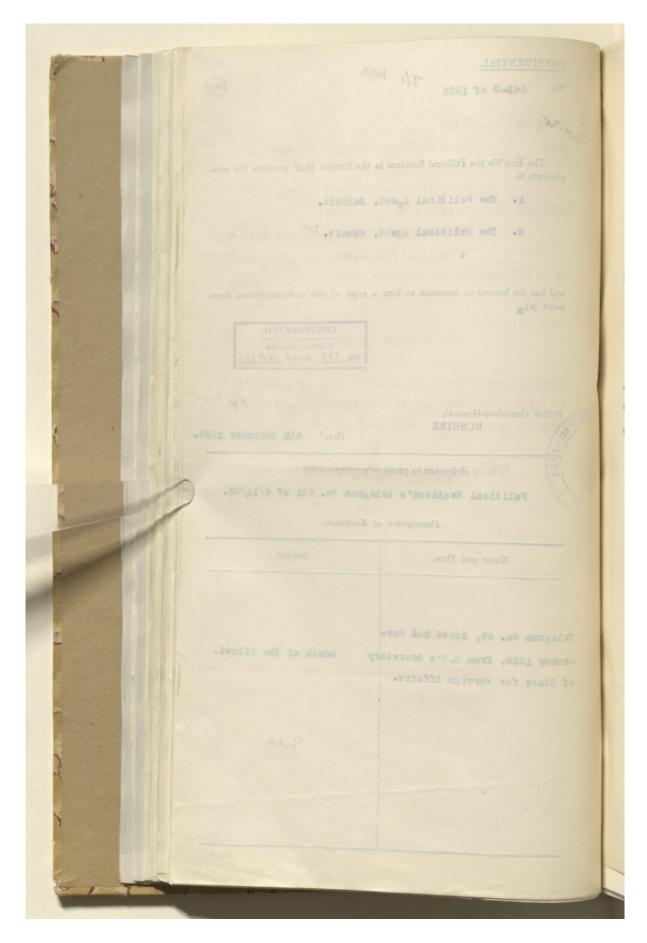


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠١٥] (١٠/٢١٥)



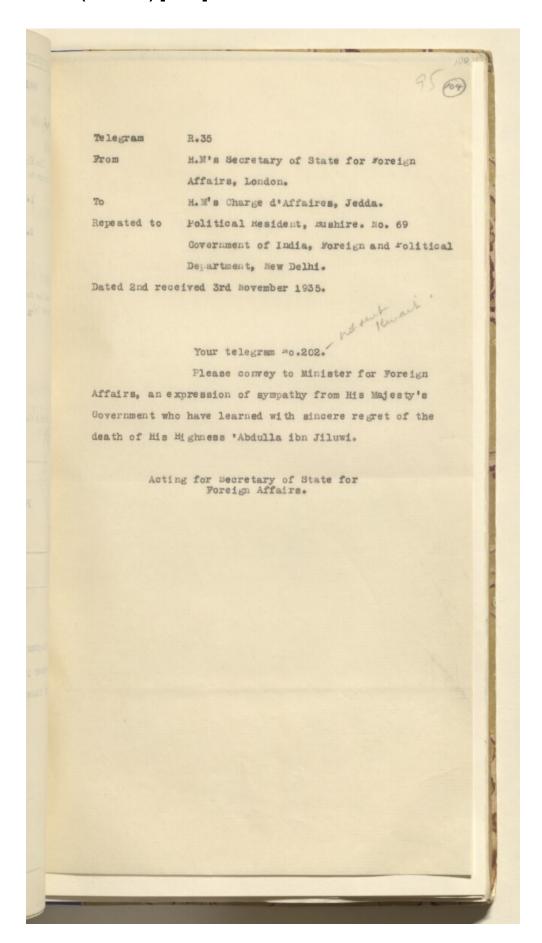


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠١ظ] (١٠/٢١٥)



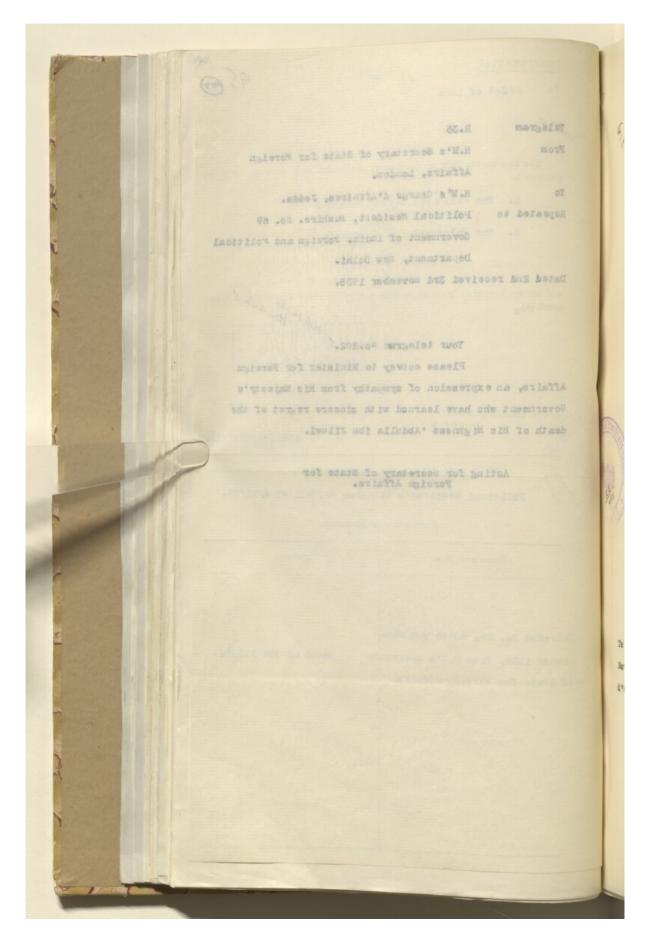


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١٠] (١٠/٢١٥)



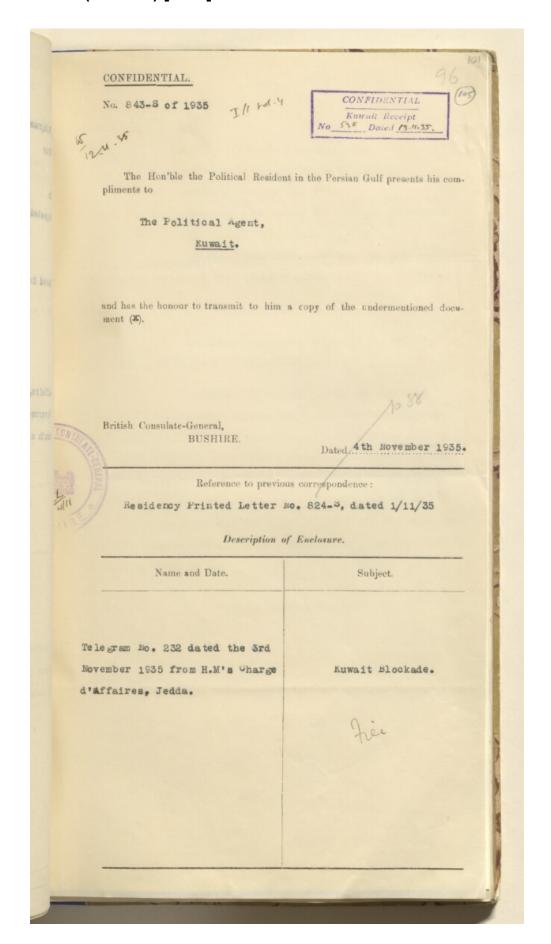


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١٤] (١٠/٢١٧)



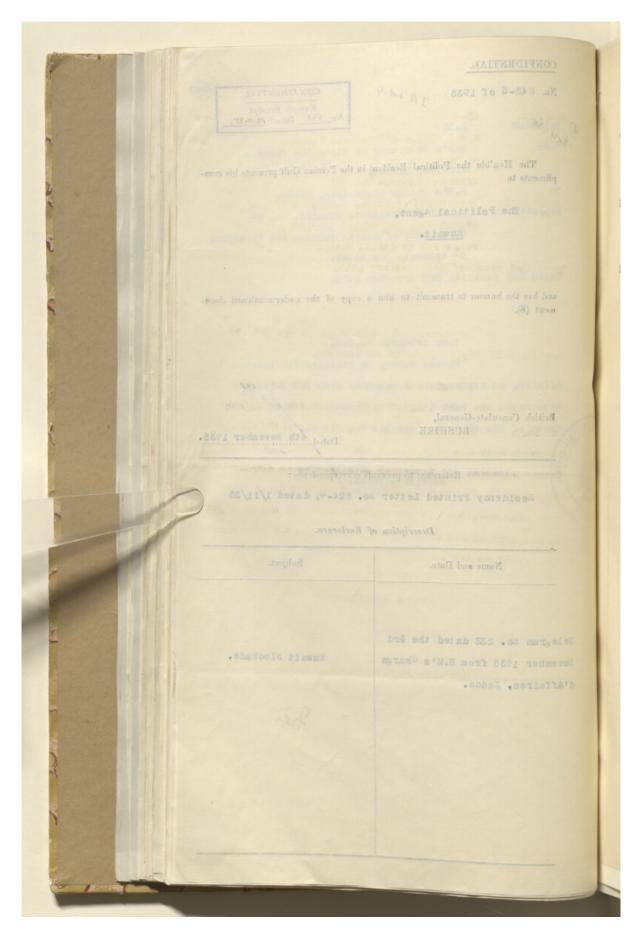


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٠١٠] (١٠/٢١٨)



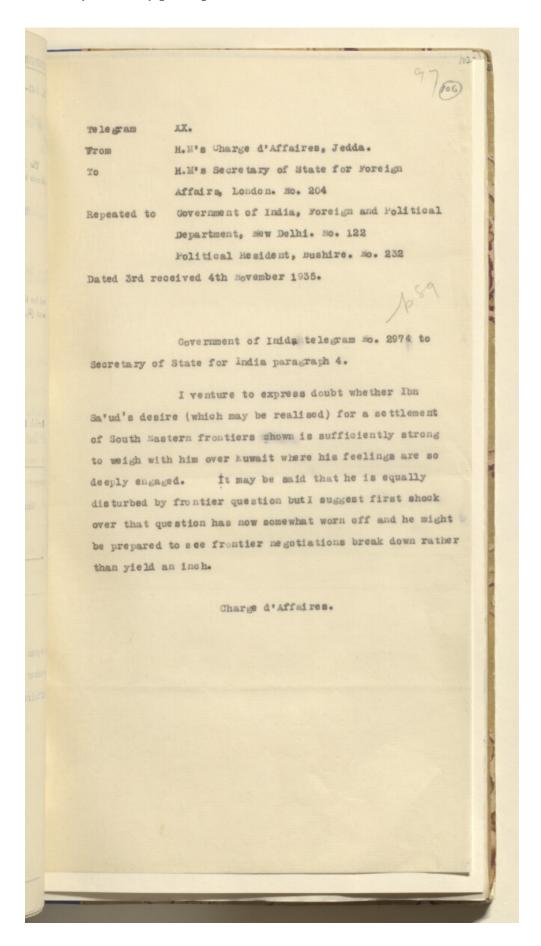


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٠١ظ] (١٠/٢١٩)



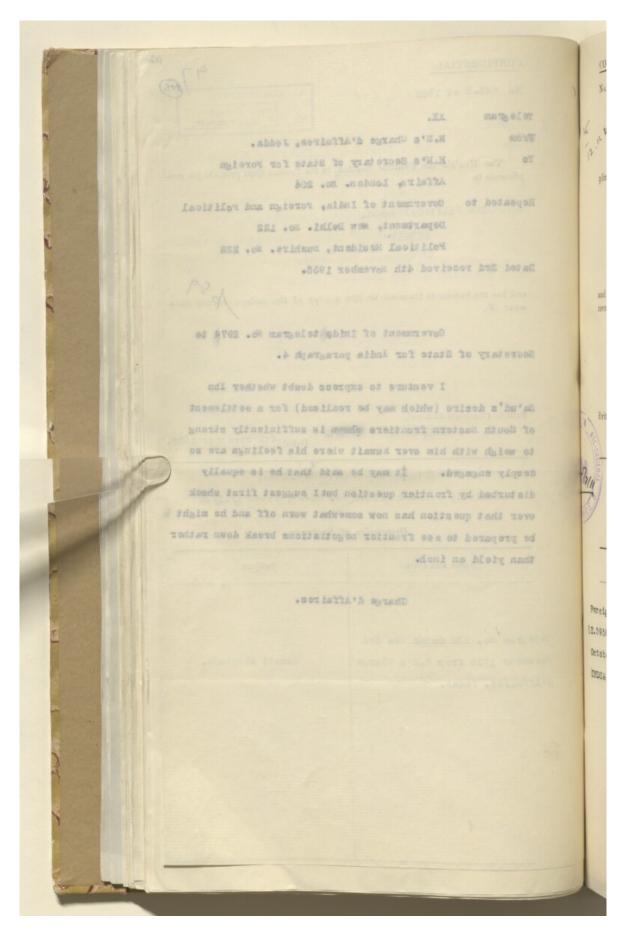


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١و] (١٠/٢٢٠)



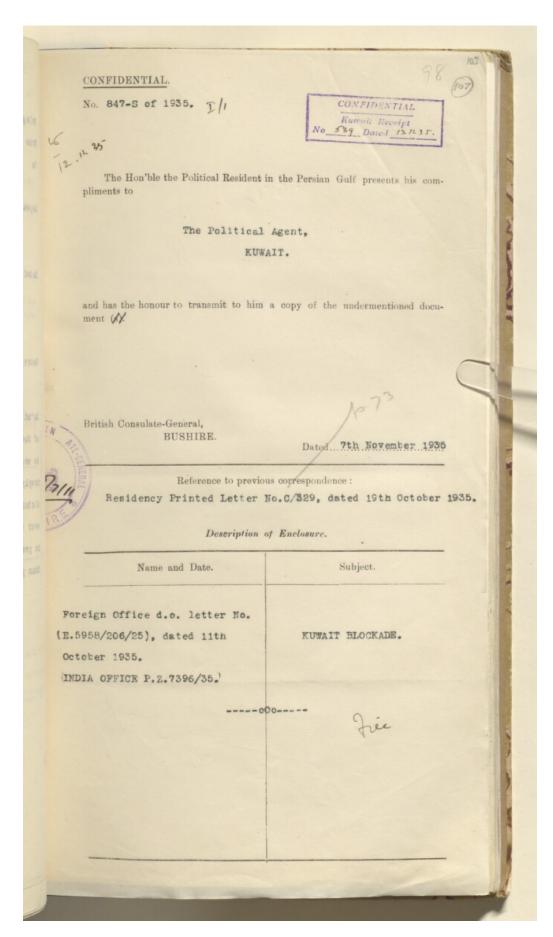


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١ظ] (٢٢١) ٥١- ١٥)



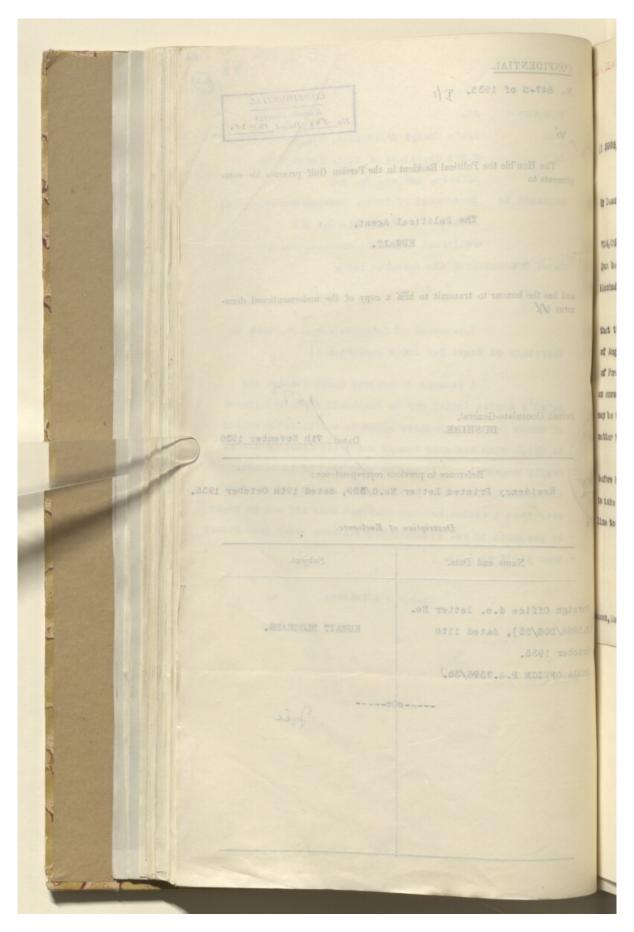


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١٠] (١٠/٢٢٠)



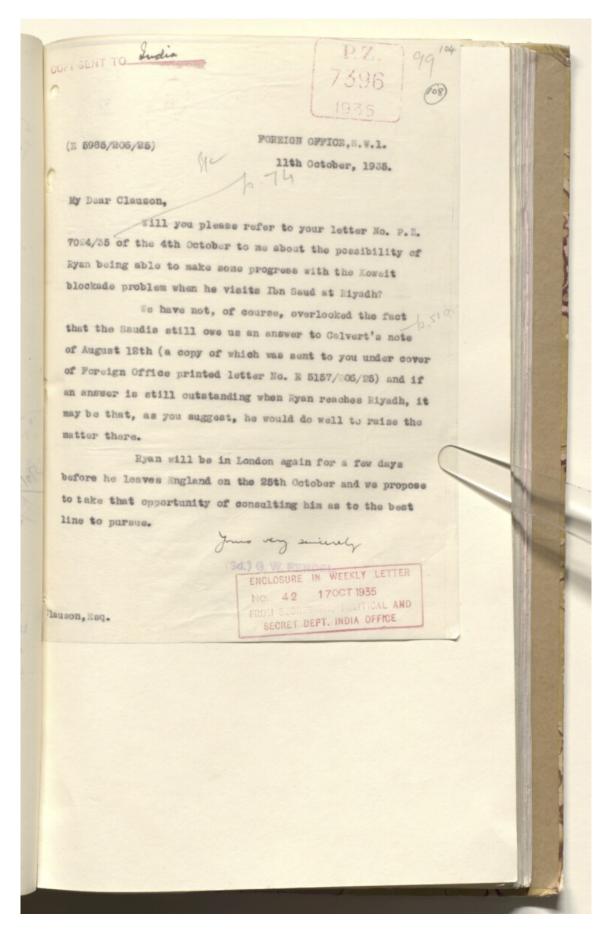


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٠١ظ] (١٠/٢٣٥)



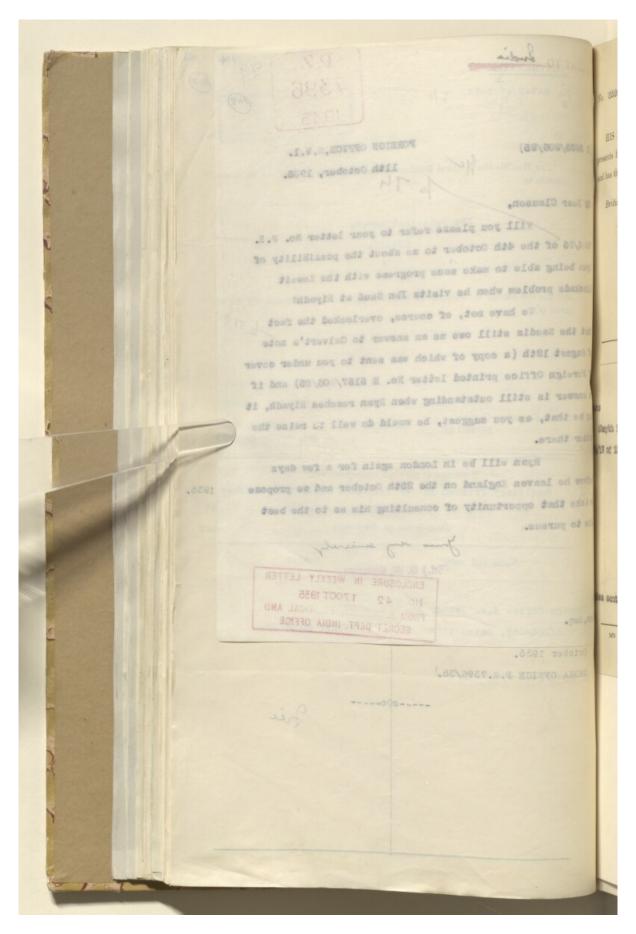


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٠١٥] (٢٢٤/٥١٥)



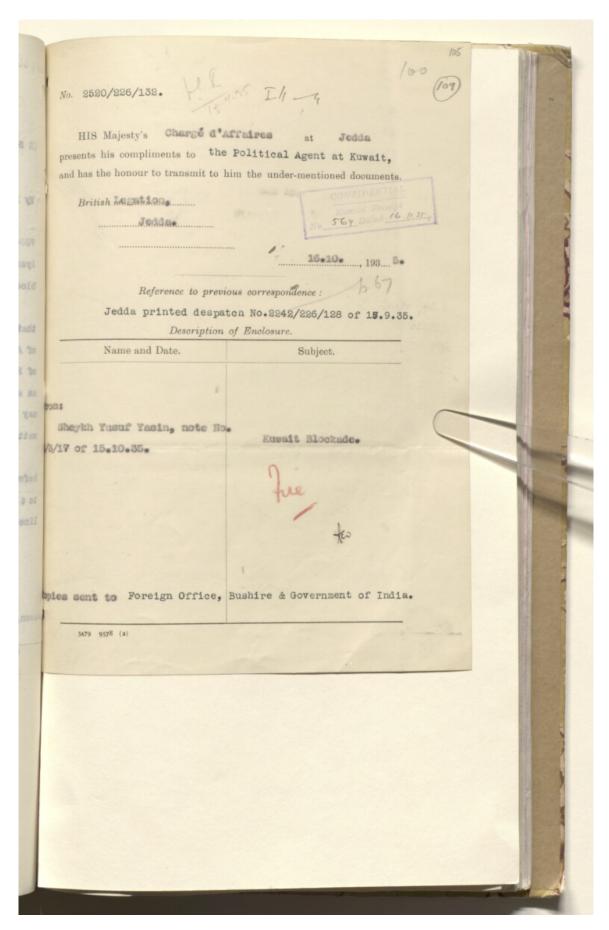


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٠١ظ] (٢٢٥-٥١)





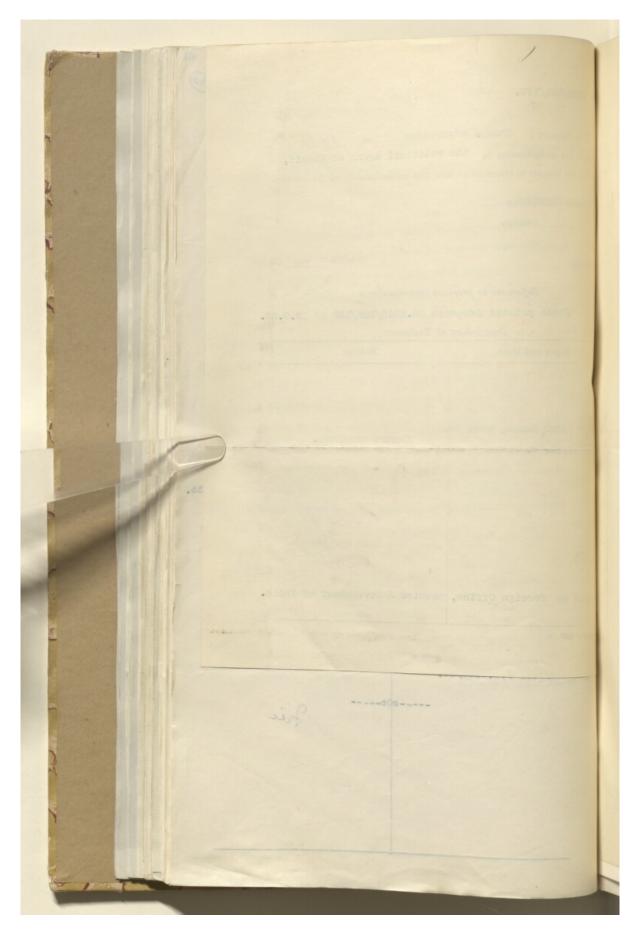
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٠١و] (١٠/٢٢٦)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: http://www.qdl.qa/العربية/archive/81055/vdc_100042317213.0x00001b/العربية



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٠١ظ] (١٠/٢٢٧)



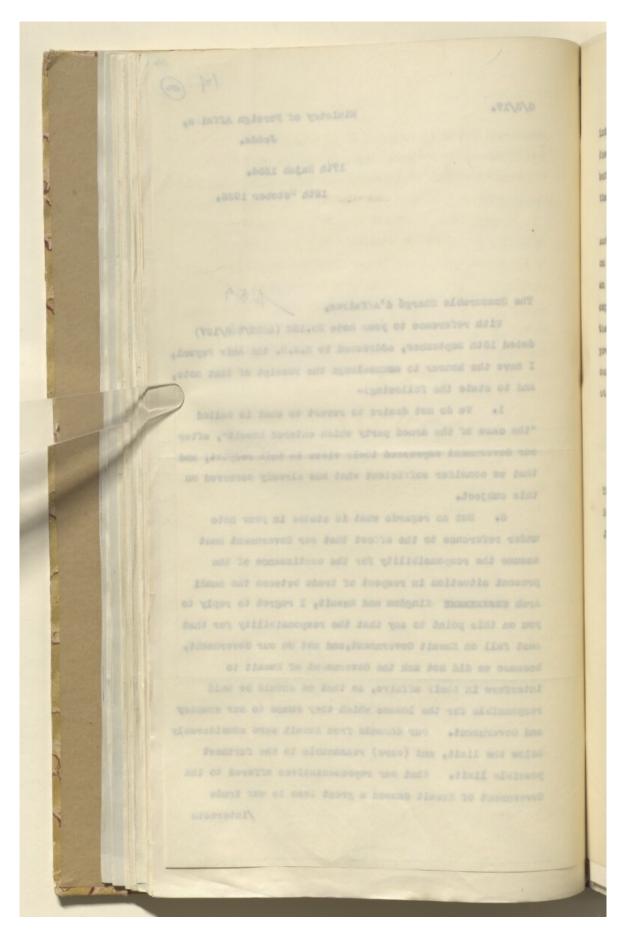


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٠و] (١٠/٢٢٨)

6/3/17. Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Jedda. 17th Rajab 1354. 15th October 1935. 1669 The Honourable Charge d'Affaires, With reference to your note No.152 (2202/206/127) dated 15th September, addressed to H.R.H. the Amir Peysal, I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of that note, and to state the following:-1. We do not desire to revert to what is called "the case of the armed party which entered Euwait", after our Government expressed their views in this respect, and that we consider sufficient what has already occurred on this subject. 2. But as regards what is stated in your note under reference to the effect that our Government must assume the responsibility for the continuance of the present situation in respect of trade between the Saudi Arab ESPERARE Kingdom and Kuwait, I regret to reply to you on this point to say that the responsibility for that must fall on Euwait Government, and not on our Government, because we did not ask the Government of Euwait to interfere in their affairs, so that we should be held responsible for the losses which they cause to our country and Government. Our demands from Euvait were considerably below the limit, and (were) reasonable to the furthest possible limit. What our representatives offered to the Government of Kuwait caused a great loss to our trade /interests

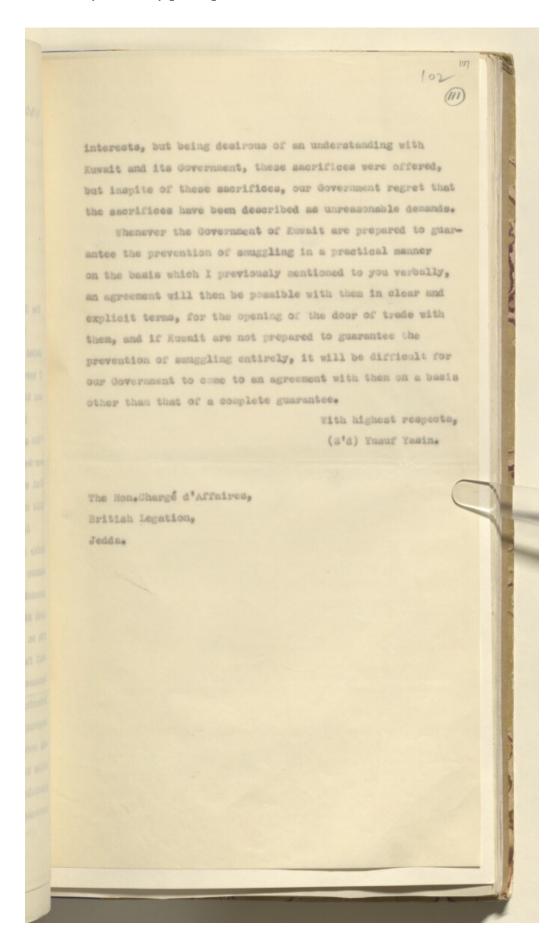


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١٠] (٢٢٩)



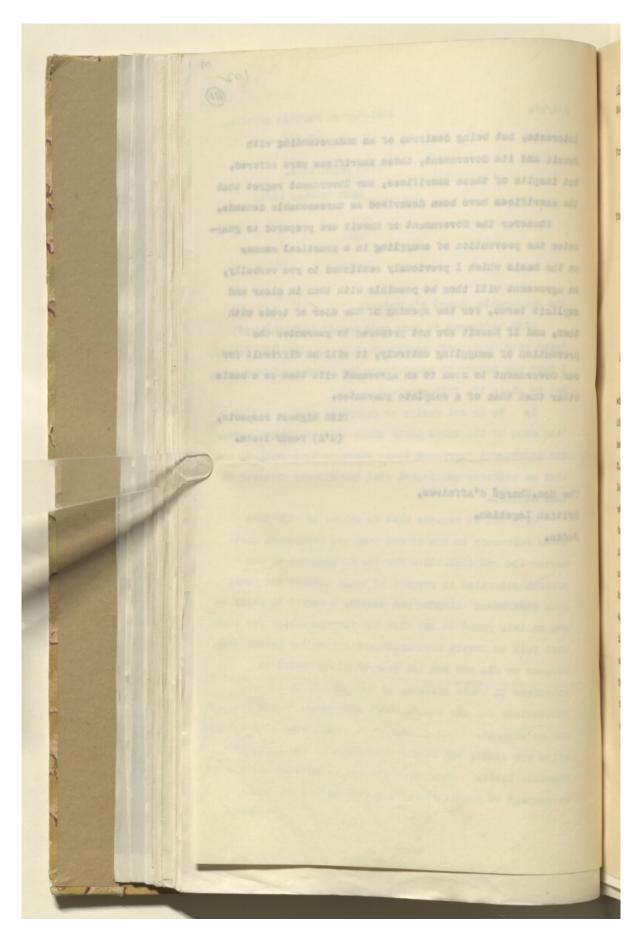


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١و] (٢٣٠/٥١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١ظ] (١١٠/٣١)



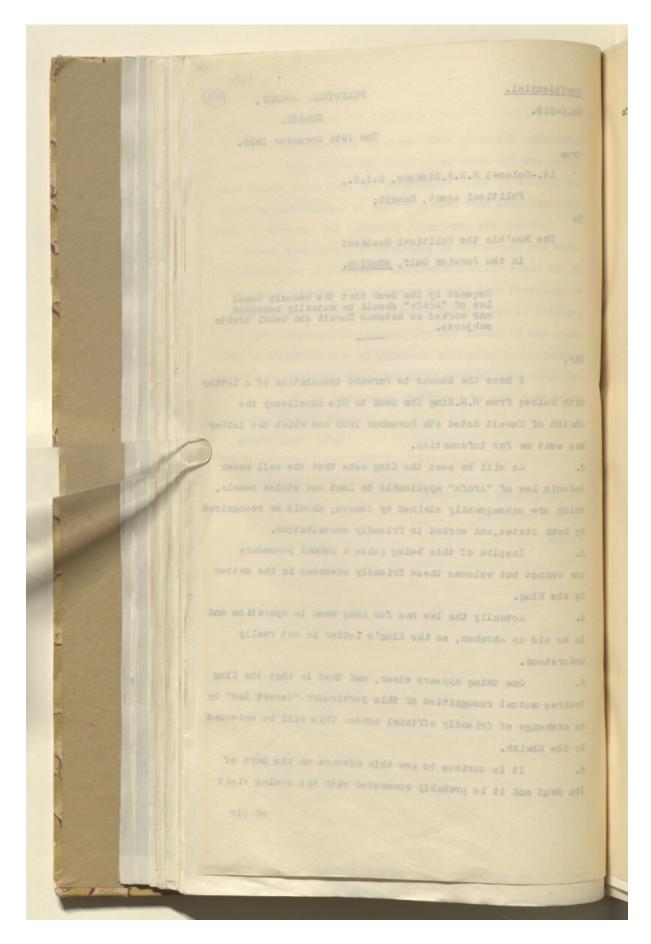


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١و] (١٠/٢٣٢)

POLITICAL AGENCY, Confidential. KUWAIT. No.C-319. The 19th November 1935. Lt.-Colonel H.R.P.Dickson, C.I.E., Political Agent, Kuwait; The Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, BUSHIRE. Request by Ibn Saud that the Bedouin Camel Law of "Arafa" should be mutually accepted and worked as between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia subjects. Sir. I have the honour to forward translation of a letter with Mulhaq from H.M.King Ibn Saud to His Excellency the Shaikh of Kuwait dated 6th November 1935 and which the latter has sent me for information. As will be seen the King asks that the well known Bedouin Law of "Arafa" applicable to lost and stolen camels, which are subsequently claimed by owners, should be recognized by both States, and worked in friendly consultation. Inspite of this being quite a normal procedure one cannot but welcome these friendly advances in the matter by the King. Actually the law has for long been in operation and is as old as Abraham, so the King's letter is not really understood. One thing appears clear, and that is that the King desires mutual recognition of this particular "desert law" by an exchange of friendly official notes: This will be welcomed by the Shaikh. 6. It is curious to see this advance on the part of Ibn Saud and it is probably connected with the coming visit of Sir

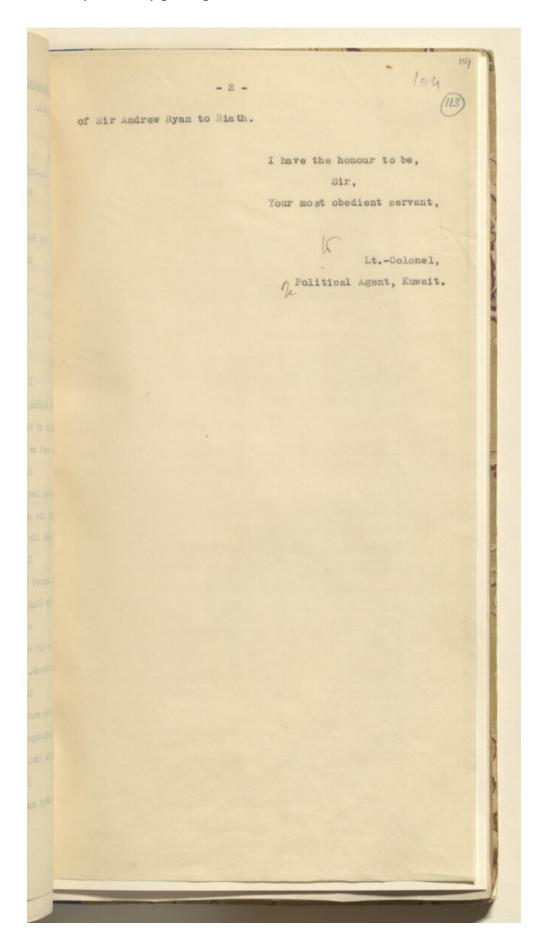


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١ظ] (٢٣٣/١٥)



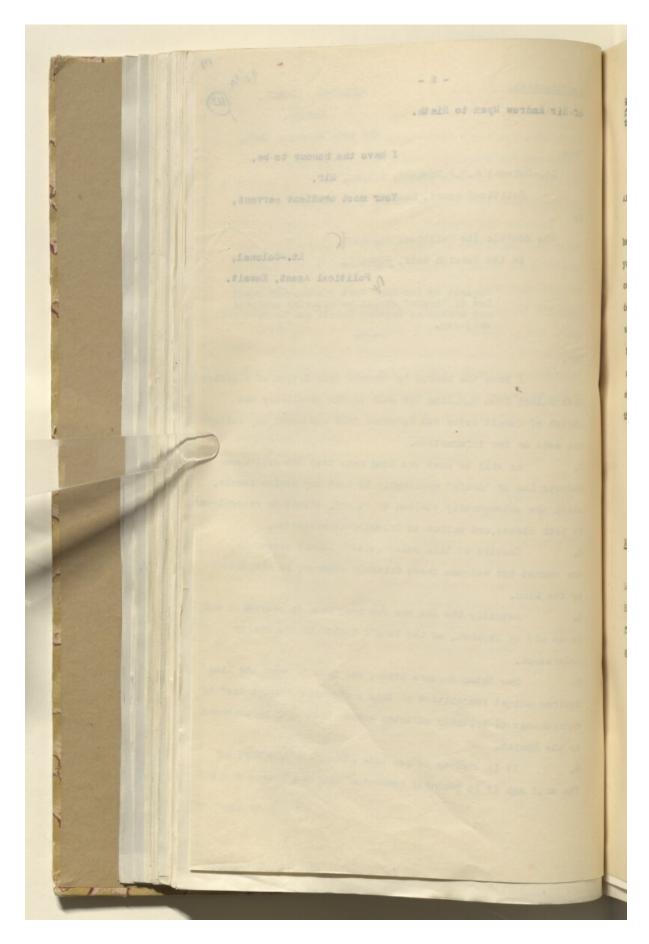


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٣] (١٠/٢٣٤)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١٣] (١٠/٢٥٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٤و] (٢٣٦/٥١٥)

Translation of a letter No.99/2/35, dated the 9th Sha'ban 1354, corresponding to the 6th November 1935, from His Majesty King Ibn Saud, Riyadh to His Excellency the Ruler of Kuwait.

After Compliments,

We have already forwarded you a letter by the hand of your servant Ibn Nuwairan, in which we informed you of what was necessary at the time. The departure of our mutual servant Khalid*Abdul Walid having now been decided we are sending you this letter with him to enquire about your health and to confirm the bonds of affection and friendship. Our desire is that you, my Brother, will be sure to continue writing to us and keep us informed of whatever may be necessary. We by the grace of God, are in the best of health, and our news is pleasant in every way.

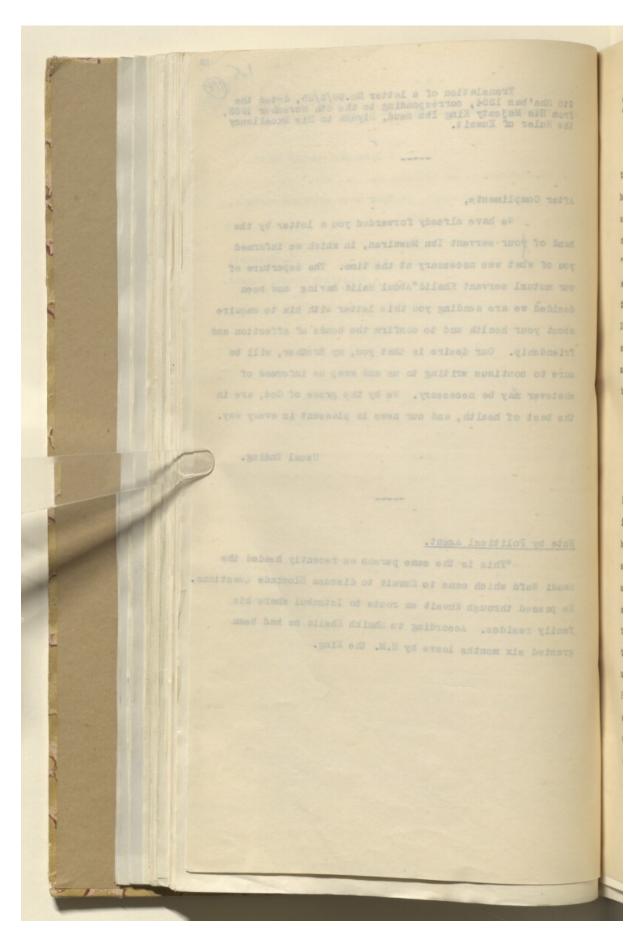
Usual Ending.

Note by Political Agent.

*This is the same person as recently headed the Saudi Wafd which came to Kuwait to discuss Blockade Questions. He passed through Kuwait en route to Istambul where his family resides. According to Shaikh Khalid he had been granted six months leave by H.M. the King.



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٤ظ] (٢٣٧/ ٥١)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٥١ و] (٢٣٨/ ٥١٠)

Translation of a Mulhaq to letter No.99/2/35, dated the 6th November 1935 from King Ibn Saud to the Ruler of Kuwait.

It is well known to you, my Brother, that the two countries are one and the same, and that there always happen to be claims for camels lost both by your tribesmen against ours, and by our tribesmen against yours. The owner of the camel lost usually comes from your side and says:

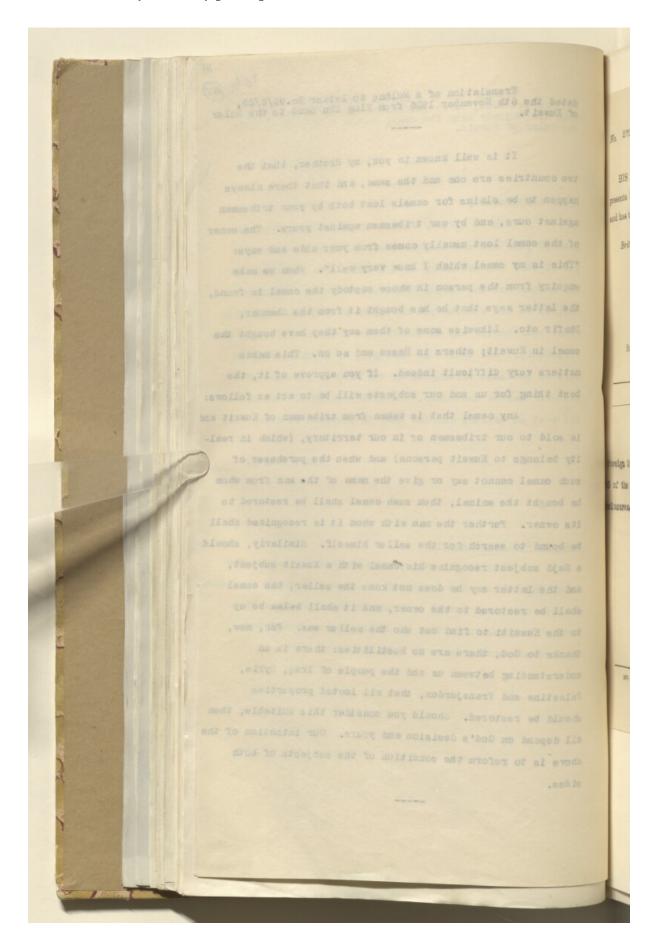
"This is my camel which I know very well". When we make enquiry from the person in whose custody the camel is found, the latter says that he has bought it from the Shammar,

Dhafir etc. Likewise some of them say they have bought the camel in Kuwait; others in Hassa and so on. This makes matters very difficult indeed. If you approve of it, the best thing for us and our subjects will be to act as follows:

Any camel that is taken from tribesmen of Kuwait and is sold to our tribesmen or in our territory, (which in reality belongs to Kuwait persons) and when the purchaser of such camel cannot say or give the name of the man from whom he bought the animal, then such camel shall be restored to its owner. Further the man with whom it is recognized shall be bound to search for the seller himself. Similarly, should a Neja subject recognize his camel with a Kuwait subject, and the latter say he does not know the seller, the camel shall be restored to the owner, and it shall belen be up to the Kuwaiti to find out who the seller was. For, now, thanks to God, there are no hostilities: there is an understanding between us and the people of Iraq, Syria, Palestine and Transjordan, that all looted properties should be restored. Should you consider this suitable, then all depend on God's decision and yours. Our intention of the above is to reform the condition of the subjects of both sides.



"١/١ المجلد الا العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٥ظ] (١٠/٣٩)



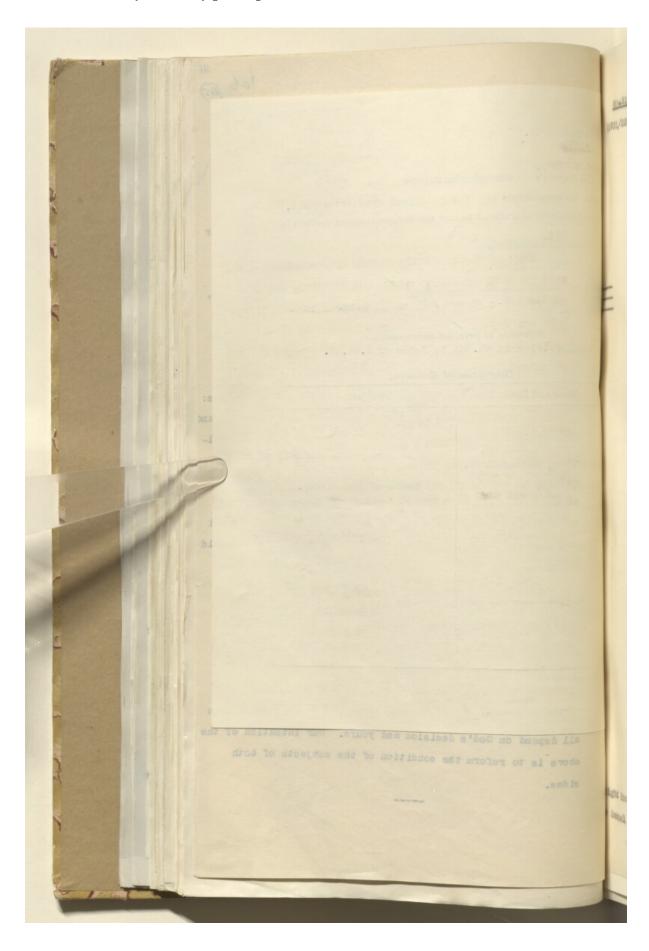


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١و] (٤٠٠/٠١٥)

No. 2704/233/27. 24.11.	13° 21 2571	107	
No. 2704/233/27. 24.	R.1. No. 571	107	
HIS Majesty's Charge d'	Affaires at Jedda		
presents his compliments to the	Political Agent at Kuwait,		
and has the honour to transmit to l	im the under-mentioned documents.		1
BritishLegation,			
Jedda	192		
	5.11. , 1985.		III S
Reference to previ	ous correspondence:		
Bushire telegram No.921			
Name and Date.	of Enclosure. Subject.		
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Poreign Office, despatch No.			H
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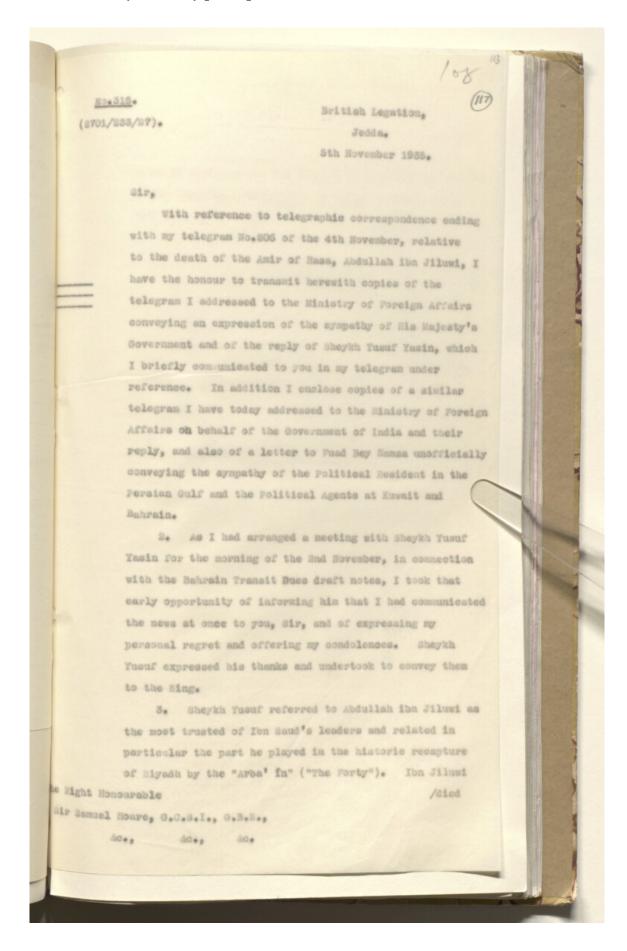


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١ظ] (١٠٢١٥)



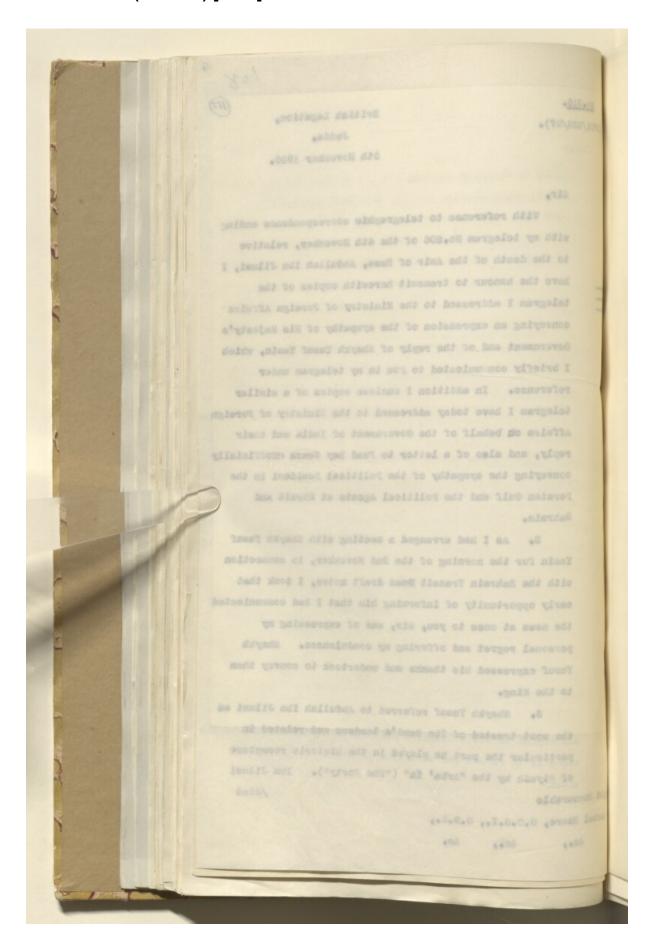


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٧و] (٢٤٢/٥١٥)



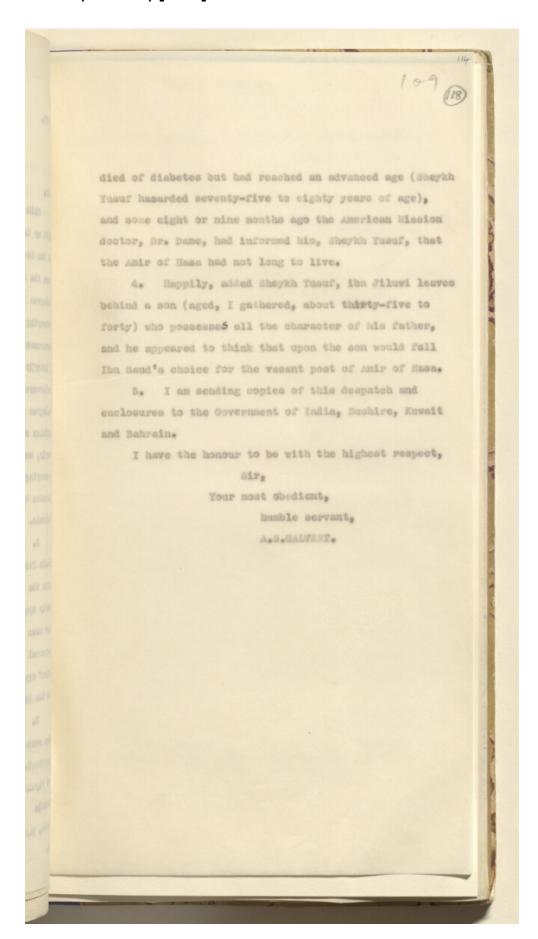


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١ظ] (٣٠/٢٤٣)



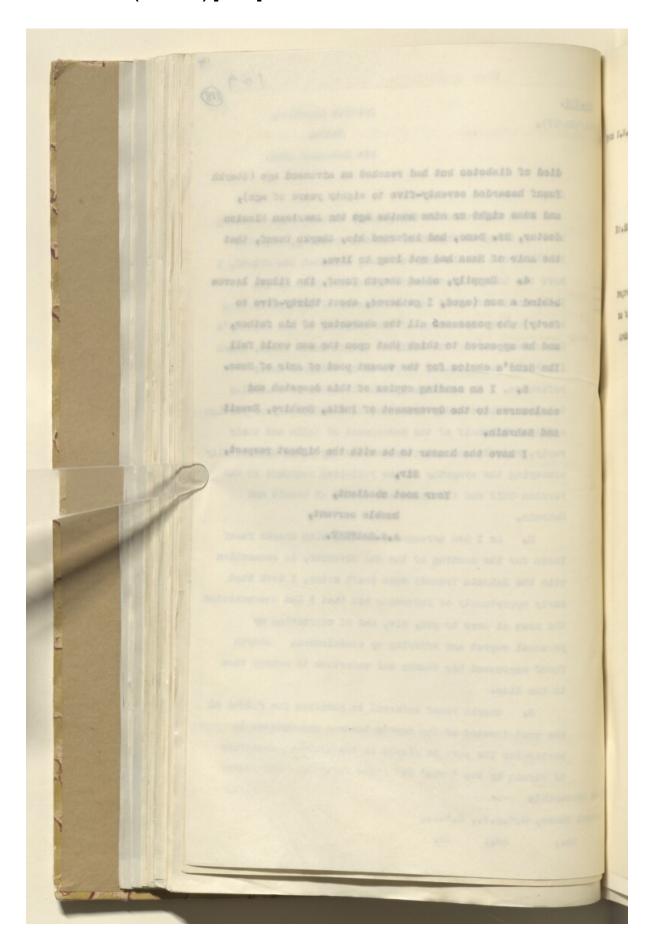


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٨و] (٤٤٢/٥١٠)



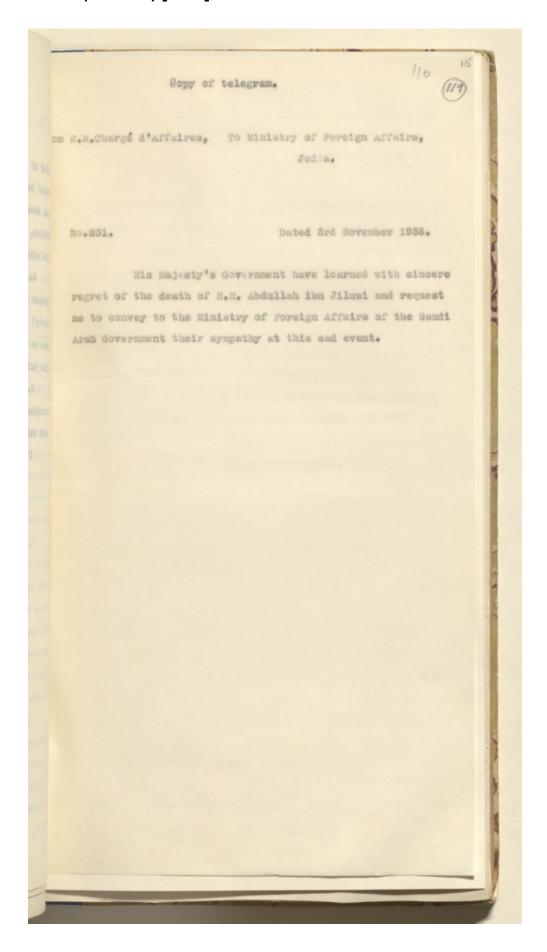


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١٨ظ] (٥١٠/٢٥)



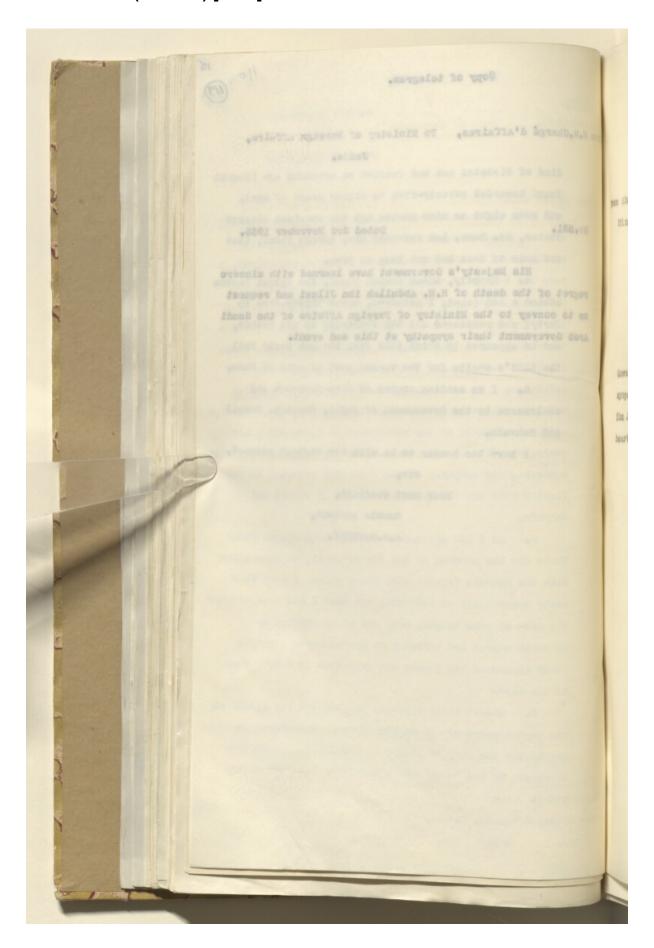


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٩١٩] (٢٤٦/١٥)



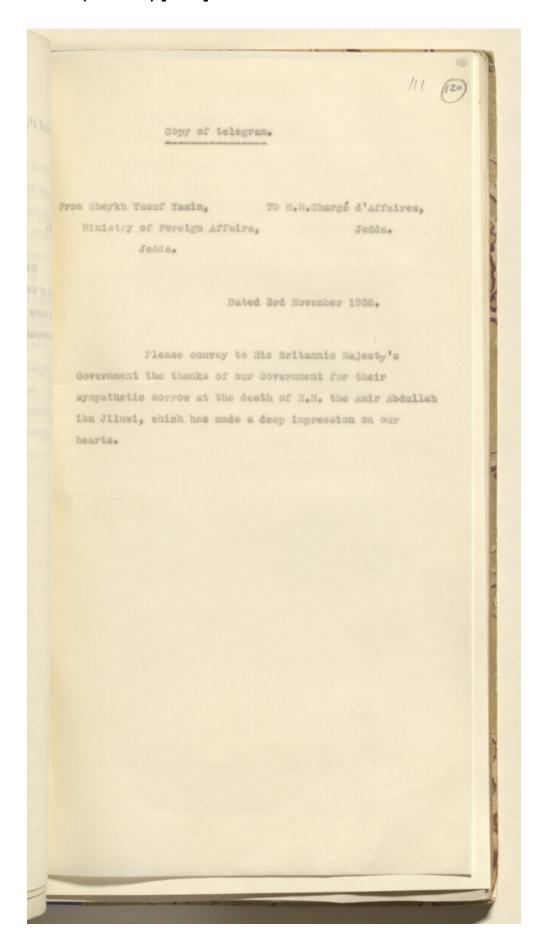


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٩١٩ظ] (١٠/٢٤٧)



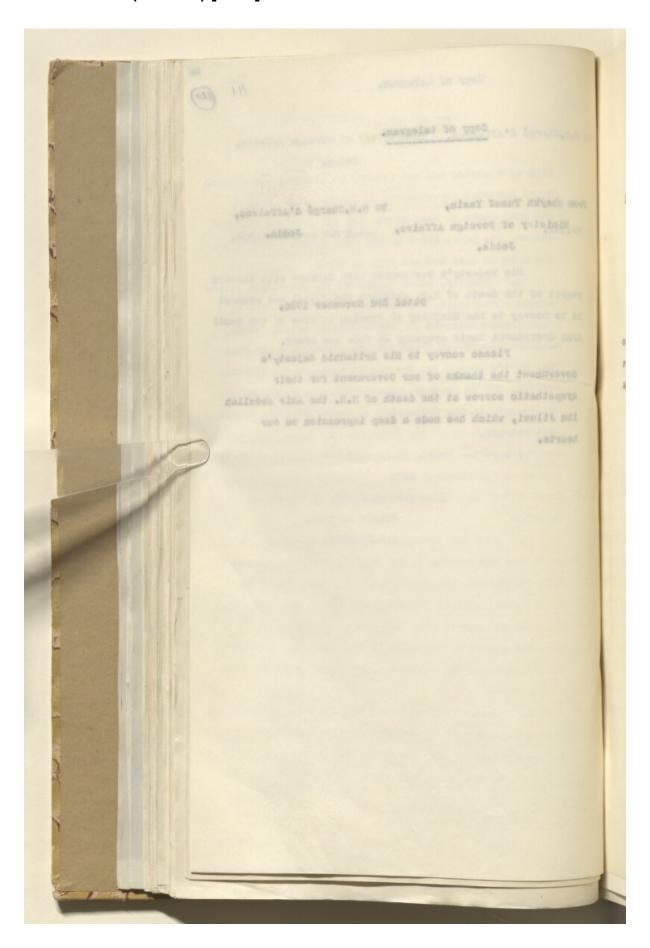


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠١ و] (٨٠٢/٠١٥)



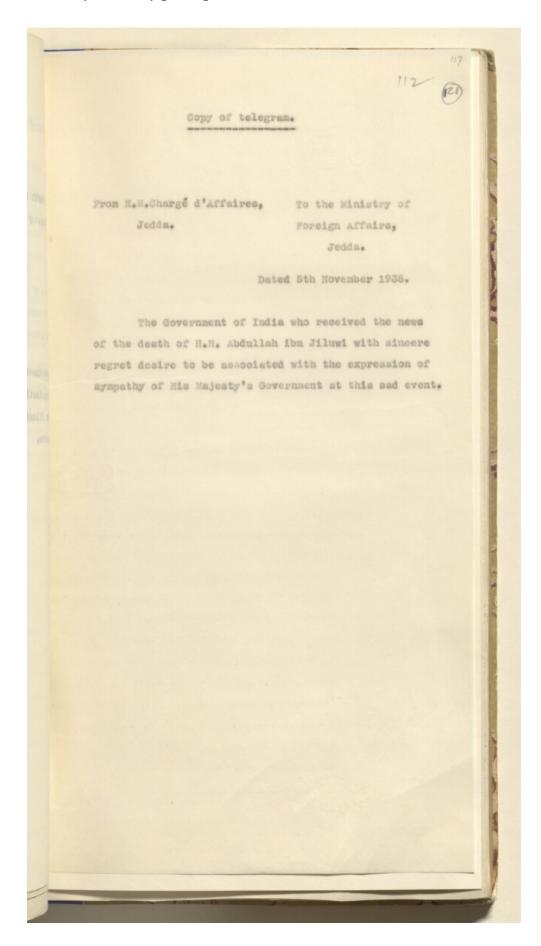


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠١ظ] (١٠/٢٤٩)



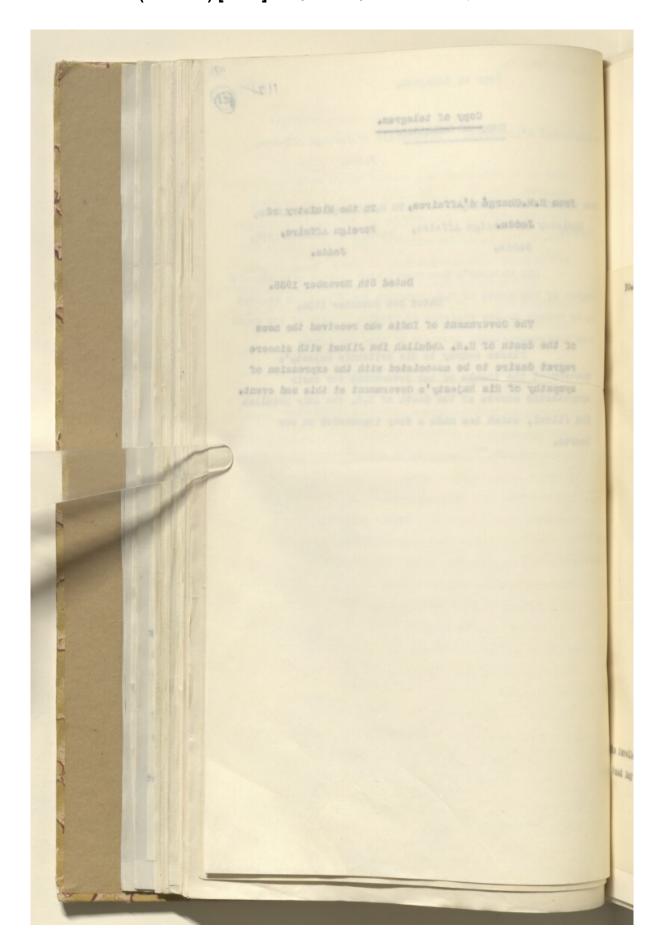


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١١و] (٥٠/ ٥٠)



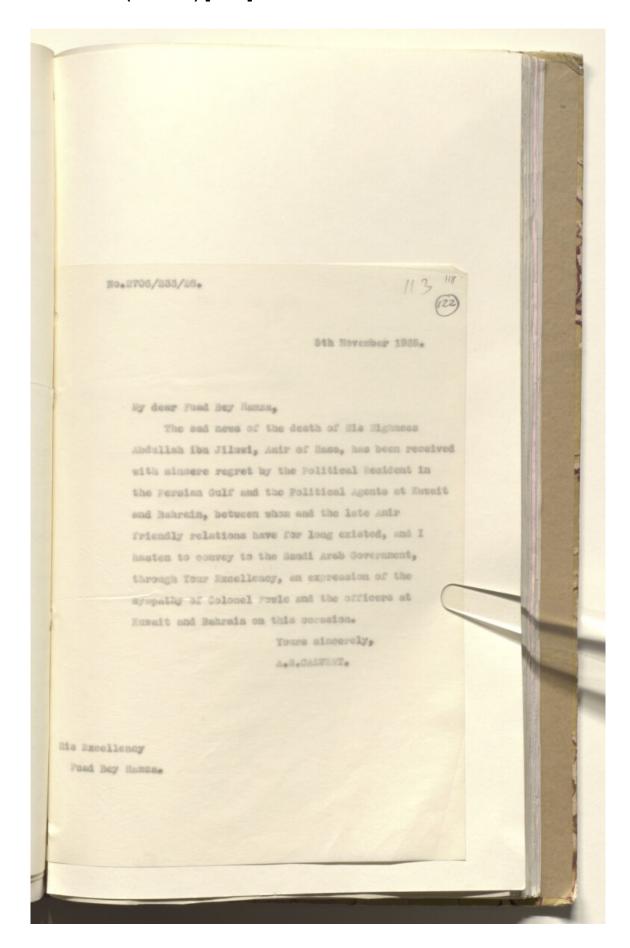


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١١ظ] (١٠/٠١٥)



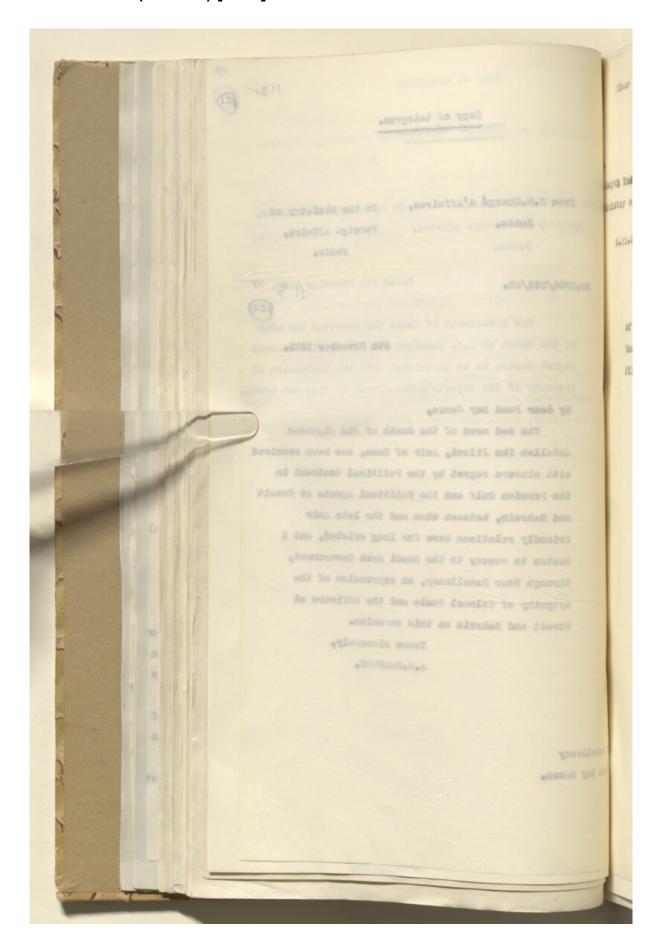


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢١ و] (٢٥٢/٠١٥)



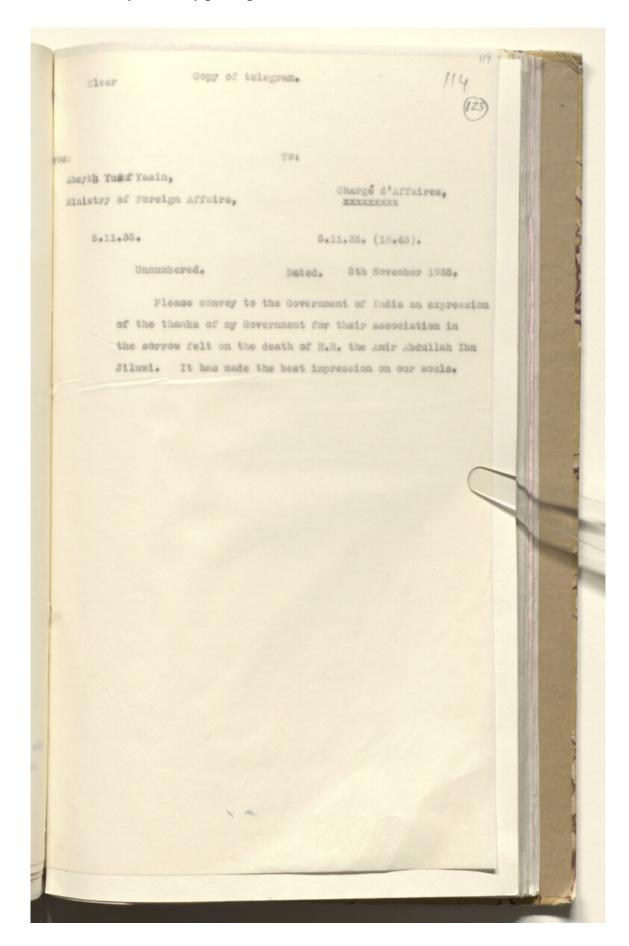


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢ اظ] (١٠/٢٥٣)



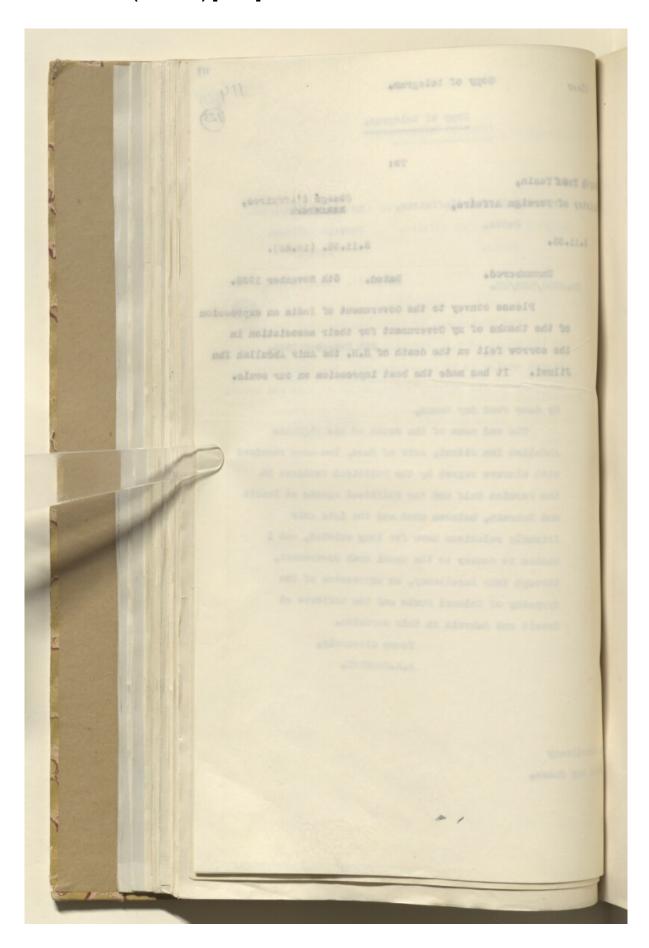


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٣ او] (١٠/١٠٥)



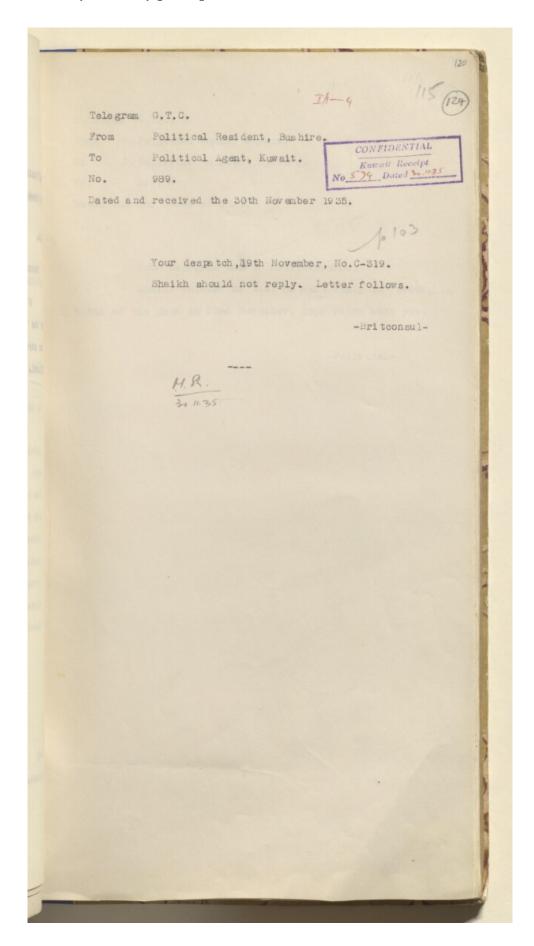


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٣ اظ] (٥٥٠/٠١٥)



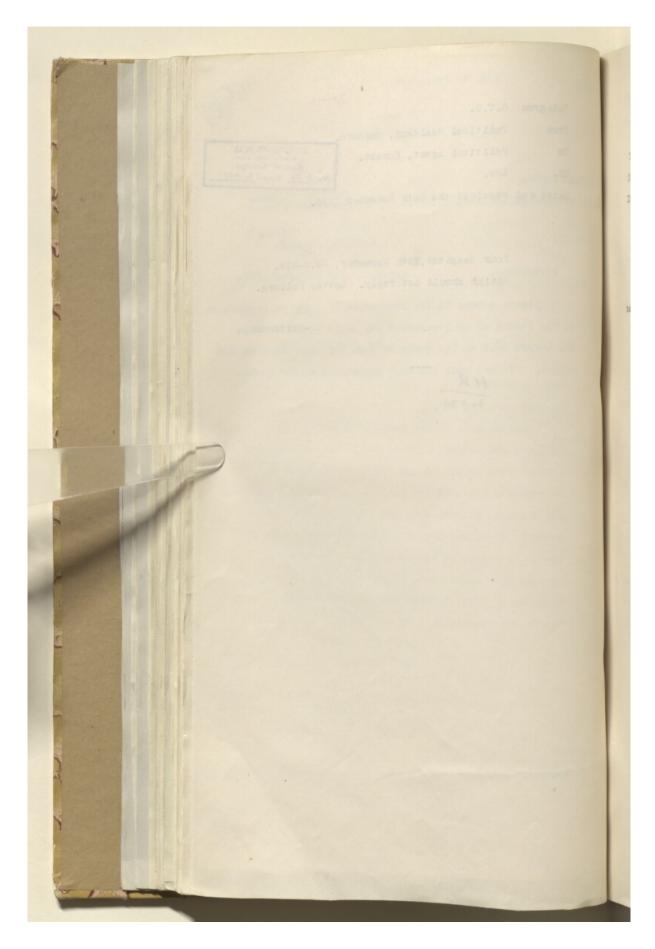


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤١و] (٢٥٦/،١٥)



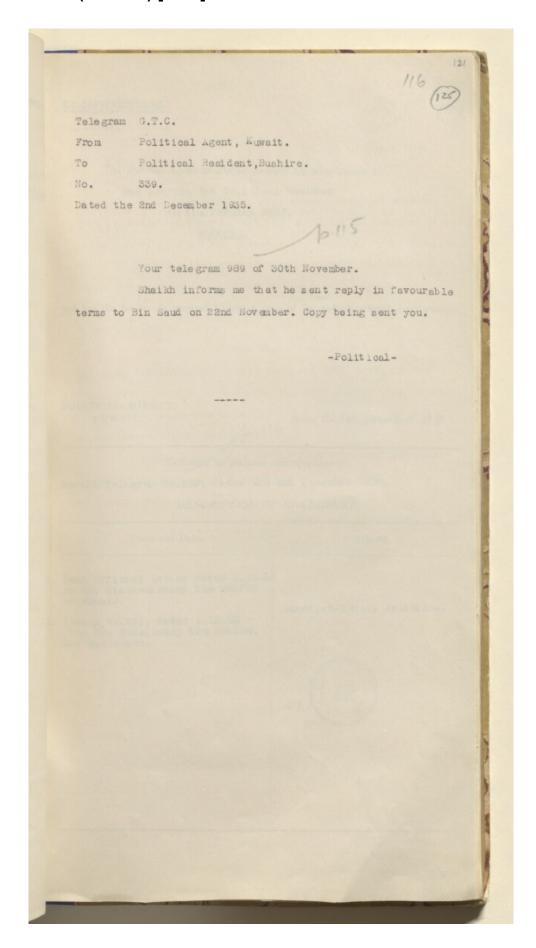


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢١ظ] (١٠٢/٠١٥)



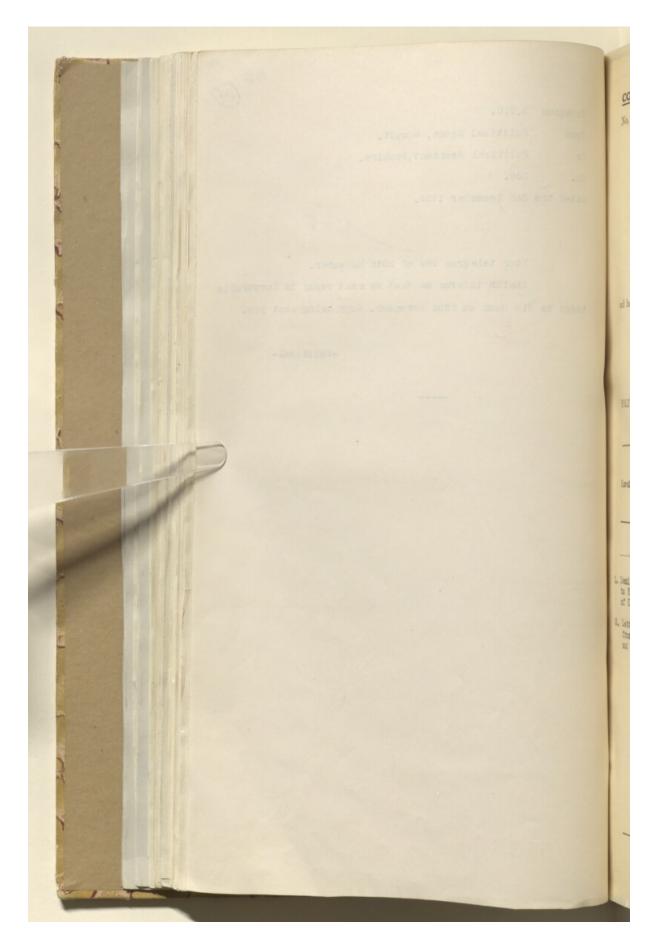


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٥ او] (٨٥١/١٥)



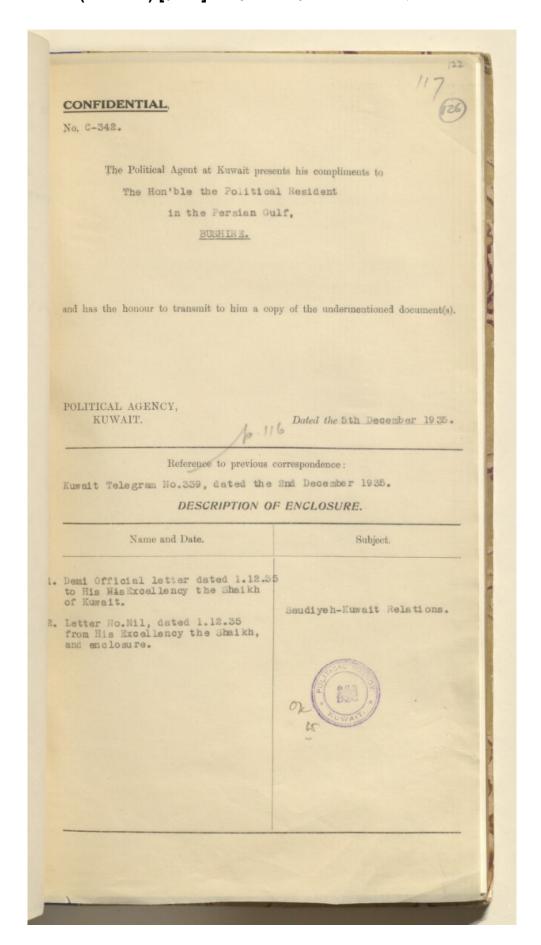


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٥١ ظ] (٥٩ / ١٠٥)



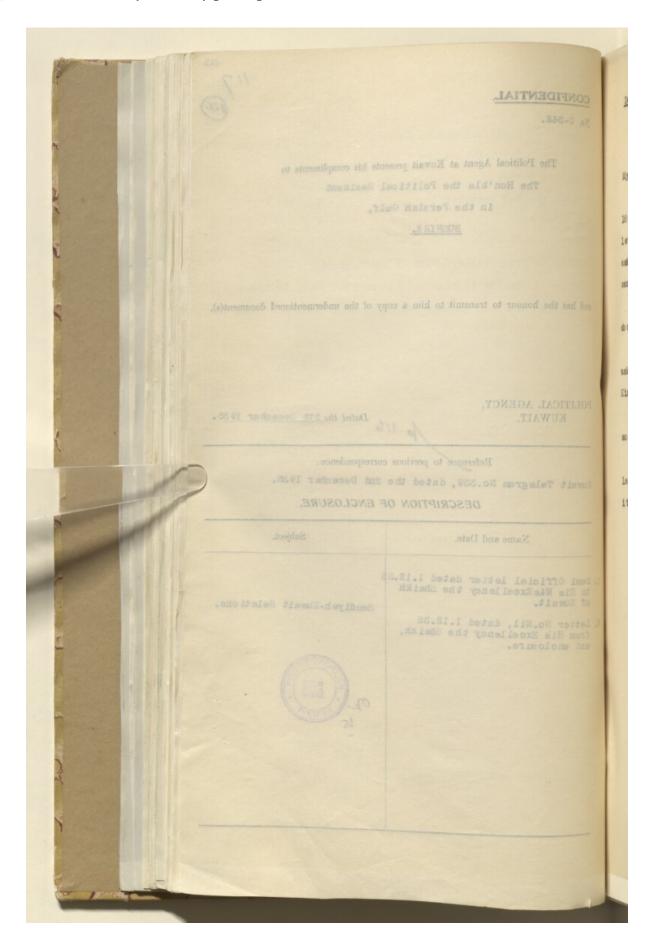


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ او] (٢٦٠/١٥)



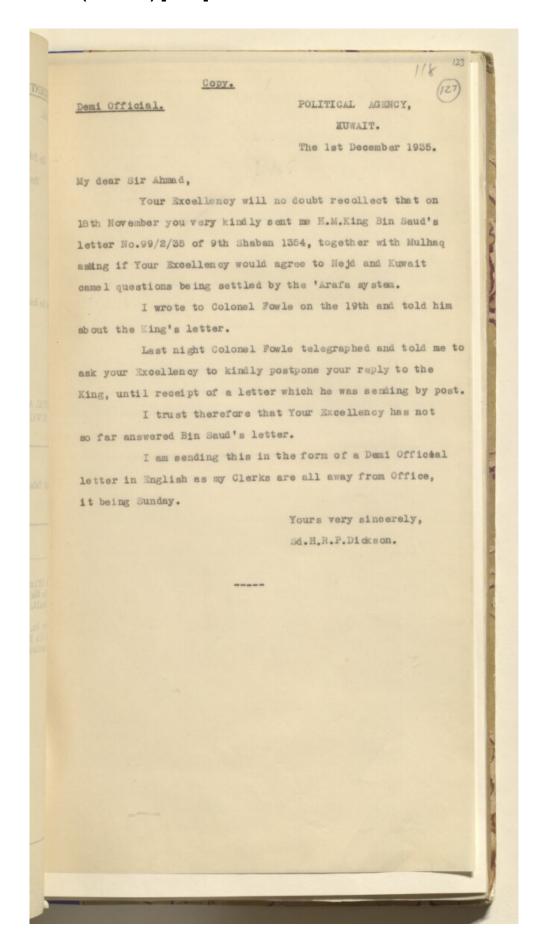


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ اظ] (٢٦١/٥١)



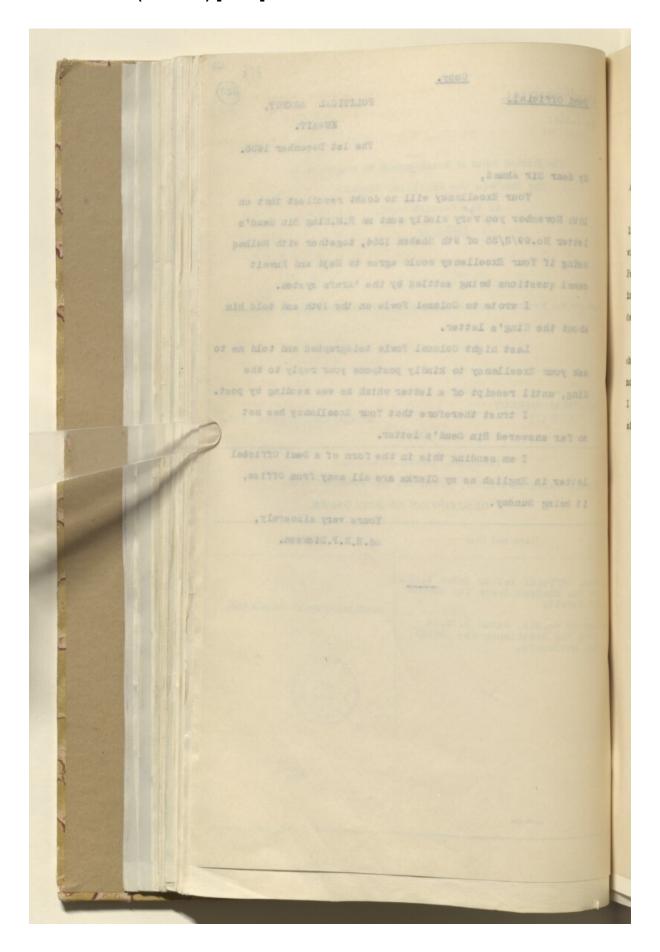


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧ او] (٢٦٠/١٥)



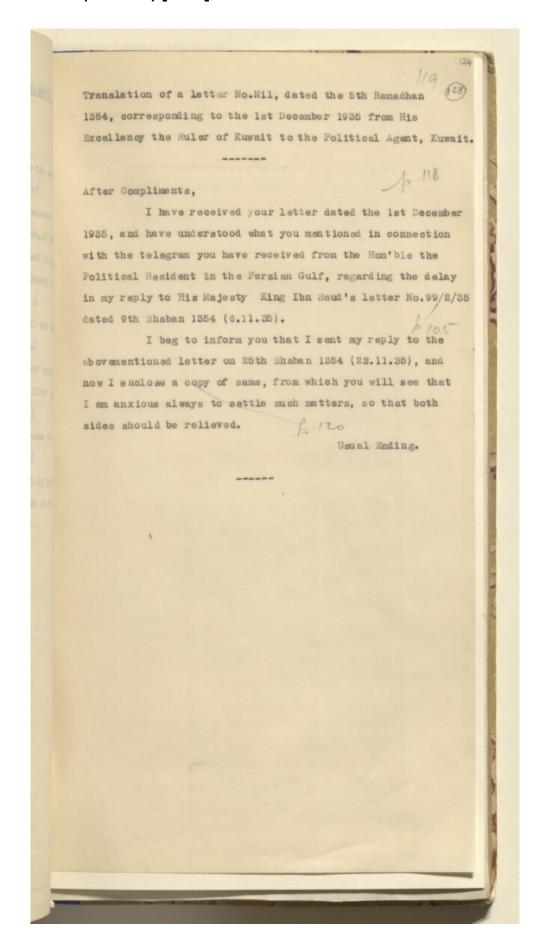


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧ اظ] (٢٦٠/١٥)



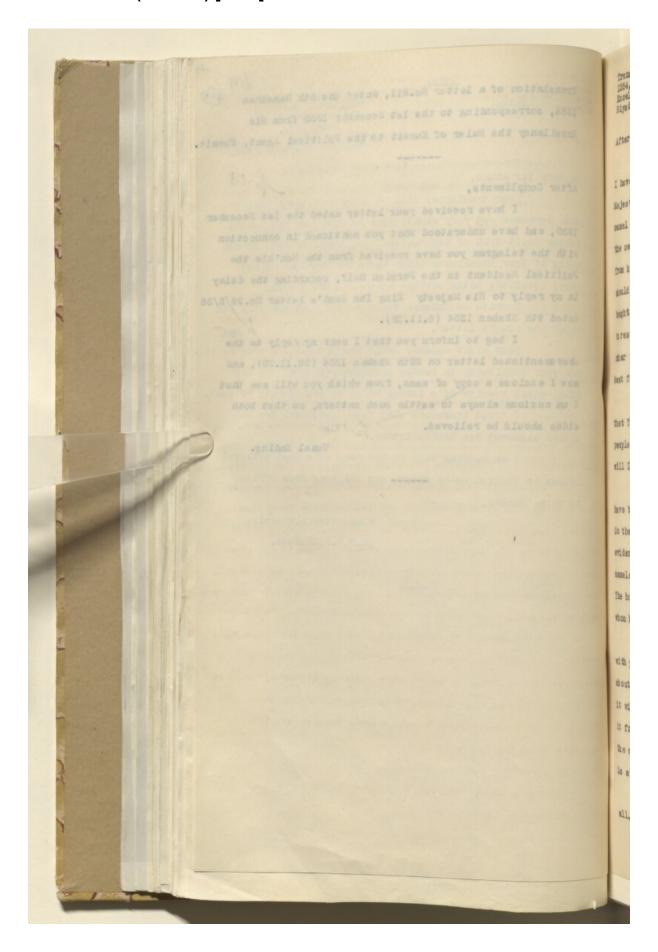


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٨ او] (٢٦٠/١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٨ ١ظ] (١٠/٢٦٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٩ او] (٢٦٦/١٥)

Translation of a letter No.R-4/2299 dated the 25th Shaban 1354, corresponding to the 22nd November 1935, from His Excellency the Ruler of Kuwait to His Majesty King Ibn Saud Riyadh.

After Compliments,

I have been honoured with your letter and Mulhaq w
I have read with pleasure and thanks for your kindness. You
Majesty stated that it was your considered view in regard to
camel losses (between the subjects of both States), that when
the owner recognized his property, the same should be taken
from him (the holder) and restored to him and that the holder
should then go and seach for the seller (man from whom he
bought), as hostilities no longer exist, and full arrangements
to restore all spoils have been made between Your Majesty and
other (adjacent) countries. This your Majesty considered as
best for the comfort of all.

I, your bteeks brother, am pleased with anything that Your Majesty proposes, because our two countries and peoples are one and the same. And by your safe existence they will Insha 'Allah remain in peace and tranquility for all time.

As to the question of camel losses, I, your brother, have been enforcing this Code (Arafa law) since a long time:

So that when the owner comes with or without a letter, gives evidence as to his nationality and proves his ownership, the camels claimed are restored to him, without further references.

The holder is then told to go and search for the seller (man from whom he bought).

In my letter dated 9th Rajab 1354 (7.10.35) forwarded with your servent Ghazi al-Hafta, I informed Your Majesty about the said servant's camel, that when the latter recognized it with al Sharika, and the latter proved his having purchased it from Al Hatrash, who could not produce the sealer, I took the camel from him and restored it to your servant: Hatrash is still searching for the seller.

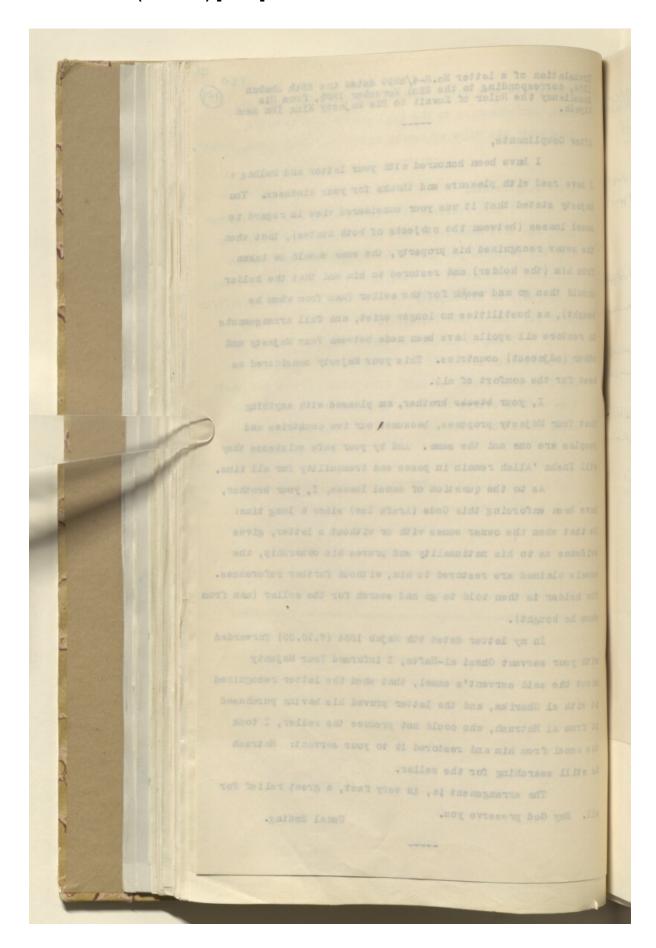
The arrangement is, in very fact, a great relief for all. May God preserve you.

Usual Ending.

المرجع: IOR/R/15/5/112 حق النشر: المُلكية العامة

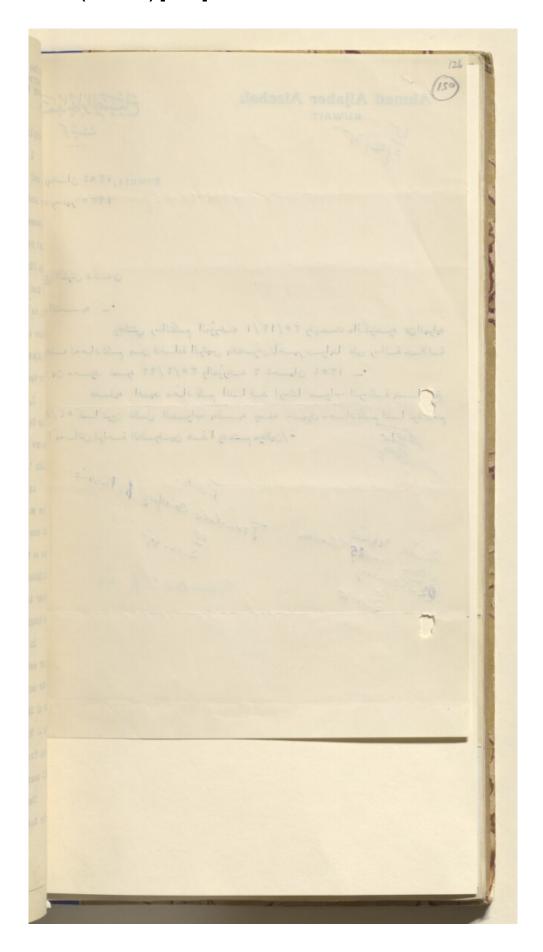


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٩ ١ظ] (٢٦٠/١٥)



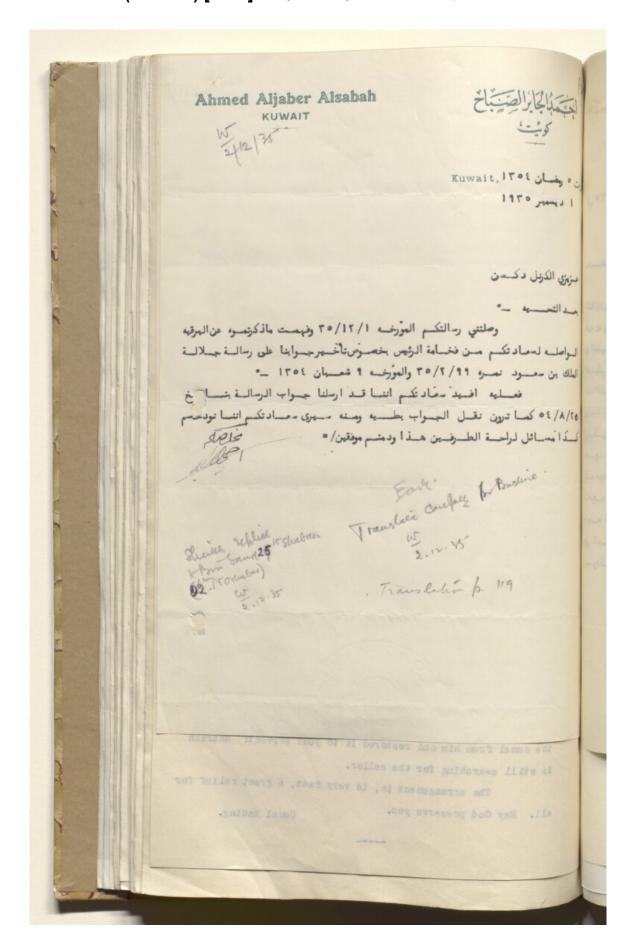


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠٠] (٢٦٨/٥١٥)



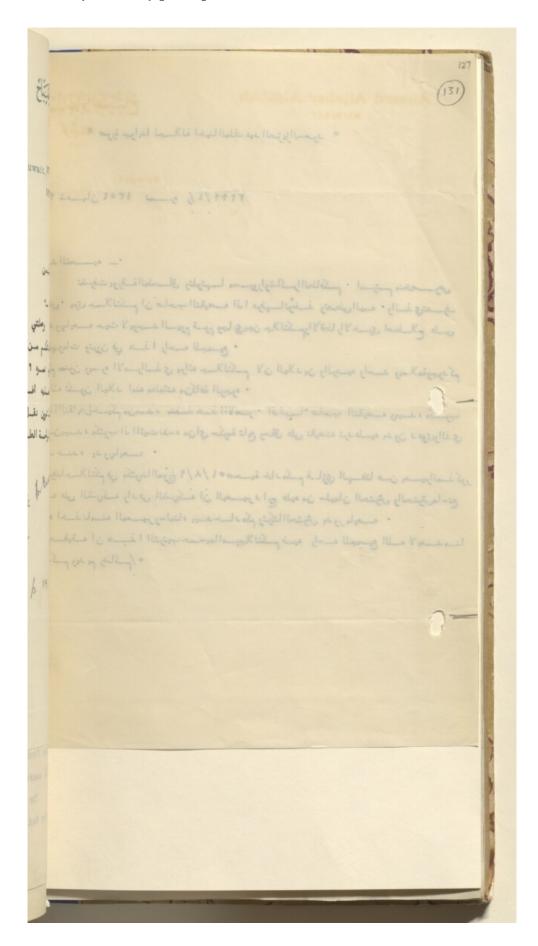


" ١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠ ظ] (٢٦٩/ ٥١)



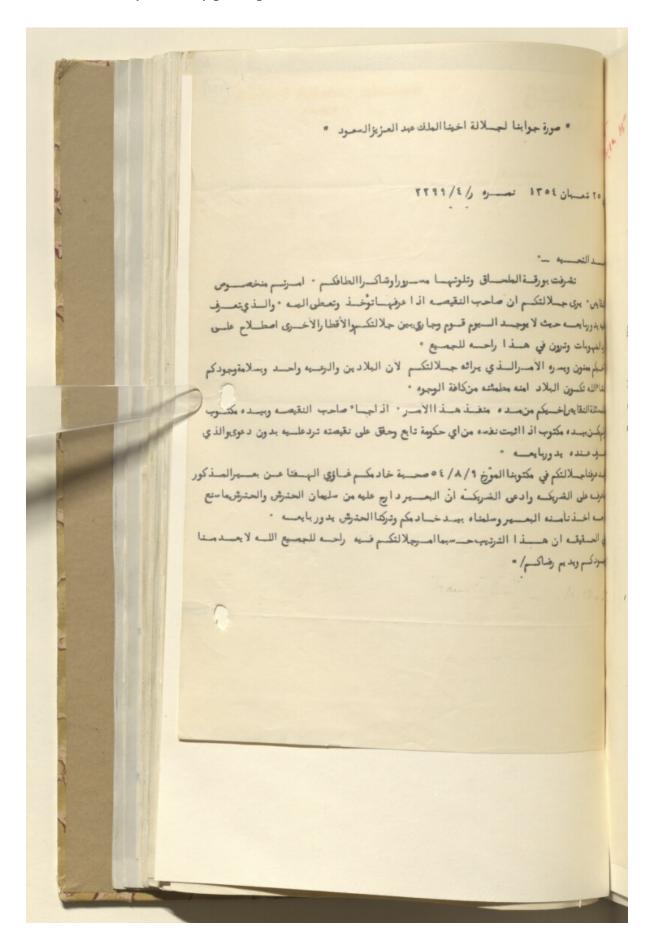


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣١ او] (٧٢٠/١٥)



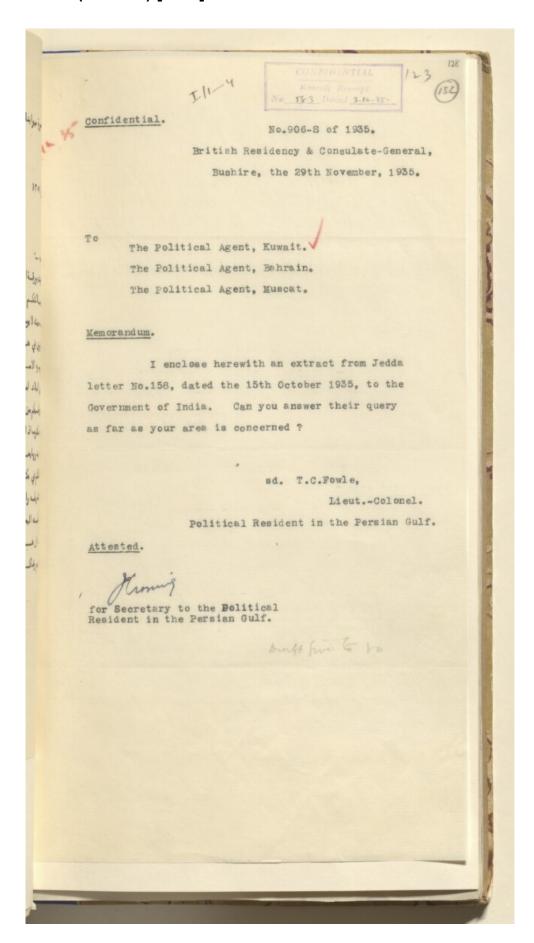


" ١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣١ ظ] (٢٧١ (٥١ /١٠٥)



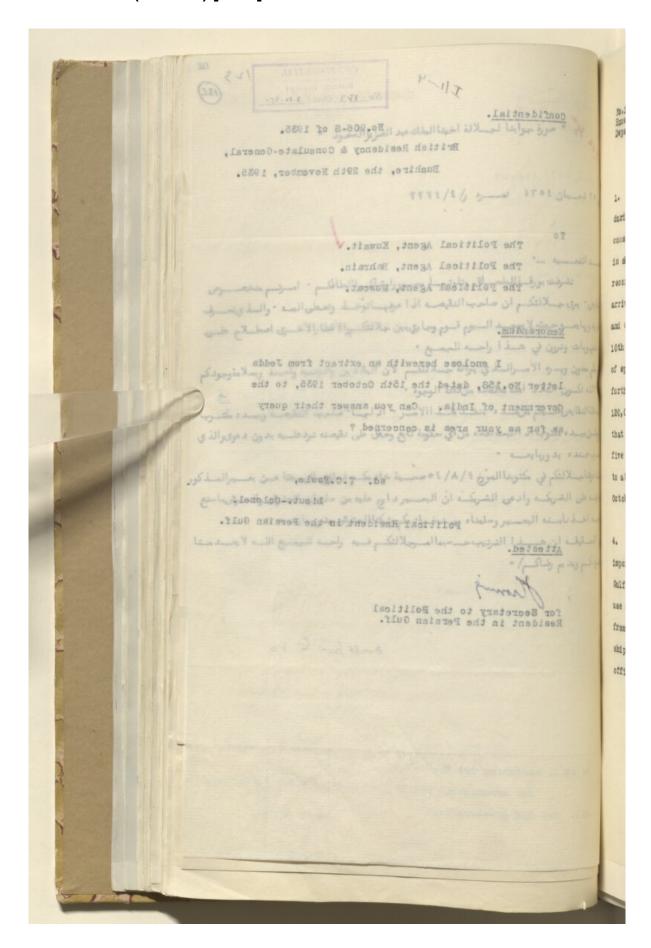


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٢] و] (٢٧٢/٥٠)





" ١/١ المجلد الا العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦ ظ] (٣٧٠/٠١٥)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: archive/81055/vdc 100042317213.0x00004a/العربية/http://www.gdl.ga/العربية

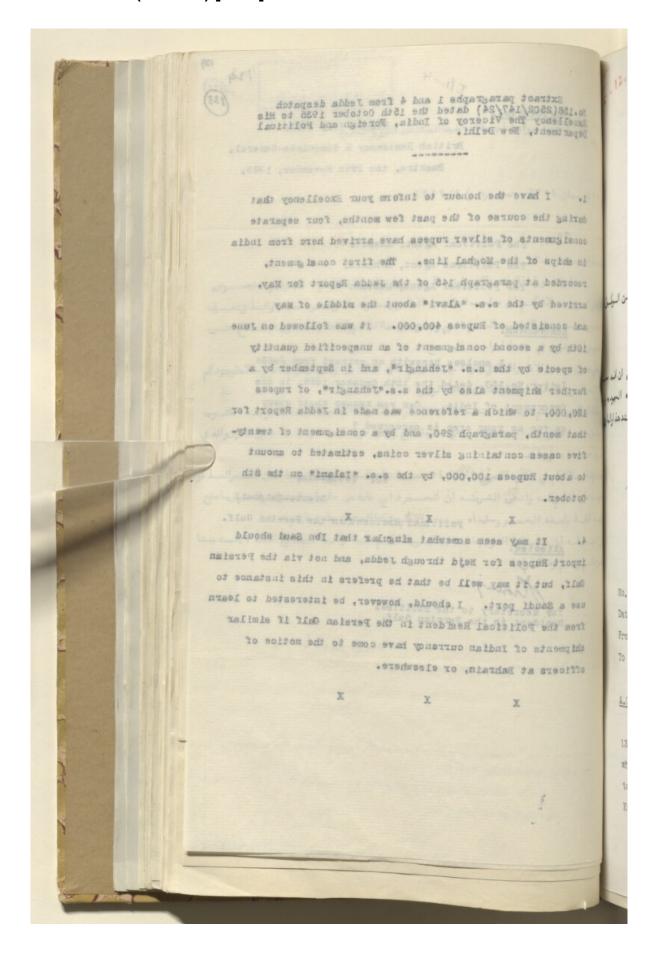


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣ او] (١٠/٢٧٤)

124 Extract paragraphs 1 and 4 from Jedda despatch No.158(2502/147/24) dated the 15th October 1935 to His Excellency The Viceroy of India, Foreign and Political Department, New Delhi. I have the honour to inform your Excellency that during the course of the past few months, four separate consignments of silver rupees have arrived here from India in ships of the Moghal Line. The first consignment, recorded at paragraph 145 of the Jedda Report for May, arrived by the s. s. "Alavi" about the middle of may and consisted of Rupees 400,000. It was followed on June 10th by a second consignment of an unspecified quantity of specie by the s.s. "Jehangir", and in September by a further shipment also by the s.s. "Jehangir", of rupees 120,000, to which a reference was made in Jedda Report for that month, paragraph 290, and by a consignment of twentyfive cases containing silver coins, estimated to amount to about Rupees 100,000, by the s.s. "Islami" on the 8th October. X It may seem somewhat singular that Ibn Saud should import Rupees for Nejd through Jedda, and not via the Persian Gulf, but it may well be that he prefers in this instance to use a Saudi port. I should, however, be interested to learn from the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf if similar shipments of Indian currency have come to the notice of officers at Bahrain, or elsewhere. X

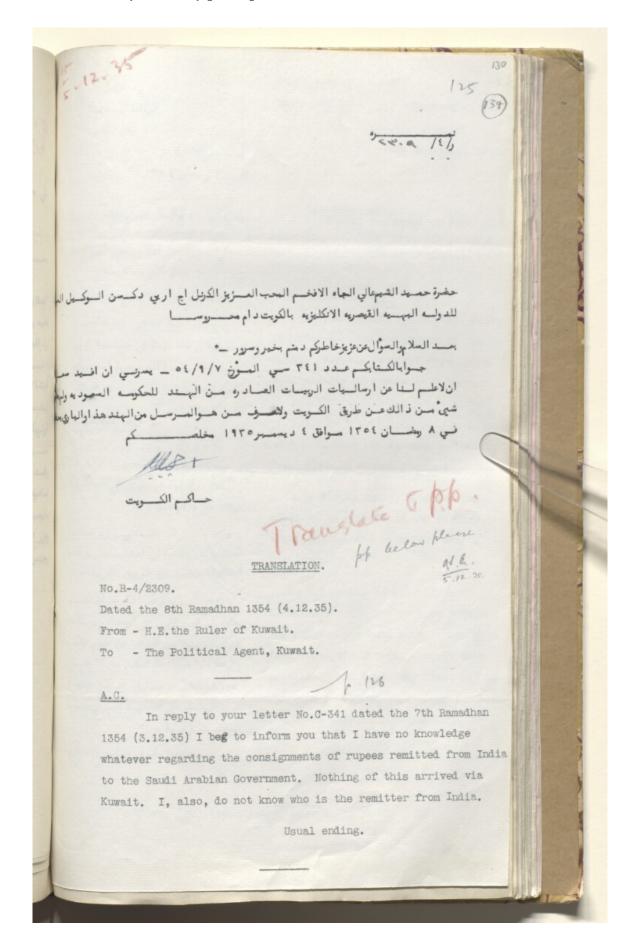


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣ اظ] (١٠/٢٧٥)



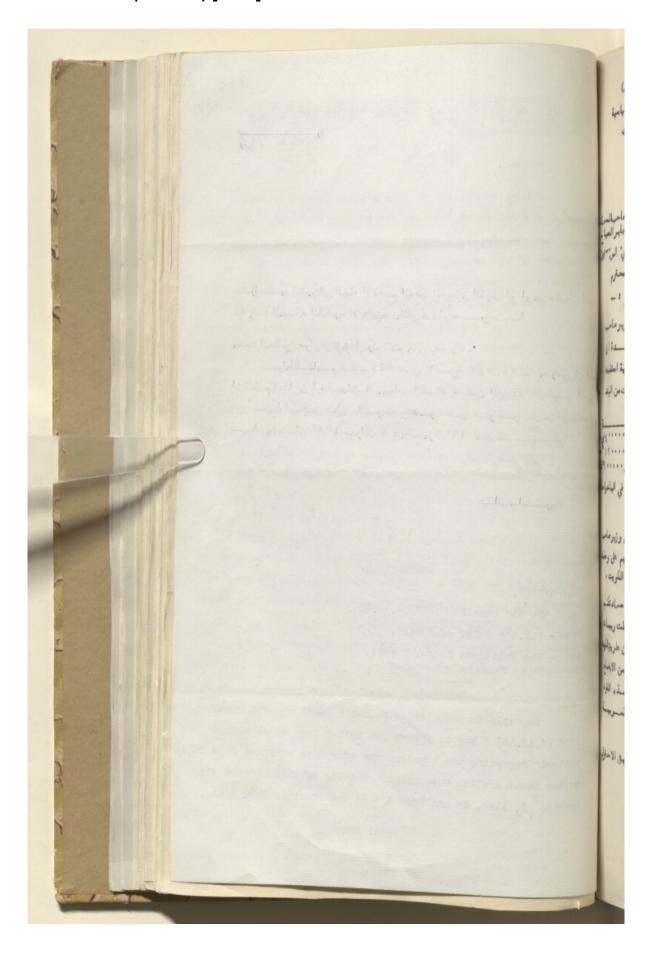


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٣٤و] (٢٧٦/٥١٥)



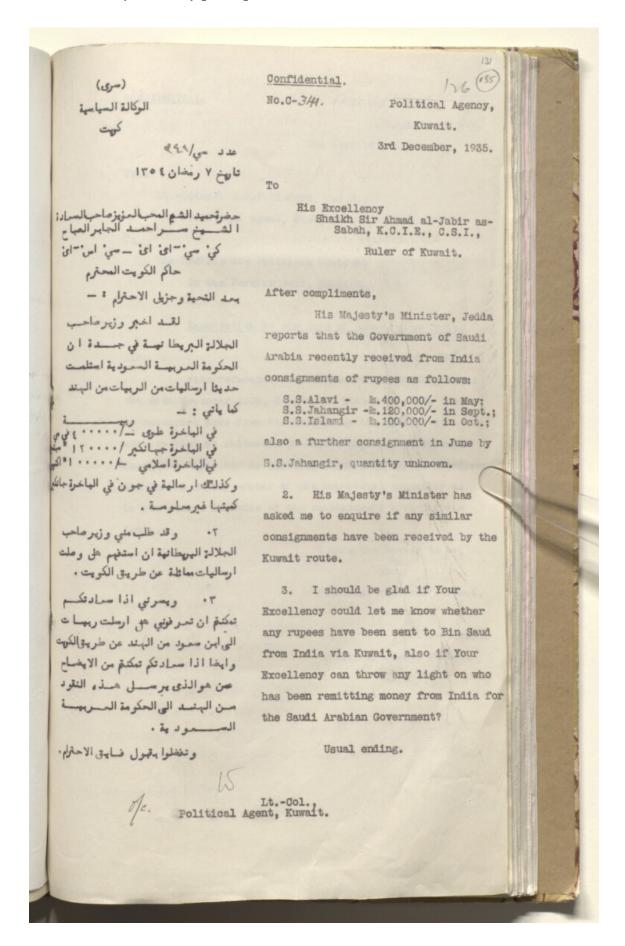


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤ ظ] (٧٧٧/٥١٥)





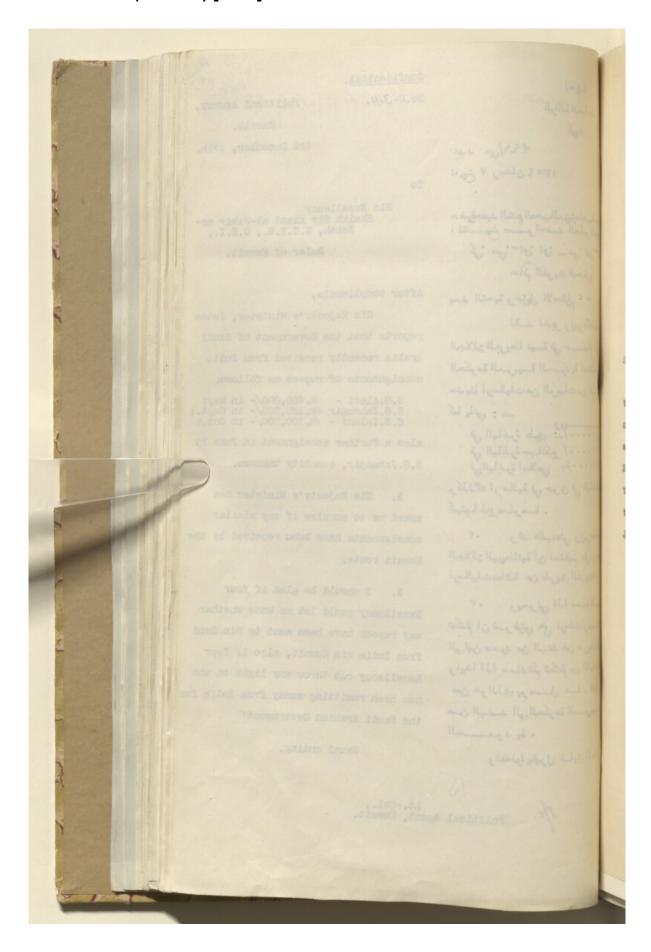
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٣٠و] (٨٧٢/٥٠٥)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: archive/81055/vdc 100042317213.0x00004f/لعربية/archive/81055/vdc

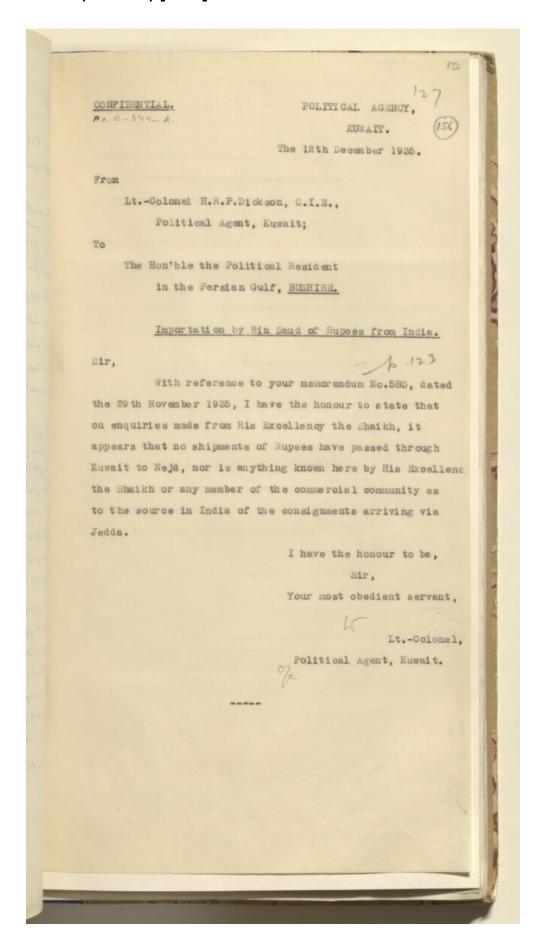


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٣٠ظ] (٢٧٩/٥١٥)



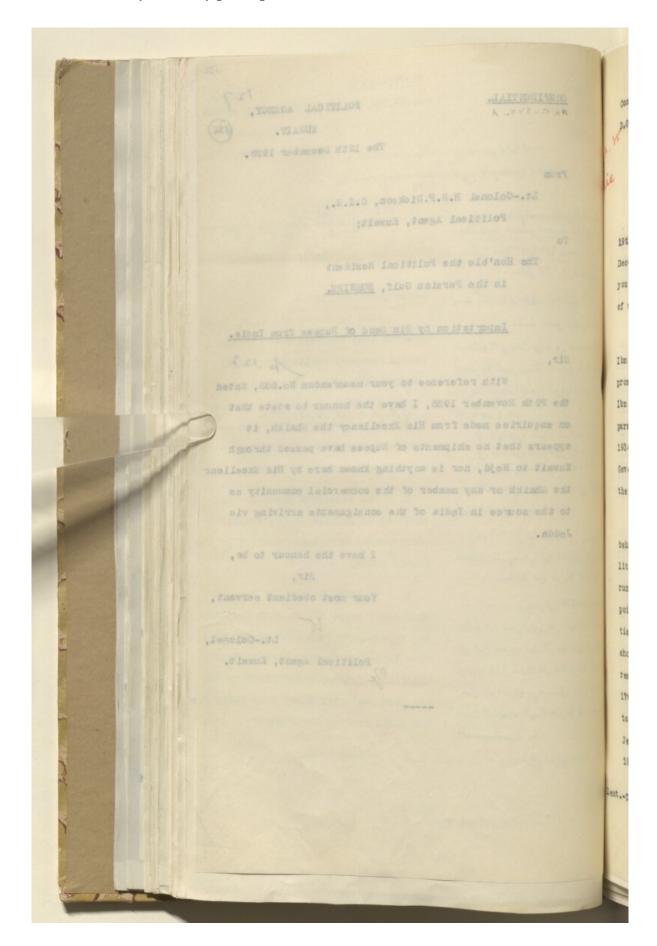


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦] و١٠/٢٨٠)



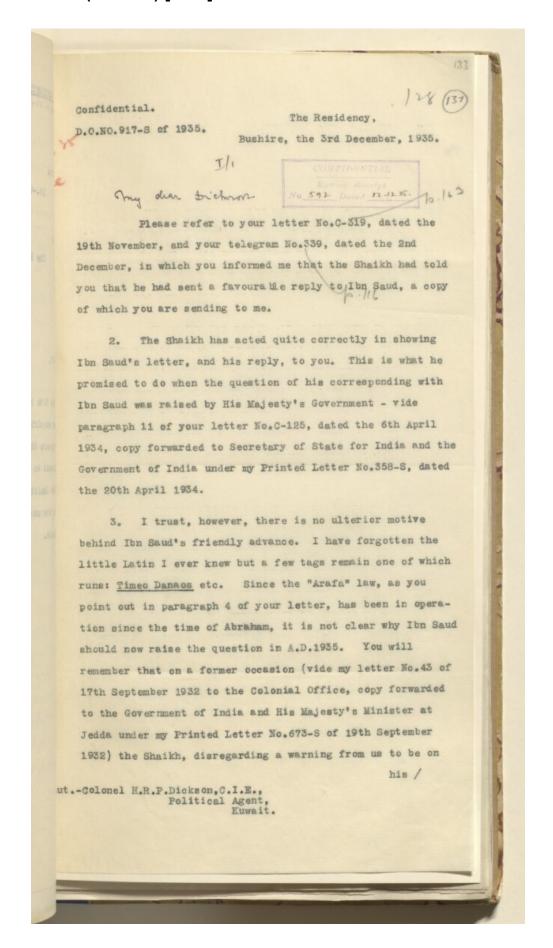


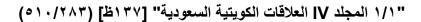
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦ ظ] (١٠/٢٨١)



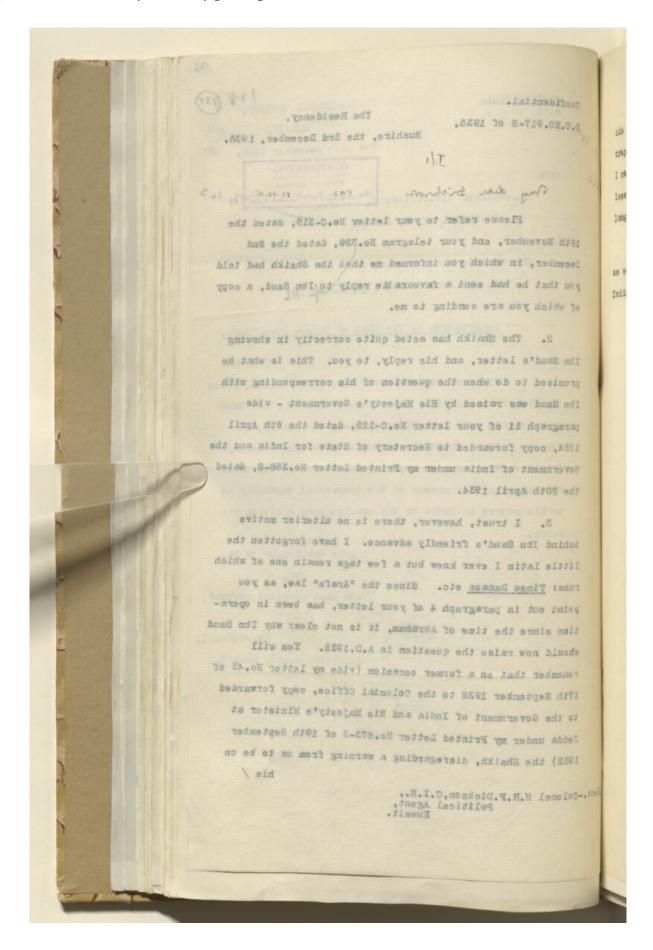


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٧] و] (١٠/٢٨٢)



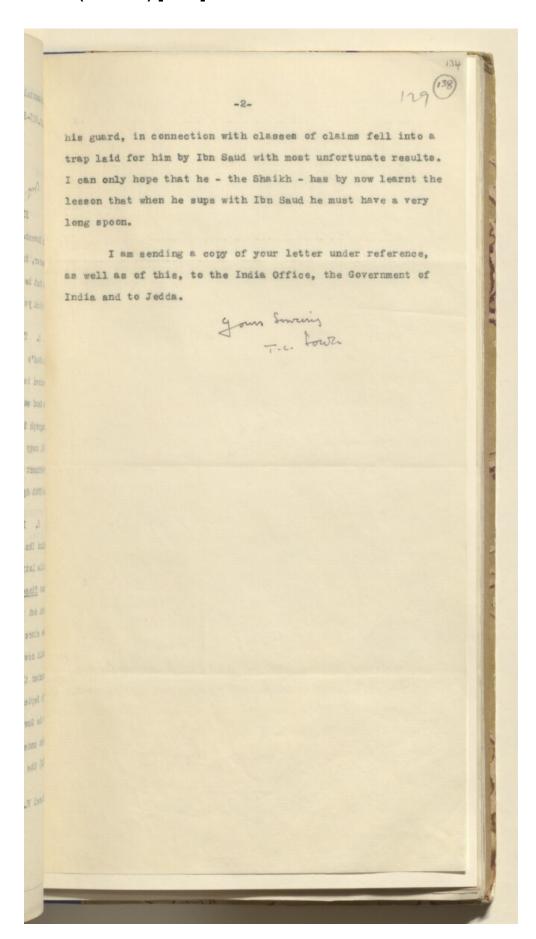






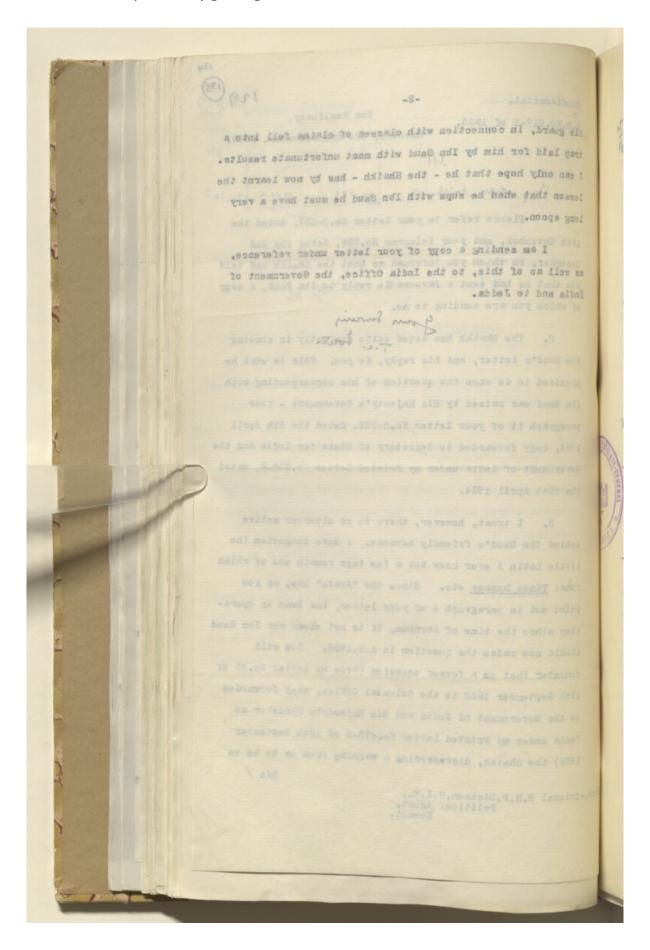


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٨ او] (١٠/٢٨٤)



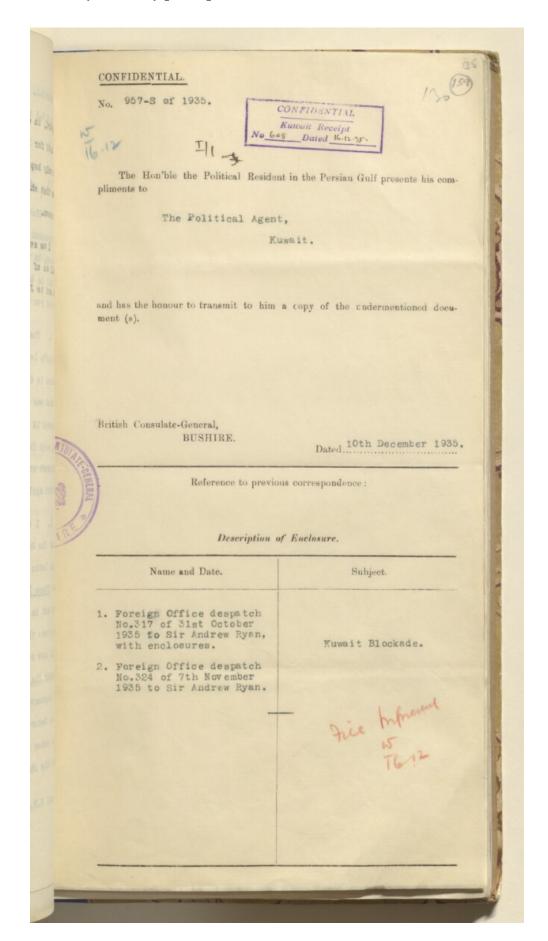


"١/١ المجلد V العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٣٨ظ] (١٠/٢٨٥)



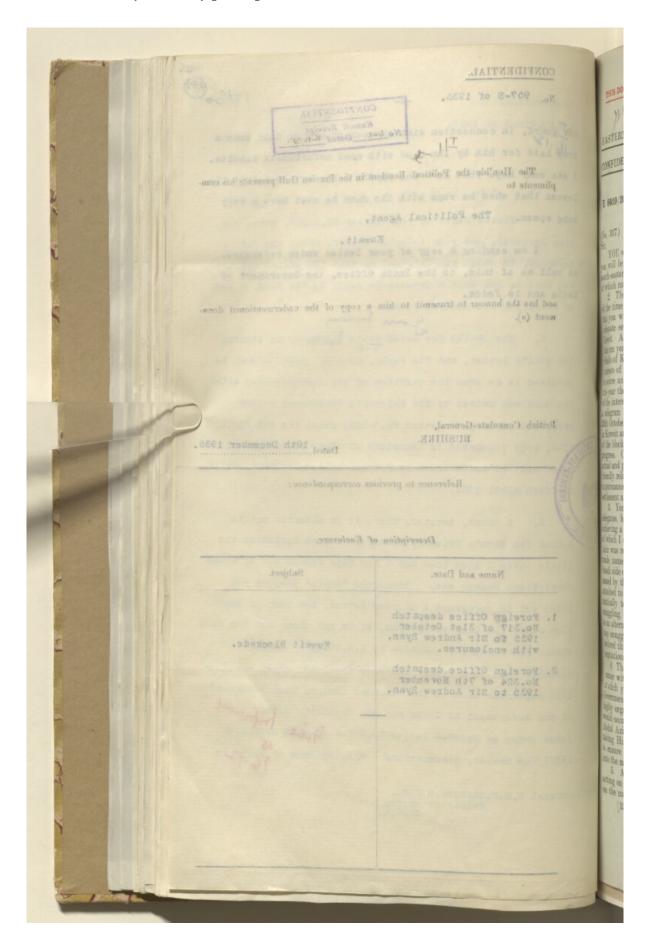


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٩ او] (١٠/٢٨٦)



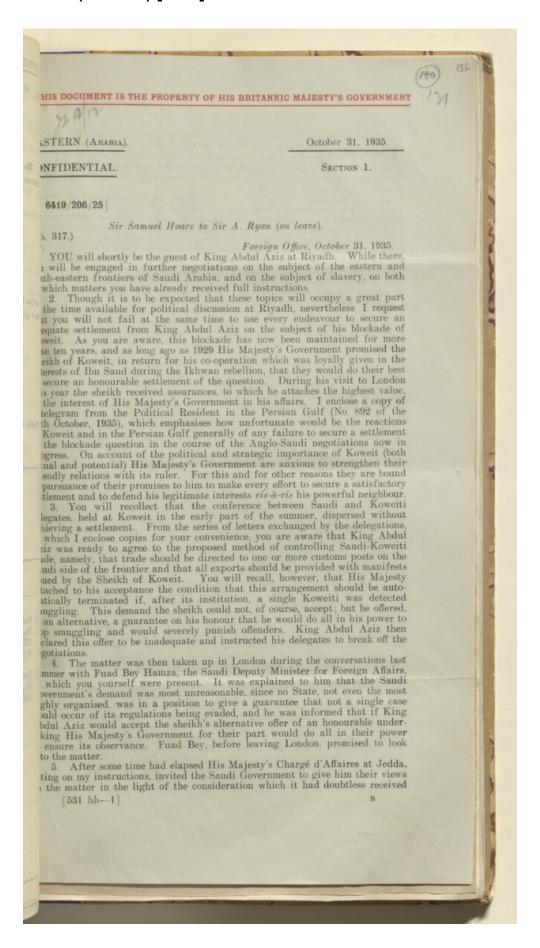


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٩ اظ] (١٠/٢٨٧)



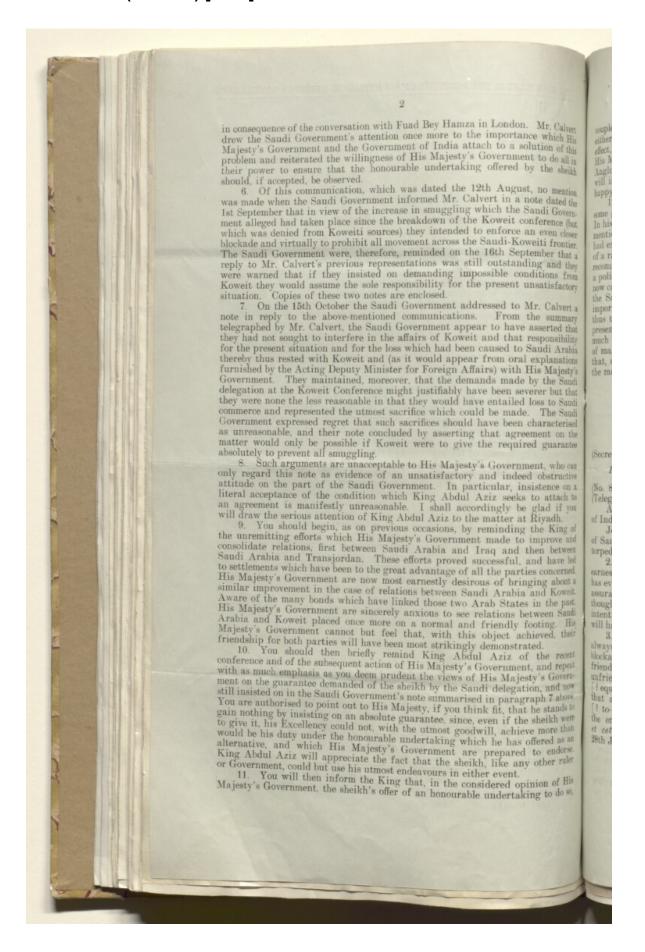


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٠١ و] (٨٨/ ١٠٥)



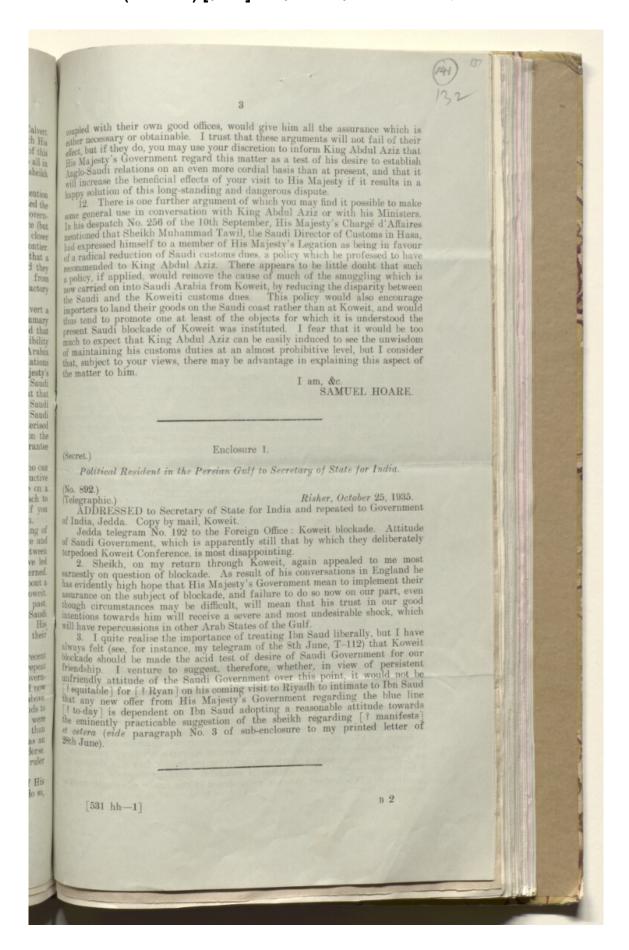


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٤١ ظ] (٢٨٩/٥١٥)



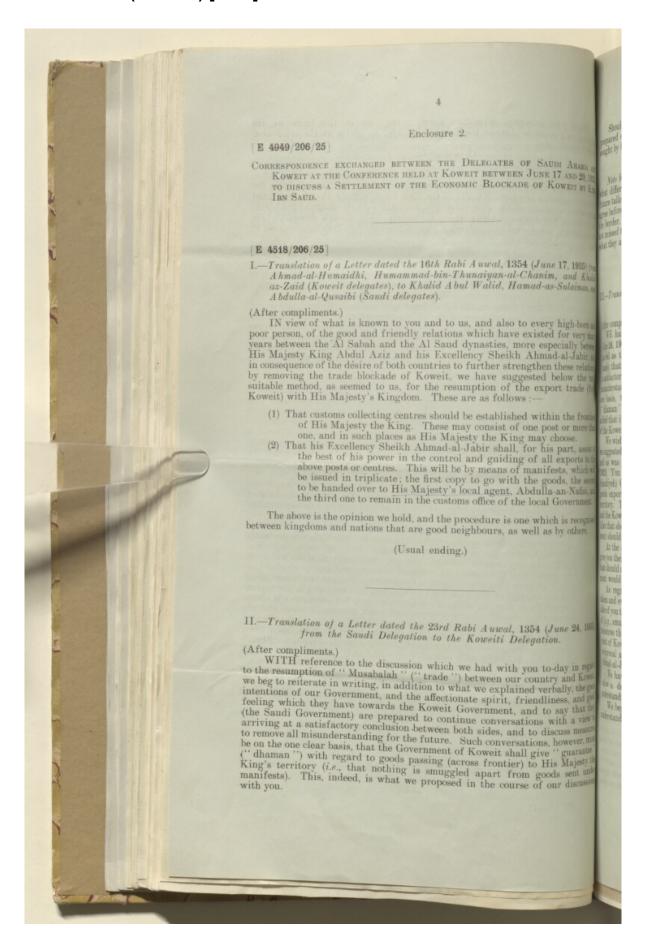


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١١١ و] (٢٩٠/٥١)



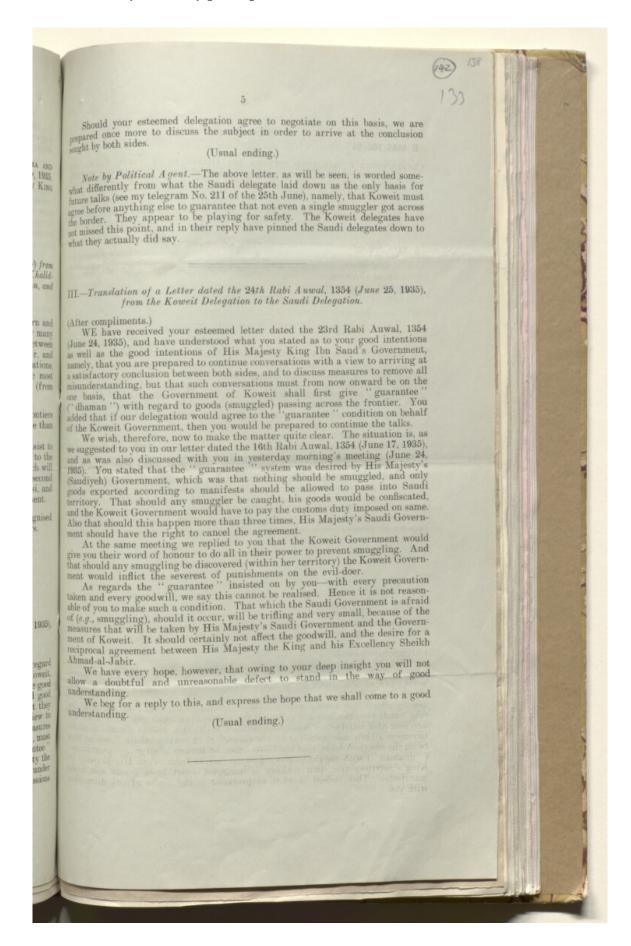


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٤١ظ] (٢٩١/٥١٥)



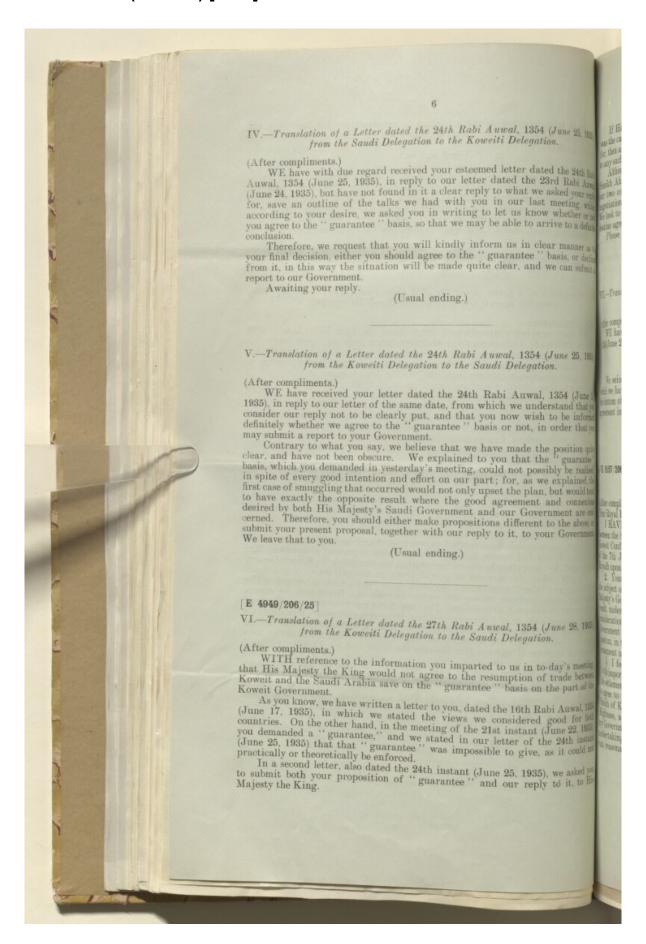


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١ او] (٢٩٢/٥١)



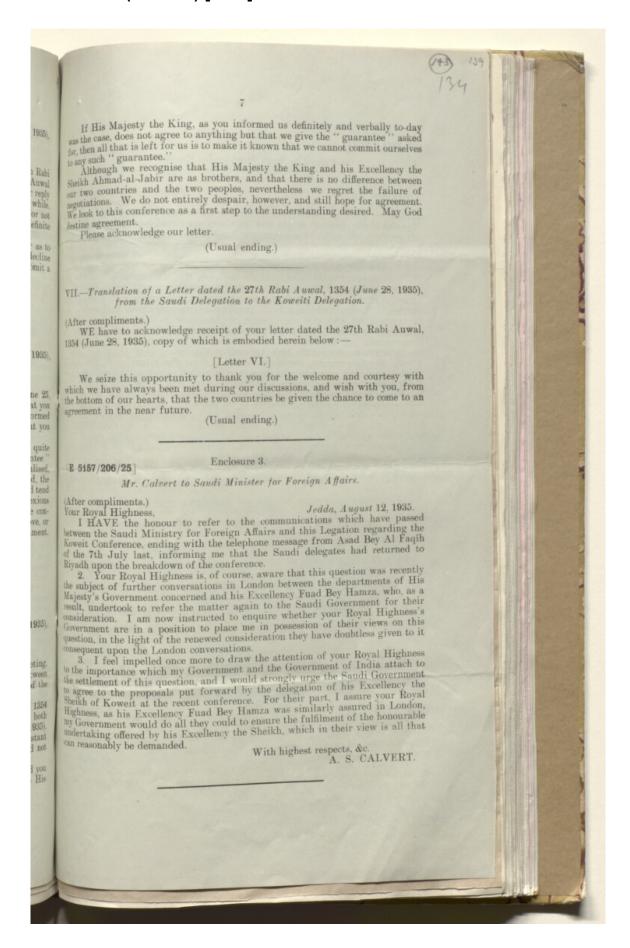


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١ ظ] (٣٩٠/١٥)



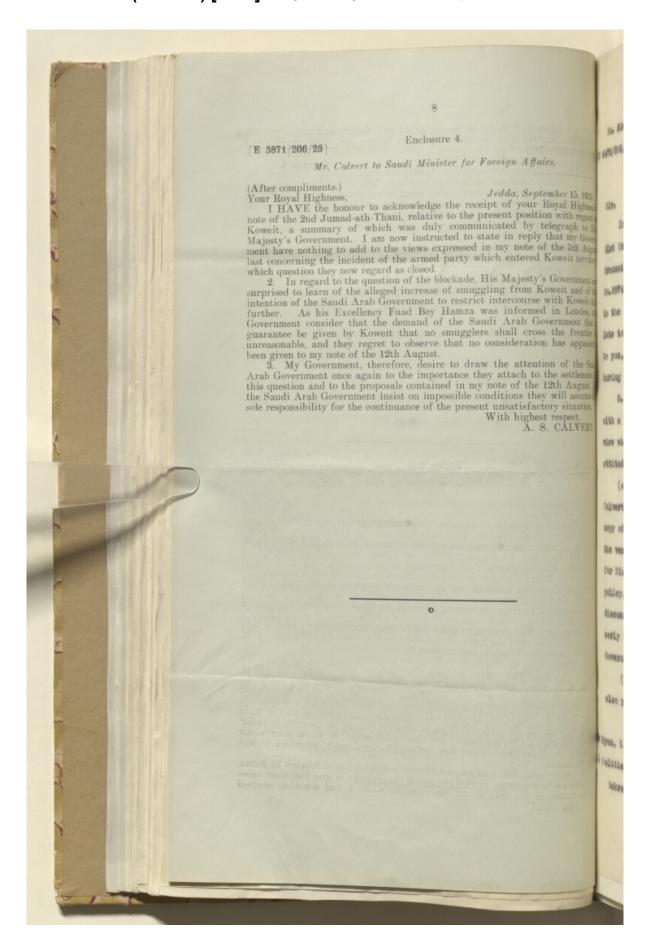


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣١ او] (٢٩٤/٥١٠)



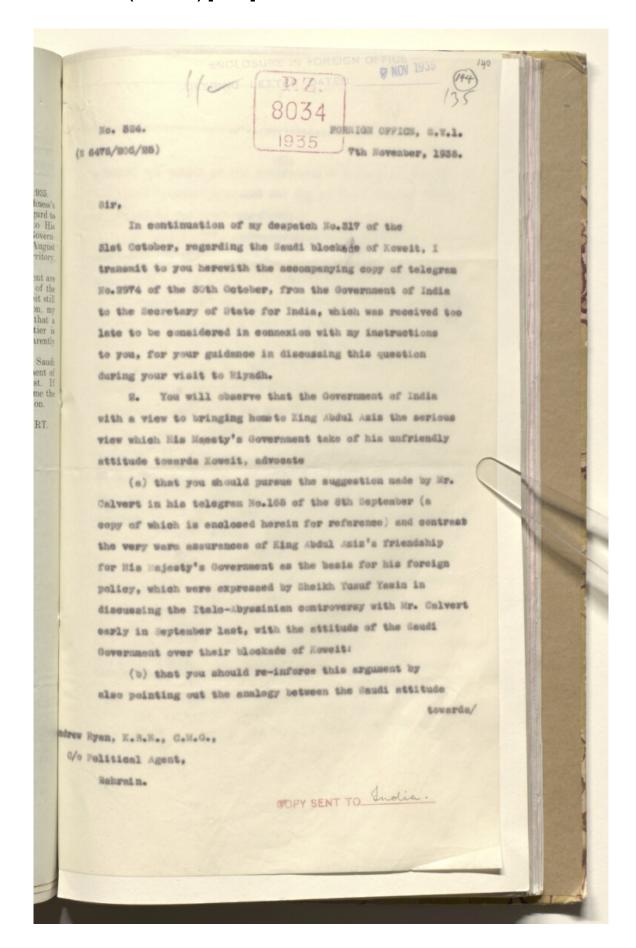


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣١ ظ] (٢٩٥/ ٥١)



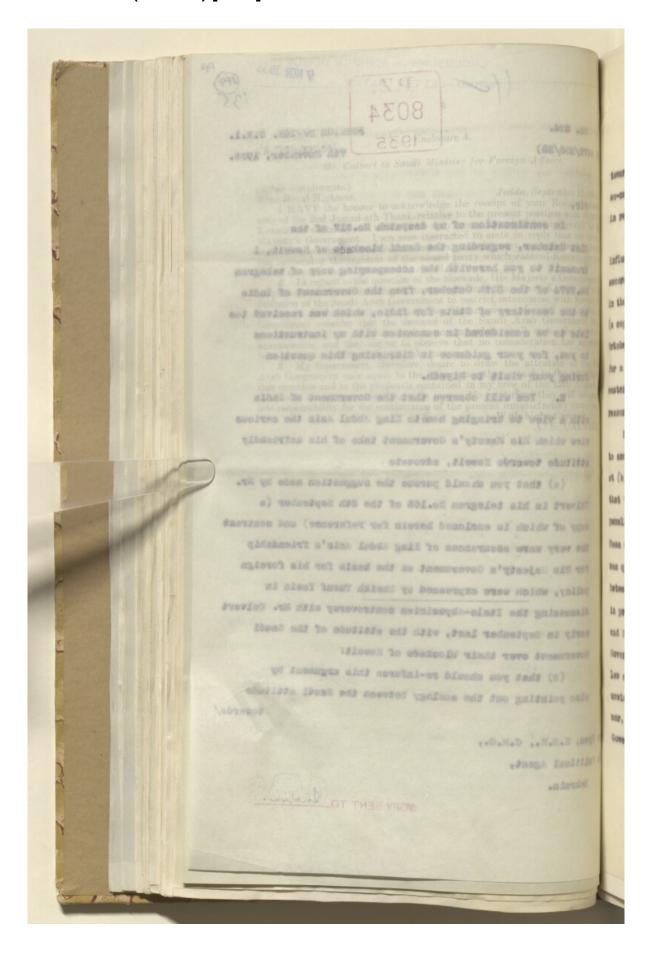


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٤ او] (٢٩٦/٥١٥)



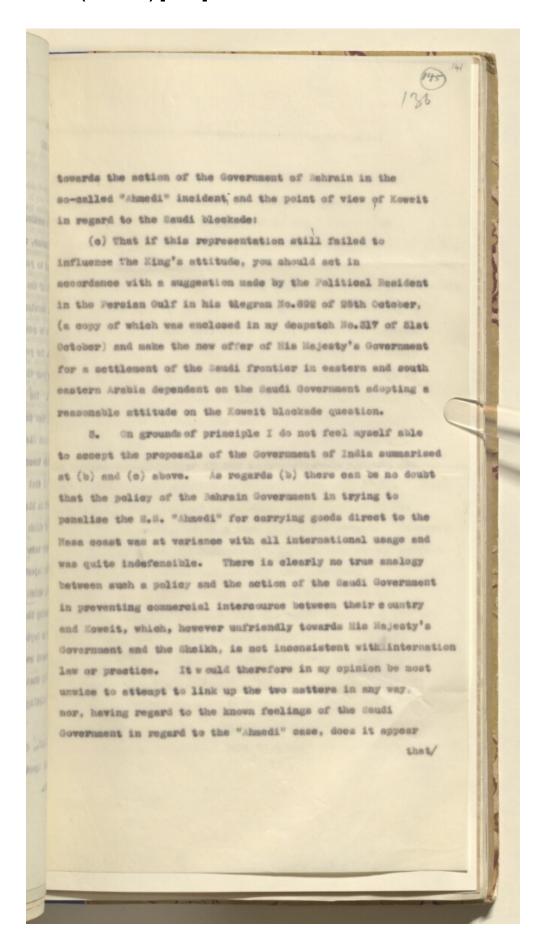


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٤١ظ] (٢٩٧/٥١٥)



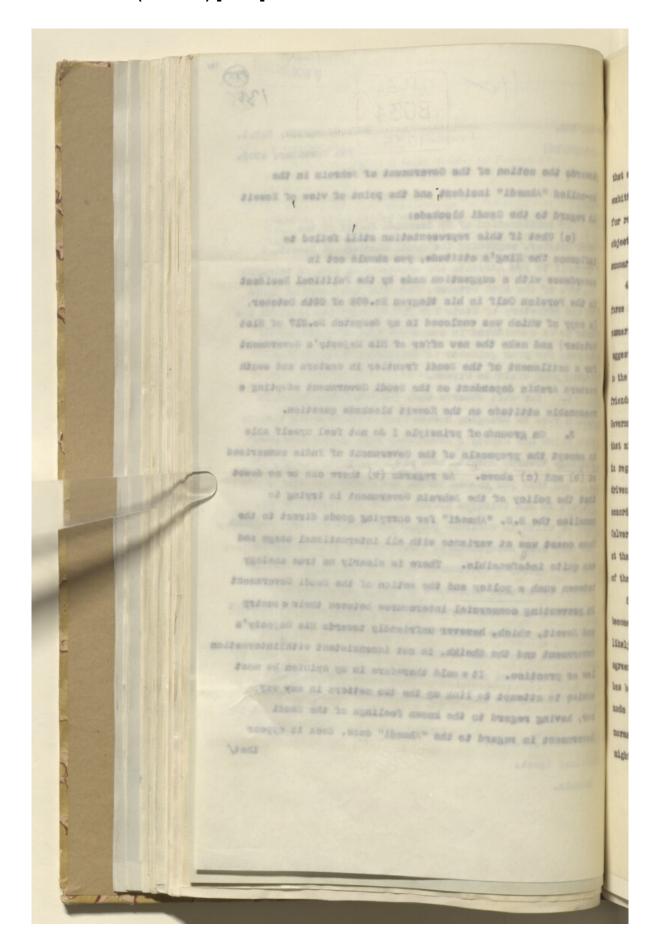


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١ ١و] (٢٩٨/٥١٥)



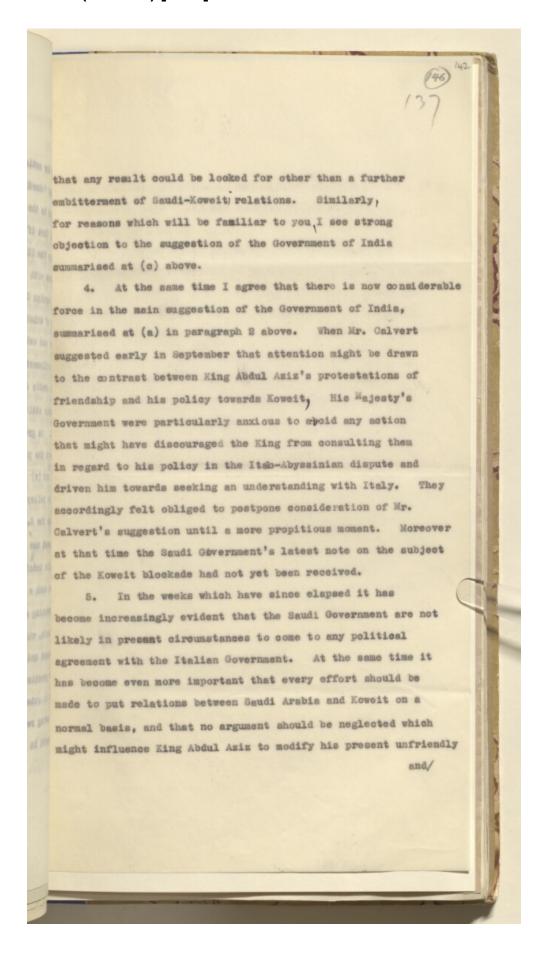


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١ ظ] (٢٩٩/ ٥١)



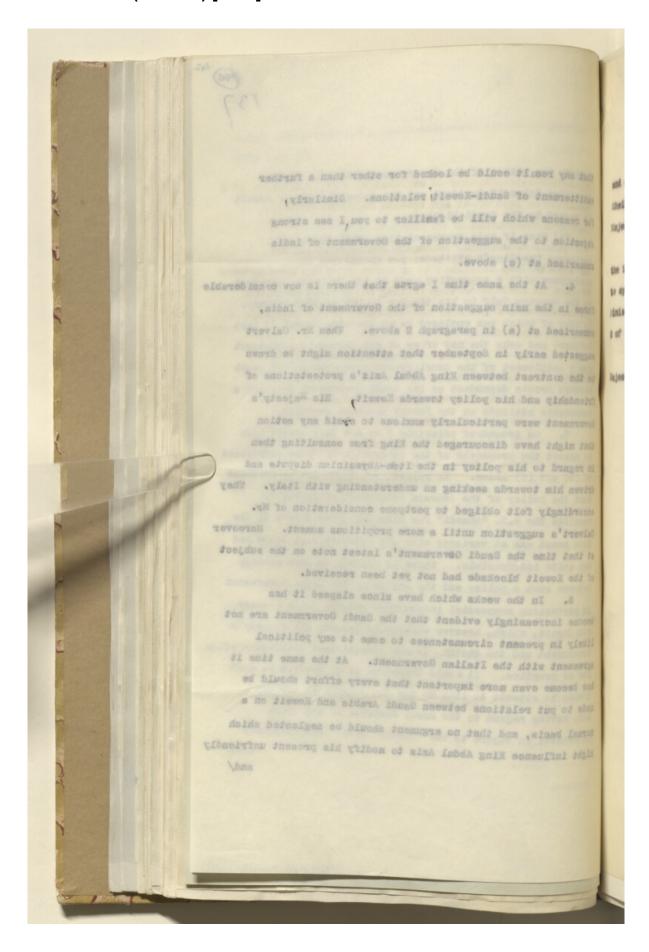


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١ او] (٣٠٠/٥)



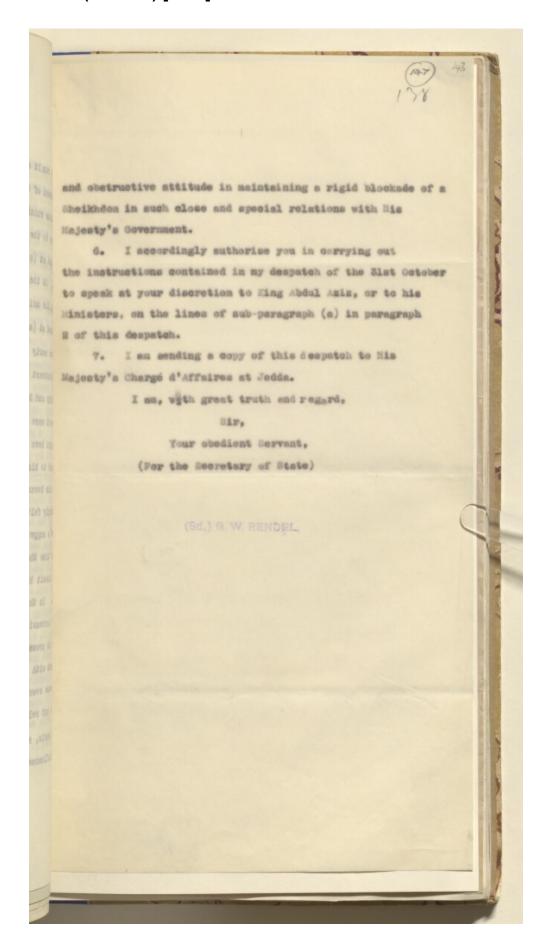


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١ ظ] (٣٠١)



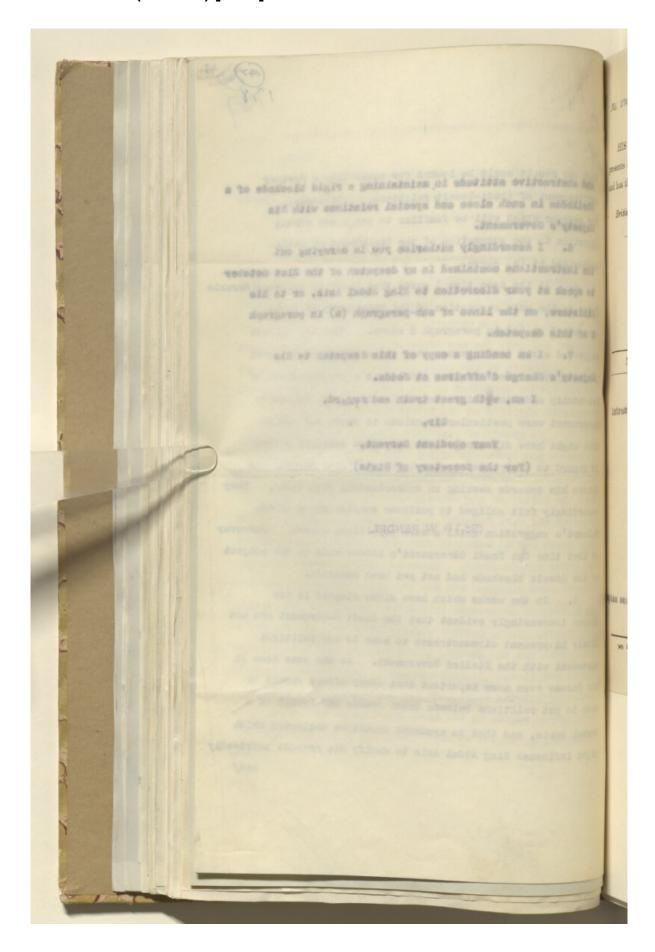


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٧ او] (١٠/٣٠٢)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٤ ١ظ] (٣٠٣/٥٠)



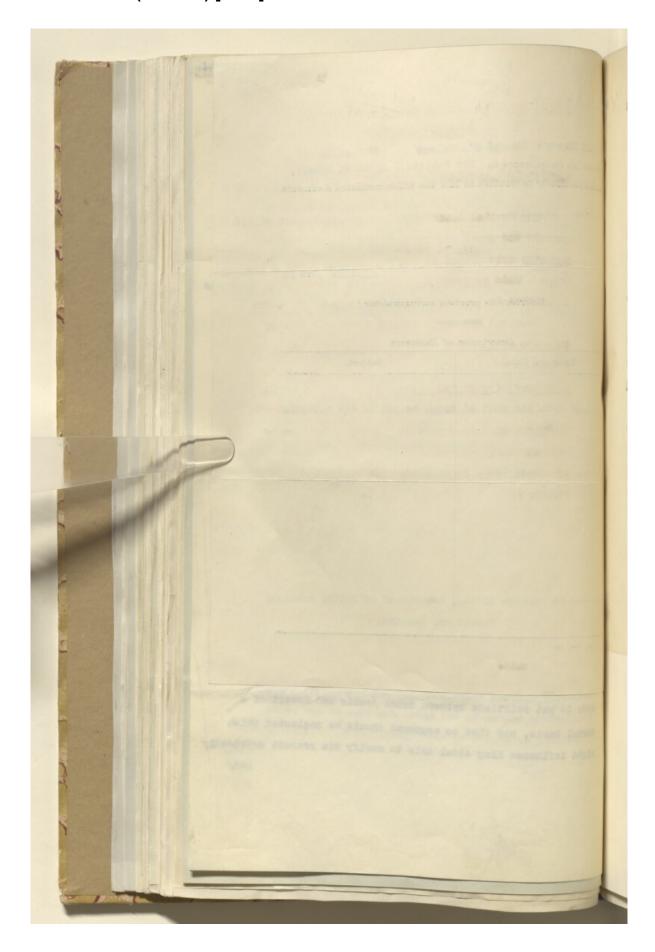


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٤١ و] (١٠/٣٠٤)

No. 2747/229/18.	2.1. ro.614 139
71	16.12.375
HIS Majesty's Charge d'A	ffaires at Jodda
	e Political Agent at Kuwait,
	him the under-mentioned documents.
BritishJegotiong	
A SAIGNE	
	11.11., 198.5.
Reference to pres	vious correspondence :
0110	
	n of Enclosure.
Name and Date.	Subject.
Prom the sant of	
Extrade area one sait at	Hejas No.181 of the 5.11.35.
	to File
	the
copies sent to Poreign Office	g Government of India, Bushire,
Kuwait	and Bahraine
3479 8213 (2)	

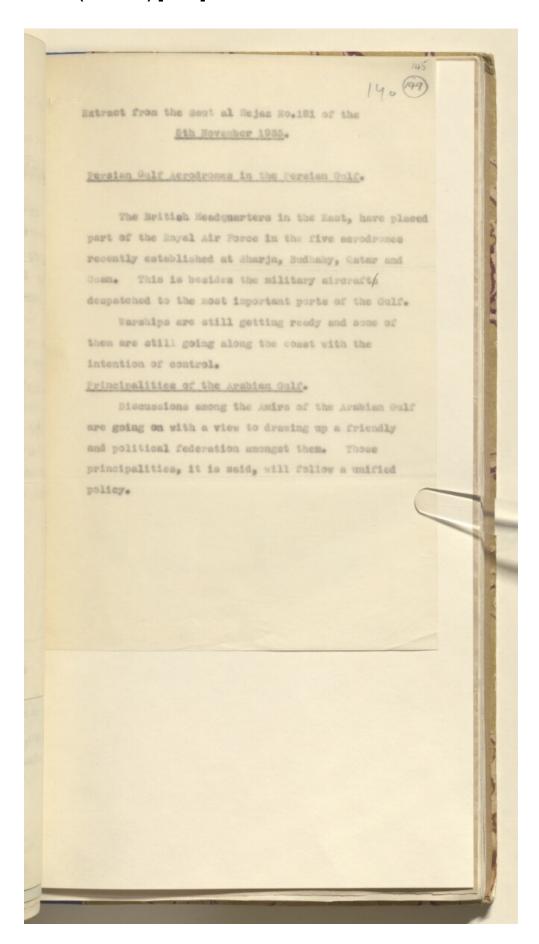


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٤١ظ] (٥١٠/٣٠٥)



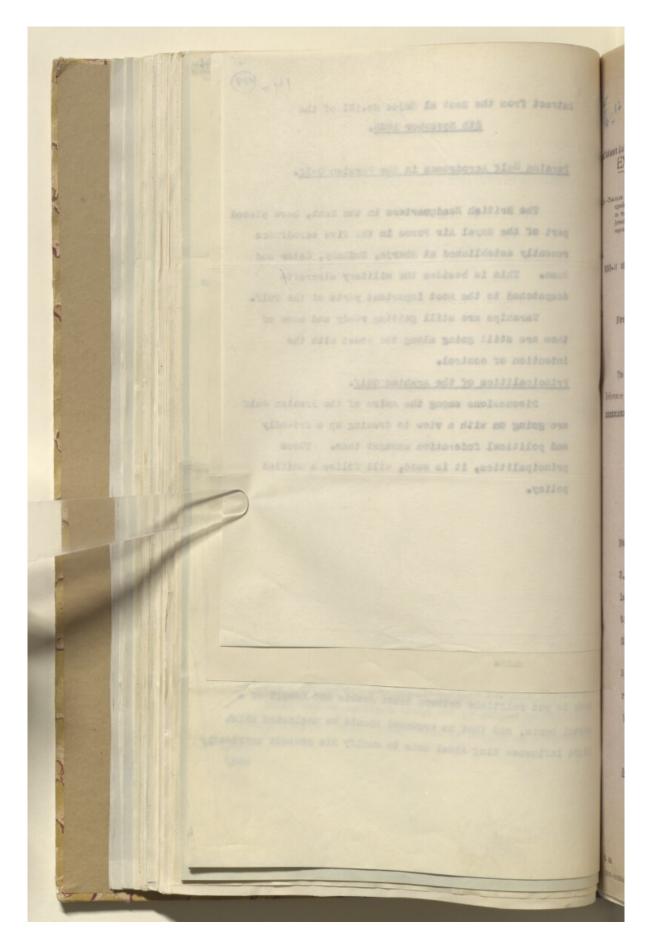


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩١ ١و] (١٠/٣٠٦)



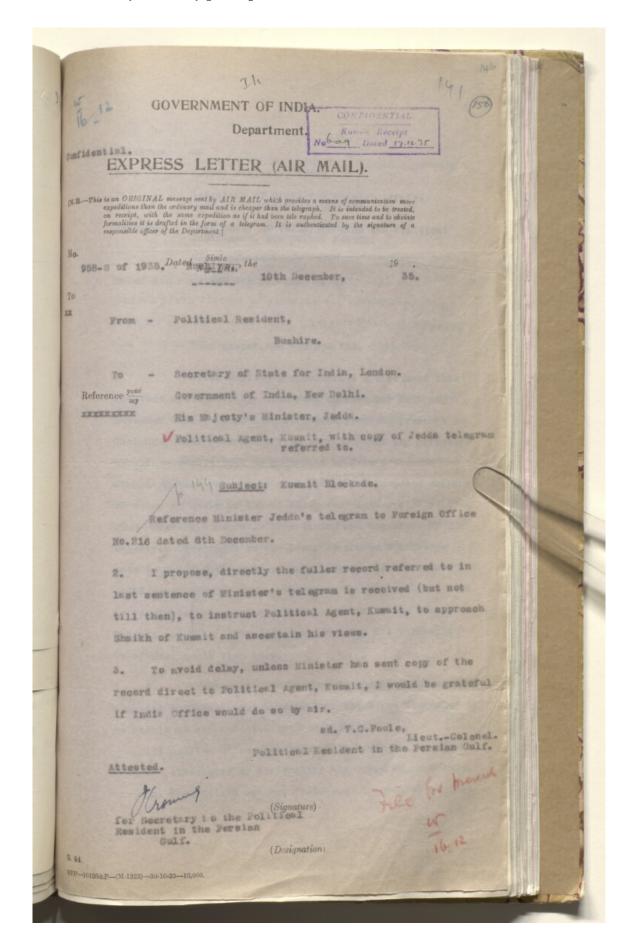


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩١٠ظ] (١٠/٣٠٧)



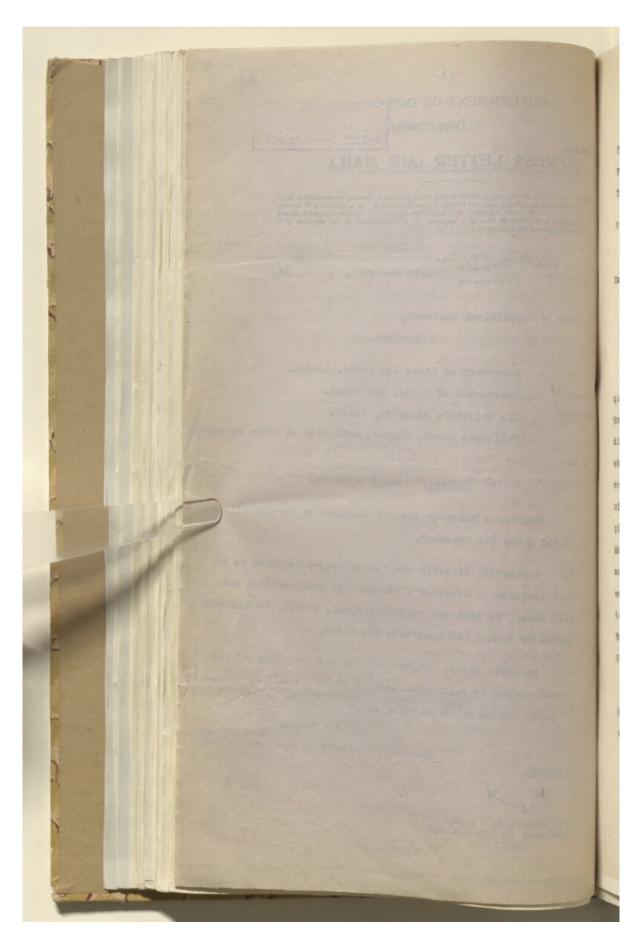


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠] (١٠/٣٠٨)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣٠٩] (١٠/٣٠٩)



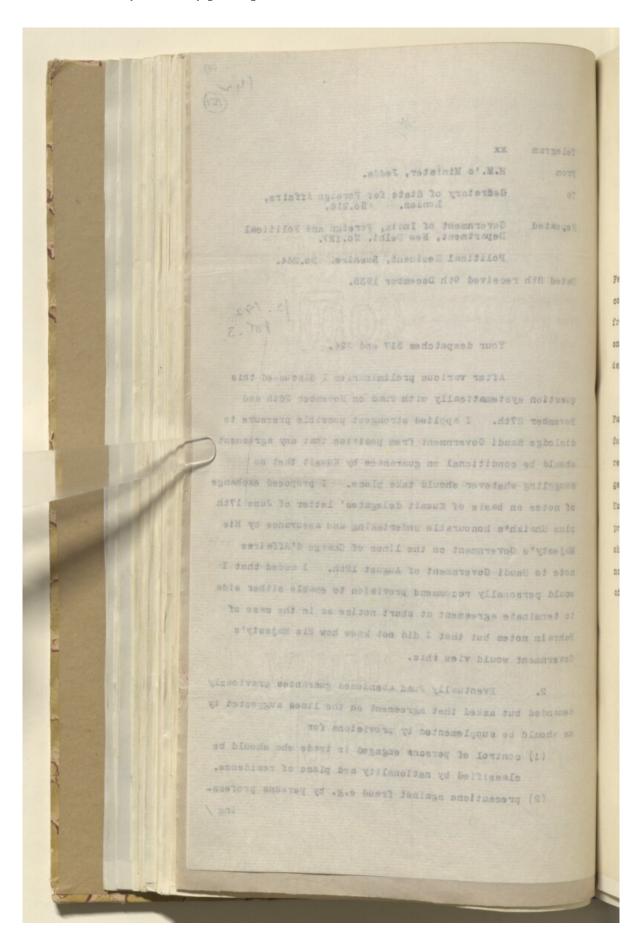


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠ و] (١٠/٣١٠)

Telegram XX H.M. 's Minister, Jedda. Wr om Segretary of State for Foreign Affairs, London. No.216. London. Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, New Delhi. No. 127. Repeated Political Resident, Bushire. No. 244. Dated 8th received 9th December 1935. Your despatches 317 and 324. After various preliminaries I discussed this question systematically with Fund on November 26th and November 27th. I applied strongest possible pressure to dislodge Saudi Government from position that any agreement should be conditional on guarantee by Kuwait that no smuggling whatever should take place. I proposed exchange of notes on basis of Kuwait delegates' letter of June 17th plus Shaikh's honourable undertaking and assurance by His Majesty's Government on the lines of Charge d'Affaires note to Saudi Government of August 12th. I added that I would personally recommend provision to enable either side to terminate agreement at short notice as in the case of Bahrain notes but that I did not know how His Majesty's Government would view this. Eventually Fuad abandoned guarantee previously demanded but asked that agreement on the lines suggested by me should be supplemented by provisions for (1) control of persons engaged in trade who should be classified by nationality and place of residence, (2) precautions against fraud e.g. by persons professing /

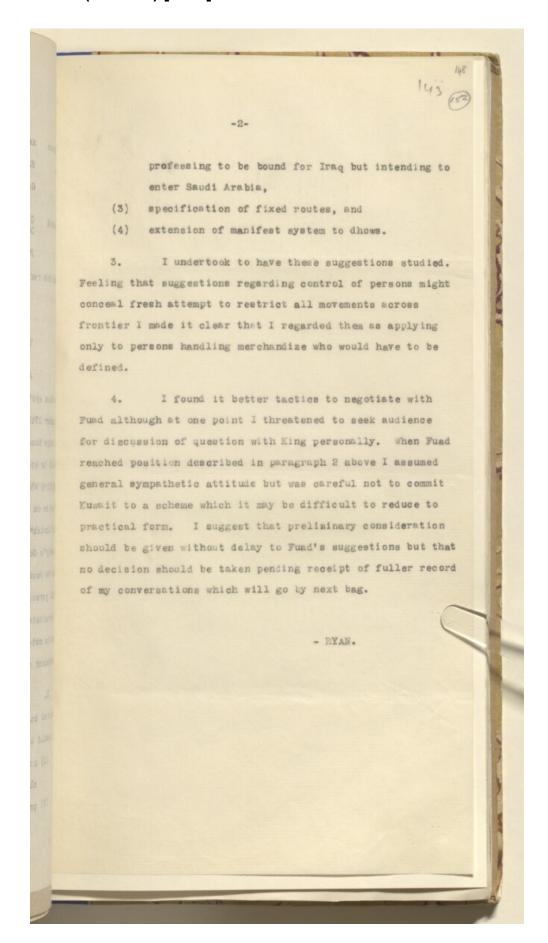


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠ظ] (٣١١)



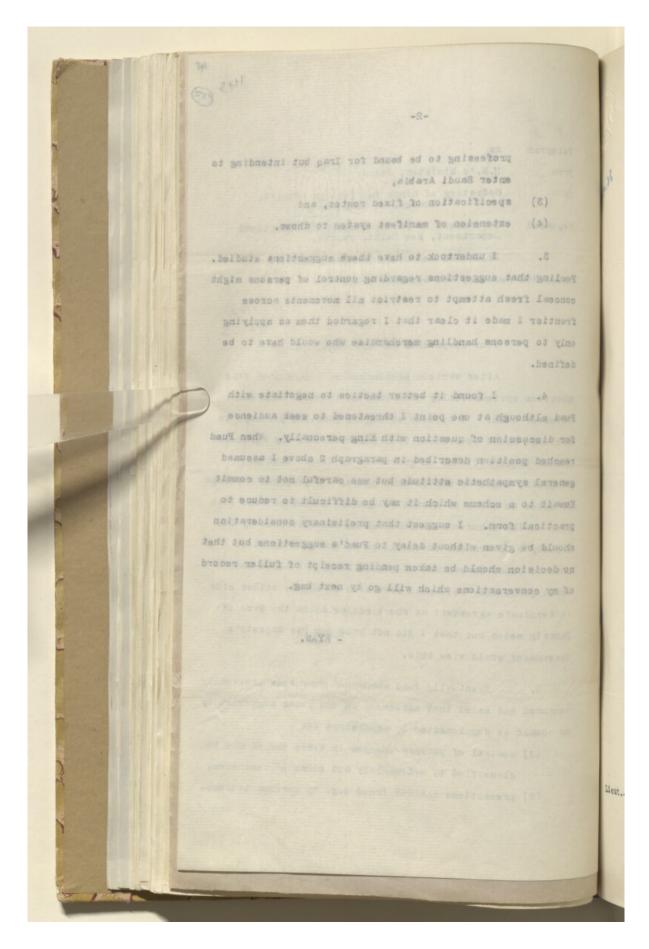


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣١٢]



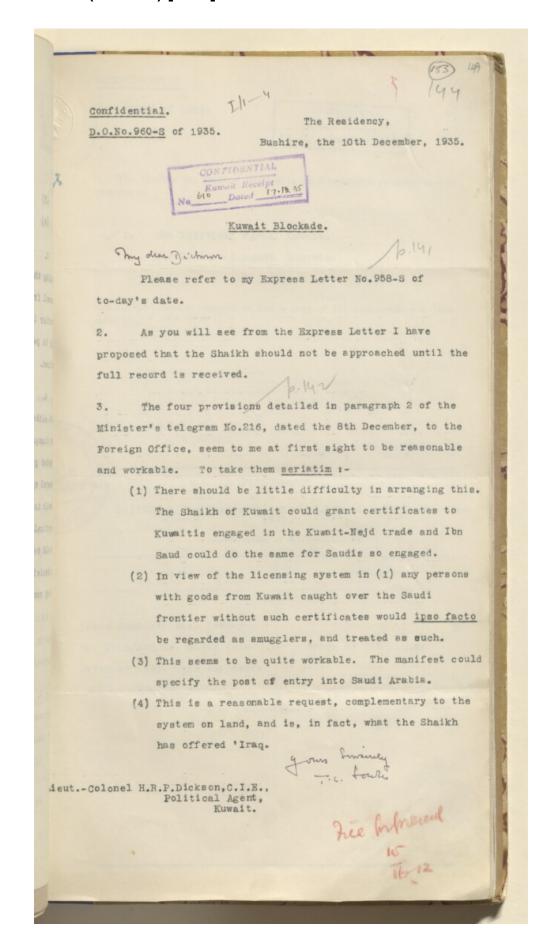


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠ظ] (٣١٣/٥١)



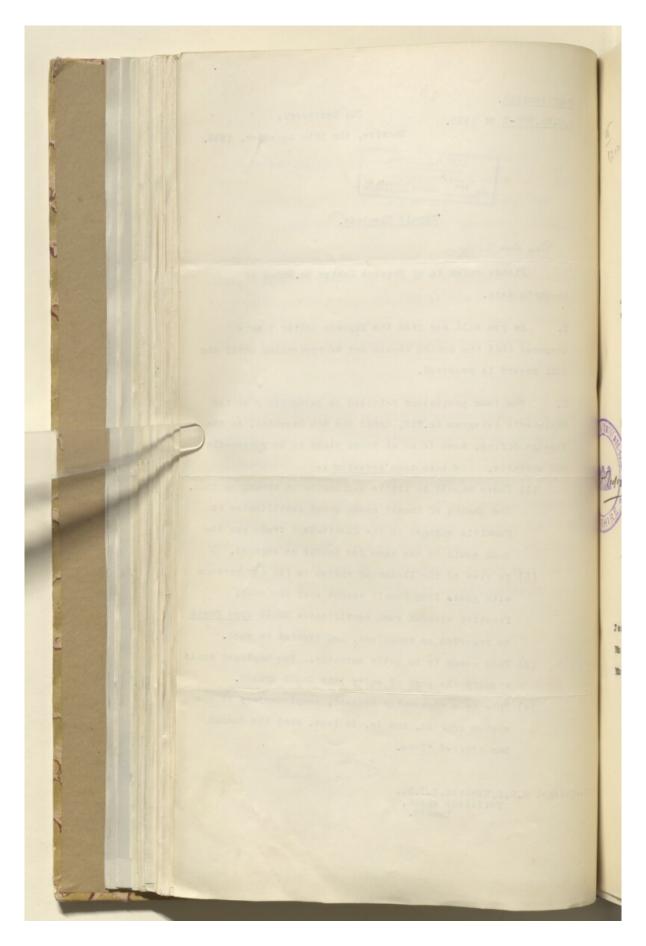


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣١٤] (١٠/٣١٥)



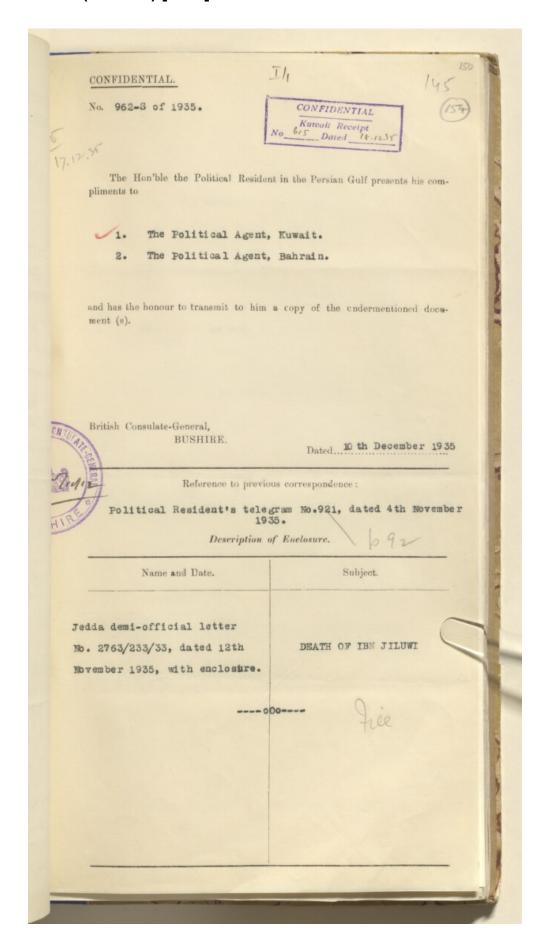


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣١٥] (١٠١٠٥)



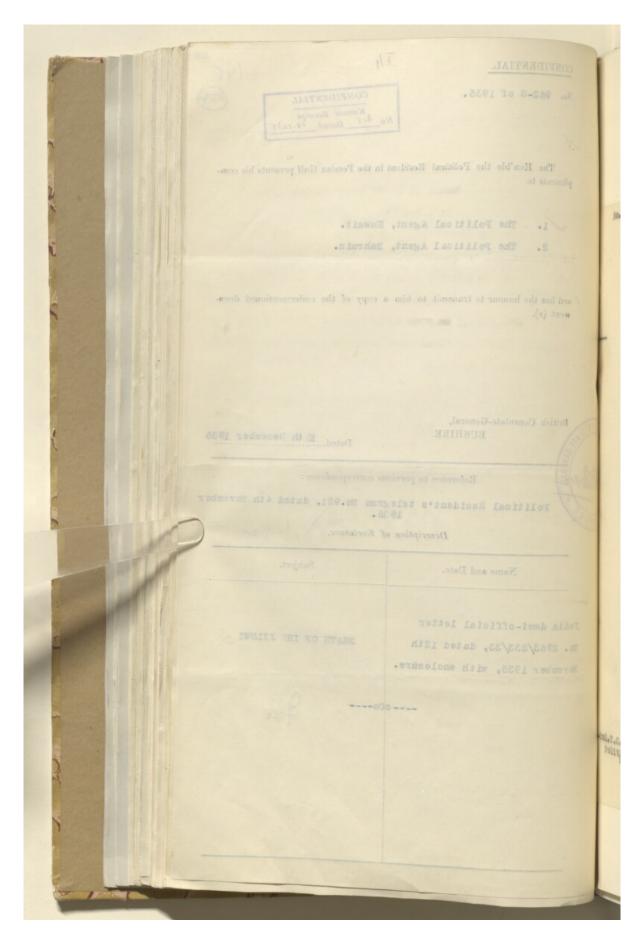


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٥١٠] (١٠/٣١٦)



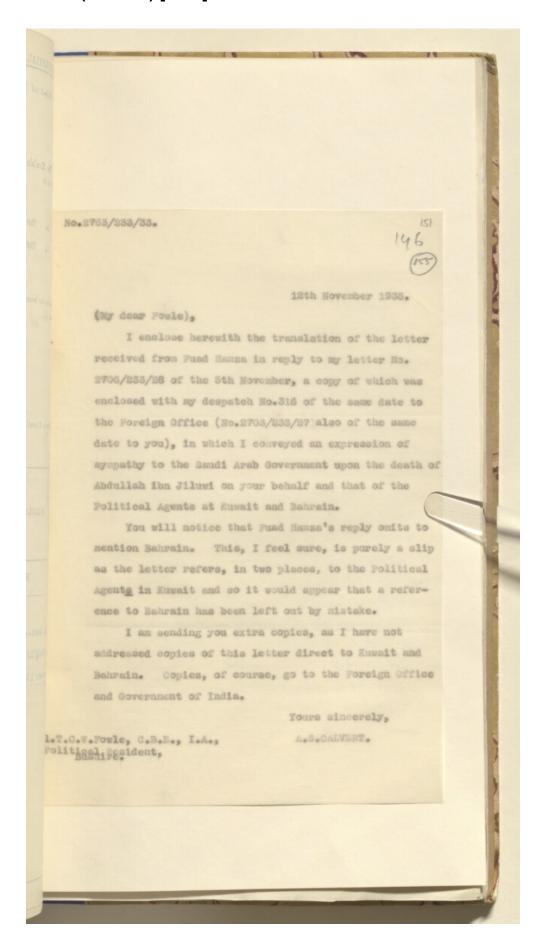


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣١٧)



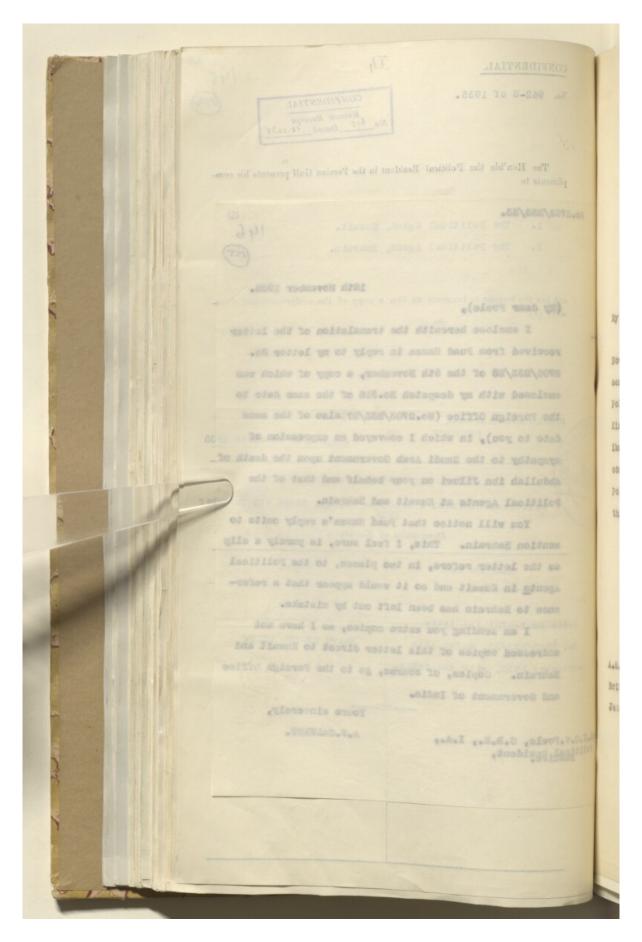


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٥ ١ و] (١٠/٣١٨)



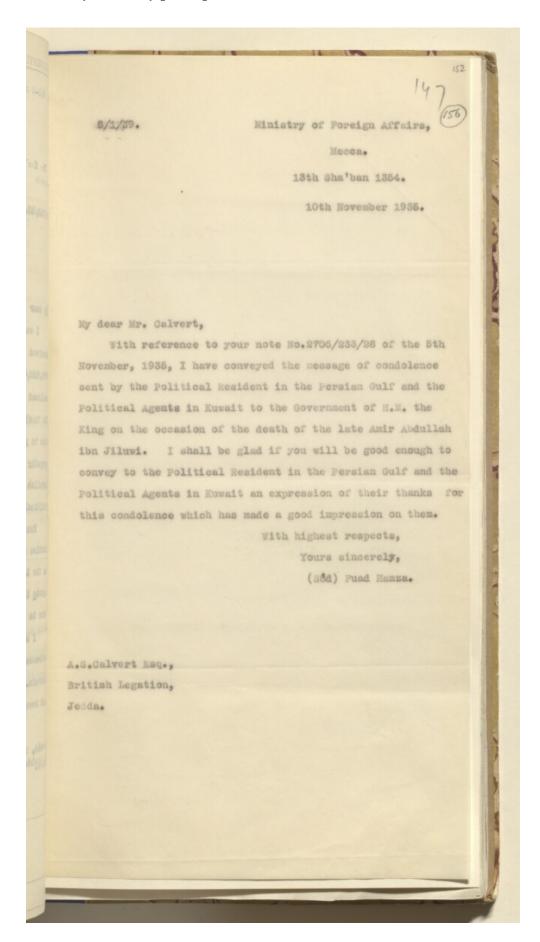


"١/١ المجلد الا العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٥١ظ] (١٠/٣١٩)



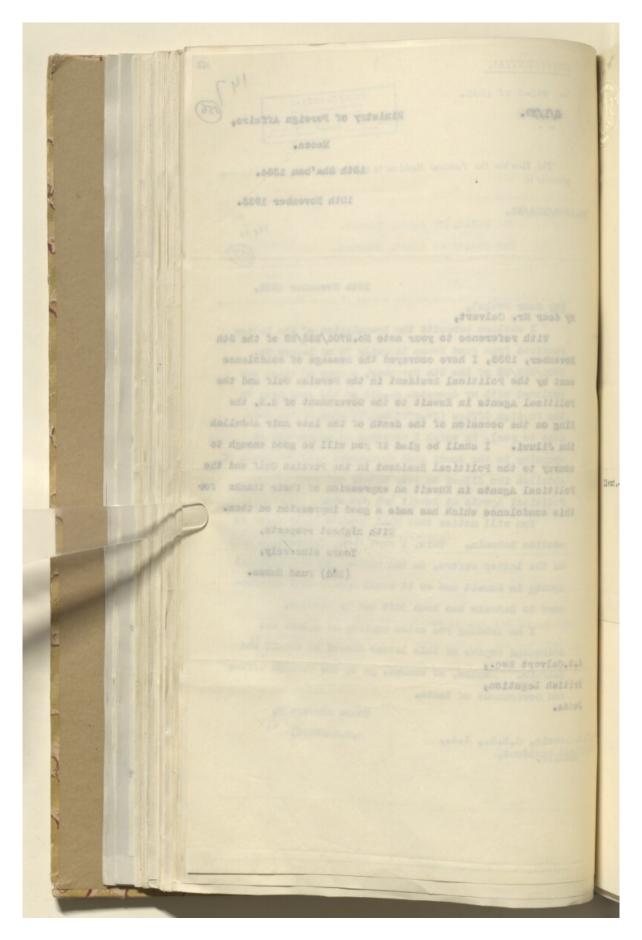


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣٢٠]



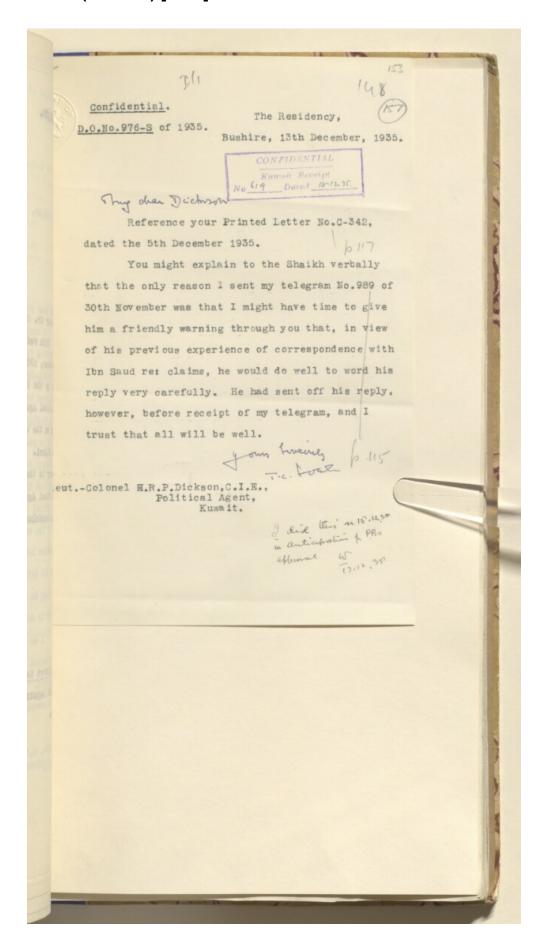


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣٢١] (١٠/٣٢١)



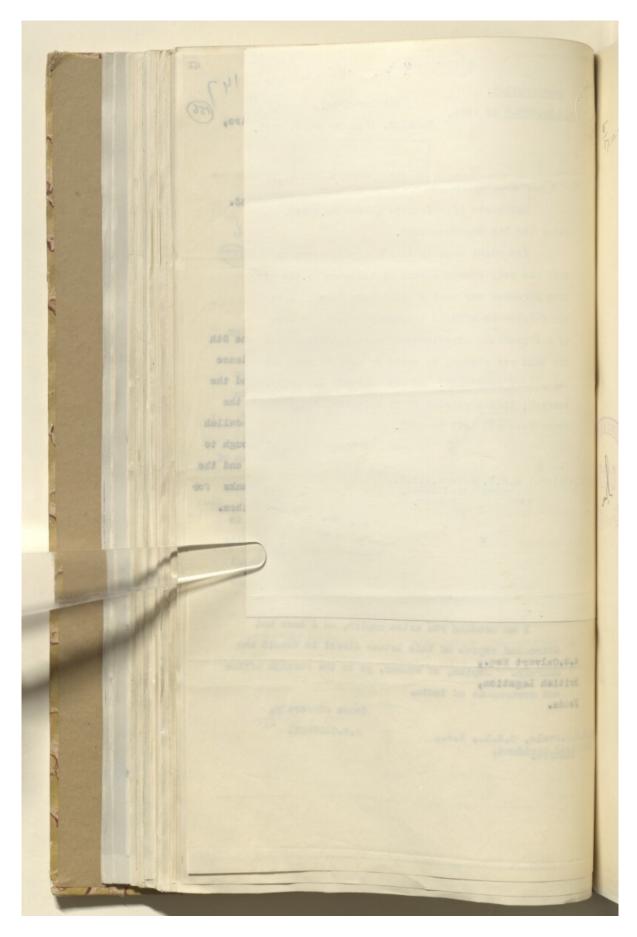


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣٢٢)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣٢٣] (١٠/٣٢٣)



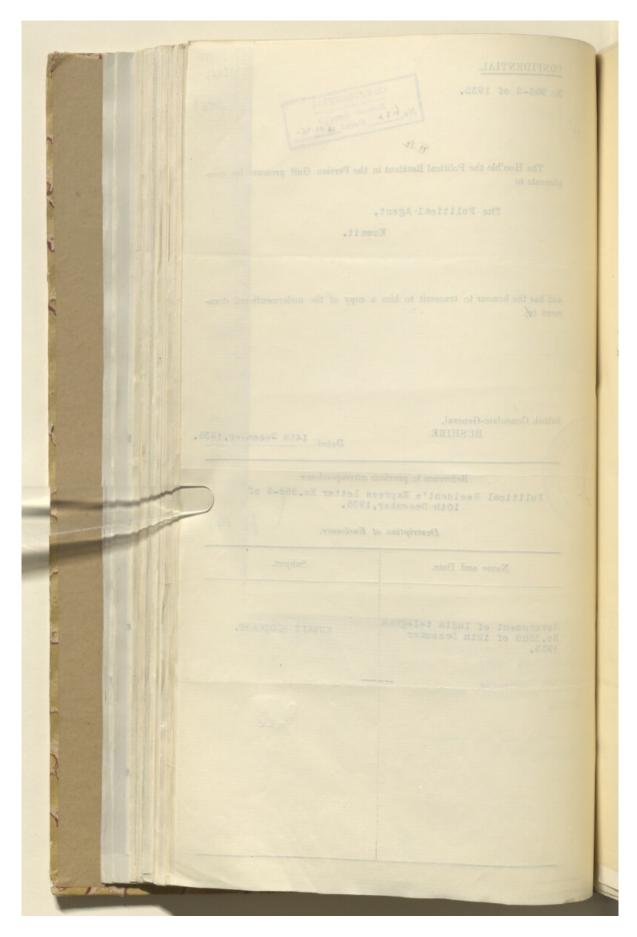


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣٢٤] (١٠/٣٢٤)

7,12 35	CONFIDENTIAL. No. 986-S of 1935. No. 6,	CONFIDENTIAL Kumah Receipt Dated 4:12.35.
	The Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf presents his compliments to	
	The Political Agent,	
	Kuwait.	
	and has the honour to transmit to him ment (%).	a copy of the undermentioned docu-
	British Consulate-General, BUSHIRE.	Dated 14th December, 1935.
	Reference to previous correspondence: Political Resident's Express Letter No.958-S of 10th December, 1935. Description of Enclosure.	
	Name and Date.	Subject.
	Government of India telegram No.3308 of 12th December 1935.	KUWAIT BLOCKADE.
		- fré

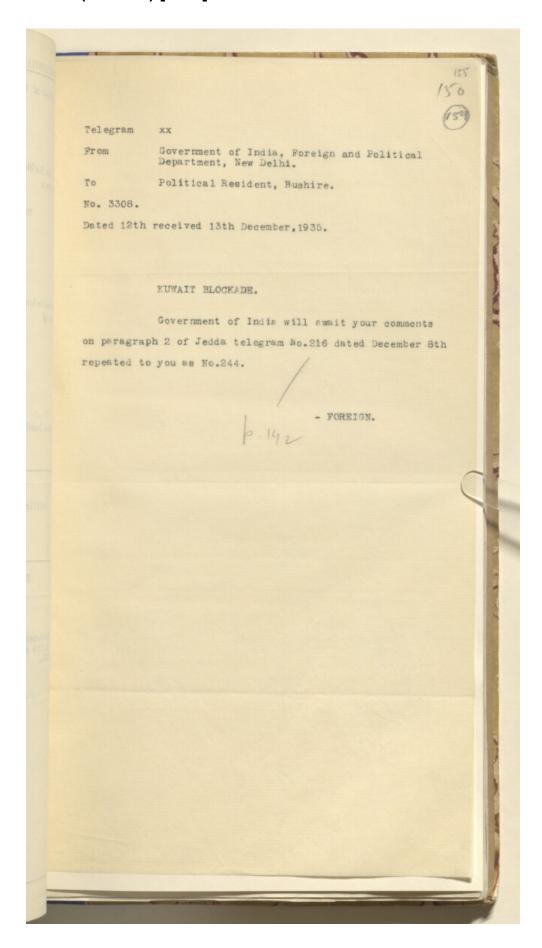


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠/٣٢٥] (١٠/٣٢٥)



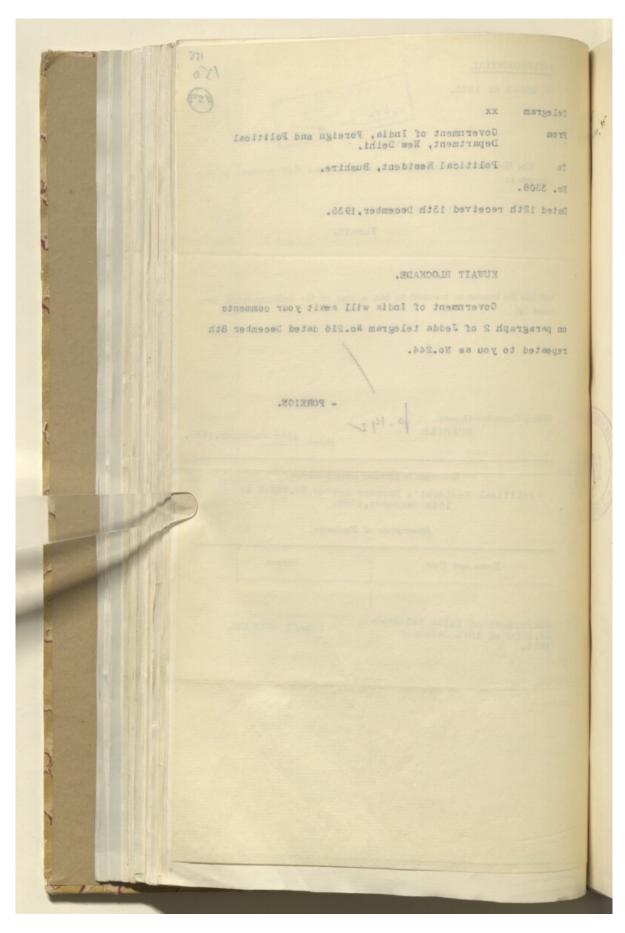


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠ و] (١٠/٣٢٦)



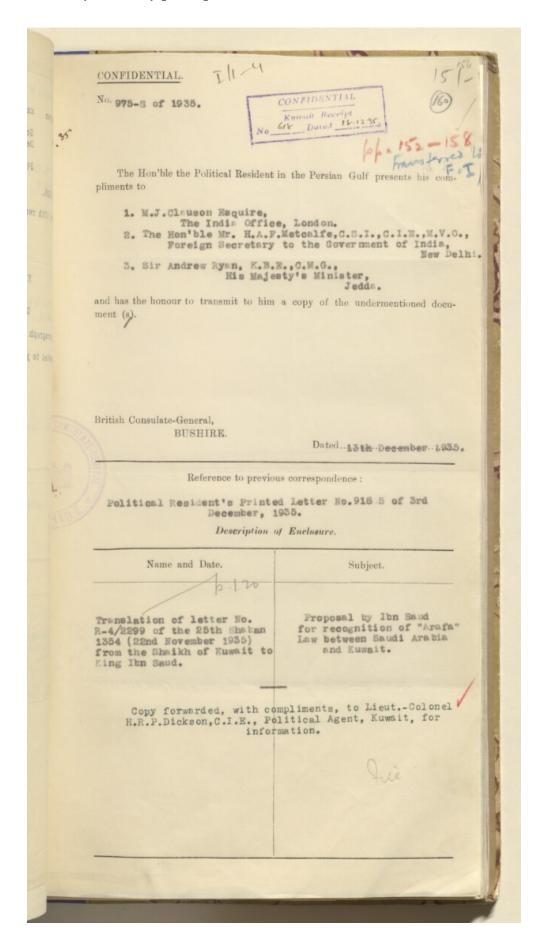


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٩ ظ] (١٠/٣٢٧)



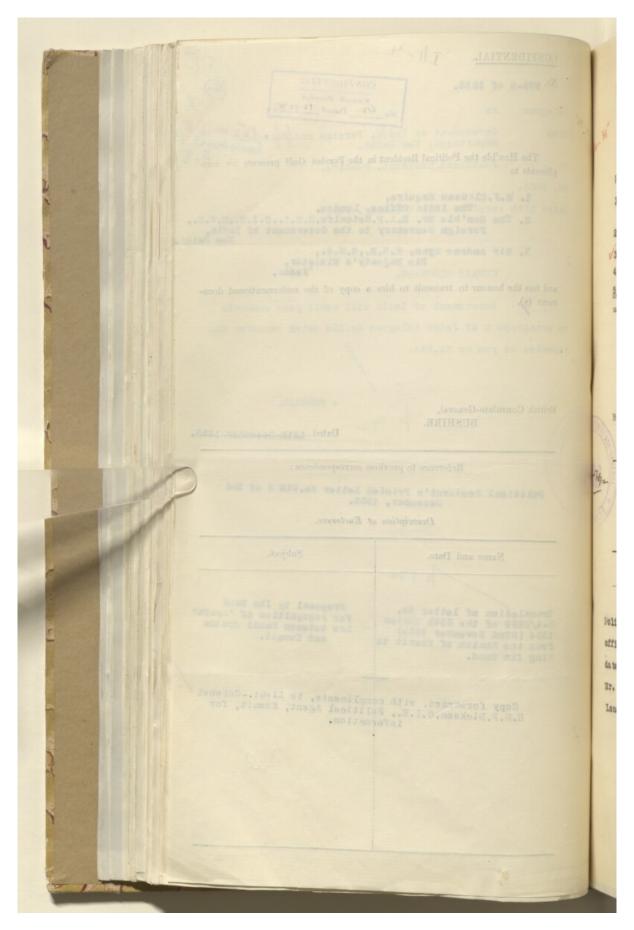


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٠١٠] (١٠/٣٢٨)



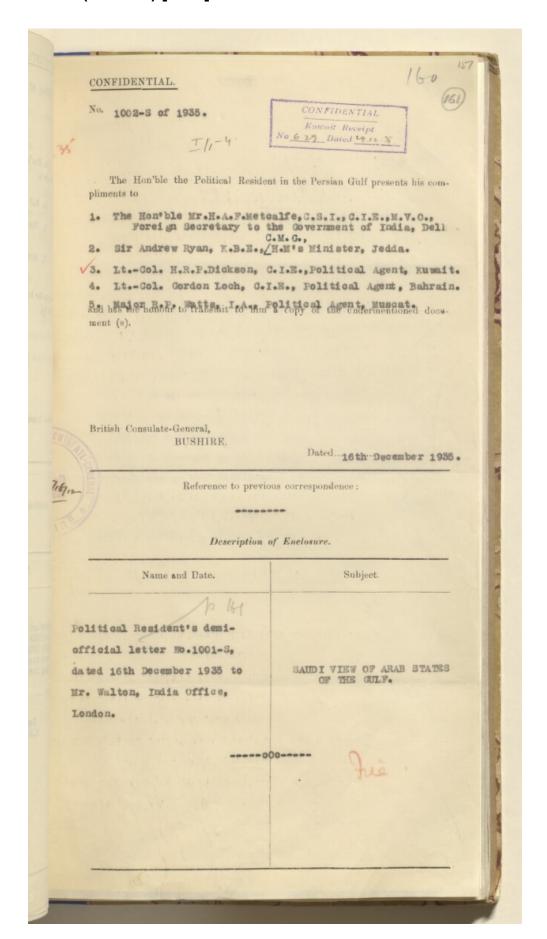


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٠١ظ] (١٠/٣٢٩)



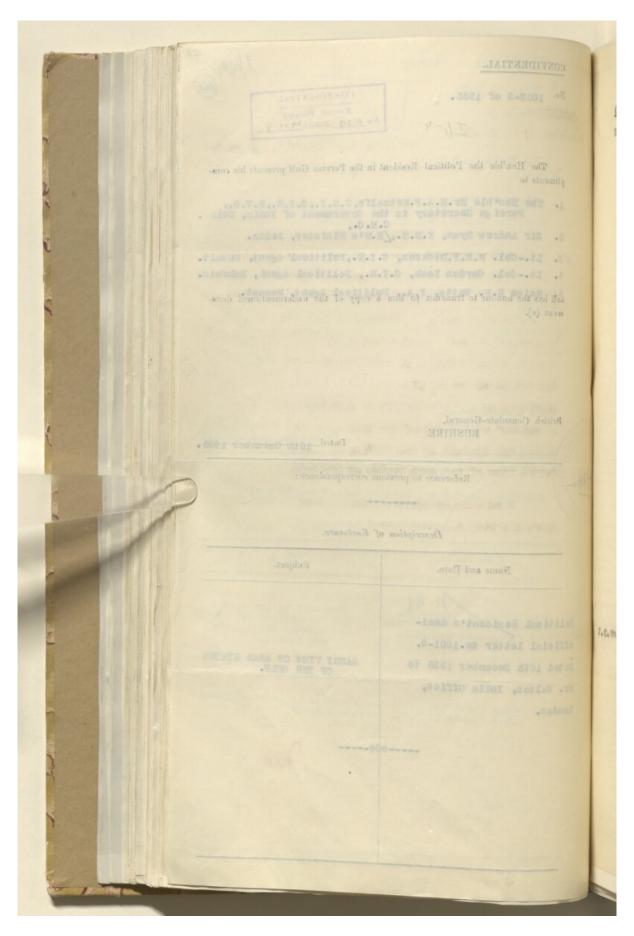


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١١و] (٣٣٠،٥١)



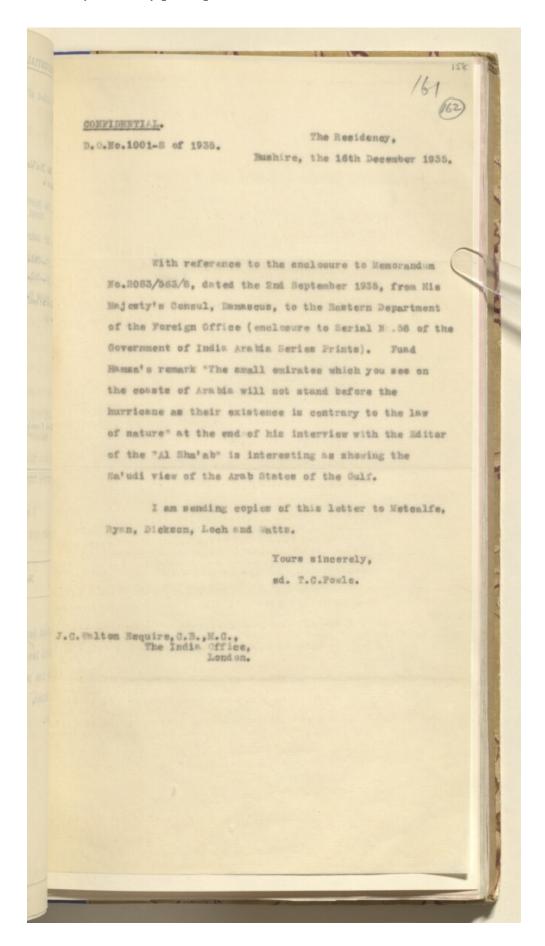


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١١ظ] (٣٣١)٥)



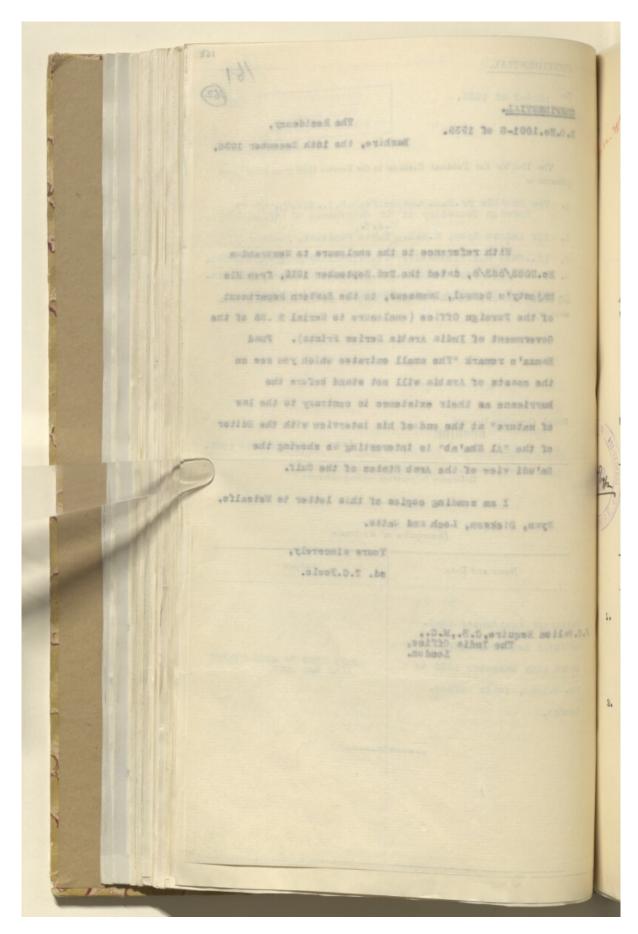


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦ او] (١٠/٣٣٢)



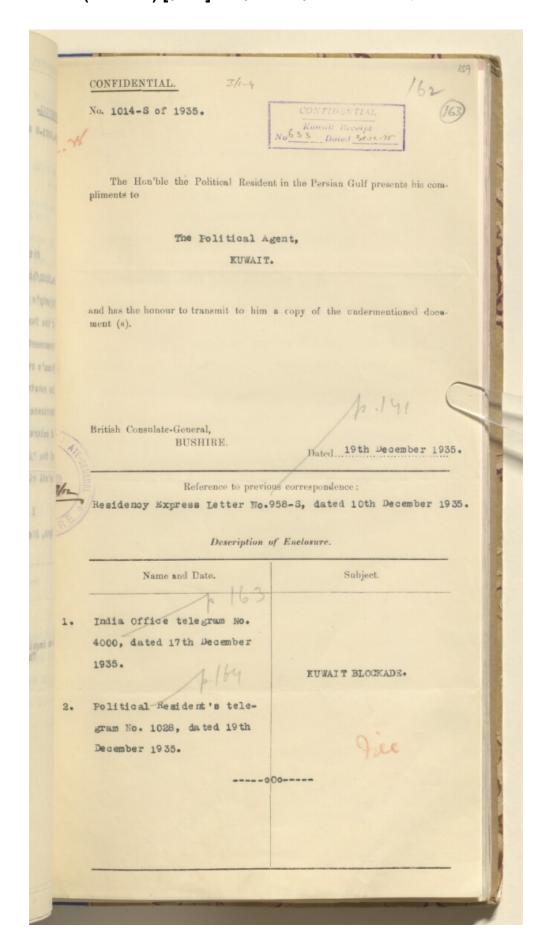


"١/١ المجلد الا العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦١ظ] (٣٣٣) ٥١٠/٥١)



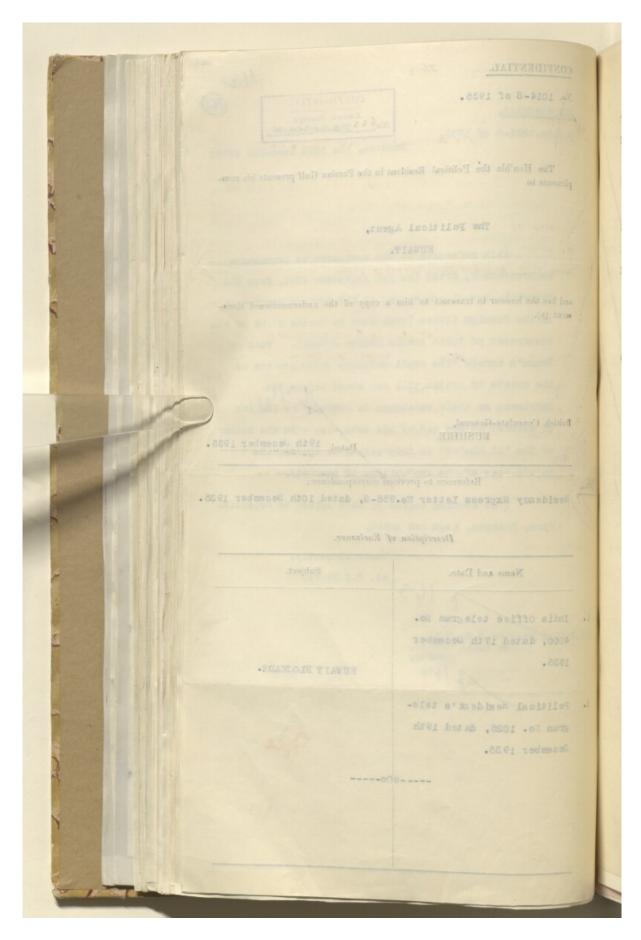


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٣ او] (١٠/٣٣٤)



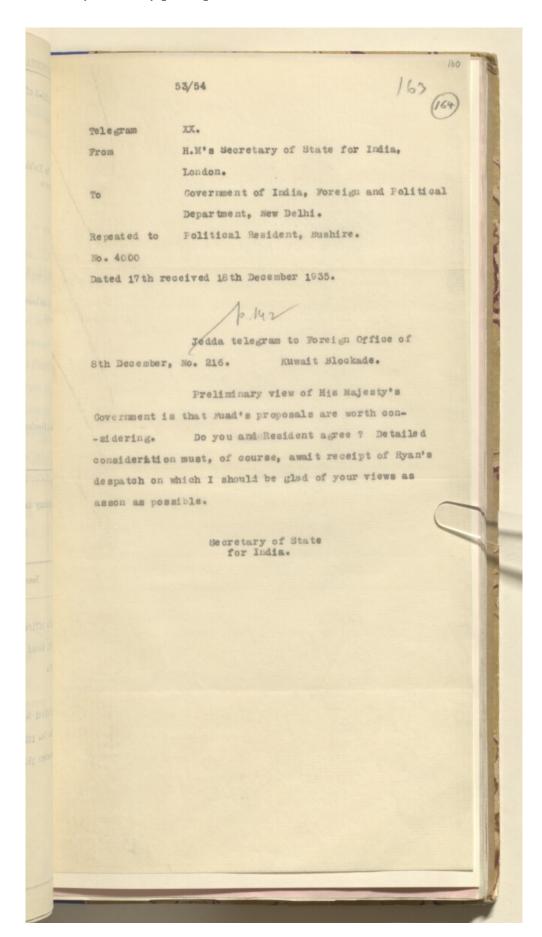


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٦١ظ] (١٠١٠٥٥)



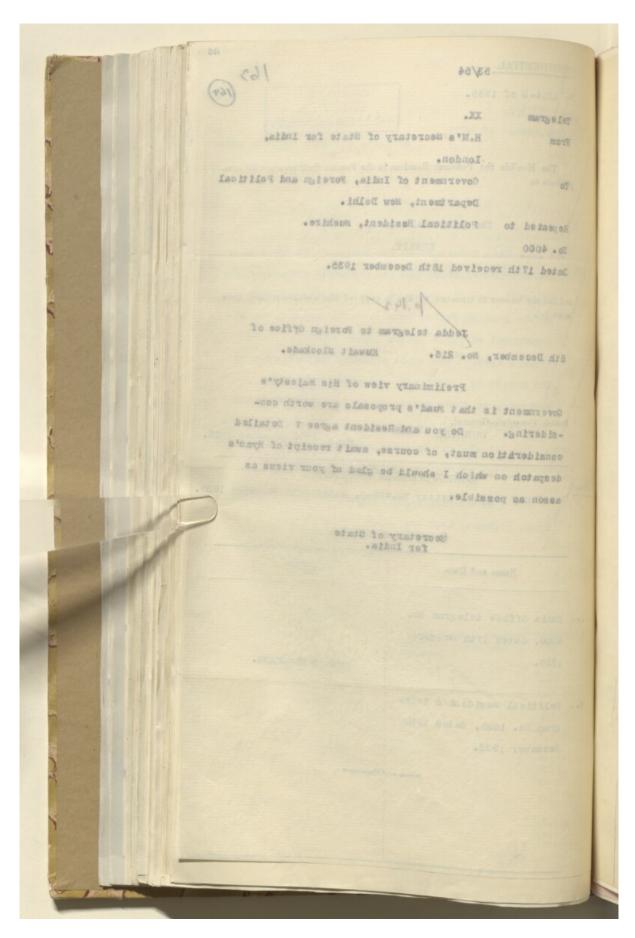


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٢١و] (١٠/٣٣٦)



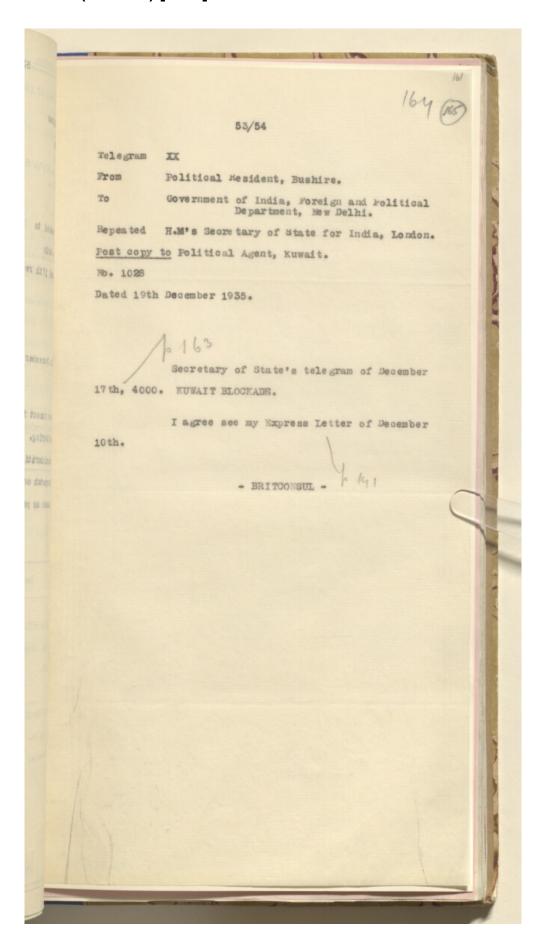


"١/١ المجلد الا العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١ظ] (٣٣٧/ ٥١)



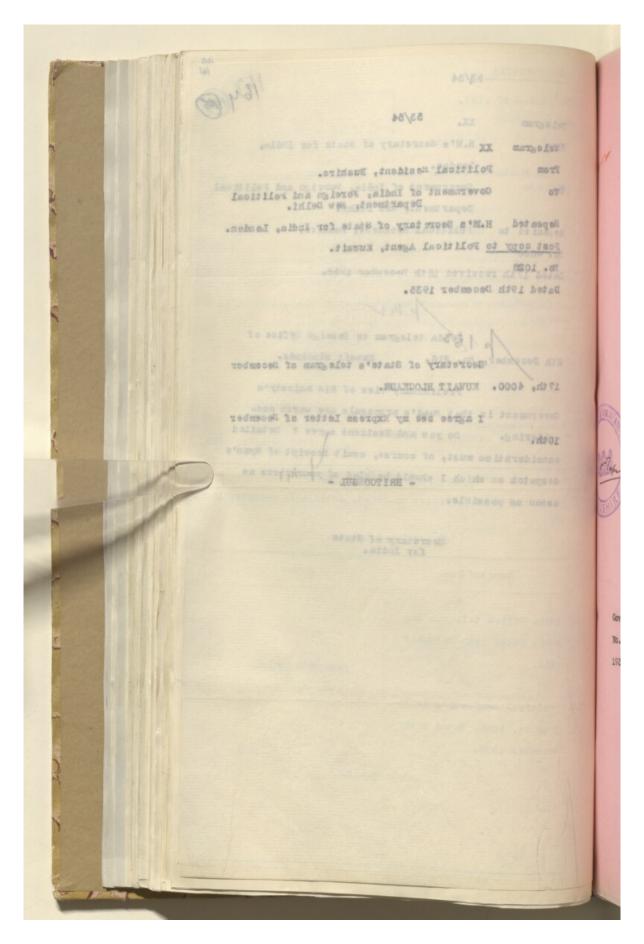


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٠١٥] (١٠/٣٣٨)



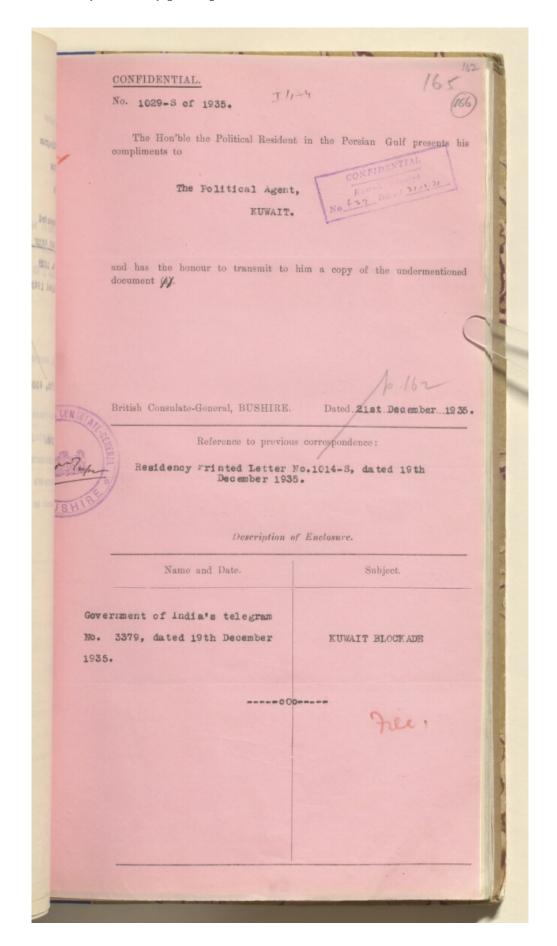


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠ظ] (٣٣٩-٥١)



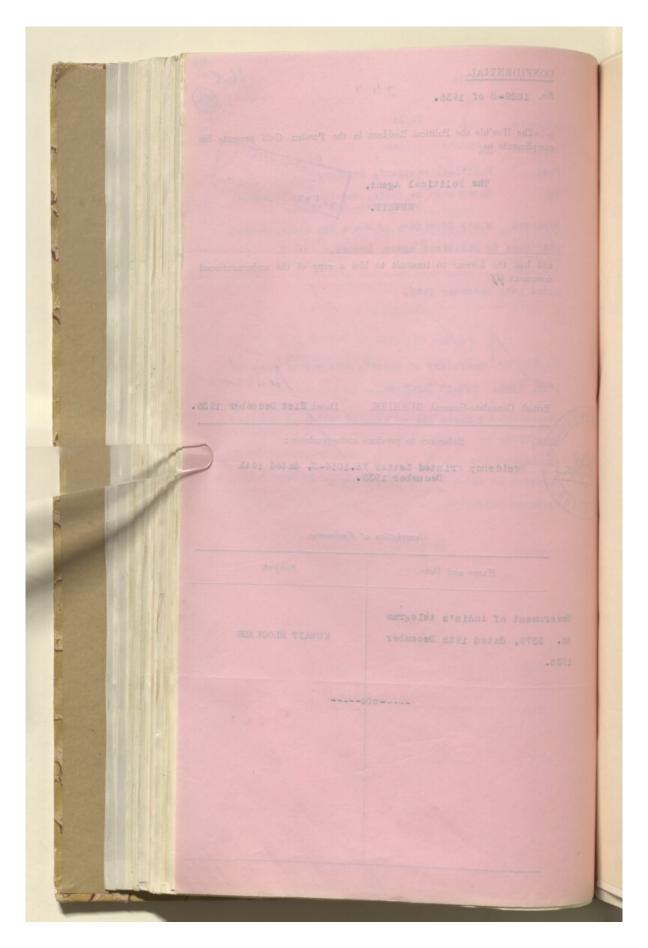


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٦ ١و] (١٠/٣٤٠)



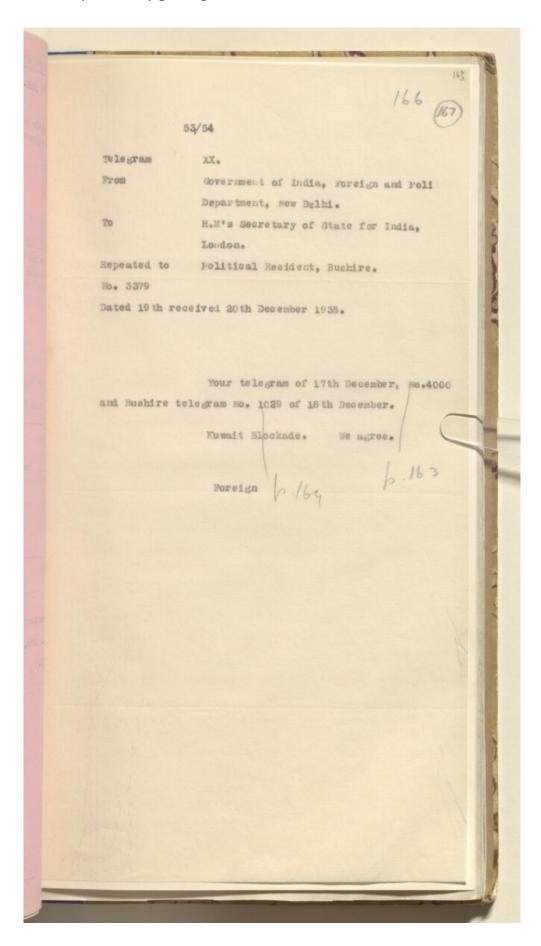


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٦١ظ] (١٠/٣٤١)



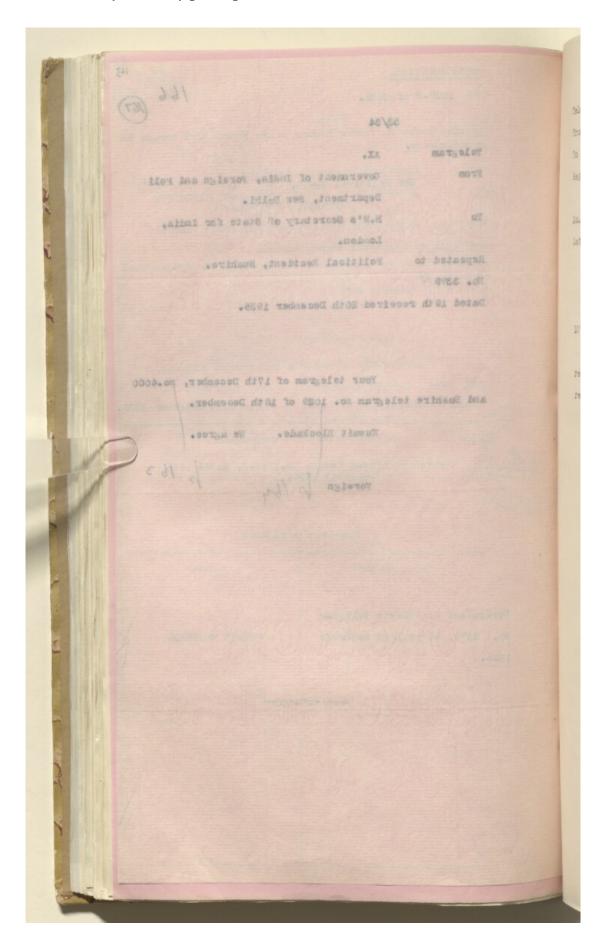


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٦١و] (١٦٠/٥١)



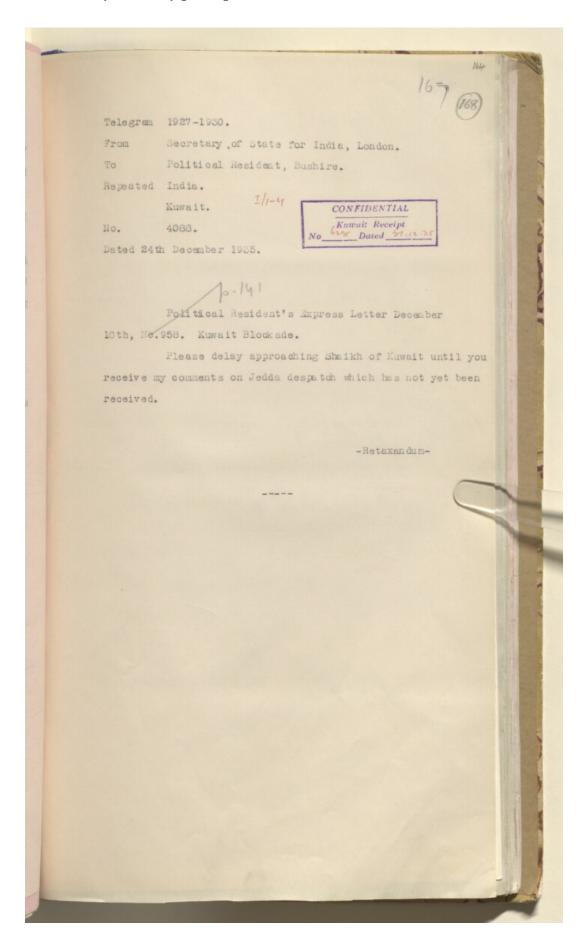


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧١ظ] (٣٤٣/٥١٥)



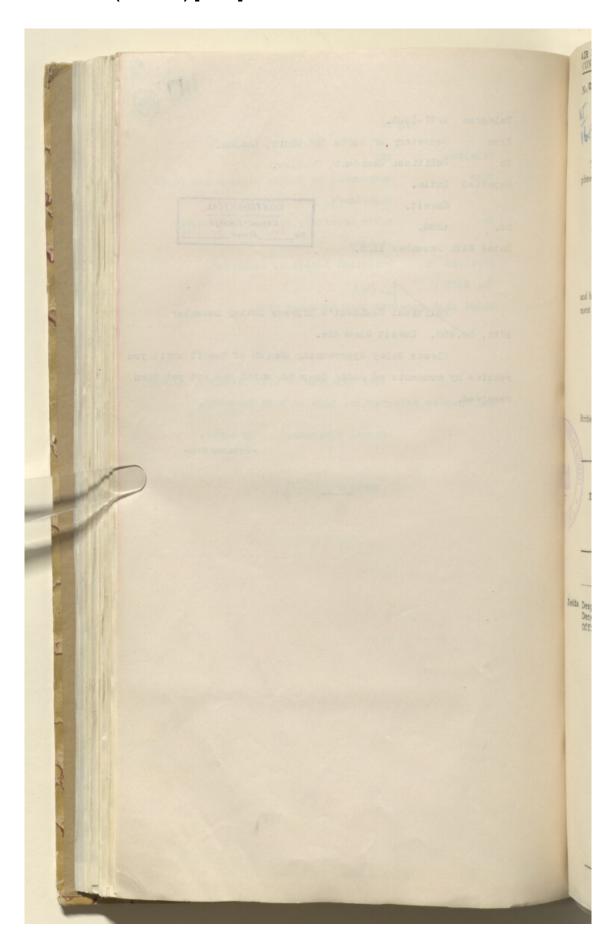


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٦٨ و] (٤٤ ٣٠/١٥)



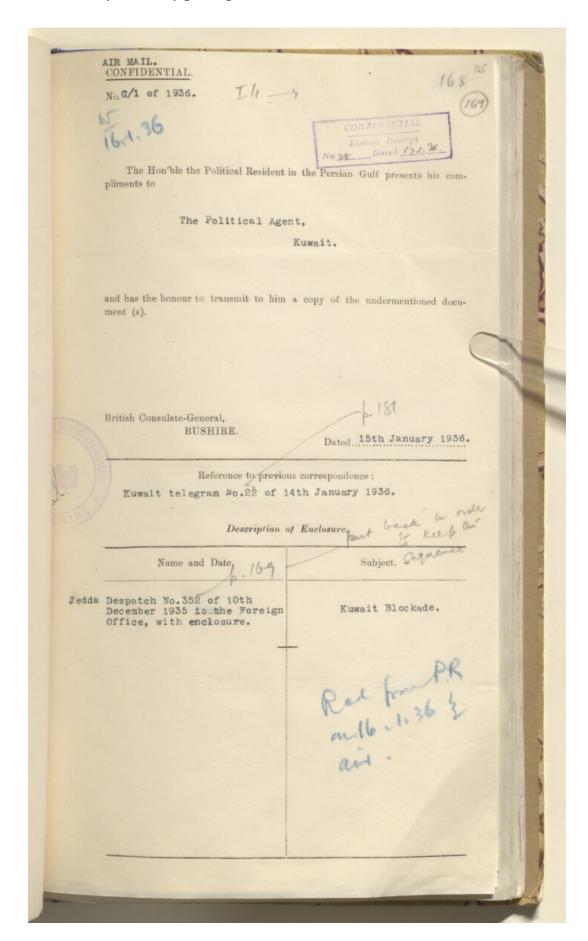


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٨ ١ظ] (٥١٠/٣٤٥)



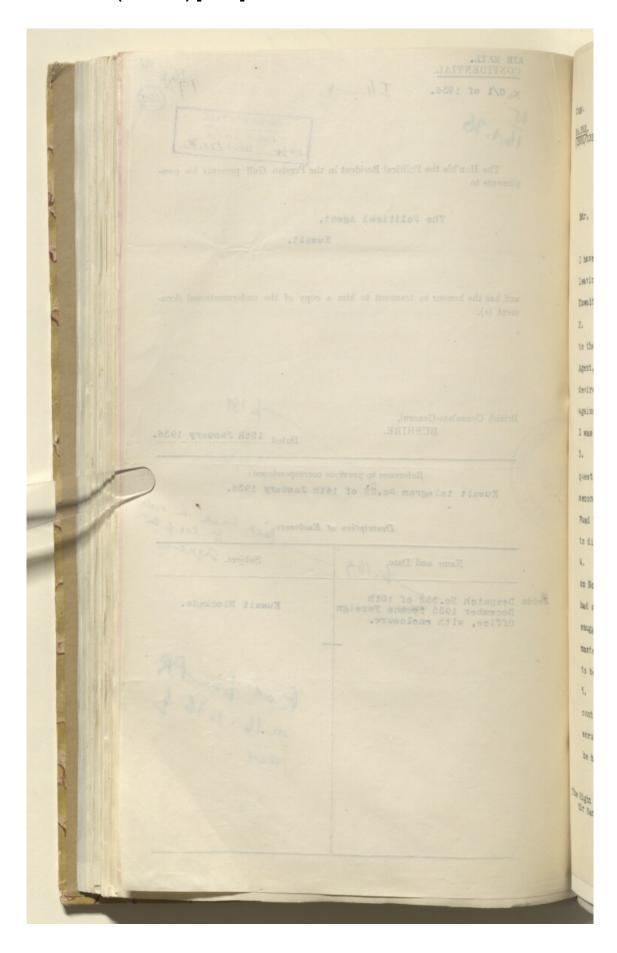


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٩ او] (٢١٠/٣٤)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٦٩ اظ] (١٠/٣٤٧)



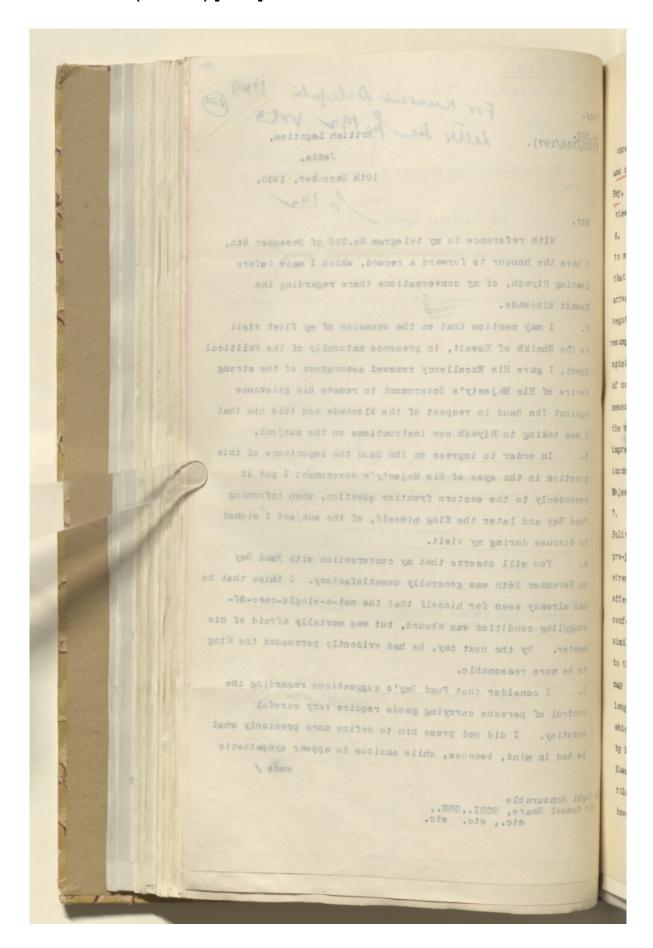


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧١٠] (١٠/٣٤٨)

For Known Delegation Vol Letter In Paritish Legation, Сору. No.352. (2930/332/197). 10th December, 1935. pir. With reference to my telegram No. 216 of December 8th. I have the honour to forward a record, which I made before leaving Riyadh, of my conversations there regarding the Kuwait blockade. I may mention that on the occasion of my first visit to the Shaikh of Kuwait, in presence naturally of the Political Agent, I gave His Excellency renewed assurances of the strong desire of His Majesty's Government to remove his grievance against Ibn Saud in respect of the blockade and told him that I was taking to Riyadh new instructions on the subject. In order to impress on Ibn Saud the importance of this question in the eyes of His Majesty's Government I put it secondonly to the eastern frontier question, when informing Fuad Bey and later the King himself, of the subject I wished to discuss during my visit. You will observe that my conversation with Faad Bey on November 26th was generally unsatisfactory. I think that he had already seen for himself that the not-a-single-case-ffsmuggling condition was absurd, but was mortally afraid of his master. By the next day, he had evidently persuaded the King to be more reasonable. I consider that Fuad Bey's suggestions regarding the control of persons carrying goods require very careful scrutiny. I did not press him to define more precisely what he had in mind, because, while anxious to appear sympathetic once / The Right Honourable Sir Samuel Hoare, GCSI., GBE., etc., etc. etc.



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧١ظ] (٩١٠/٣٤٩)



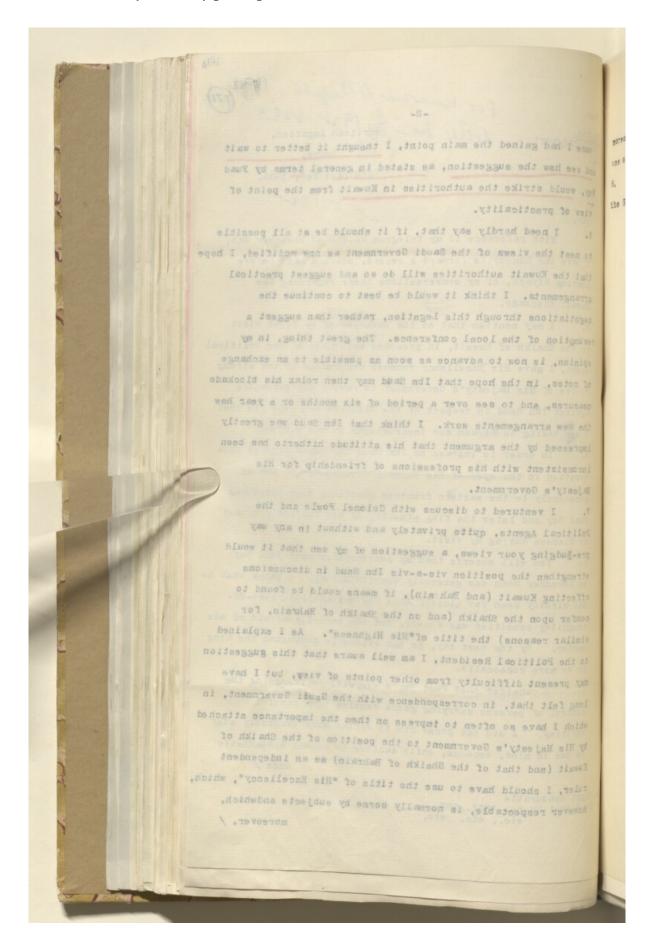


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٧١و] (٥٥٠/٥١٠)

-2once I had gained the main point, I thought it better to wait and see how the suggestion, as stated in general terms by Fuad Bey, would strike the authorities in Kuwait from the point of view of practicality. I need hardly say that, if it should be at all possible to meet the views of the Saudi Government as now modified, I hope that the Kuwait authorities will do so and suggest practical arrangements. I think it would be best to continue the negotiations through this Legation, rather than suggest a resumption of the local conference. The great thing, in my opinion, is now to advance as soon as possible to an exchange of notes, in the hope that Ibn Saud may then relax his blockade measures, and to see over a period of six months or a year how the new arrangements work. I think that Ibn Saud was greatly impressed by the argument that his attitude hitherto has been inconsistent with his professions of friendship for His Majesty's Government. I ventured to discuss with Colonel Fowle and the Political Agents, quite privately and without in any way pre-judging your views, a suggestion of my own that it would strengthen the position vis-a-vis Ibn Saud in discussions affecting Kuwait (and Bah ain), if means could be found to confer upon the Shaikh (and on the Shaikh of Bahrain, for similar reasons) the title of "His Highness". As I explained to the Political Resident, I am well aware that this guggestion may present difficulty from other points of view, but I have long felt that, in correspondence with the Saudi Government, in which I have so often to impress on them the importance attached by His Majesty's Government to the position of the Shaikh of Kuwait (and that of the Shaikh of Bahrain) as an independent ruler, I should have to use the title of "His Excellency", which, however respectable, is normally borne by subjects andwhich, moreover, /

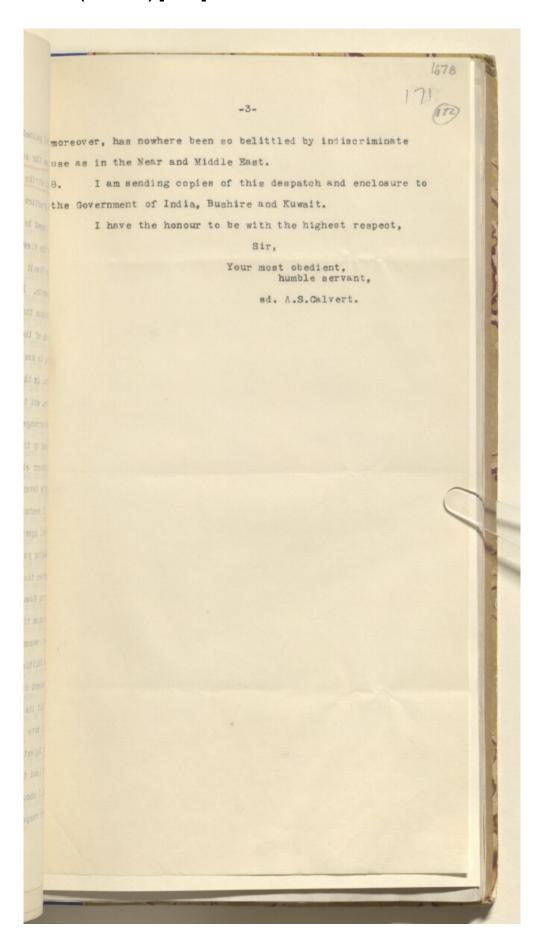


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٧١ظ] (١٥٣/١٥)



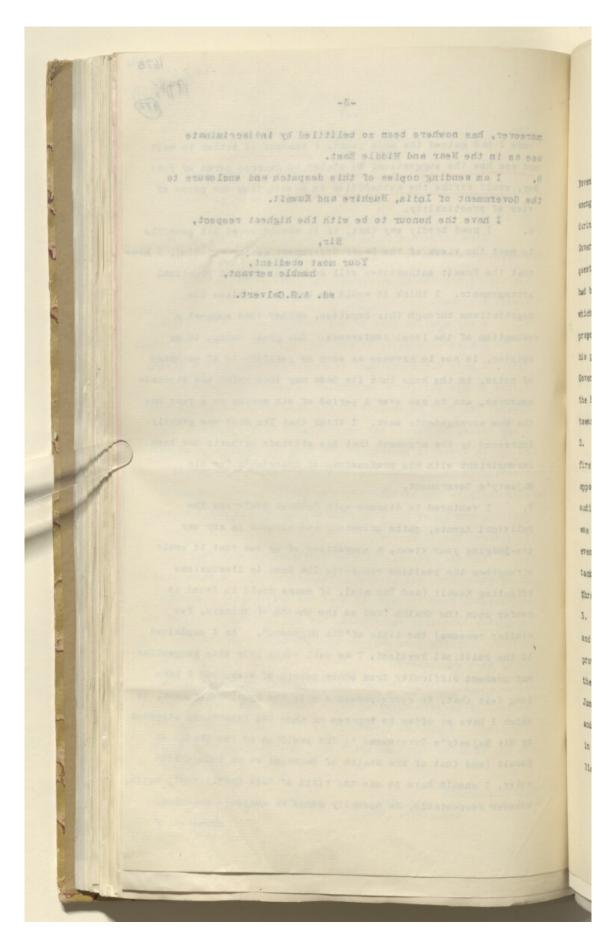


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧١و] (٢٥٣/٥١)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧١ظ] (٣٥٣/٥١٥)



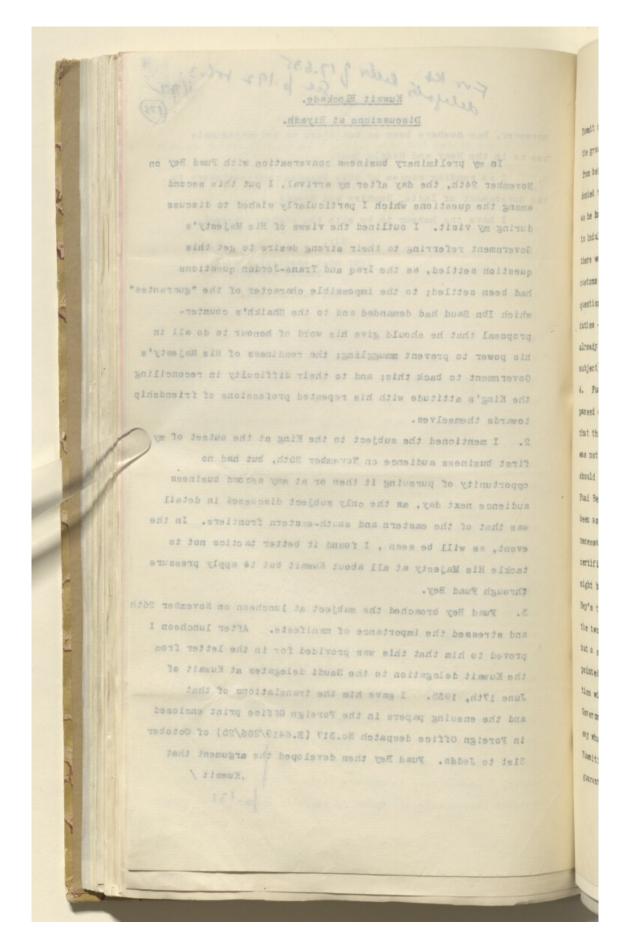


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٧ او] (١٠/٣٥٤)

In my preliminary business conversation with Fuad Bey on November 24th, the day after my arrival, I put this second among the questions which I particularly wished to discuss during my visit. I outlined the views of His Majesty's Government referring to their strong desire to get this question settled, as the Iraq and Trans-Jordon questions had been settled; to the impossible character of the "guarantee" which Ibn Saud had demanded and to the Shaikh's counterproposal that he should give his word of honour to do all in his power to prevent smuggling; the readiness of His Majesty's Government to back this; and to their difficulty in reconciling the King's attitude with his repeated professions of friendship towards themselves. 2. I mentioned the subject to the King at the outset of my first business audience on Movember 25th, but had no opportunity of pursuing it then or at amy second business audience next day, as the only subject discussed in detail was that of the eastern and south-eastern frontiers. In the event, as will be seen , I found it better tactics not to tackle His Majesty at all about Kuwait but to apply pressure through Fuad Bey. 3. Fund Bey broached the subject at luncheon on November 26th and stressed the importance of manifests. After lubcheon I proved to him that this was provided for in the letter from the Kuwait delegation to the Saudi delegates at Kuwait of June 17th, 1935. I gave him the translations of that and the ensuing papers in the Foreign Office print enclosed in Foreign Office despatch No.317 (E.6419/206/25) of October 31st to Jedda. Fuad Bey then developed the argument that



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٧١ظ] (٥٥٠/٠١٥)



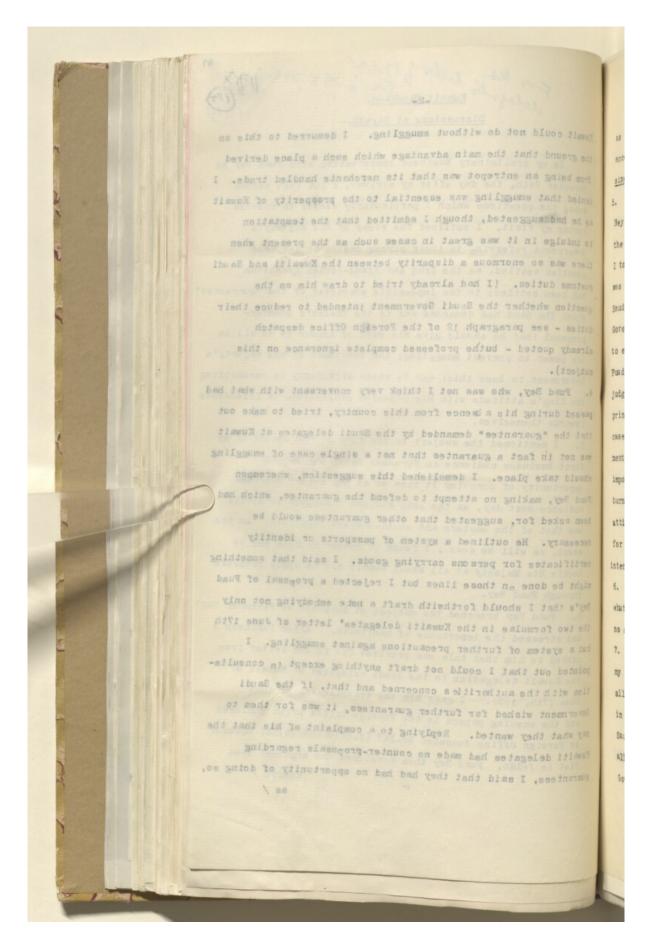


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٧١و] (٥٦٠/٥١)

-2-Kuwait could not do without smuggling. I demurred to this on the ground that the main advantage which such a place derived from being an entrepot was that its merchants handled trade. I denied that smuggling was essential to the prosperity of Kuwait as he haddsuggested, though I admitted that the temptation to indulge in it was great in cases such as the present when there was so enormous a disparity between the Kuwaiti and Saudi customs duties. (I had already tried to draw him on the question whether the Saudi Government intended to reduce their duties - see paragraph 12 of the Foreign Office despatch already quoted - buthe professed complete ignorance on this subject). 4. Fuad Bey, who was not I think very conversant with what had passed during his absence from this country, tried to make out that the "guarantee" demanded by the Saudi delegates at Kuwait was not in fact a guarantee that not a single case of smuggling should take place. I demolished this suggestion, whereupon Fuad Bey, making no attempt to defend the guarantee, which had been asked for, suggested that other guarantees would be necessary. He outlined a system of passports or identity certificates for persons carrying goods. I said that something might be done on those lines but I rejected a proposal of Fuad Bey's that I should forthwith draft a note embodying not only the two formulae in the Kuwaiti delegates' letter of June 17th but a system of further precautions against smuggling. I pointed out that I could not draft anything except in consultation with the authorities concerned and that, if the Saudi Government wished for further guarantees, it was for them to say what they wanted. Replying to a complaint of his that the Kuwaiti delegates had made no counter-proposals regarding guarantees, I said that they had had no opportunity of doing so, as /



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٧٢ظ] (١٠/٣٥٧)



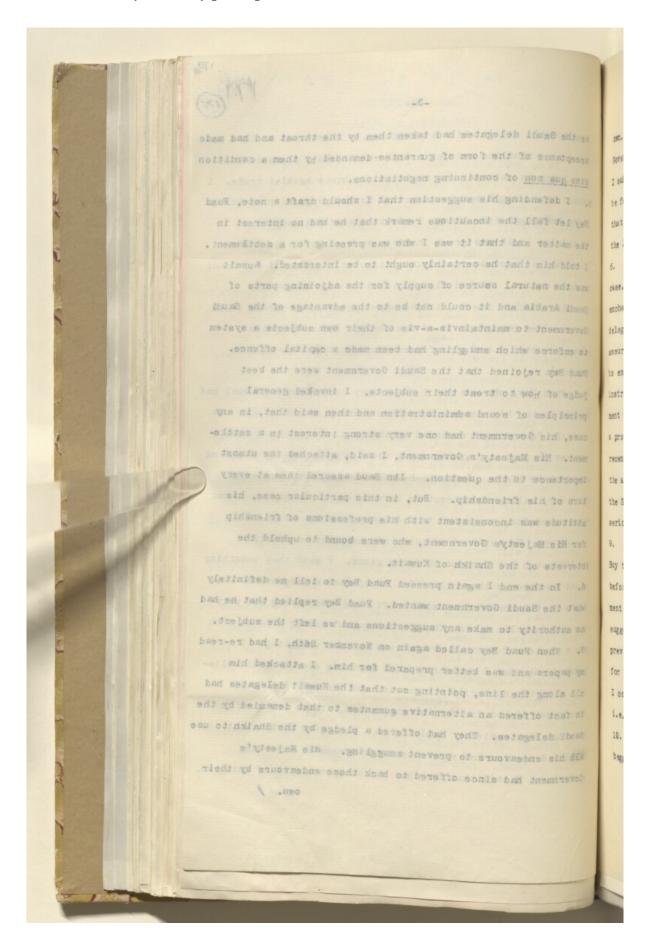


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٧١و] (٥١٠/٣٥٨)

-3as the Saudi delegates had taken them by the throat and had made acceptance of the form of guarantee demanded by them a condition sine qua non of continuing negotiations. 5. I defending his suggestion that I should draft a note, Fuad Bey let fall the incautious remark that he had no interest in the matter and that it was I who was pressing for a settlement. I told him that he certainly ought to be interested. Kuwait was the natural source of supply for the adjoining parts of Saudi Arabia and it could not be to the advantage of the Saudi Government to maintainvis-a-vis of their own subjects a system to enforce which smu gling had been made a capital offence. Fuad Bey rejoined that the Saudi Government were the best judge of how to treat their subjects. I invoked general principles of sound administration and then said that, in any case, his Government had one very strong interest in a settlement. His Majesty's Government, I said, attached the utmost importance to the question. Ibn Saud assured them at every turn of his friendship. But, in this particular case, his attitude was inconsistent with his professions of frienship for His Majesty's Government, who were bound to uphold the interests of the Shaikh of Kuwait. 6. In the end I again pressed Fuad Bey to tell me definitely what the Saudi Government wanted. Fuad Bey replied that he had no authority to make any suggestions and we left the subject. 7. When Fuad Bey called again on November 26th, I had re-read my papers and was better prepared for him. I attacked him all along the line, pointing out that the Kuwait delegates had in fact offered an alternative guarantee to that demanded by the Saudi delegates. They had offered a pledge by the Shaikh to use alb his endeavours to prevent smuggling. His Majesty's Government had since offered to back those endeavours by their own. /



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٧١ظ] (٩٥٩/٥١٥)



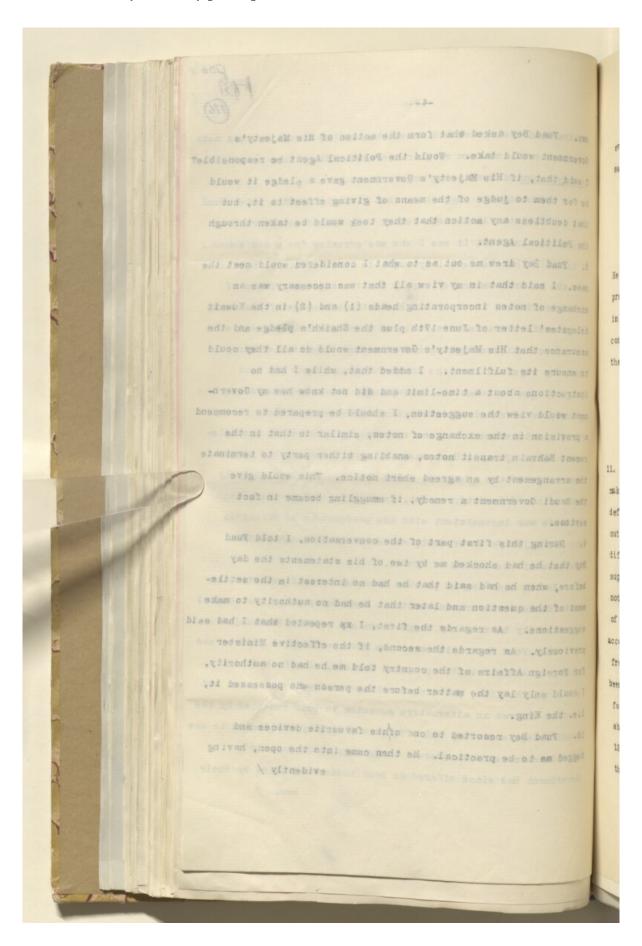


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧١و] (٥١٠/٣٦٠)

Fued Bey asked what form the action of His Majesty's Government would take. Would the Political Agent be responsible? I said that, if His Majesty's Government gave a pledge it would be for them to judge of the means of giving effect to it, but that doubtless any action that they took would be taken through the Political Agent. 6. Fuad Bey drew me out as to what I considered would meet the case. I said that in my view all that was necessary was an exchange of notes incorporating heads (1) and (2) in the Kuwait delegates' letter of June 17th plus the Shaikh's pledge and the assurance that His Majesty's Government would do all they could to ensure its fulfilment. I added that, while I had no instructions about a time-limit and did not know how my Government would view the suggestion. I should be prepared to recommend a provision in the exchange of notes, similar to that in the recent Bahrain transit notes, enabling either party to terminate the arrangement by an agreed short notice. This would give the Saudi Government a remedy, if smuggling became in fact serious. 9. During this first part of the conversation, I told Fuad Bey that he had shocked me by two of his statements the day before, when he had said that he had no interest in the settlement of the question and later that he had no authority to make suggestions. As regards the first, I xm repeated what I had said previously. As regards the second, if the effective Minister for Foreign Affairs of the country told me he had no authority, I could only lay the matter before the person who possessed it, i.e. the King. 10. Fuad Bey resorted to one ofhis favourite devices and begged me to be practical. He then came into the open, having evidently /



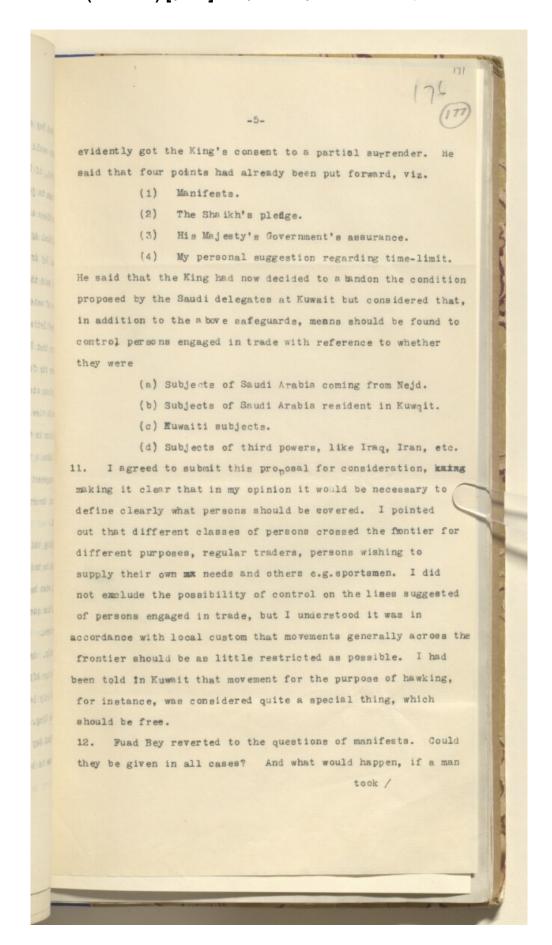
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٦ ظ] (٣٦١) ٥١



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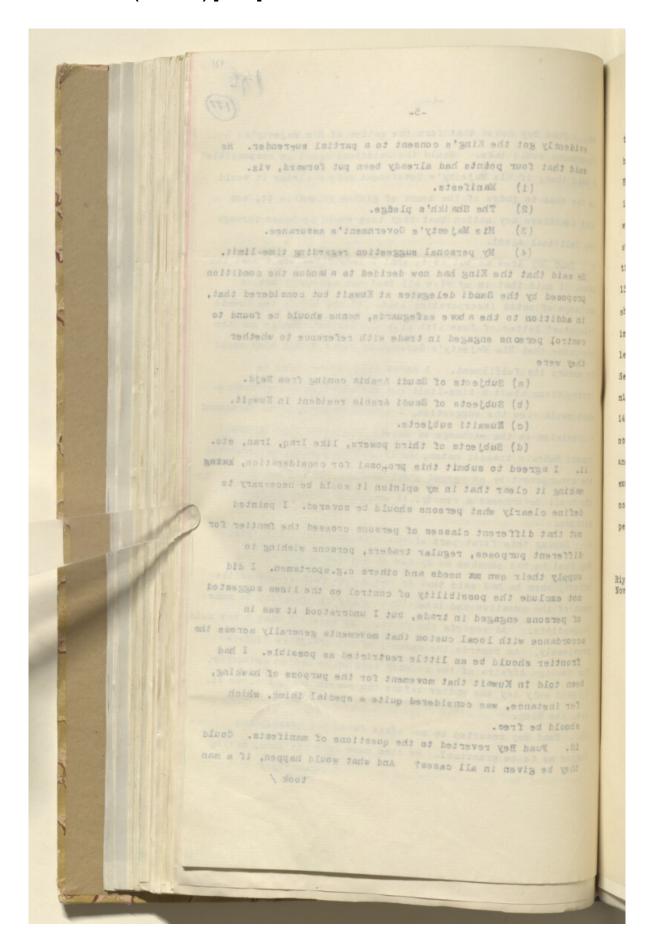


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٧١و] (١٠/٣٦٢)



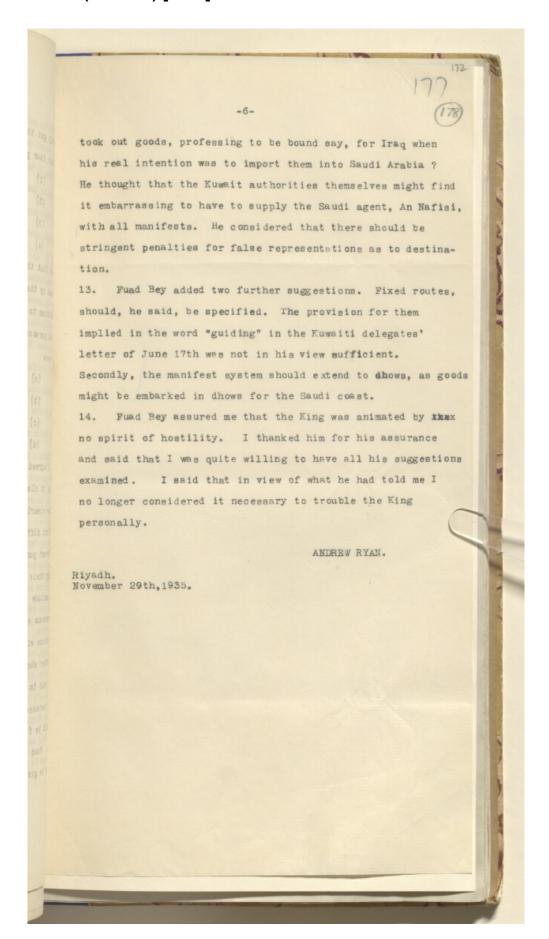


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٧ اظ] (٣٦٣/ ٥١)



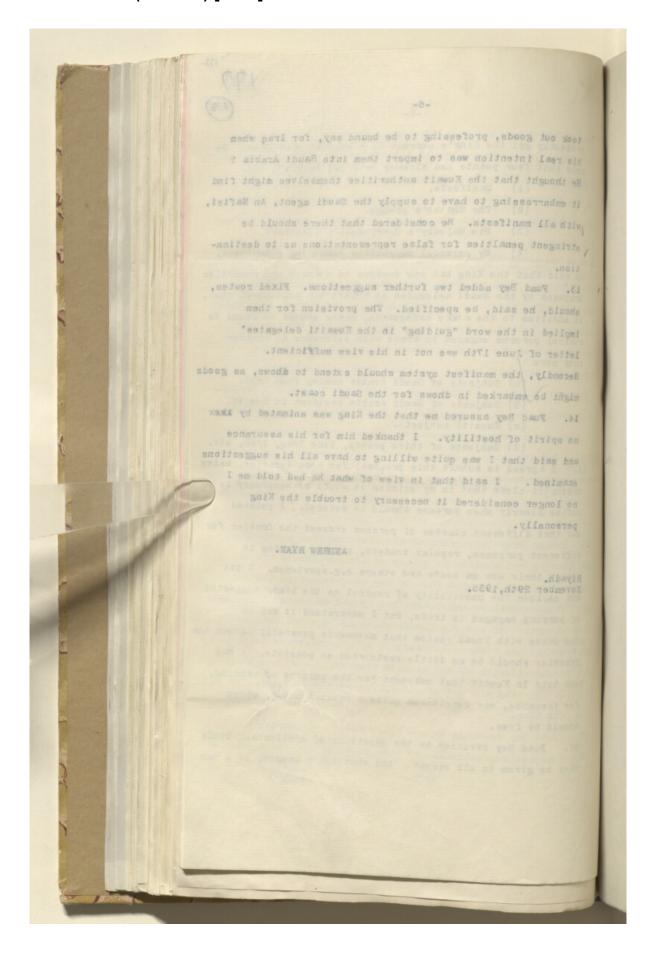


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٧١و] (١٠/٣٦٤)



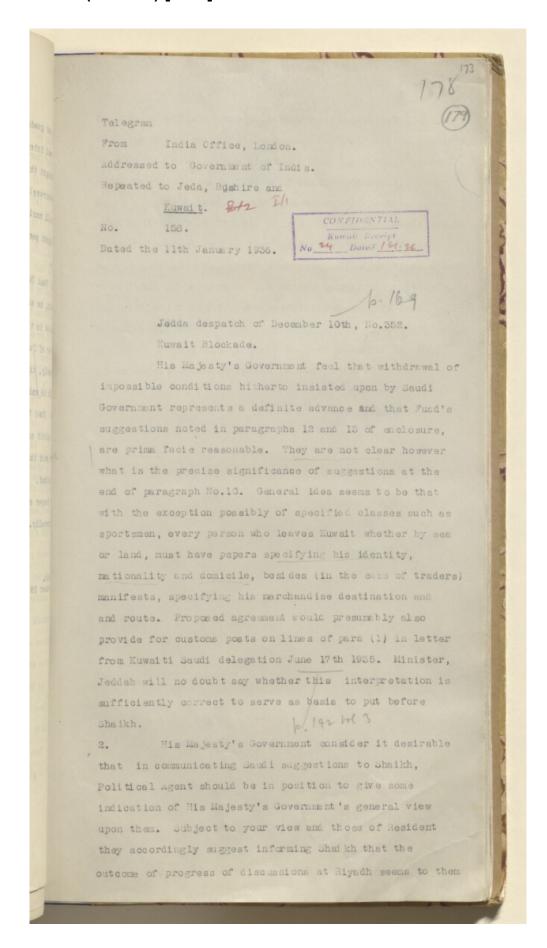


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧١ ظ] (١٠٣٦ ٥)



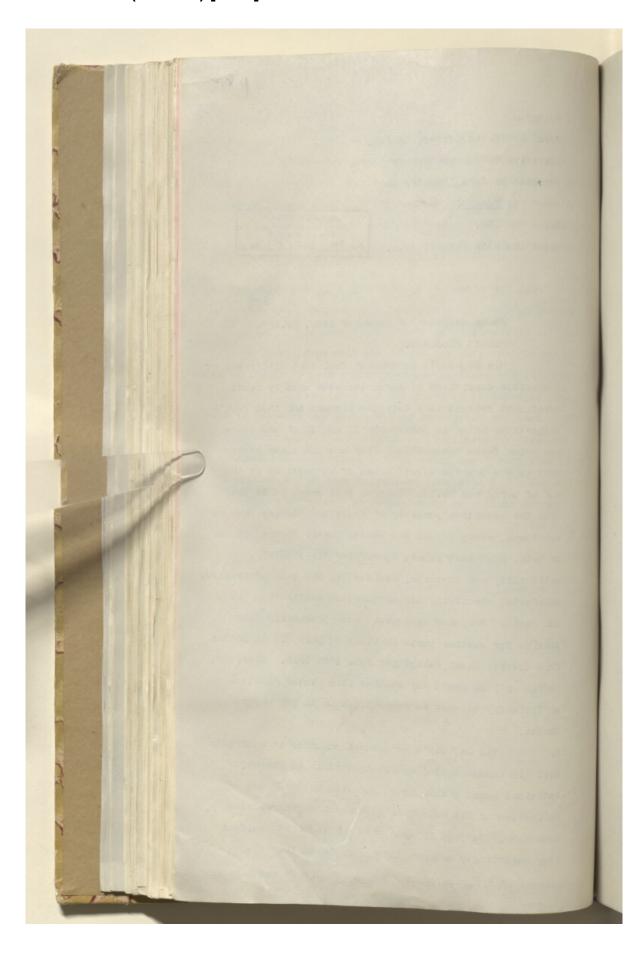


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٧١و] (١٠/٣٦٦)



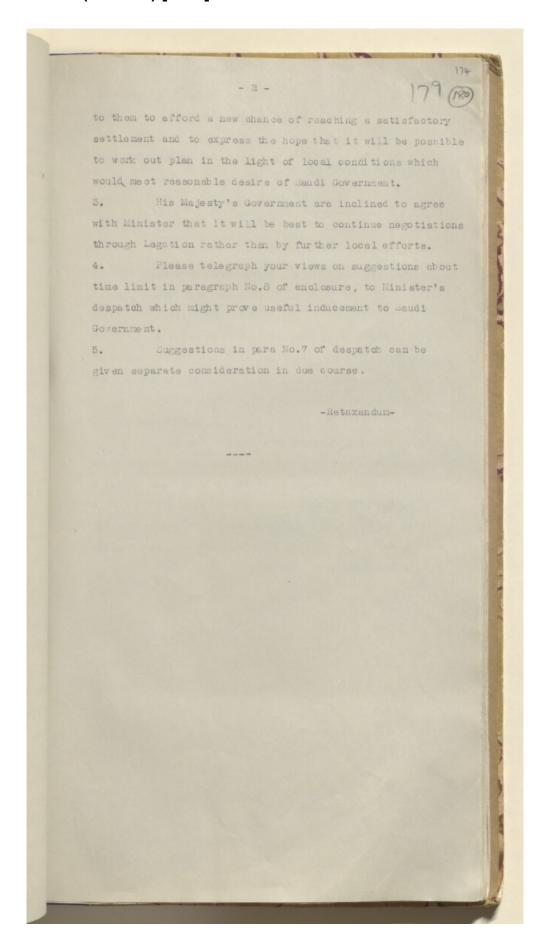


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٧١ظ] (٣٦٧/٥١٥)



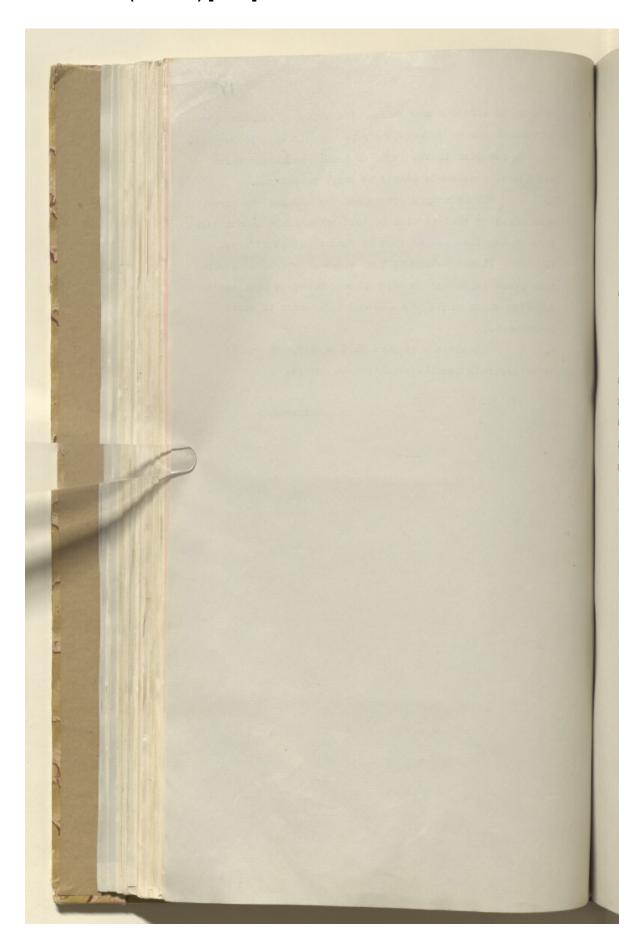


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨١و] (١٠/٣٦٨)



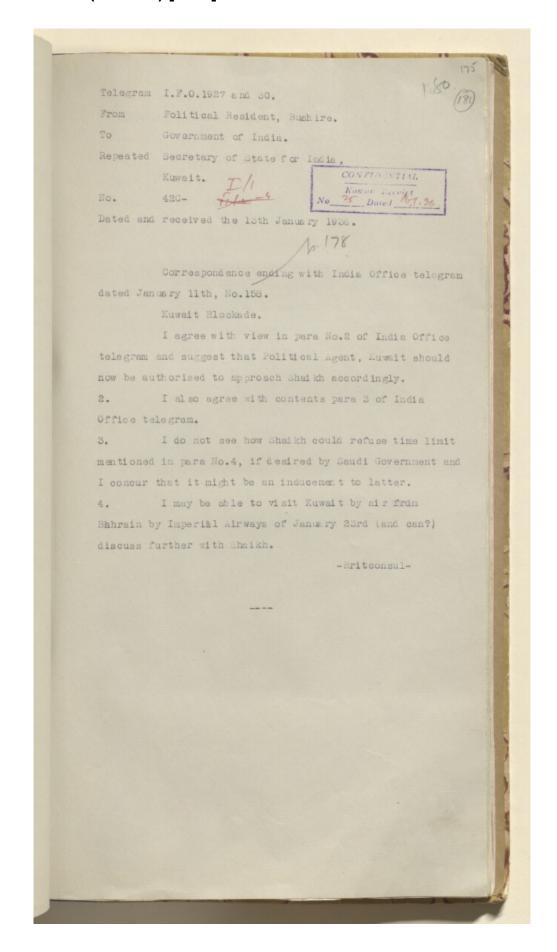


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨١ ظ] (١٠١٠/٥١٥)



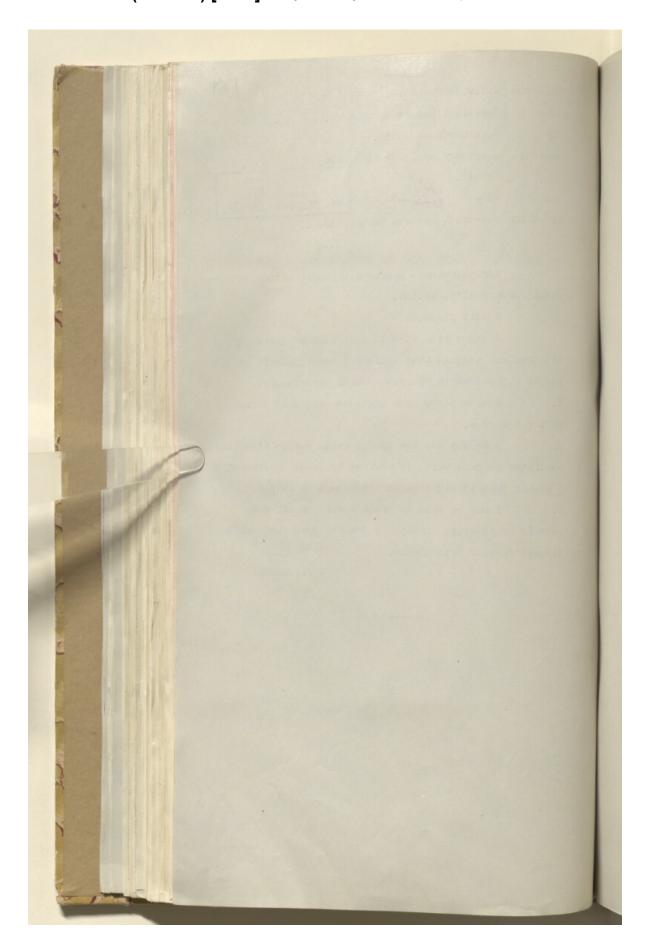


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨١و] (١٠/٣٧٠)



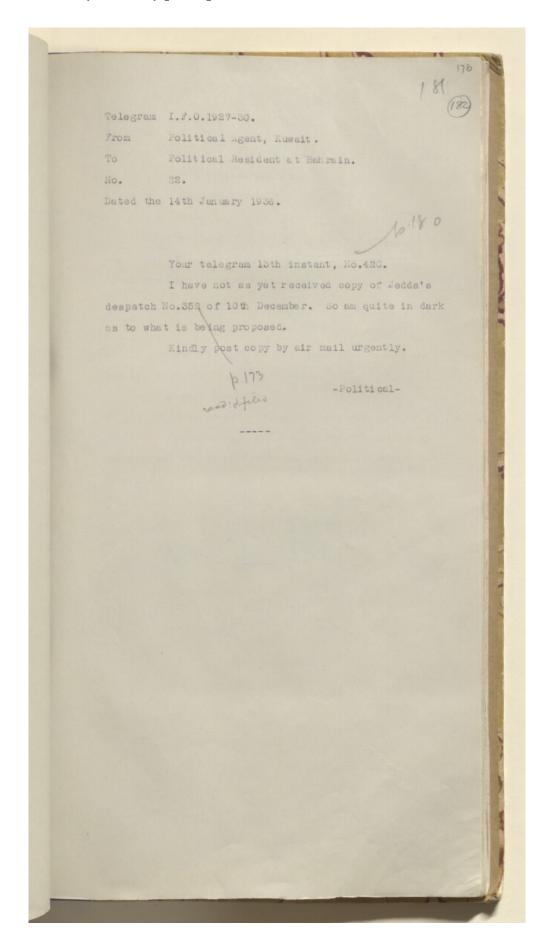


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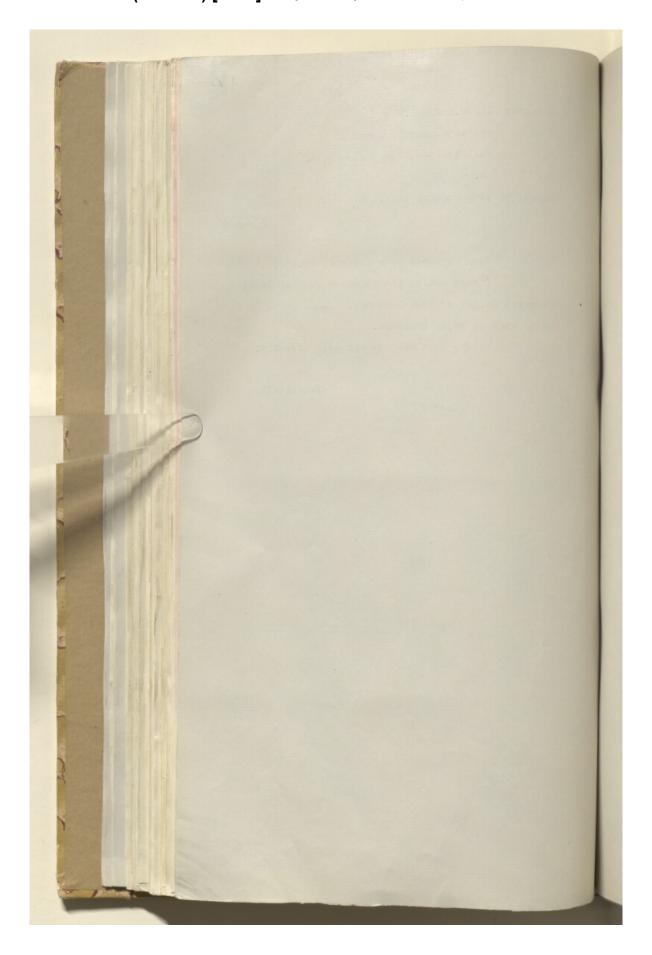


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨١و] (٢٧٣/٥٠)



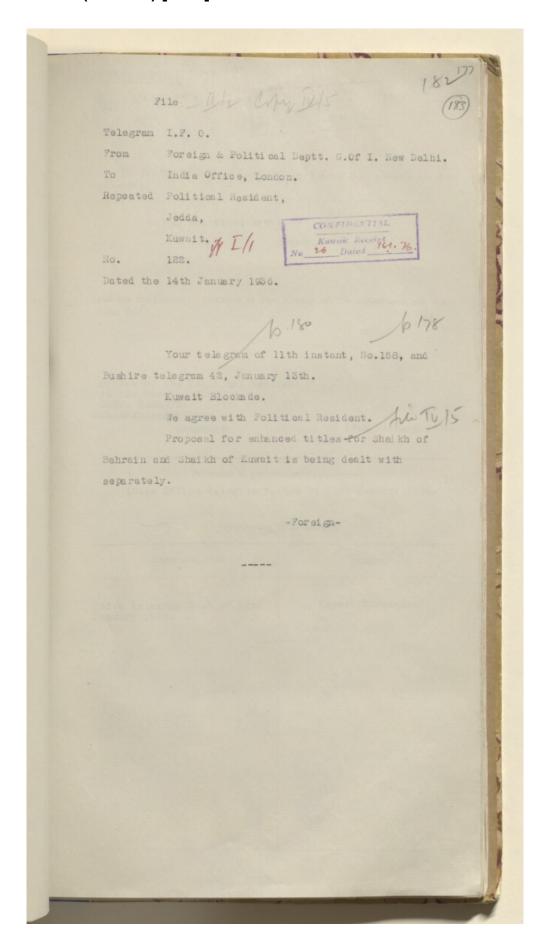


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٨١ظ] (١٠/٣٧٣)



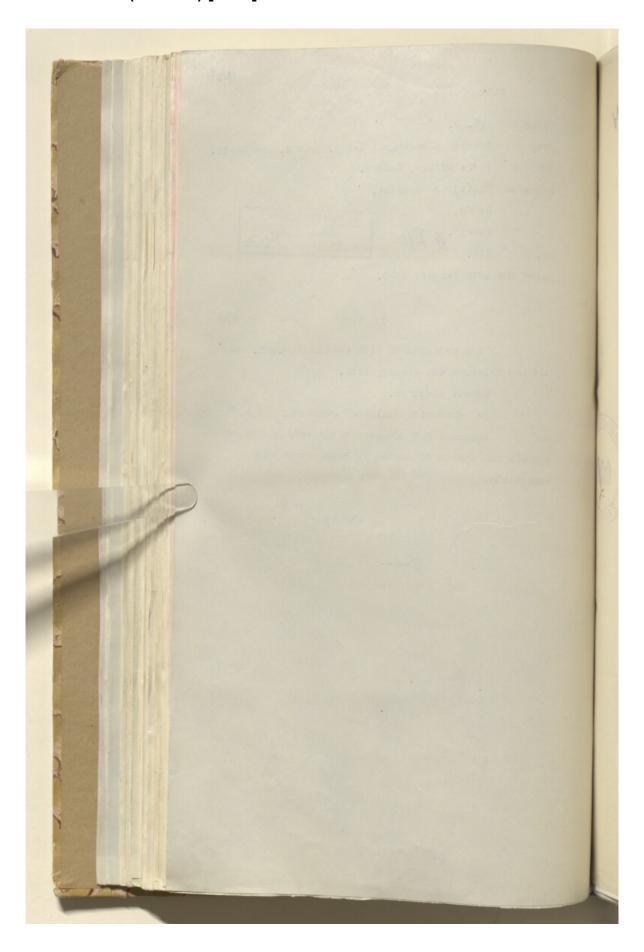


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨ ١ و] (١٠/٣٧٤)



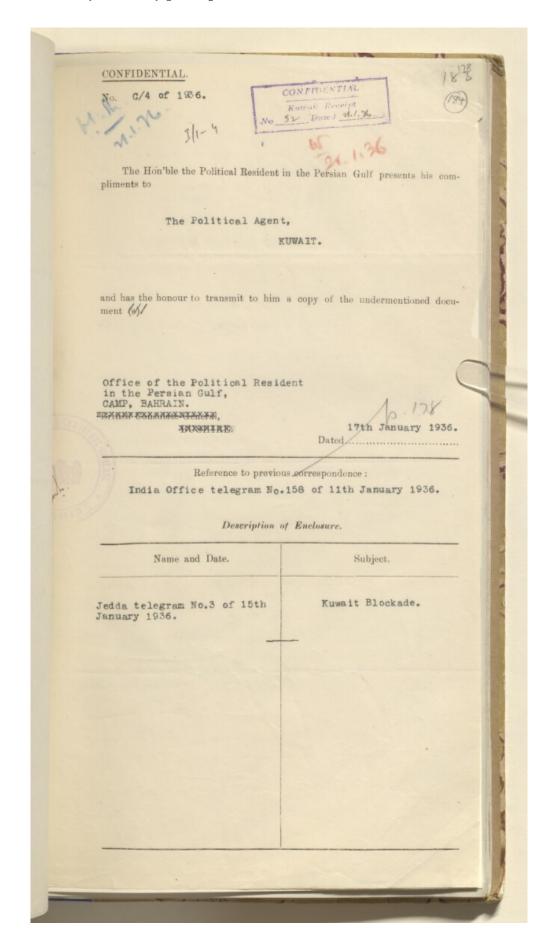


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨١٣] (١٠/٣٧٥)



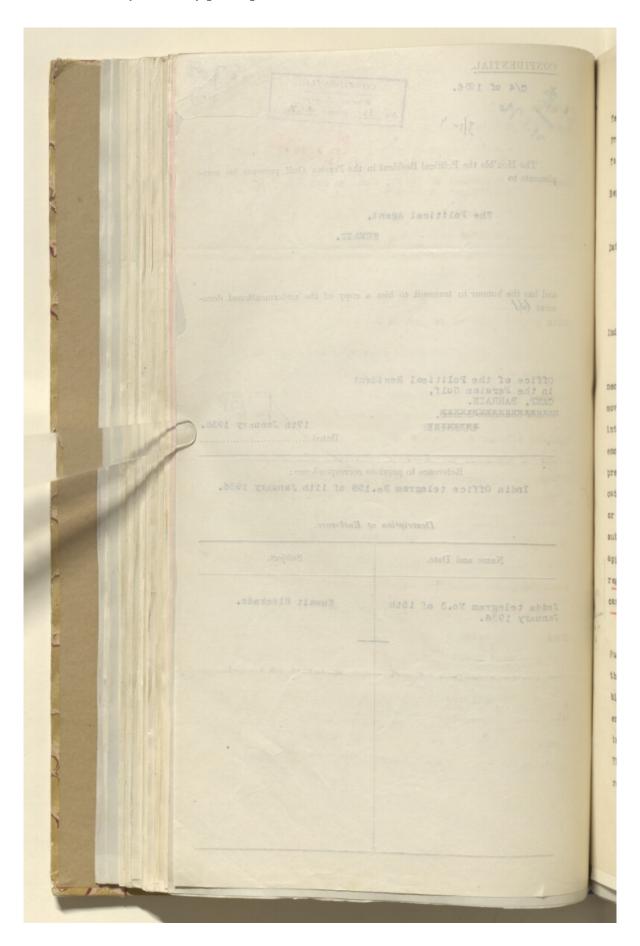


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨١و] (١٠/٣٧٦)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨١ظ] (١٠/٣٧٧)



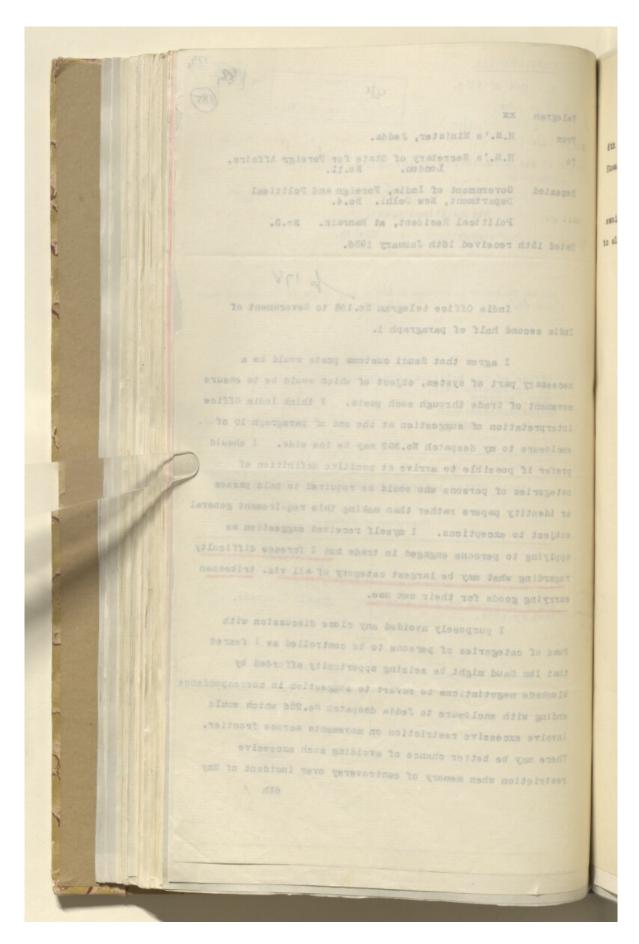


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٨ ١و] (١٠/٣٧٨)

Telegram H.M.'s Minister, Jedda. H.M.'s Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, London. No.11. To Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, New Delhi. No.4. Repeated Political Resident, at Bahrain. Dated 15th received 16th January 1936. India Office telegram No. 158 to Government of India second half of paragraph 1. I agree that Saudi customs posts would be a necessary part of system, object of which would be to ensure movement of trade through such posts. I think India Office interpretation of suggestion at the end of paragraph 10 of enclosure to my despatch No.352 may be too wide. I should prefer if possible to arrive at positive definition of categories of persons who would be required to hold passes or identity papers rather than making this requirement general subject to exceptions. I myself received suggestion as applying to persons engaged in trade but I foresee difficulty regarding what may be largest category of all viz. tribesmen carrying goods for their own use. I purposely avoided any close discussion with Fund of categories of persons to be controlled as I feared that Ibn Saud might be seizing opportunity afforded by blockade negotiations to revert to suggestion in correspondence ending with enclosure to Jedda despatch No. 256 which would involve excessive restriction on movements across frontier. There may be better chance of avoiding such excessive restriction when memory of controversy over incident of May 6th /

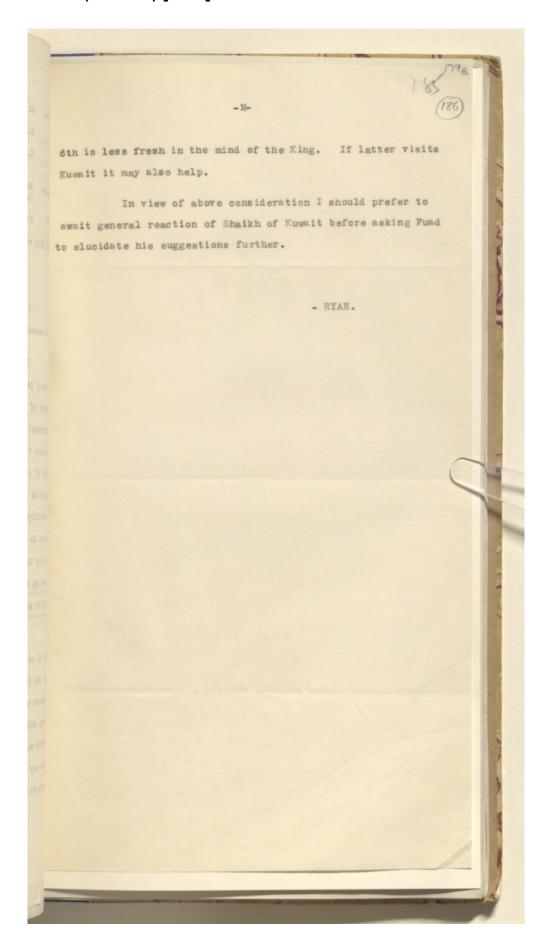


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٨١ظ] (٣٧٩) ٥١٠



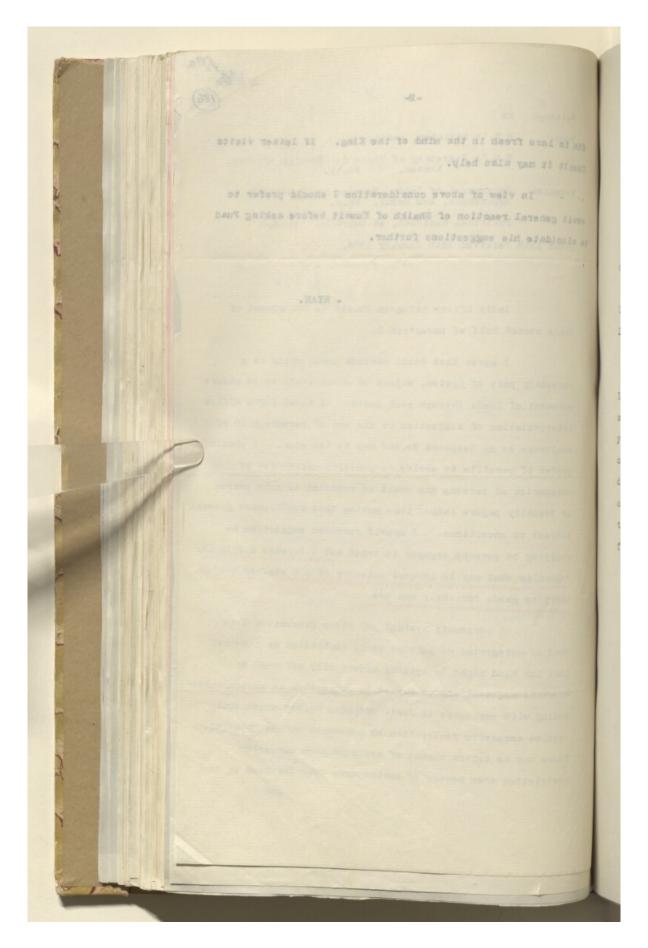


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨٦و] (١٠/٣٨٠)



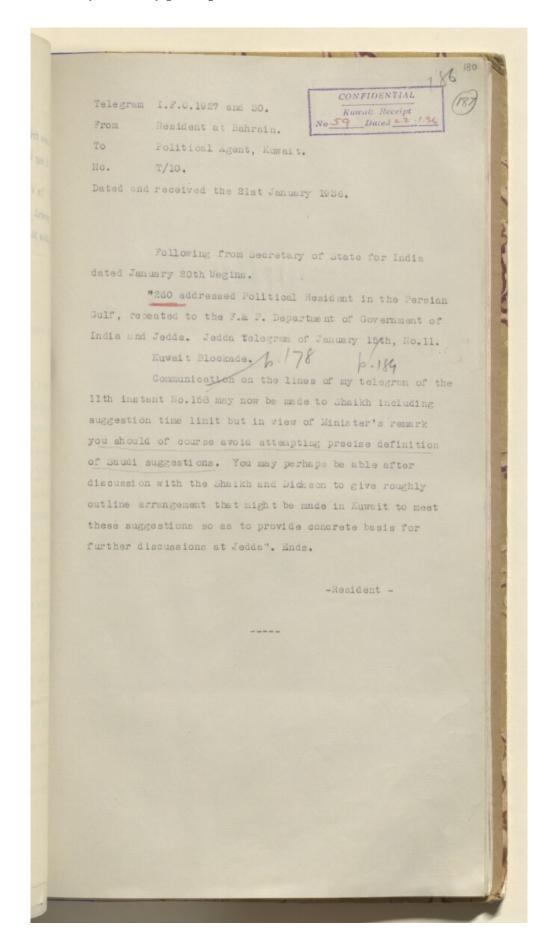


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨٦ظ] (١٠/٣٨١)



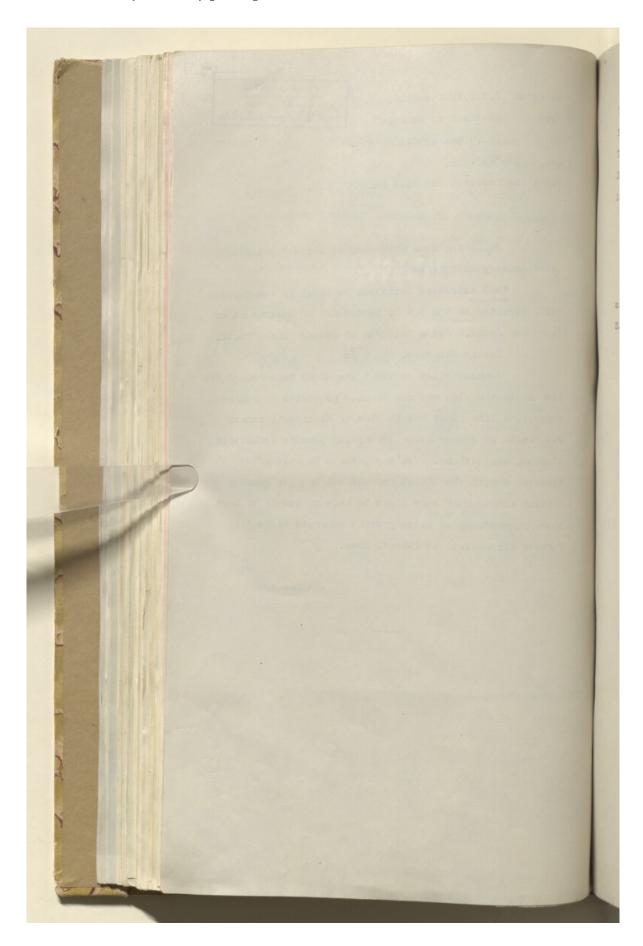


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨٧و] (١٠/٣٨٢)



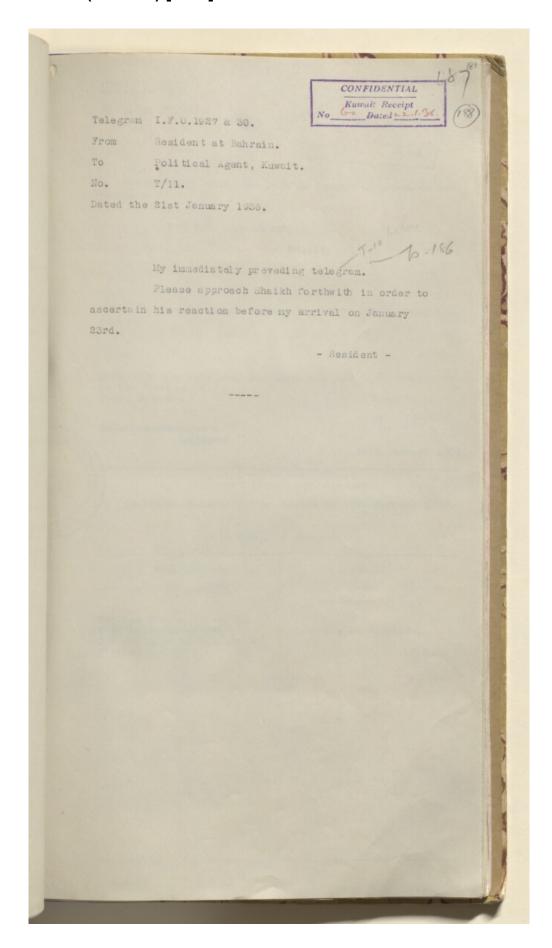


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨٧ظ] (٣٨٣/١٥)



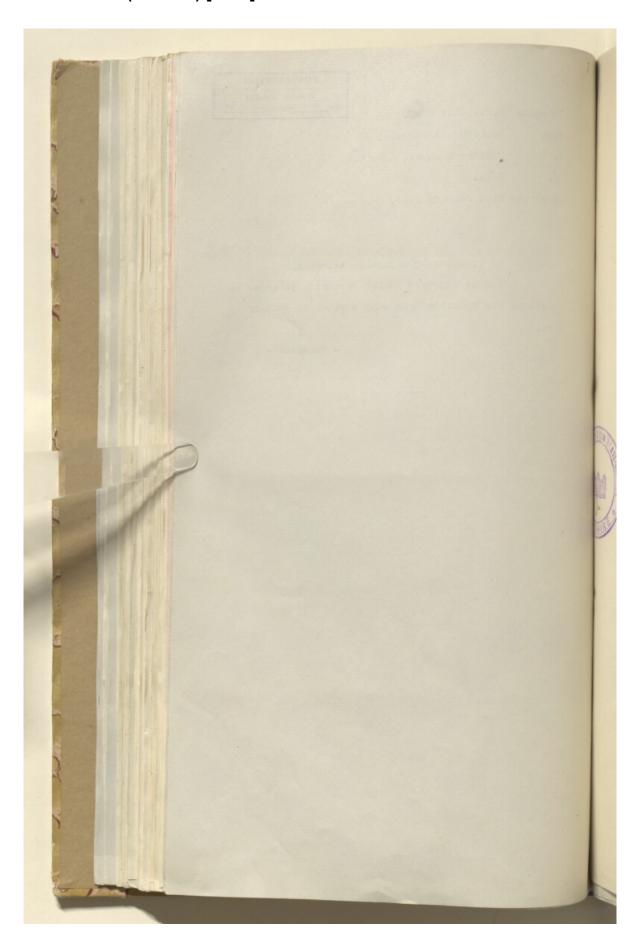


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٨١و] (١٠/٣٨٤)



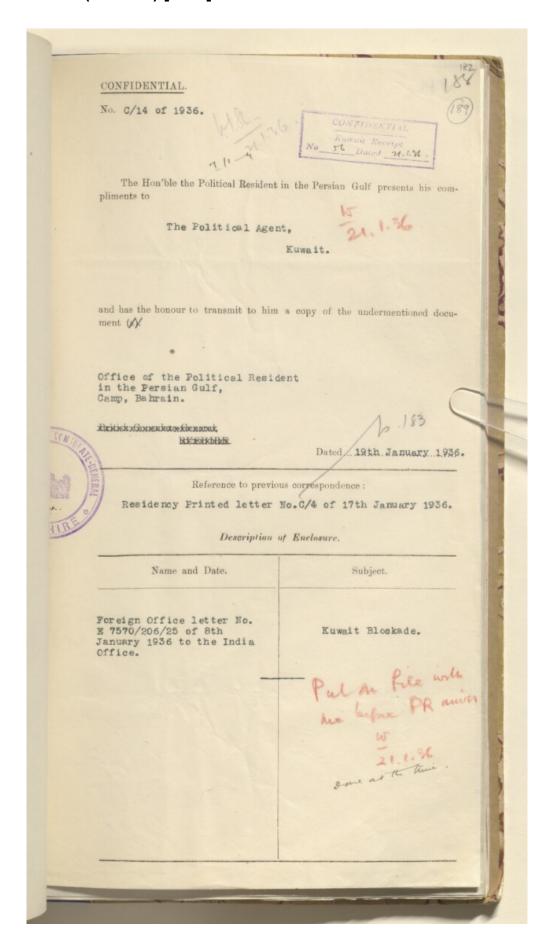


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٨١ظ] (١٠/٣٨٥)



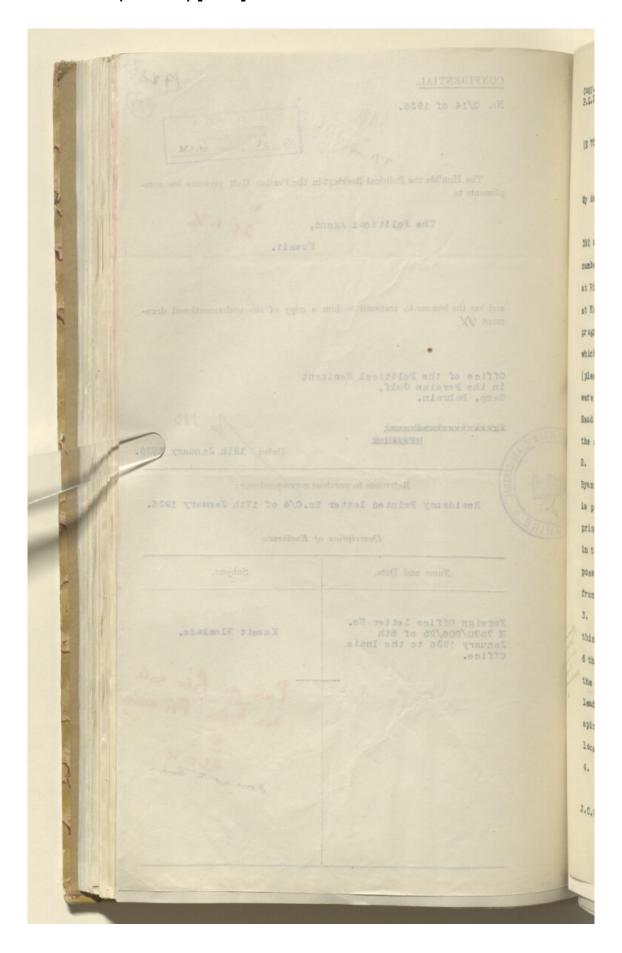


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨٩و] (١٠/٣٨٦)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨ ١ظ] (٣٨٧) ٥١٠



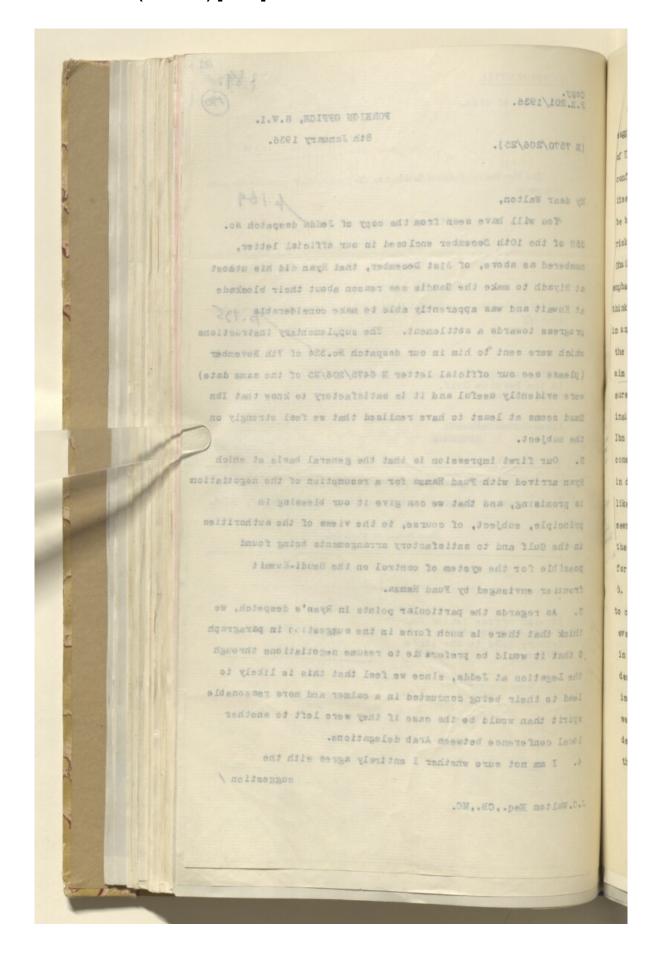


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٠١ و] (٣٨٨/ ٥١)

Copy. P.Z.201/1936. FOREIGN OFFICE, S.W.1. 8th January 1936. (E 7570/206/25). 1.169 My dear Walton. You will have seen from the copy of Jedda despatch No. 352 of the 10th December enclosed in our official letter. numbered as above, of 31st December, that Ryan did his uthost at Riyadh to make the Saudis see reason about their blockede at Kuwait and was apparently able to make considerable . 135 progress towards a settlement. The supplementary instructions which were sent to him in our despatch No. 324 of 7th November (please see our official letter E 6475/206/25 of the same date) were evidently useful and it is satisfactory to know that Ibn Saud seems at least to have realised that we feel strongly on the subject. 2. Our first impression is that the general basis at which Ryan arrived with Fuad Hamza for a resumption of the negotiation is promising, and that we can give it our blessing in principle, subject, of course, to the views of the authorities in the Gulf and to satisfactory arrangements being found possible for the system of control on the Saudi-Kuwait frontier envisaged by Fuad Hamza. 3. As regards the particular points in Ryan's despatch, we think that there is much force in the suggestion in paragraph 6 that it would be prefera de to resume negotiations through the Legation at Jedda, since we feel that this is likely to lead to their being conducted in a calmer and more reasonable spirit than would be the case if they were left to another local conference between Arab delegations. 4. I am not sure whether I entirely agree with the suggestion / J.C. Walton Esq., CB., MC.



" ١/١ المجلد الا العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٩١ظ] (٣٨٩/ ٥١)



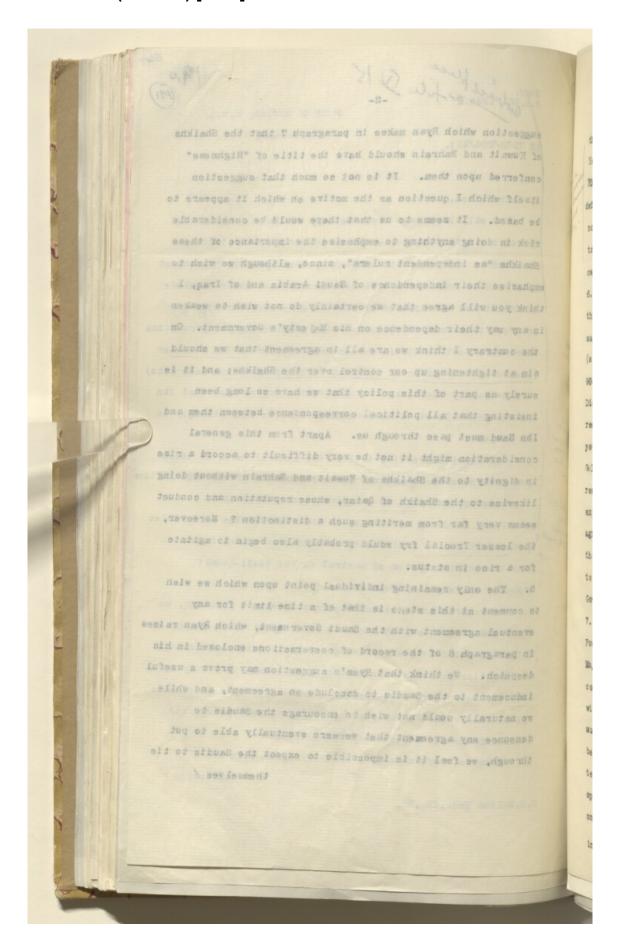


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩١١] (٩٩٠) ٥١٠/٣٩٠)

suggestion which Ryan makes in paragraph 7 that the Shaikhs of Kuwait and Bahrain should have the title of "Highness" conferred upon them. It is not so much that suggestion itself which I question as the motive on which it appears to be based. It seems to us that there would be considerable risk in doing anything to emphasise the importance of these Shaikhs "as independent rulers", since, although we wish to emphasise their independence of Saudi Arabia and of Irac. I think you will agree that we certainly do not wish to weaken in any way their dependence on His Majesty's Government. On the contrary I think we are all in agreement that we should aim at tightening up our control over the Shaikhs; and it is surely as part of this policy that we have so long been insisting that all political correspondence between them and Ibn Saud must pass through us. Apart from this general consideration might it not be very difficult to accord a rise in dignity to the Shaikhs of Kuwait and Bahrain without doing likewise to the Shaikh of Qatar, whose reputation and conduct seems very far from meriting such a distinction ? Moreover, the lesser Trucial fry would probably also begin to agitate for a rise in status. 5. The only remaining individual point upon which we wish to comment at this stage is that of a time limit for any eventual agreement with the Saudi Government, which Ryan raises in paragraph 8 of the record of conversations enclosed in his despatch. We think that Ryan's suggestion may prove a useful inducement to the Saudis to conclude an agreement, and while we naturally would not wish to encourage the Saudis to denounce any agreement that we were eventually able to put through, we feel it is impossible to expect the Saudis to tie themselves /

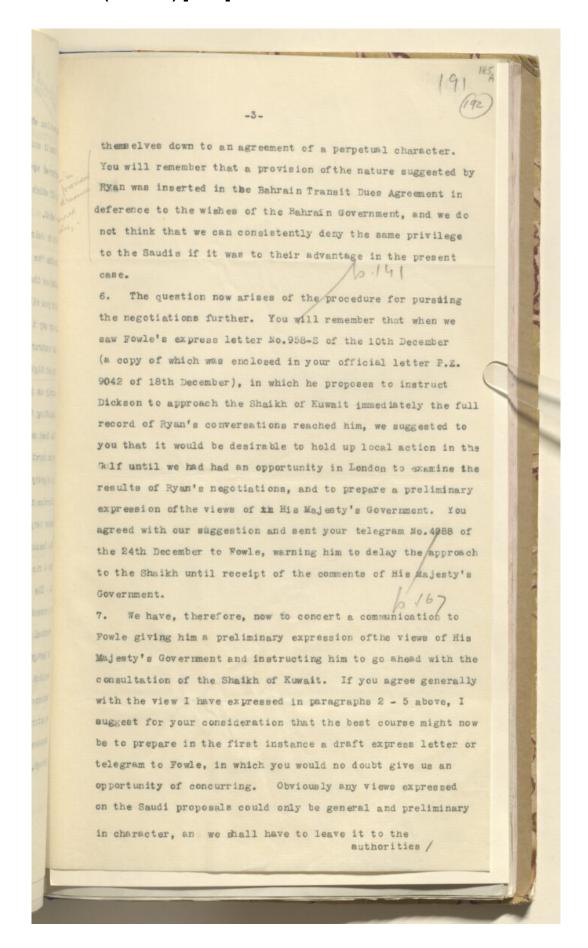


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩١ ظ] (١٩١ م.١٥)



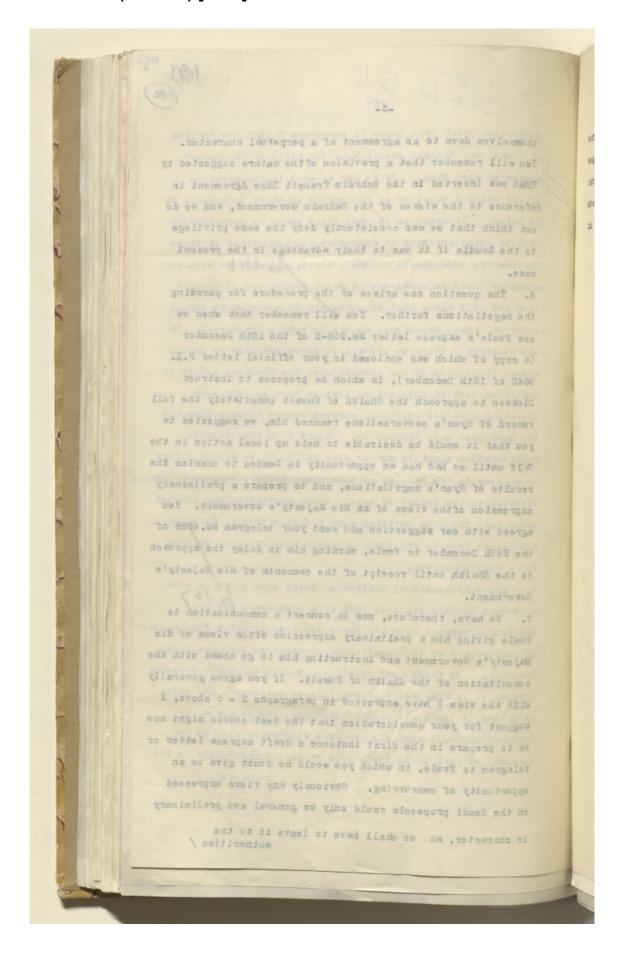


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٢] و] (٢٩٣/٥٠)



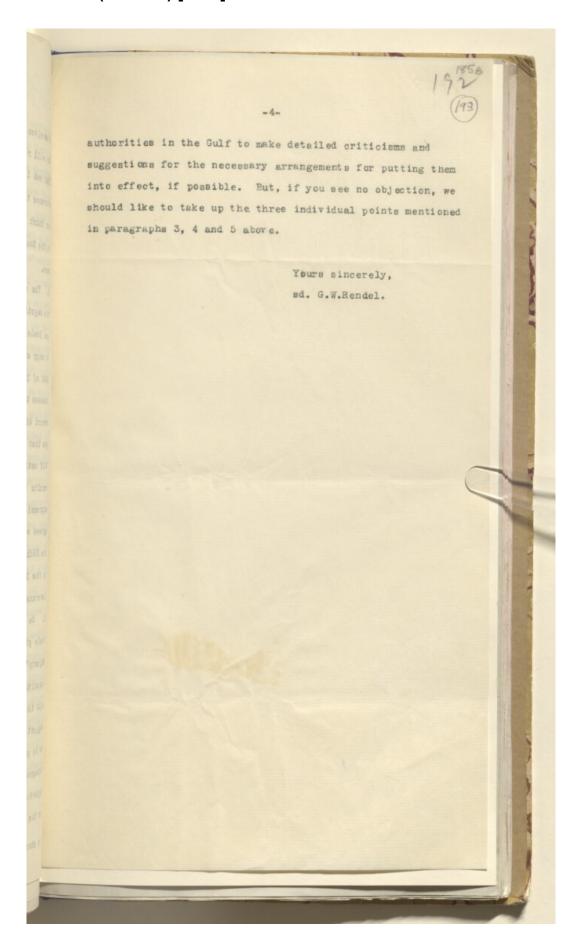


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٢ ظ] (٣٩٣/٥١٥)



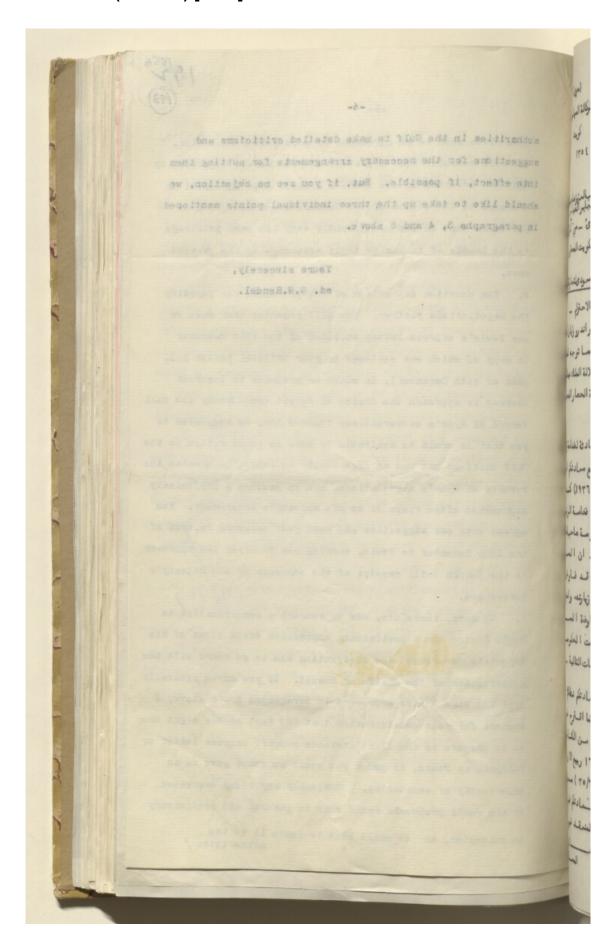


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٣ او] (١٩٣٠)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٣ اظ] (٩٩٠/٥١٥)





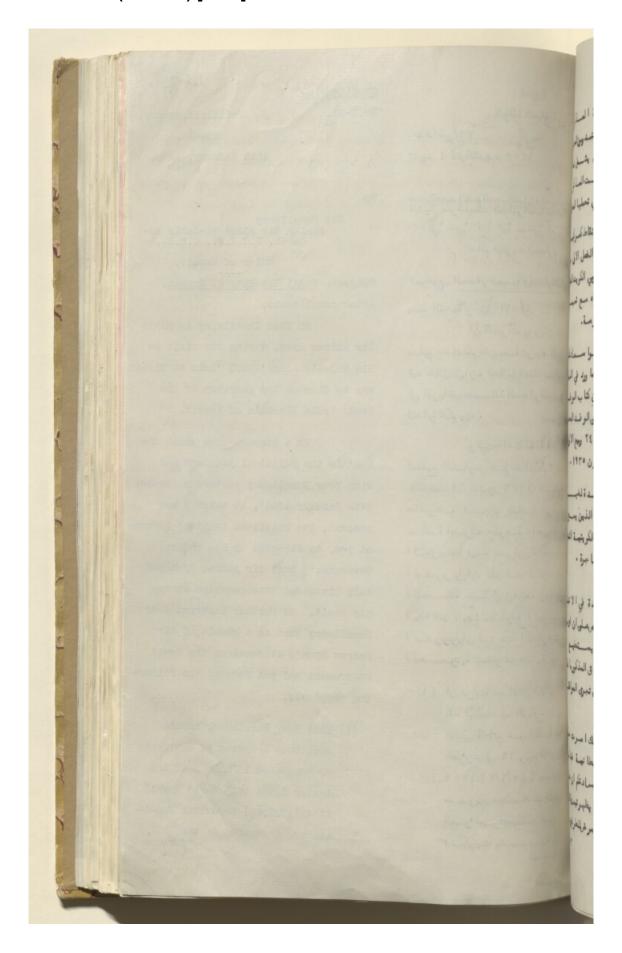
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٤ او] (١٩٣٦ ٥١)

(سرى) Confidential. الوكالة السياسة No.C-31. Political Agency, عدد/سي/١٦ Kuwait. تاريخ ١ دىالقده ١٥٥٤ 25th January, 1936. فرة حميد الشيم المحب المزيز صاحب ال شيخ صر احميد الجابر الصاء To His Excellency Shaikh Sir Ahmad al-Jabir as-Sabah, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., کی سی -ای ای _سی آس-ا حاكم الكويت المحترم Ruler of Kuwait. الموضوع الحصار السمود علنجا رقالكي Subject: Saudi Blockade of Kuwait. After compliments, بعد التحية وجزيل الاحترام _ As Your Excellency is aware ان السر اندرو رايان كما Sir Andrew Ryan, during his visit to مملي سمادتكم كان مسا توجه للمثاو His Majesty King 'Abdul 'Aziz at Riyadh فيه خلال زيارته لجلالة الملك عنالمز was to discuss the question of the في الرياض مسائلة الحصار السود Saudi trade blockade of Kuwait. لتجارة الكويت . و في محادثة لفخامة رئيم In a conversation which the الخليج النارسي مع سادتكم امم Hon'ble the Political Resident had with Your Excellency yesterday (Friday (الجمعة ٢٤ جنوري ١٩٣٦) كنيت انا 24th January 1936), at which I was حاضرها اخبركه فخامة الرئيم present, the Political Resident inform-_ كما امرته حكومة صاحبالملاا البريطانية _ ان الس ed you, as directed by His Majesty's Government, that Sir Andrew Ryan had ا ندرو رایان کان قد فاوضینی duly discussed this question during المسئلة خلال زيارته، واخبركم his visit. He further informed Your ايضا انم نتيجة لمفاوضة الس Excellency that as a result of Sir ا سدرورايان قد مت الحكومة Andrew Ryan's discussions the Saudi السمودية المقترحات التالية _ Government had put forward the follow-(١) ان ترتبوا سادتكم نظالم ing proposals. الما نيضت كما اقترح في (1) That Your Excellency should الفصل الثاني من الكتاب institute a system of manifests المنوءرخ في ١٦ ربيع الا ول as suggested in head 2 of the 3071 (1/1/07) letter dated 16th Rabi * Auwal مندوبی سنعادتکم نس 1354 (17.6.35) from Your Excel-المو تمر المنعقد في lency's delegates at the الكويت بشان conference/

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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩١٠ظ] (١٠/٣٩٧)



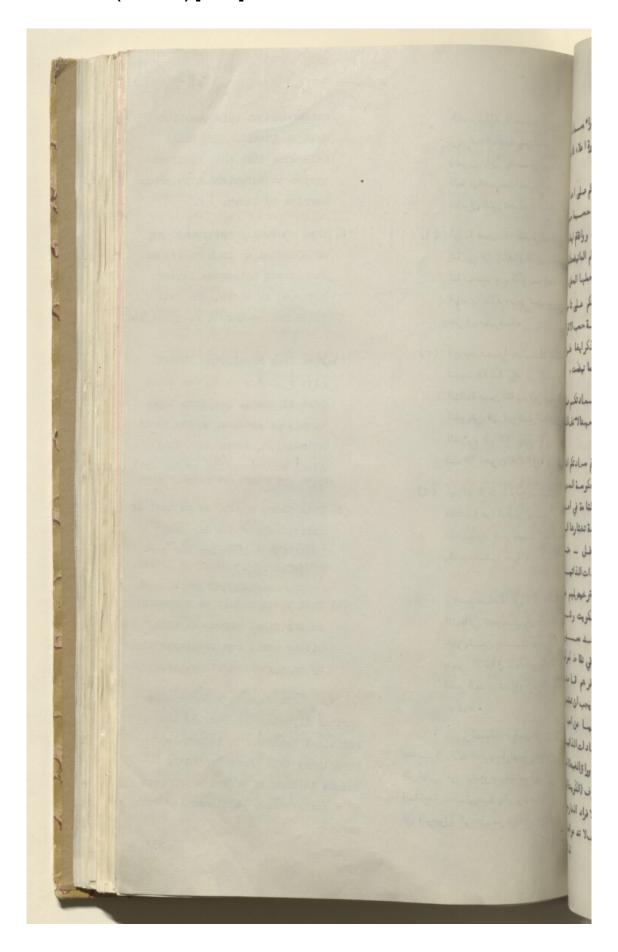


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٥ او] (١٩٠/٥١)

المسائلة الماذكورة. conference on this question ويرغب المنسد وون السود held at Kuwait. The Saudi يسون أن يشمل نظام delegates wish this manifest الما نيضت المذكور system to be extended to goods الاموال التي تحملها السفن . carried by dhows. (۲) ان تا سرونقاط کمرکیا (2) That customs posts should be كما ورد في الفصل الابل من established as in head (1) of كتاب مندوي الكويت المشار the Kuwait delegates letter اليه با علاه مع تعيين referred to above, and that طرق معلومة. fixed routes should be specified (٣) ان تقدموا سادتكم (3) That Your Excellency should تعبدا كما ورد في المهارة give a pledge as in the third الثالثة من كتاب الوند para of the letter from the الكويتي الى الوفد السعود: Kuwait delegation to the Saudi المو رخ في ٢٤ رسم الالى الم delegation, dated 24th Rabi L 07 جون 1940. Auwal corresponding to the 25th (٤) ايجاد قاعدة لضيط June 1935. الاشخاص الذين يميرون (4) That there should be control of individuals who cross the الحدود الكويتية النجدية Kuwait-Nejd frontier for pur-بقصد المتا جرة . poses of trade. (٥) وضع مادة في الانفاق (5) That there should be a provision النهائي تنص على ان اى مر in the final agreement that الفريقين يستطيع ان either party can terminate it ينهى الانظاق المذكوربا علام by an agreed short notice. قصير المدى تجرى المواقف 2. His Majesty's Government further directed the Hon'ble the ٠٢ وكندلك اصرت حكوة Political Resident to inform Your صاحب الجلالة البريطا نهسة فغاسة Excellency that these proposals الرئيس ان يخم سادتكم ان هذه seemed to them to afford a prospect المقترحا تعملى مما يظهر تبعثالامل of a satisfactory settlement to both في الوصول الي حل مر غر للطر فين. parties. 1.4



"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩١ظ] (٩٩٩/٠١٥)





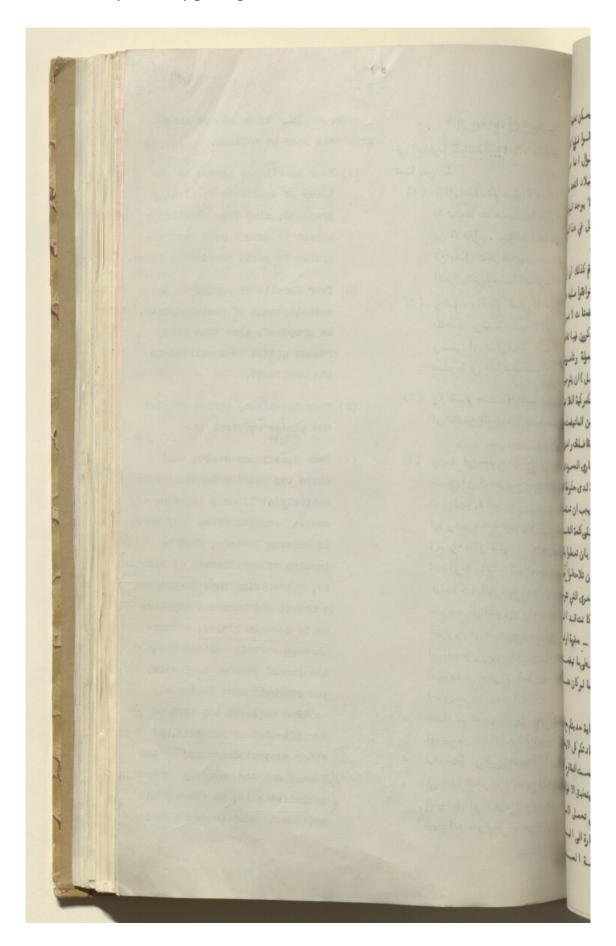
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٦] (١٠/٤٠٠)

- 3 -Your views on the above ٣٠ اسا-ارا يسسعاد تك proposals were as follows. في المقترحات المذكورة اعلاه فكانت کسایلی ۔ (1) Your Excellency agreed to the (1) وانق سمادتكم على احدار issue of manifests as already ما نیفستا ت حسیما سیق proposed, also Your Excellency من الا تتراح . و وا نقم ايضا على agreed to extend such manifest ان يشمل نظام المانيف المذكر system to goods carried by dhows. الاموال التي تحملها السفن. (2) Your Excellency agreed to the (٢) وافقم سادتكم على تا سيس establishment of customs posts. نقاط كمركية حسب الاقترام as proposed, also that fixed وعلى أن تذكر أيضا طرق routes should be specified on مملومة في الما نيضت. the manifests. (۱۲) وا نقم سمادتكم على (3) Your Excellency agreed to give ان تقدموا التميالاتفالذكر the pledge referred to. (٤) وقد اوضعة سادتكم انه ني (4) Your Excellency stated that حسين ان الحكومة السمودية while the Saudi Government were لها الحرية النامة في اصد ا entirely at liberty to issue any اية رخص خاصة تختارها الي special permits which they chose ا مسراء القوافيل _ مثل to caravan leaders, such as اصدار شهادات الذائيـــــة issuing of cerificates of Identi-(باسات) بالترخيص لمهم في ty, authorizing them to proceed التوجه الي الكويت وشراً to Kuwait and purchase supplies up to certain limits, or pass اللوازم الى حد مسلوم through certain customs posts on اوبالمرورني نقاط كمركية the inward journey to Kuwait, ملومة في سفرهم قا صدين you yourself must definitely الكويت _ يجب ان تمتنعوا سمادتكم قطعيا عن اصد ار decline to issue any form of Certificates of Identity, or افي نوع من شهادات الذانية other control documents at the (باسات) او اوراق الضبطالاخرى Kuwait end for outgoing caravans في هذا الطرف (الكويت) الي or individuals, as there would القواضل او الافراد الخارجين neither be need for such action حيث انه سوفلا تد عوالماجة لذ لك /

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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٦٦ظ] (١٠/٤٠١)





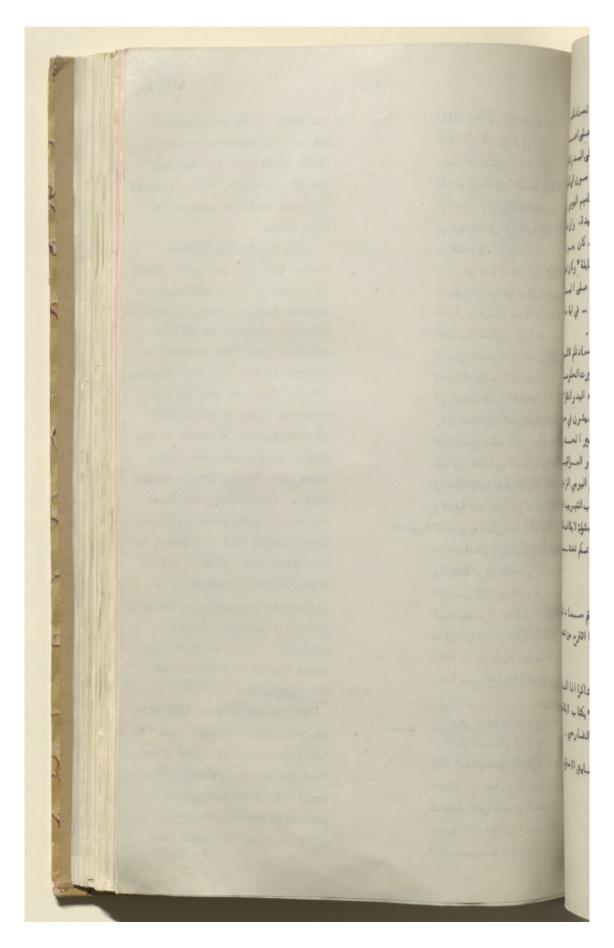
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٧] و] (١٠/٤٠٢)

196 لذلك ولا يمكن تطبيقه _ nor would it be practicable, ذلك لان القوا ضيها لشي seeing that caravans exporting تصدر الا موال انما هي goods would come in from Nejd تقدم من البلاد النجد يـة and go out again, and no Kuwaiti ثم تخرج ولا يوجد قوافيل caravans would be engaged in كويتية تشتغل في هذا النوع such trade. من النجارة. Your Excellency further واوضحة كذلك ان كل stated that all you could agree ما يمكن أن توافقوا عمليه همو to do was to issue manifests to امدارما نيضنات لا مرا ١ caravan leaders giving particular of goods carried, as well as القواضل تذكرون فيها تغاصيل الاموال المحمولة وتامرونهم ordering them (the leaders) to proceed to such and such customs (امراء القواضل) ان يتوجهوا الى النقطة الكمركية الطلا نيد. posts. That one copy of the manifest would be given to the وان نسخة من المانيضت ستعطى caravan leader, a second to the الى ا مر القاضلت و اخرى الى Saudi trade Agent here, and a الوكيل التجاري السمودي هنا third kept by the Kuwait Gover-و تحظ ثالثة لدى حكومة الكويت. ment - Lastly that the Saudi واخيرا انه يجب ان تعتمد Government must trust to Your الحكومة السمودية على كلمة الشرف Excellency's word of honour, to من سمادتكم بان تعملوا بالمدل play fair, and see that all والامانة وان تلاحظوا الجميع other caravans proceeding to القواضل الاخرى التي تتوجي Nejd, that happened to come in الى نجمد وكا نت قد ا تمت without documents, travel or بدون اوراق _ سفية اوغير otherwise, would be given mani-ذلك _ تعطيما نيضيتات fests and treated as if they وتحاصل كما لوكان عند ها had documents. ا وراق . At the end of your talk with وفي نهاية حديثكم معالرئيس the Political Resident Your اوضعم سادتكم كل الايضاء ان Excellency made it quite clear نظام الما نيفست المقتر لا يمكن that the manifest system proposed تطبيقه ولا ينطبق الاعلى التواطيان could and would only apply to المنظمة التي تحمل الاموال organized caravans carrying بقصد النجارة الي البيلاد ا لى ربية السيودية ا goods for trade purposes to Saudi/

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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٩٧ ظ] (١٠/٤٠٥)



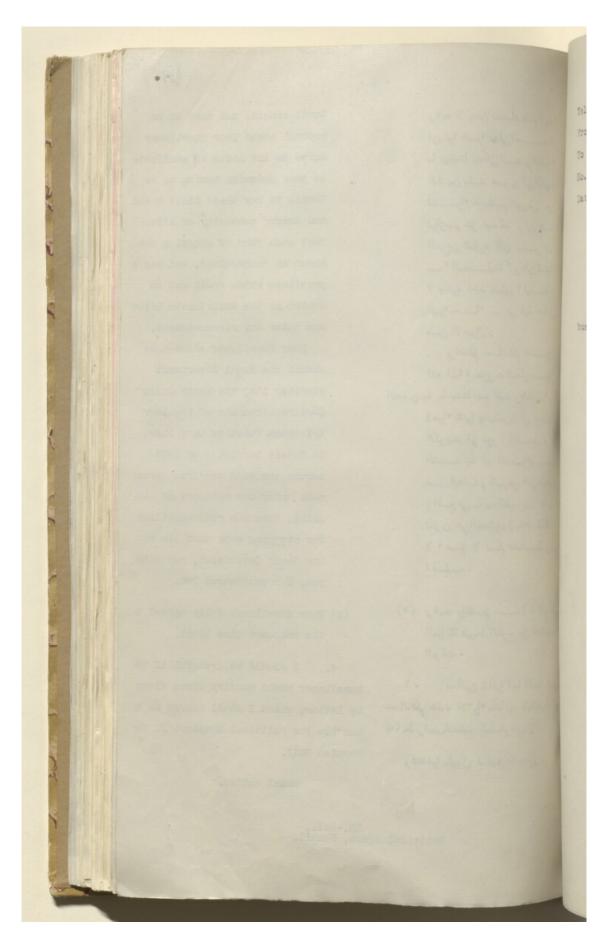


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩٨ و] (١٠/٤٠٤)

- 5 -وانه لا يمكن لسمادتكم ابدا Saudi Arabia, and that on no ان توا فقسوا عملی اصد ا ر account could Your Excellency ما نيضنا ت الى البد والقراء agree to the issue of manifests الذين يقد مون الى الكهت to poor Badawins coming up to لشراء طمامهم اليومي و Kuwait to buy their daily bread لوازمهم الزهيدة. وأن هدا and meagre necessity of life. That such form of shopping was النوعن الكرود كان يمسر ف ب_" المسابلة " وكان امنيازا known as "musabalah", and was a لا ينكره احد على البدو privilege which could not be denied to the infortunate tribe البوا ساء _ في اية حال من الاحوال . men under any circumstances. واضغم سادتكم قائلسين Your Excellency added that انه اذا اعتبرت الحكومة should the Saudi Government السمودية ما يحتاجه البدو العقرا ، consider that the petty daily food requirements of the poor (سواء كانوا يعيشون في حدود tribesmen (whether they lived الكويت او عبر الحسد ود النجمد ية او المراقيمة) in Kuwait territory or just across the Nejd or 'Iraq borde: من الطمام اليومي الزهيد came under the category of smu واقع في باب التهريب فانها gling, then the responsibility تكون هي المسئولة لايقاف ذلك for stopping such must lie wit لا انه لا نيكم تخشيون the Saudi Government, not with you, for you feared God. (٥) وقد والقيم سيما د تكم كل (5) Your Excellency fully agreed to المواقة علىما اقترم من تحديد the proposed time limit. الوقت . I should be grateful if You ٤٠ فساكون شاكرا اذا اكد سم Excellency would confirm these views سادتكم هذه الاراء بكتاب لابلاغها الم by letter, which I shall convey to th فعا مة رئيس الخليم الضارسي . Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf. و تغظوا بقبول فايق الاحترام . Usual ending. to. Lt.-Col., Political Agent, Kuwait.

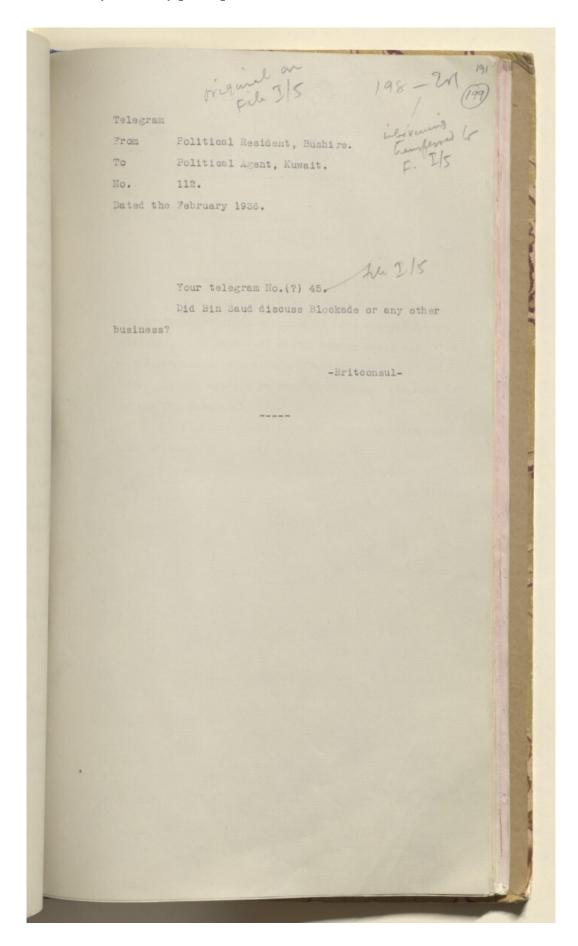


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٨ ظ] (٥٠٠/٤٠٥)



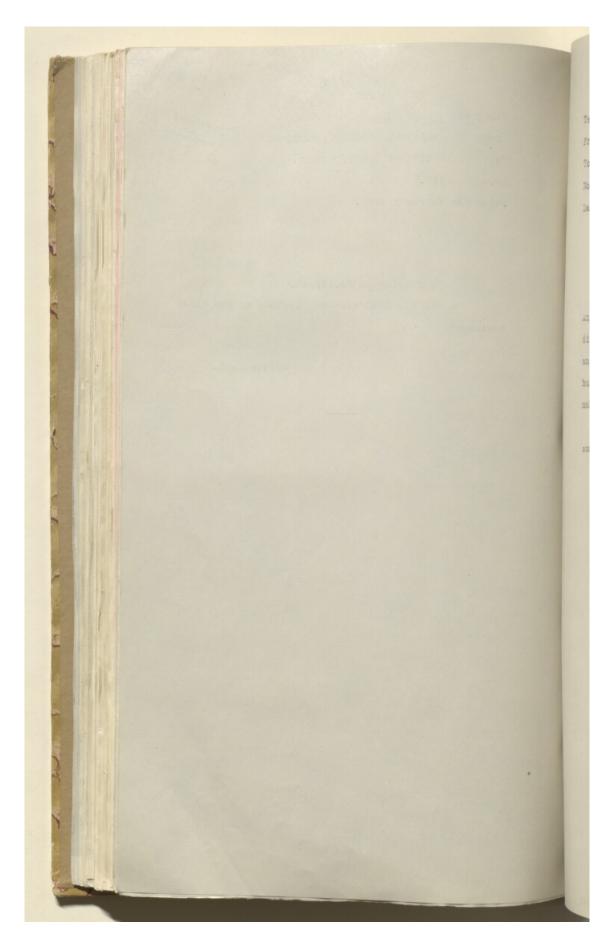


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩ او] (١٠/٤٠٦)



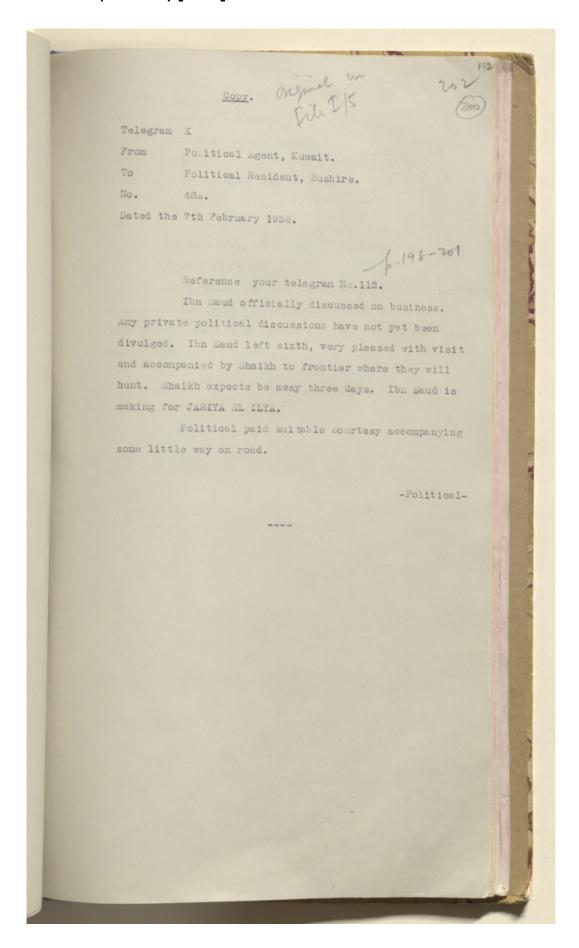


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٩ اظ] (٧٠ ١٠/١ ٥)



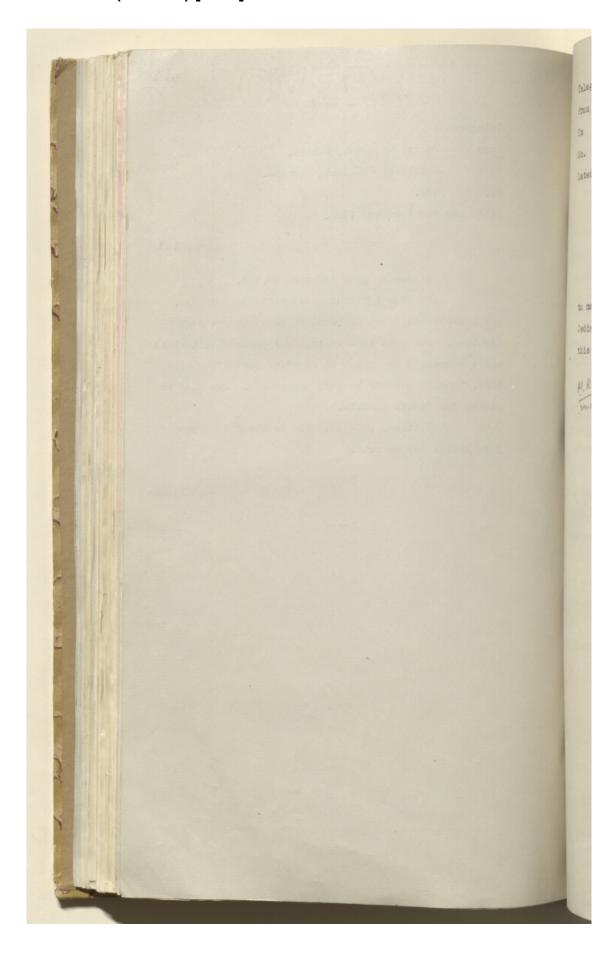


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٠ و] (١٠/٤٠٨)



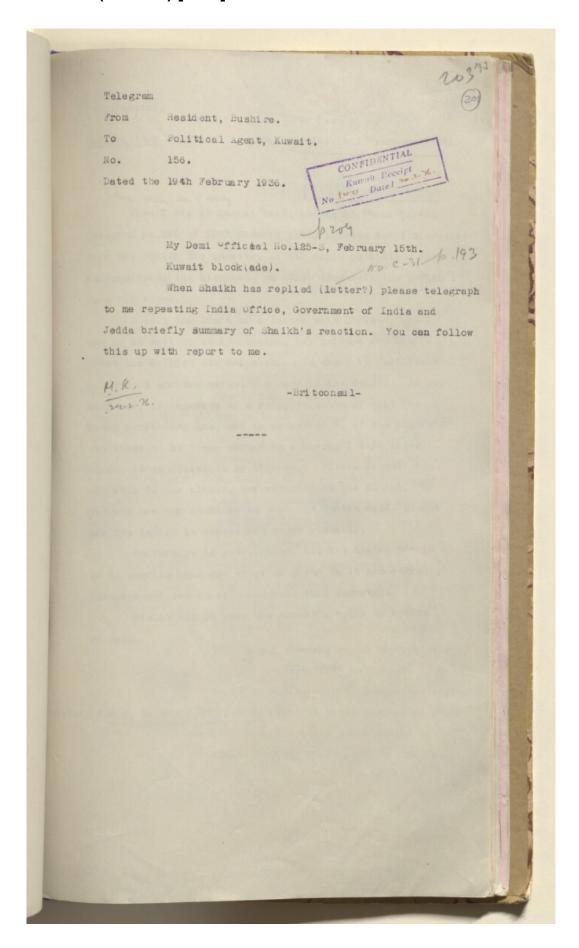


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٠٠٢ظ] (٩٠٤/٠١٥)



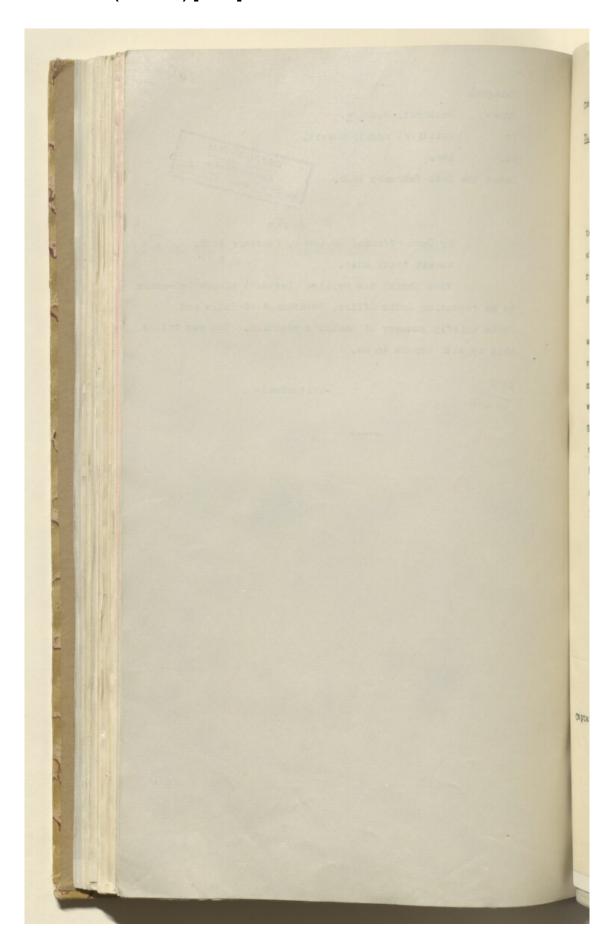


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠١ و] (١٠/٤١٠)



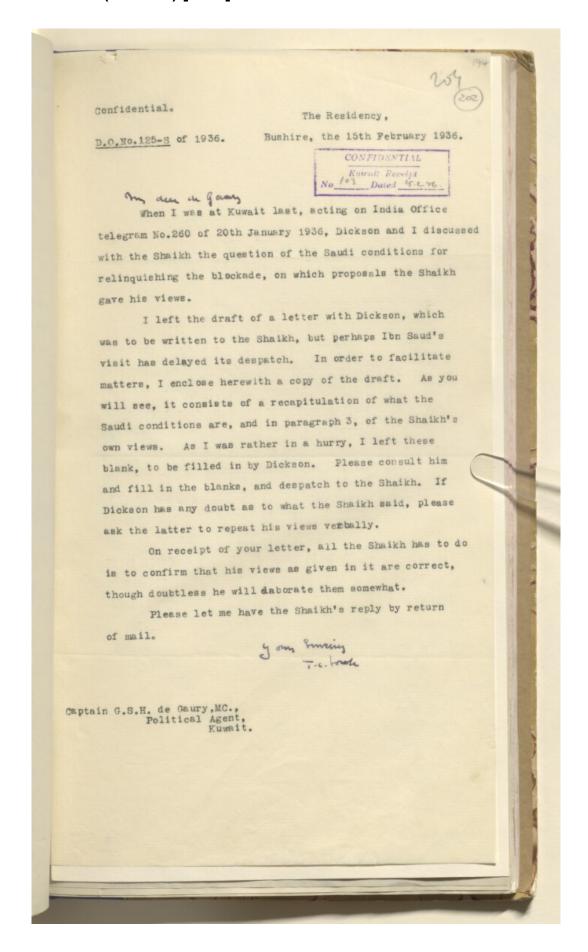


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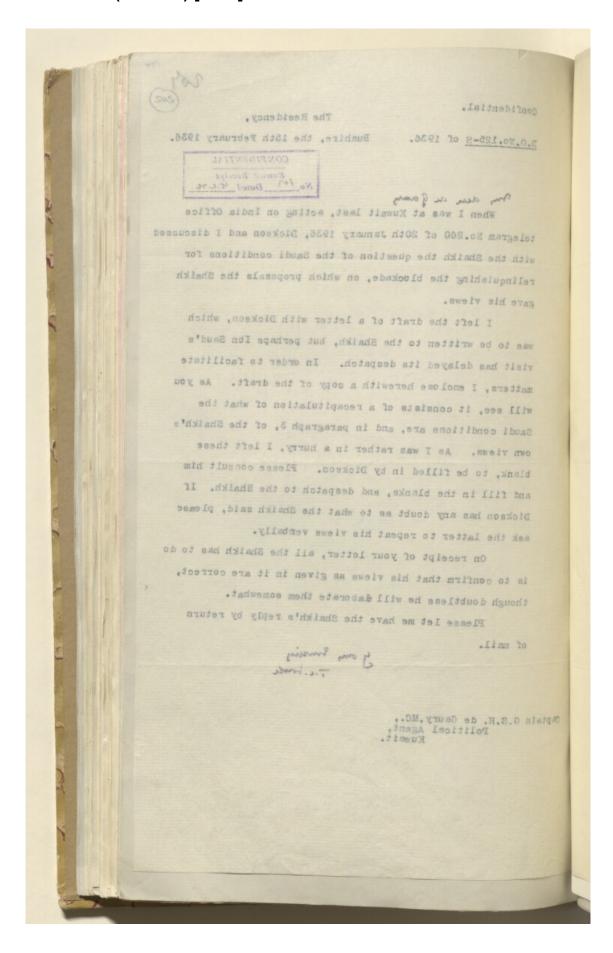
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٢و] (١٠/٤١٥)



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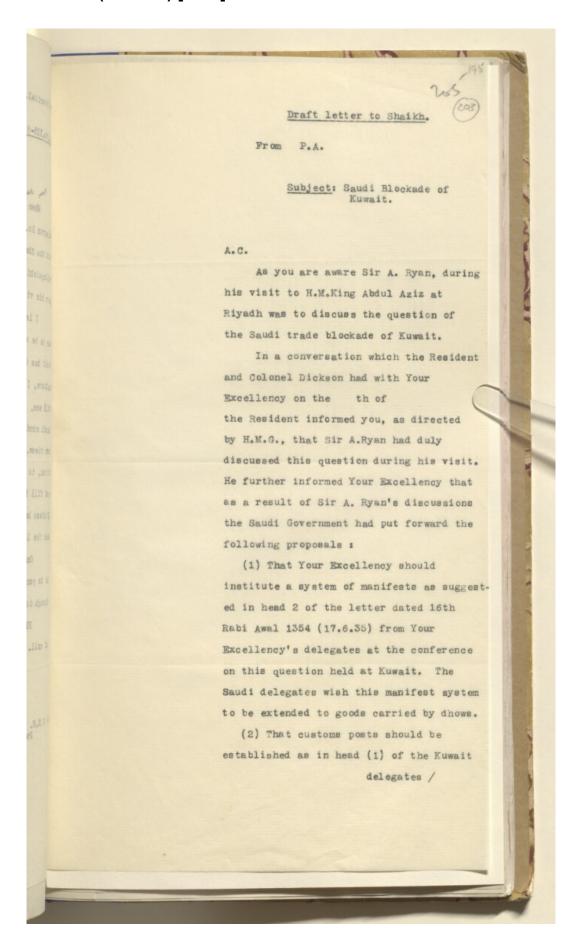


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٢ظ] (١٠/٤١٣)



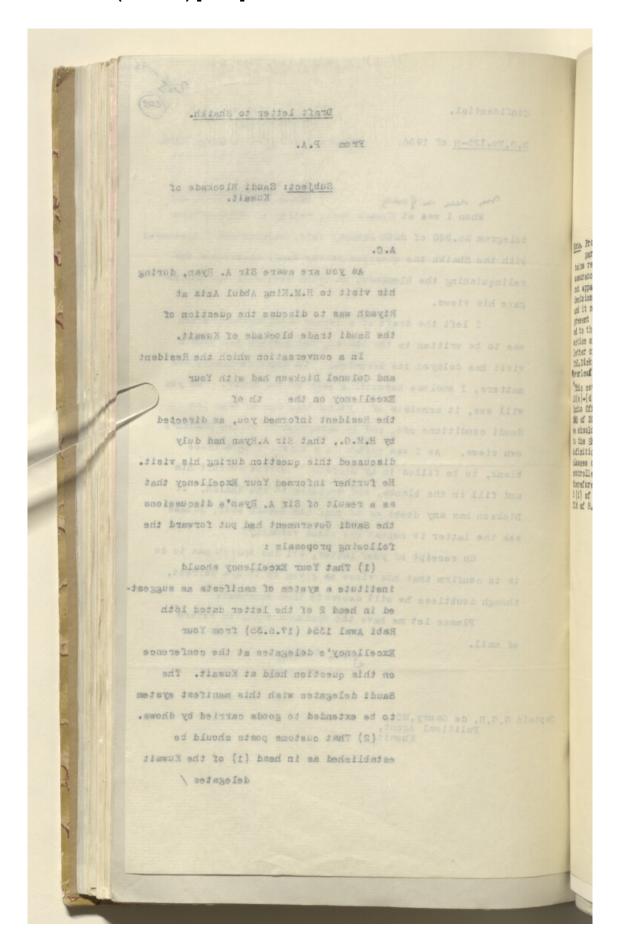


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠٦و] (١٠/٤١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠٢ظ] (١٠/٤١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٢٤] (١٦/٤١٥)

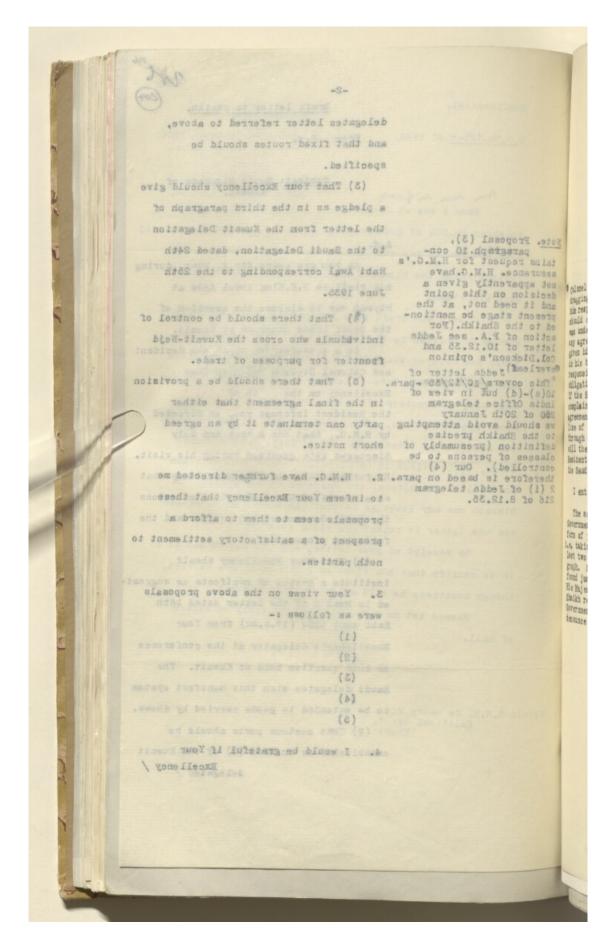
-2delegates letter referred to above. and that fixed routes should be specified. (3) That Your Excellency should give a pledge as in the third paragraph of the letter from the Kuwait Delegation Note. Proposal (3), paragraph.10 con-tains request for H.M.G.'s to the Saudi Delegation, dated 24th assurance. H.M.G.have
not apparently given a
decision on this point
and it need not, at the
present stage be mention—
ed to the Shaikh. (For
action of P.A. see Jedda
letter of 10.12.35 and
Col.Dickson's opinion

**Col.Dickson's opinion

**This covers/10/12/35% para.
10(a)-(d) but in view of
India Office telegram
250 of 20th January
we should avoid attempting
to the Shaikh precise assurance. H.M.G.have Rabi Awal corresponding to the 25th June 1935. (4) That there should be control of individuals who cross the Kuwait-Nejd frontier for purposes of trade. (5) That there should be a provision in the final agreement that either party can terminate it by an agreed to the Shaikh precise definition (presumably of classes of persons to be short notice. controlled). Our (4)
therefore is based on para. 2.
2 (i) of Jedda telegram
216 of 8.12.35. H.M.G. have furifiter directed me to inform Your Excellency that these proposals seem to them to afford a prospect of a satisfactory settlement to noth parties. 3. Your views on the above proposals were as follows :-(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) I would be grateful if Your Excellency /



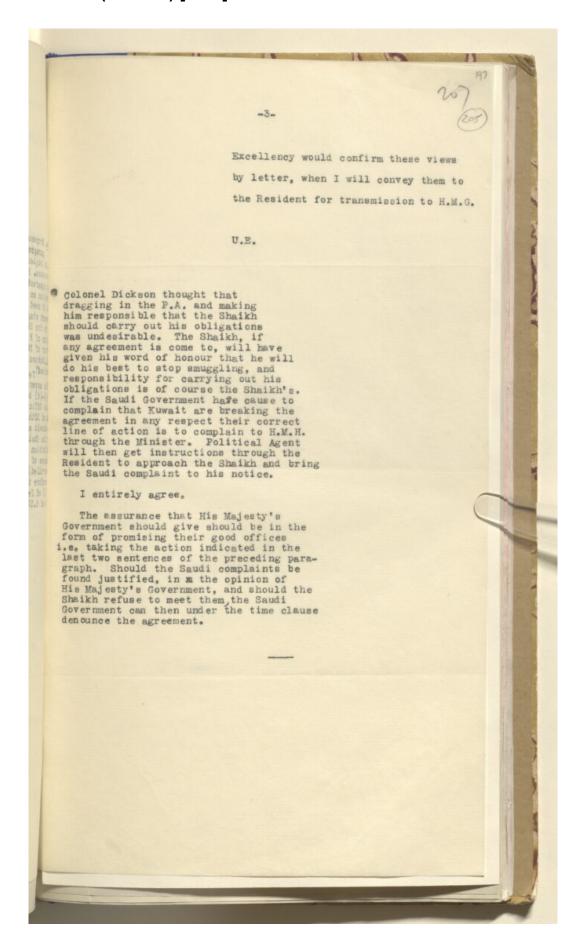
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٢ظ] (١٠/٤١٥)



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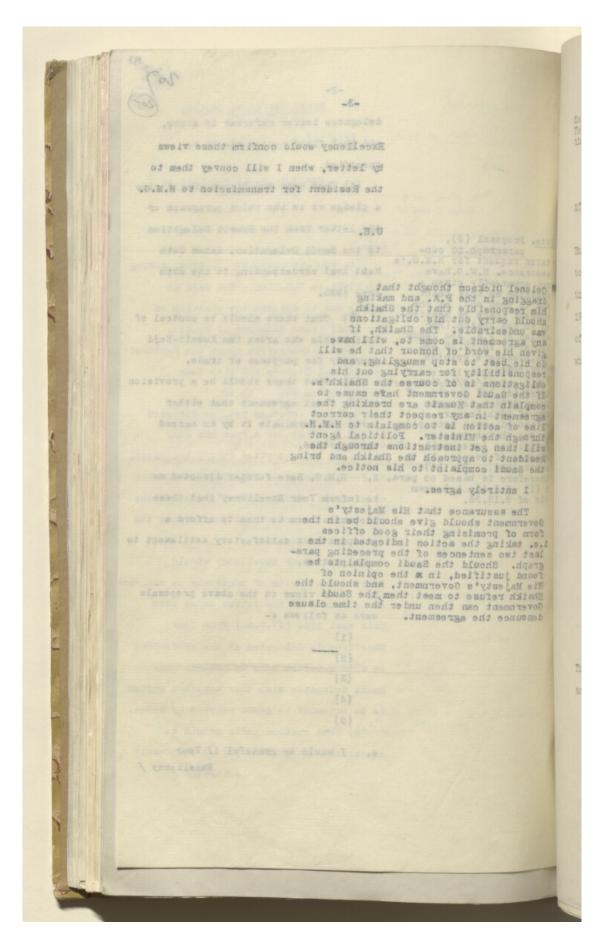


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٠٠و] (١٠/٤١٥)





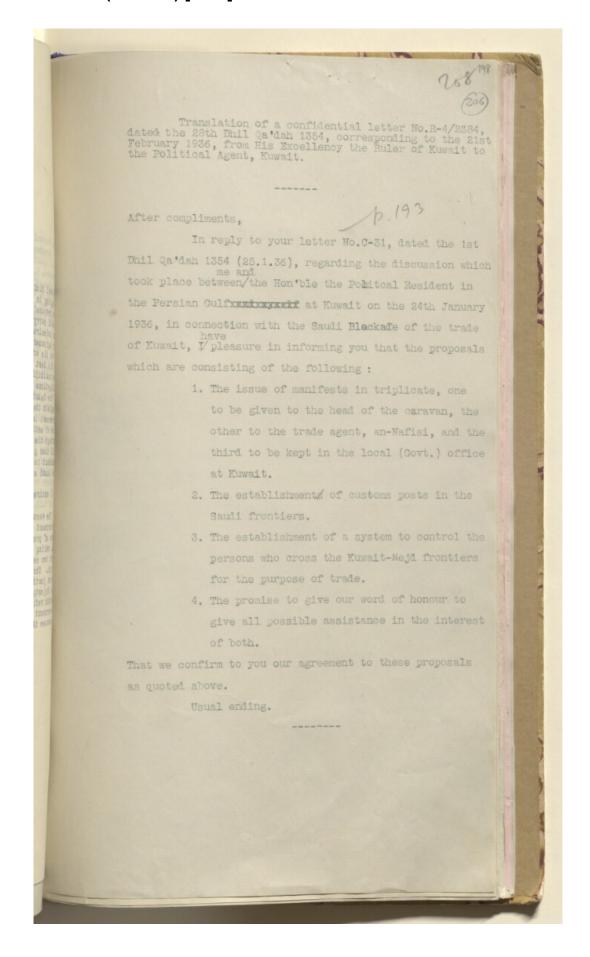
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٠٢ظ] (١٩/٤١٩)



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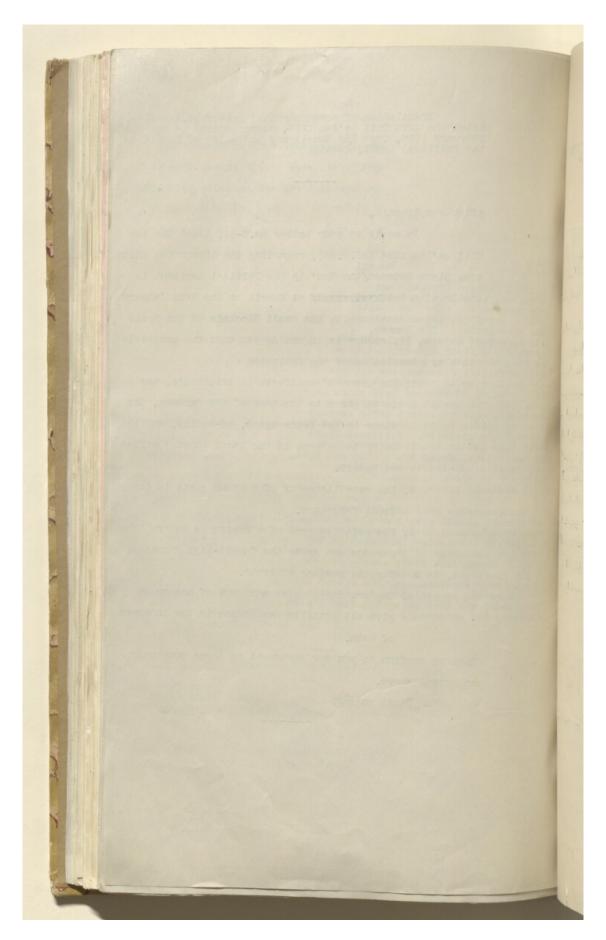


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٦و] (١٠/٤٢٠)



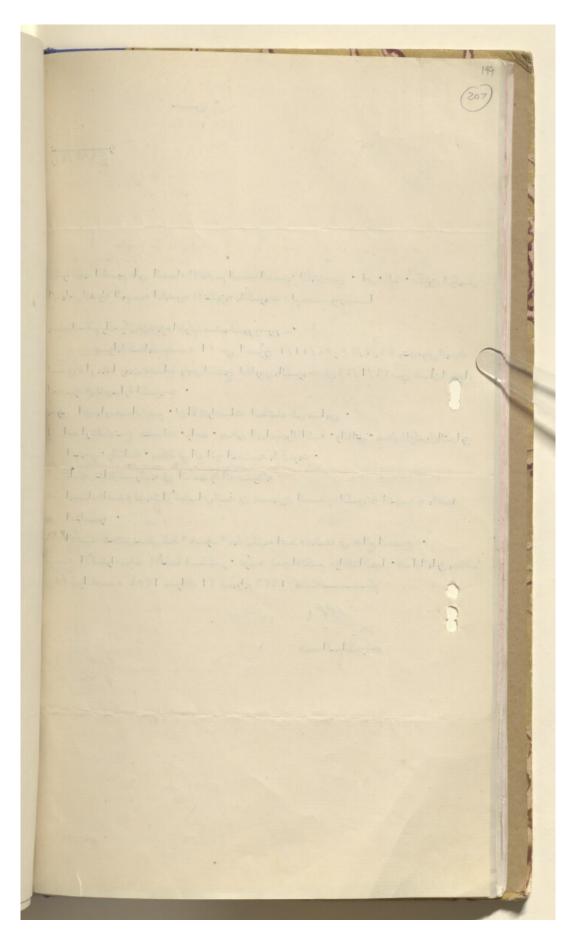


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٦ظ] (٢١/٤١٥)



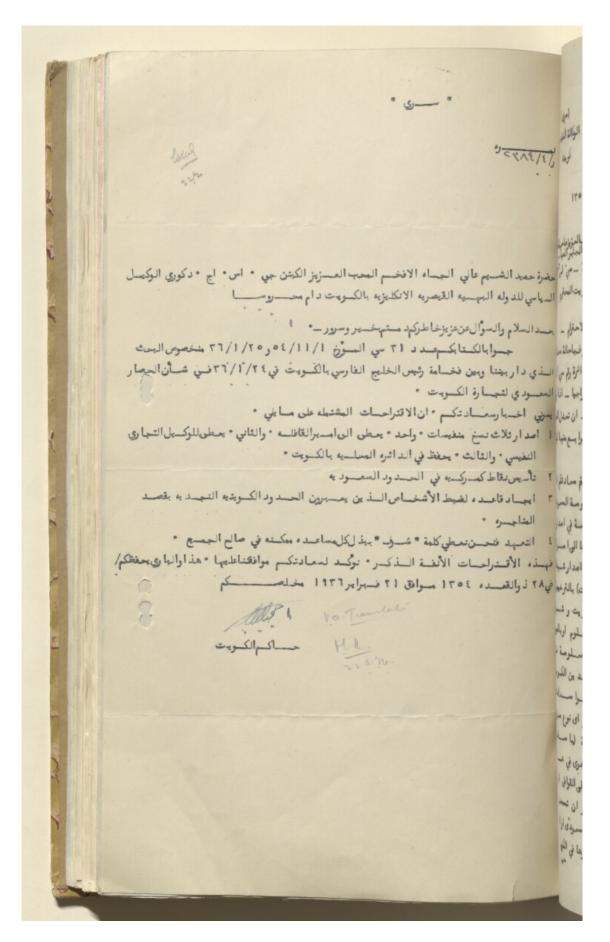


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٠٢و] (٢٢٤/٥١٥)



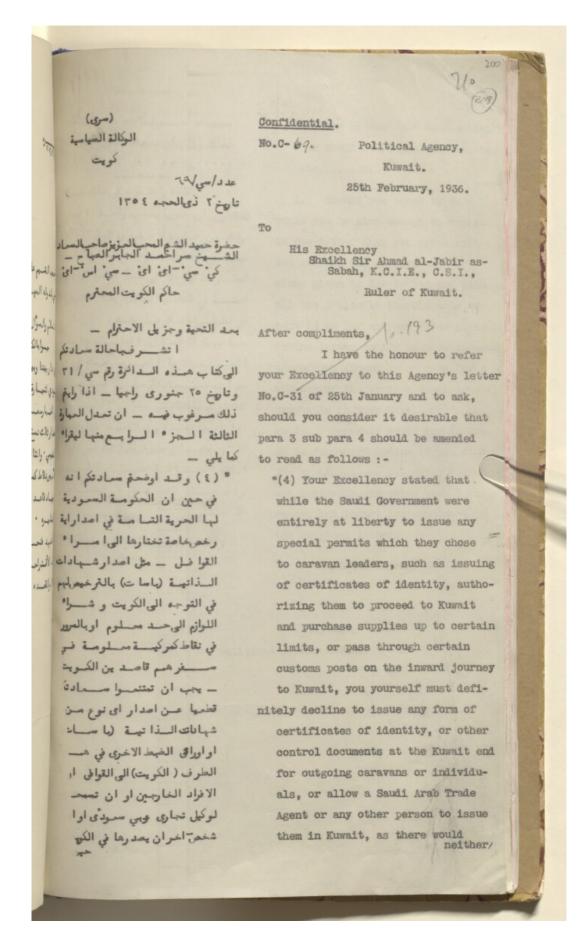


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٠٢ظ] (٢٩١/١٥)





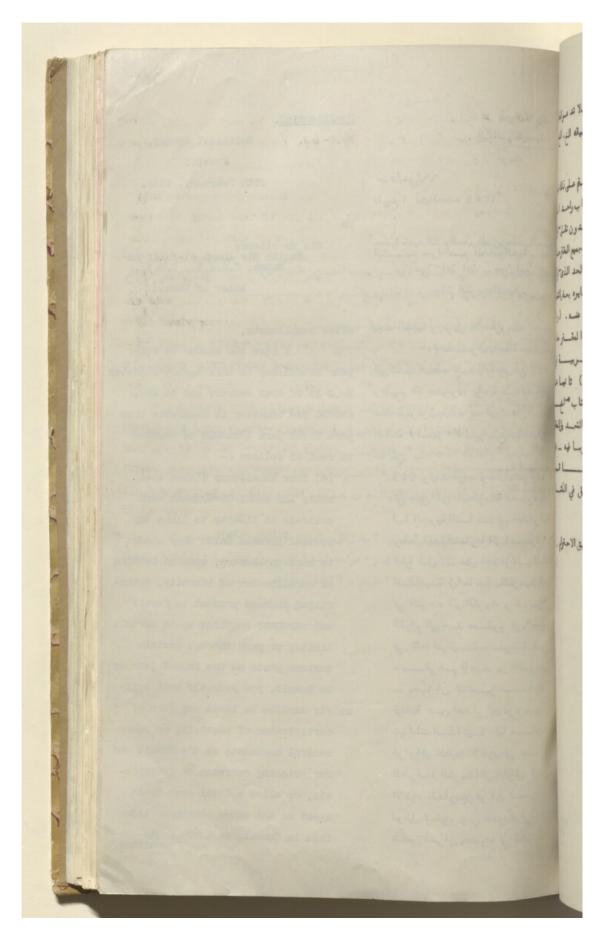
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٠٧و] (٢٤/١٥٥)



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"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٠٢ظ] (٢٥/١٠٥)



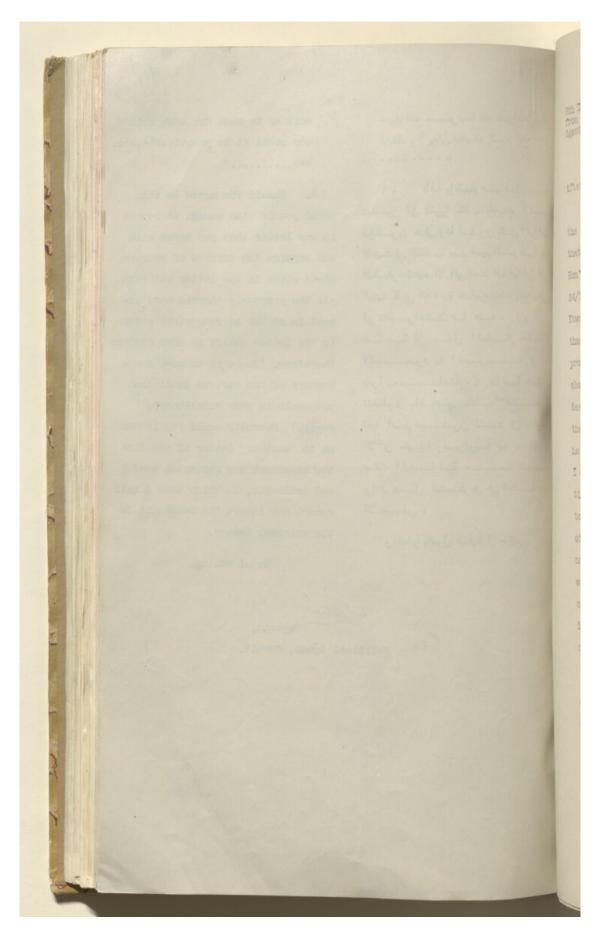


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٠٦و] (٢٦٤/٥١٥)

حيث انه سيوفلا تد عوالحاجة neither be need for such action لذلك ولا يمكن تطبيقه النع. النح... nor would it be practicable, etc. etc...... ٢. فاذا وافقه على ذلك فهل 2. Should you agree to this تتنظون ان تكرروا بكتاب واحمد المكم would you be kind enough to repeat توافقون على وتا كدون نقل ارام in one letter that you agree with المثبت في الكتاب مع جميع المقترحات and confirm the version of your المقرحة فيه الا الي الحد الذي ارا اكم views given in the letter and with المثنة في الكتاب تدايره بعفرالتدبير all the proposals therein made ex-او تظرر اختسلا ضا عسه . (ولا cept in so far as your views given حاجة لاجمال المقارحات in the letter modify or show dissent السمودية المربيسة في therefrom. (There is no need for a جواب سادتكم .) ثانيا هل swemary of the various Saudi Arab تتغظون بافادتي بكتاب "الحسر" proposals in your Excellency's اذا انكم تجدون التعد بالمقتر reply.) Secondly would you inform الاسن منهدا ومسرغوبا فيه _ فلي me in "another" letter if you find تلك الحالة ساتيه the amendment now suggested useful وادخيل التعديل في الكتاب and desirable, in which case I will الاصلى . record and insert the amendment in the original letter. و تفلوا بقبول ضايق الاحترام . Usual ending. Te. Political Agent, Kuwait.

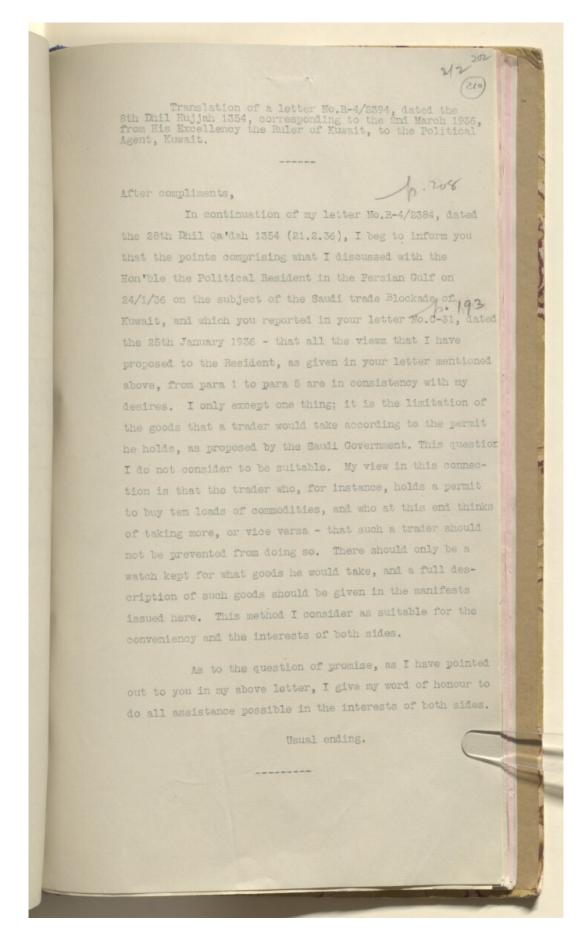


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٠٢ظ] (٢٧ ١٠/٤ ٥)



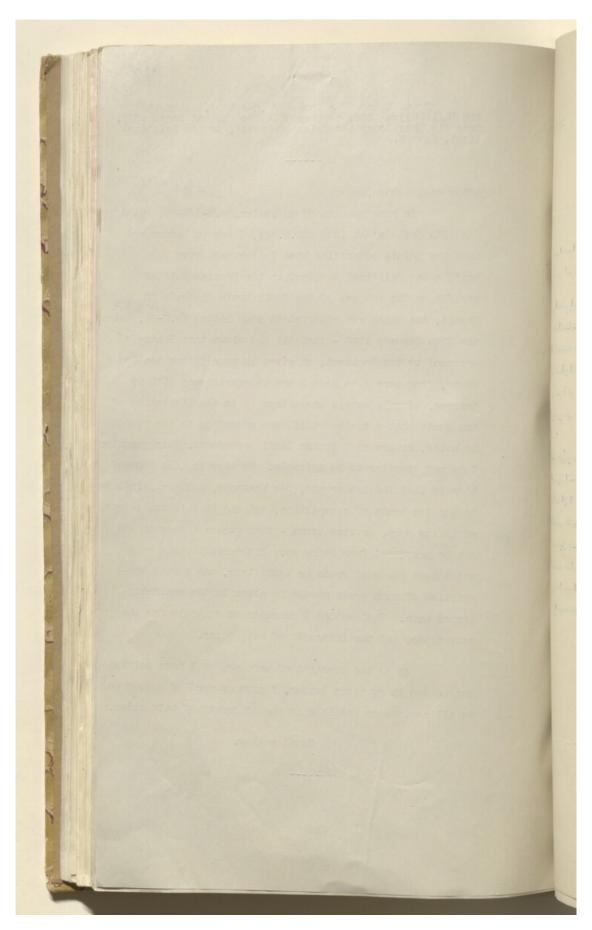


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٠و] (٢١٠/٤١٥)



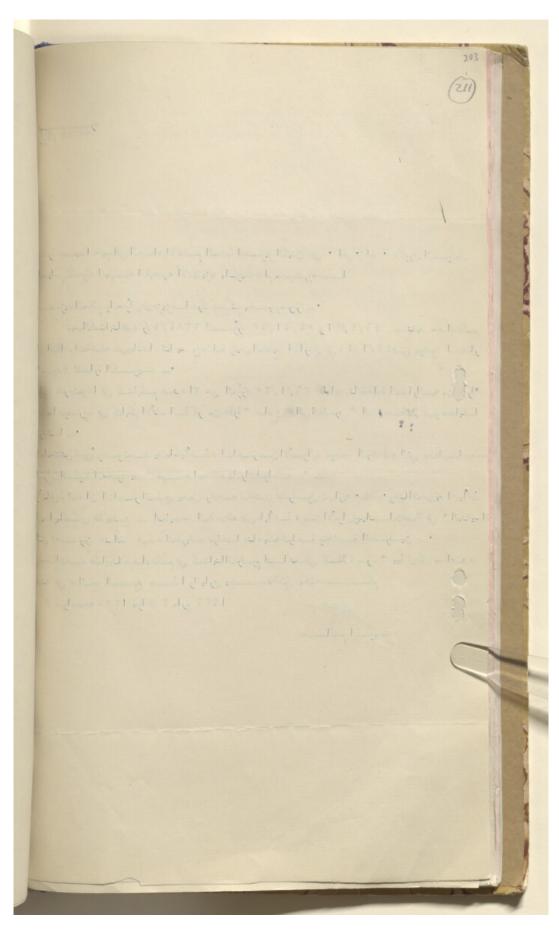


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٢١٠] (٢٩٠/١٥)



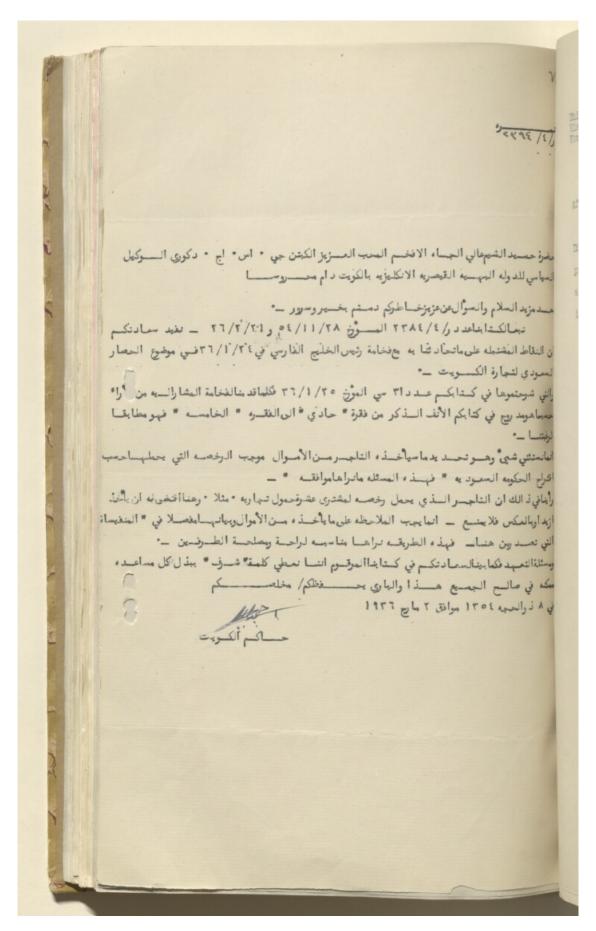


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١١و] (٢١٠/٥)



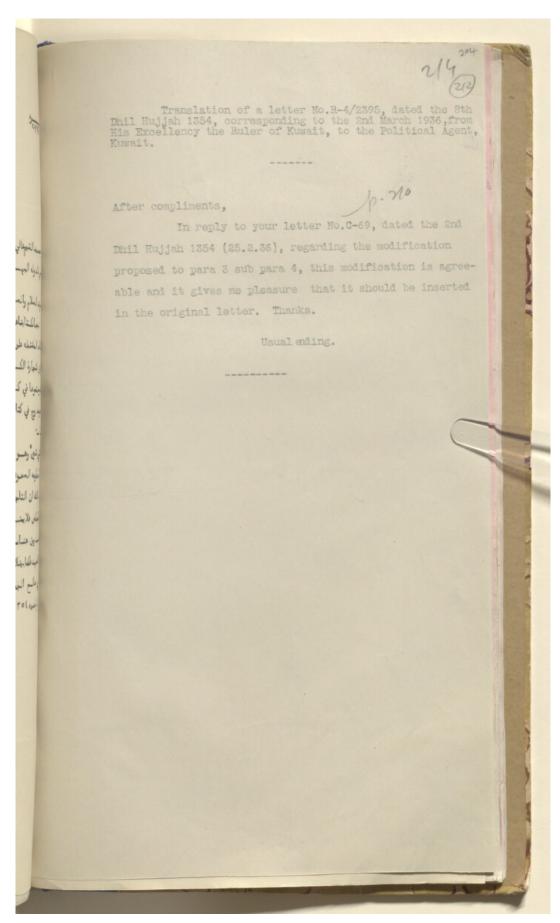


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١١ظ] (٢١٠/٤٣١)



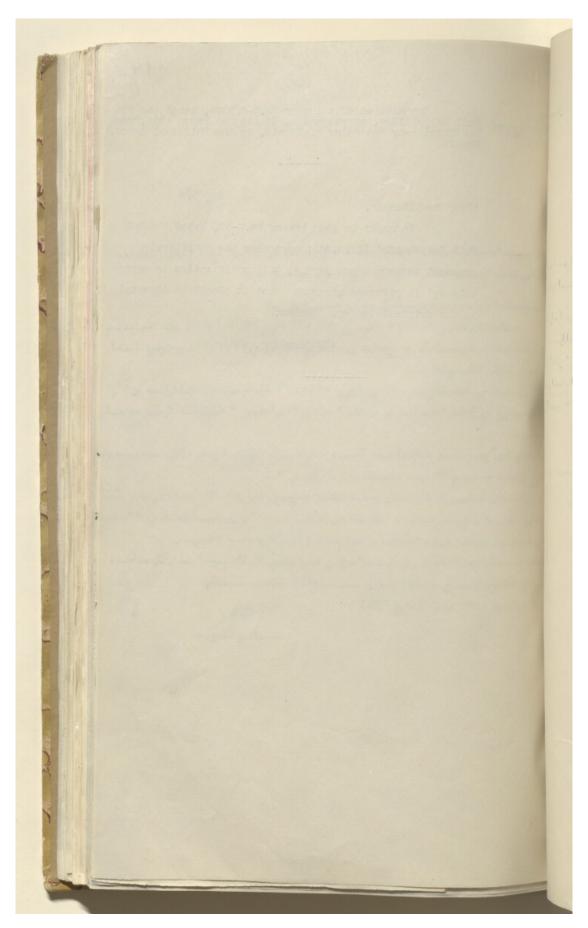


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٦و] (٢١٠/٥)



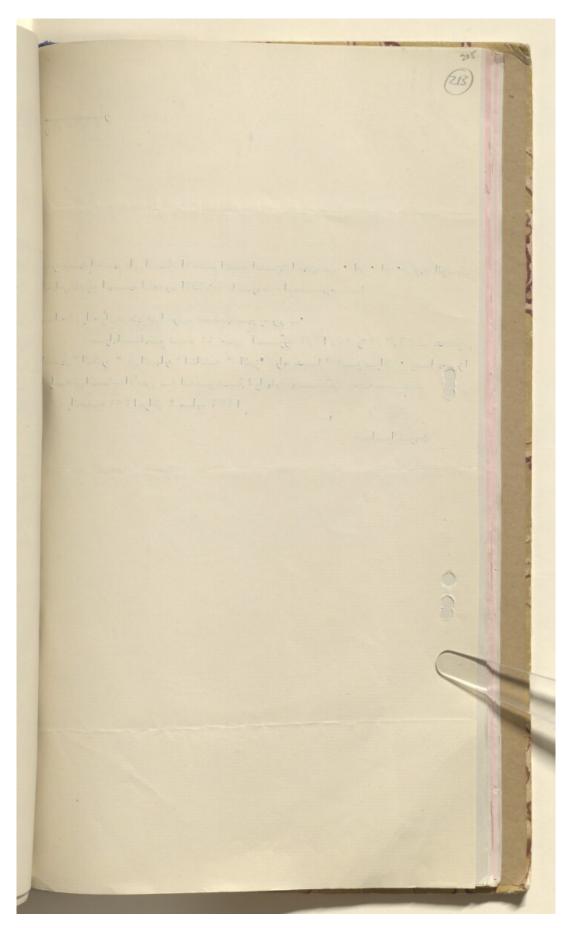


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٢ظ] (٣٣٤/١٠٥)



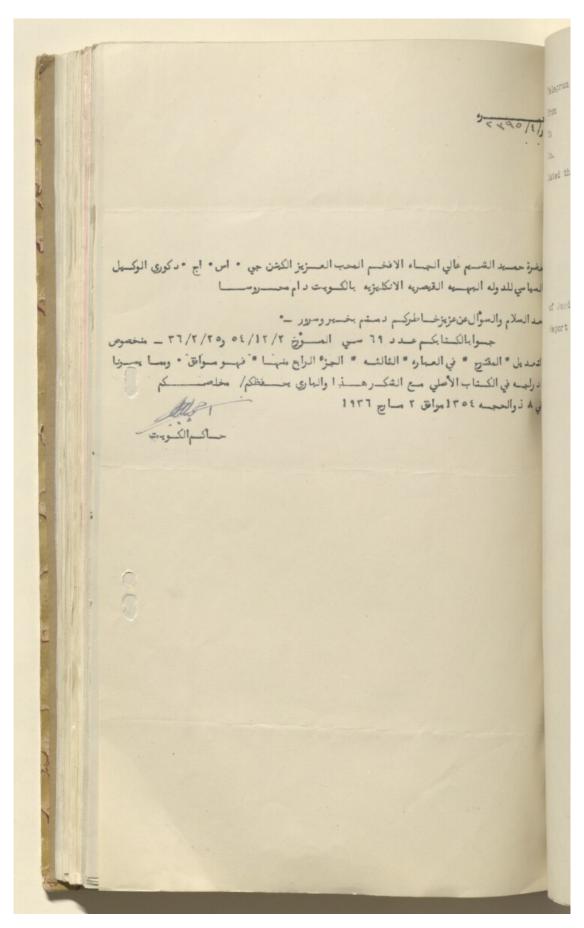


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٣و] (١٠/٤٣٤)



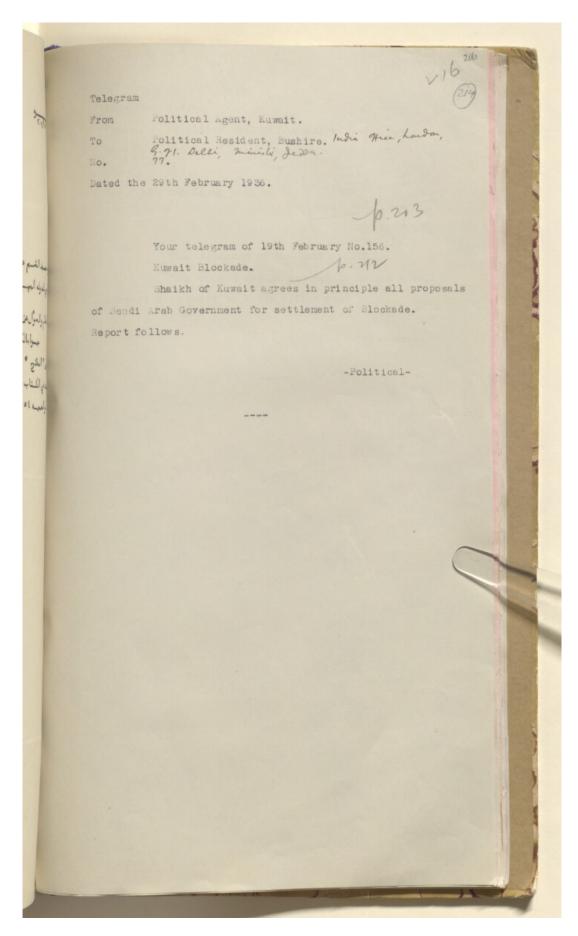


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٣ظ] (١٠/٤٣٥)



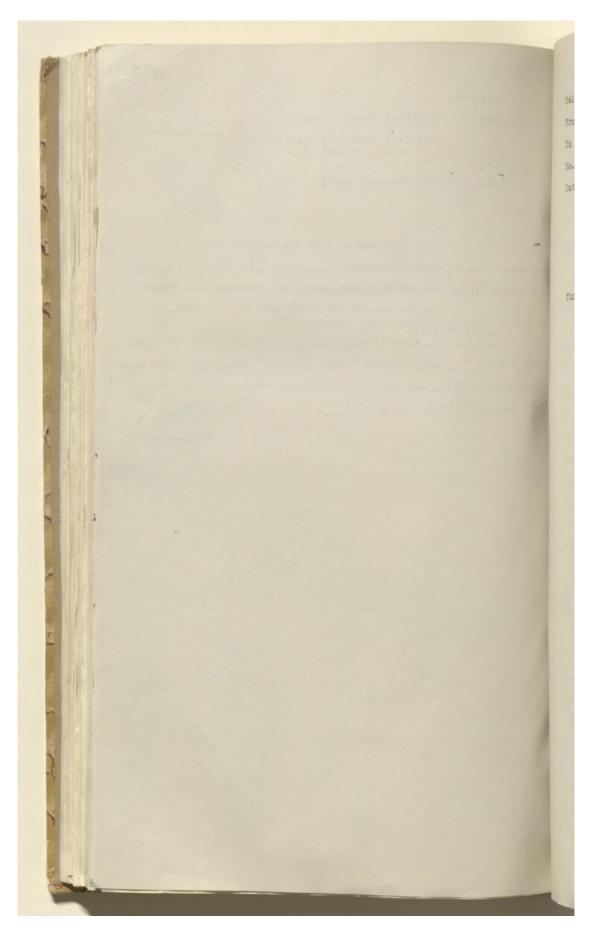


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٢١و] (١٠/٤٣٦)



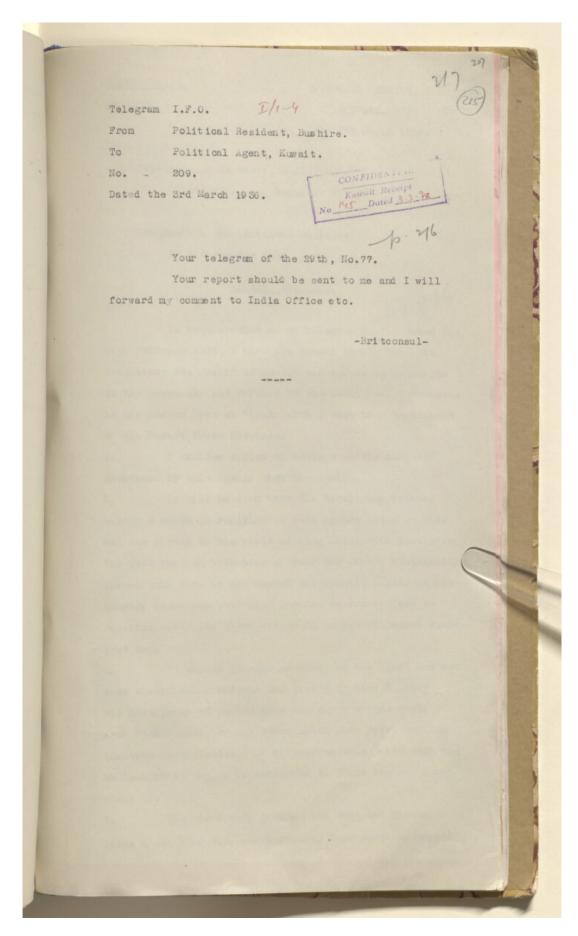


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٢ظ] (١٠/٤٣٧)



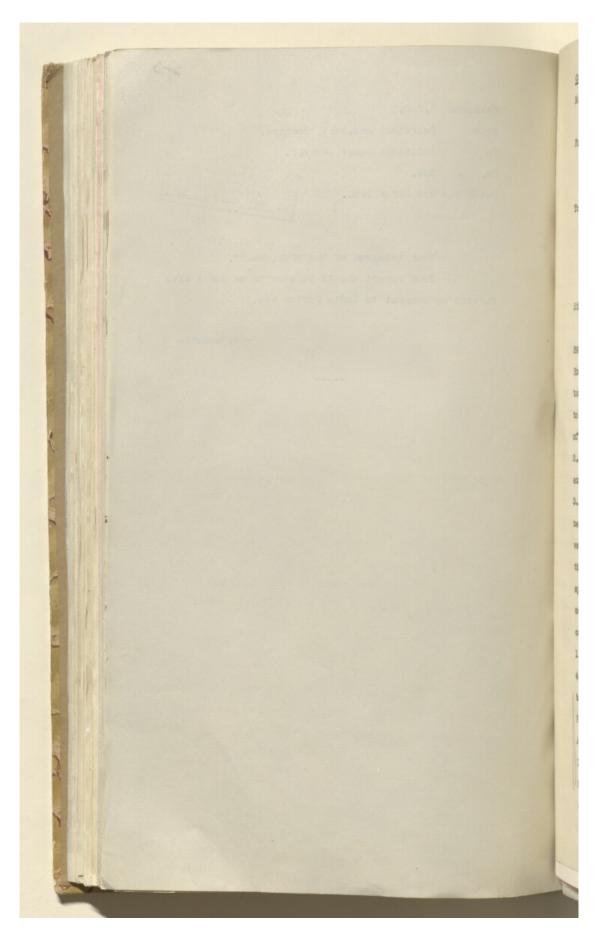


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٥١٥] (١٠/٤٣٨)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠ظ] (٣٩ ١٠/٤٣٥)



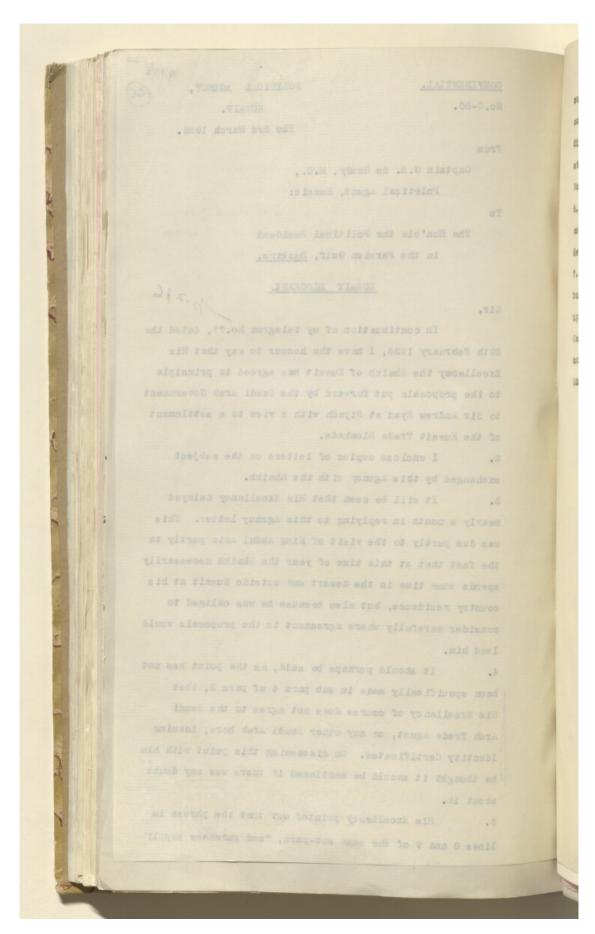


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٦و] (١٠/٤٤٠)

CONFIDENTIAL. POLITICAL AGENCY. No.C-80. KUWAIT. The 3rd March 1936. From Captain G.S. de Gaury, M.C., Political Agent, Kuwait: To The Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, Bushire. KUWAIT BLOCKADE. Sir, In continuation of my telegram No.77, dated the 29th February 1936, I have the honour to say that His Excellency the Shaikh of Kuwait has agreed in principle to the proposals put forward by the Saudi Arab Government to Sir Andrew Ryan at Riyadh with a view to a settlement of the Kuwait Trade Blockade. I enclose copies of letters on the subject exchanged by this Agency with the Shaikh. It will be seen that His Excellency delayed nearly a month in replying to this Agency letter. This was due partly to the visit of King Abdul Aziz partly to the fact that at this time of year the Shaikh necessarily spends some time in the desert and outside Kuwait at his country residence, but also because he was obliged to consider carefully where agreement to the proposals would lead him. It should perhaps be said, as the point has not been specifically made in sub para 4 of para 3, that His Excellency of course does not agree to the Saudi Arab Trade Agent, or any other Saudi Arab here, issuing Identity Certificates. On discussing this point with him he thought it should be mentioned if there was any doubt about it. His Excellency pointed out that the phrase in lines 8 and 9 of the same sub-para, "and purchase suppli

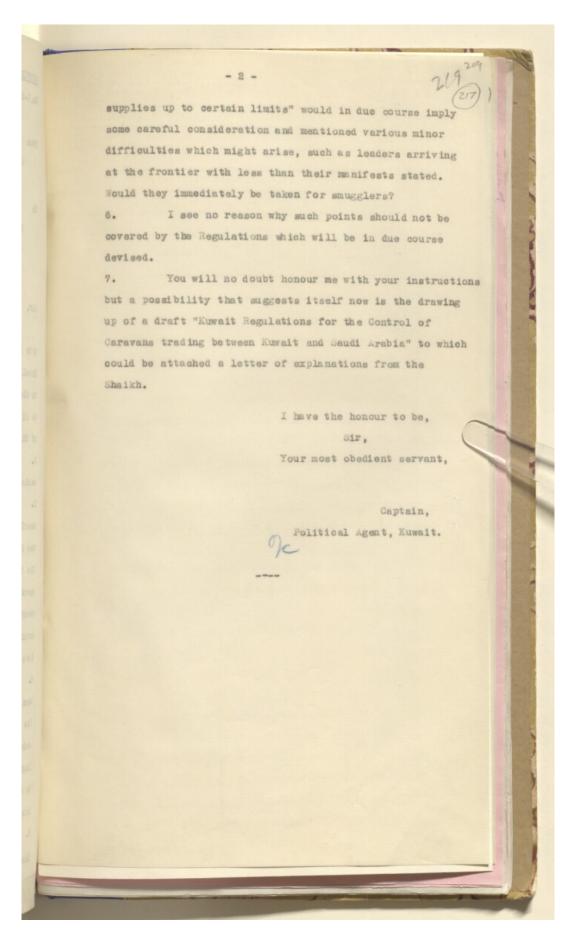


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٦ظ] (١١٤١/٥١)



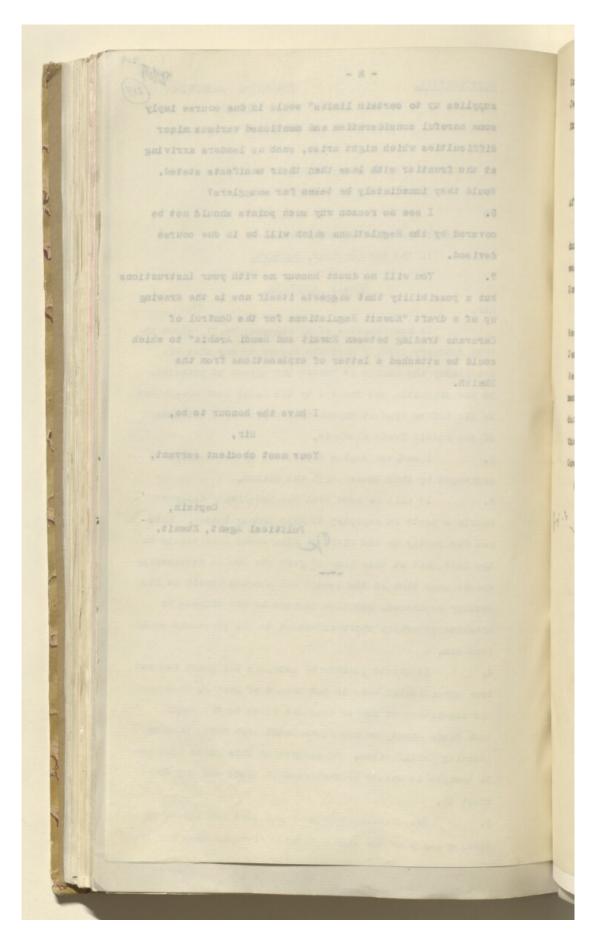


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٧و] (٢١/٤٤)



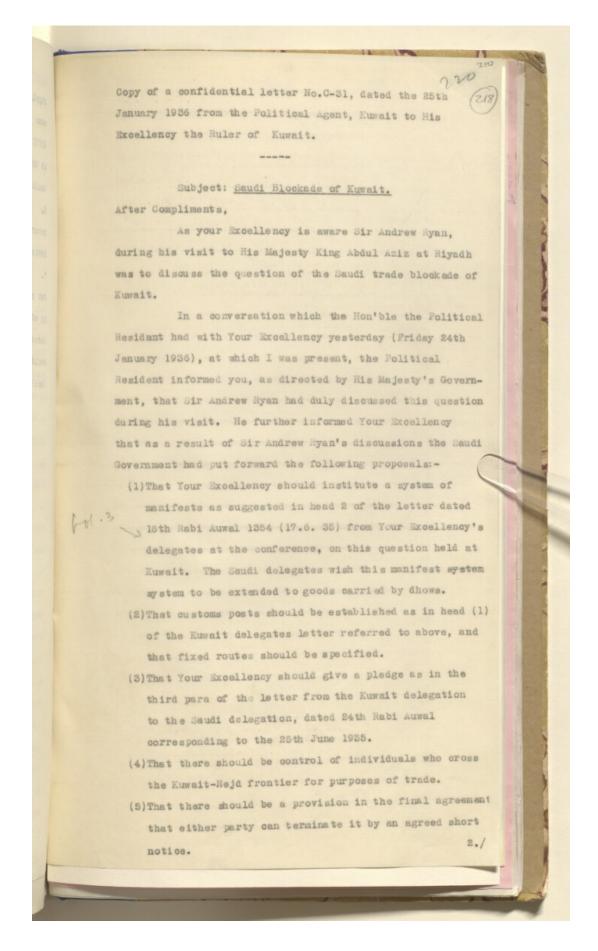


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٧ظ] (٣٤٠/٠١٥)



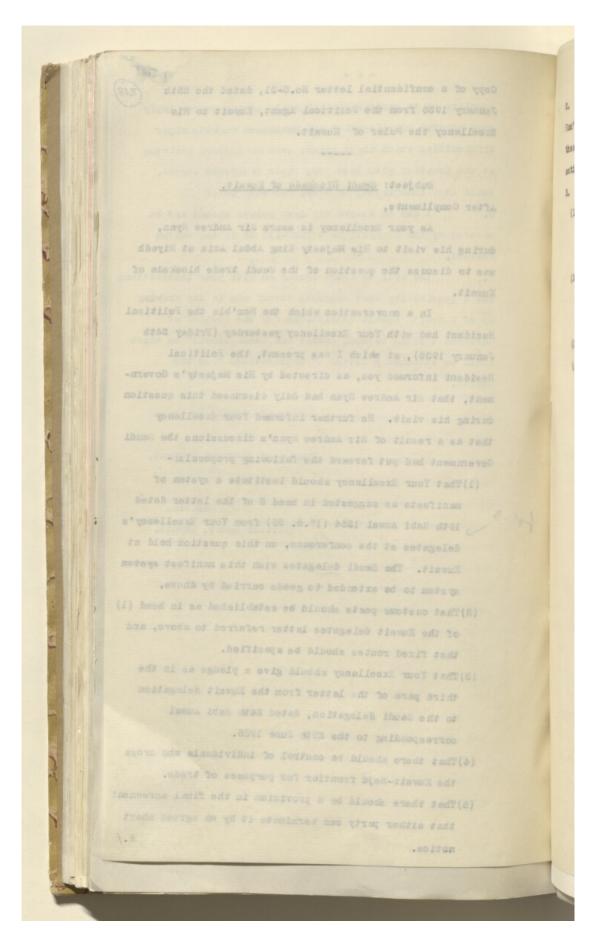


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢١٨و] (٤٤٤/١٥)



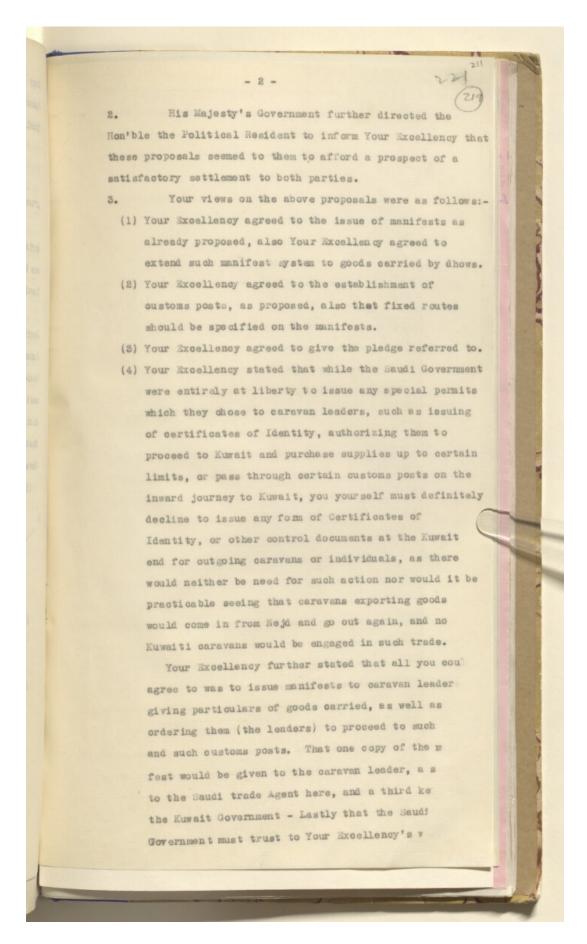


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٨ ٢ ظ] (٥١٠/٤٤٥)



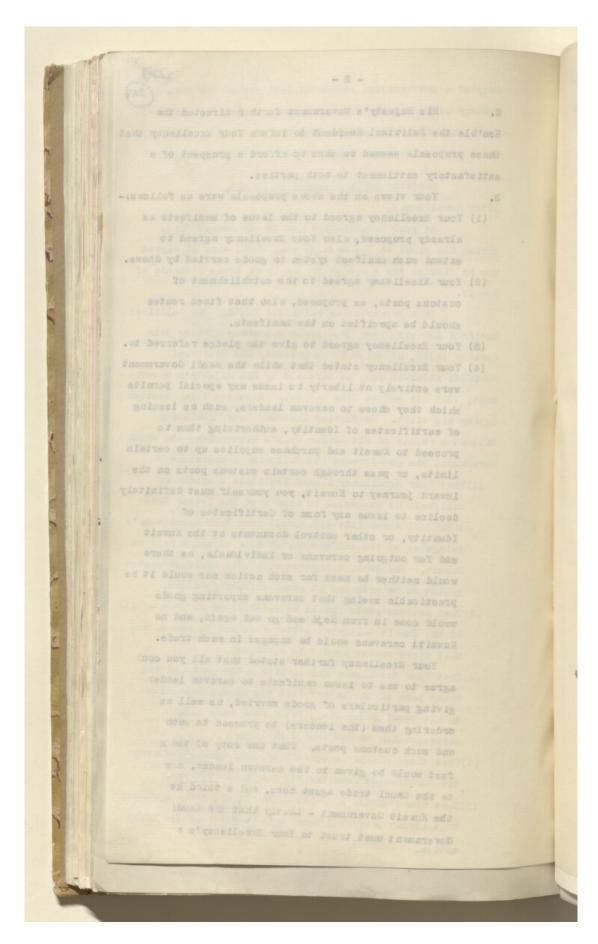


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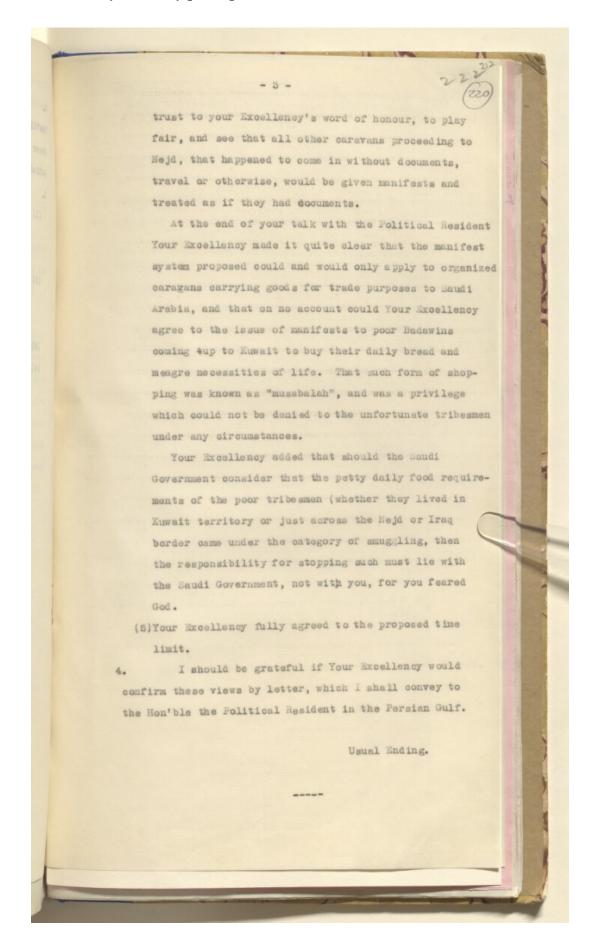


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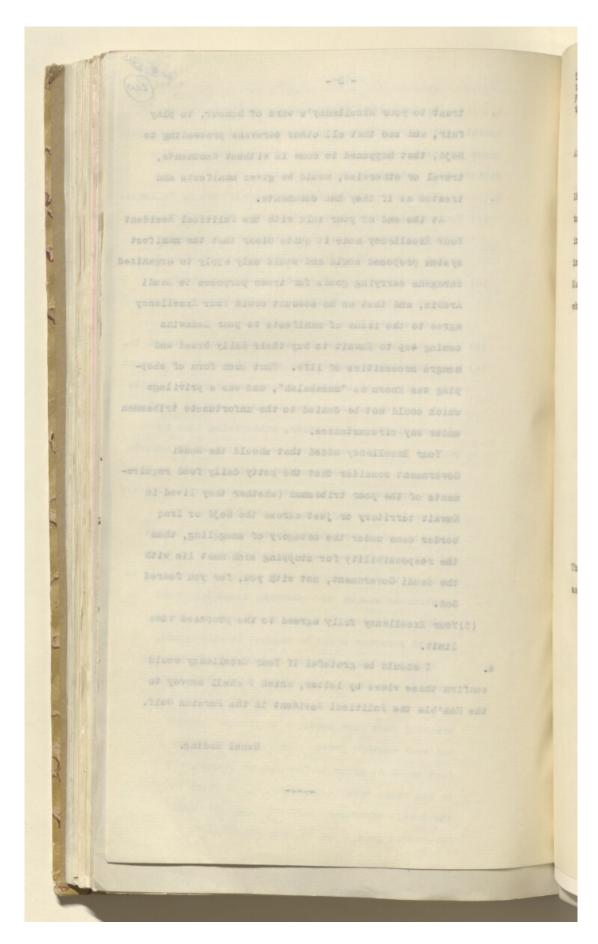


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠١٠] (٨٤٤/٥١٥)





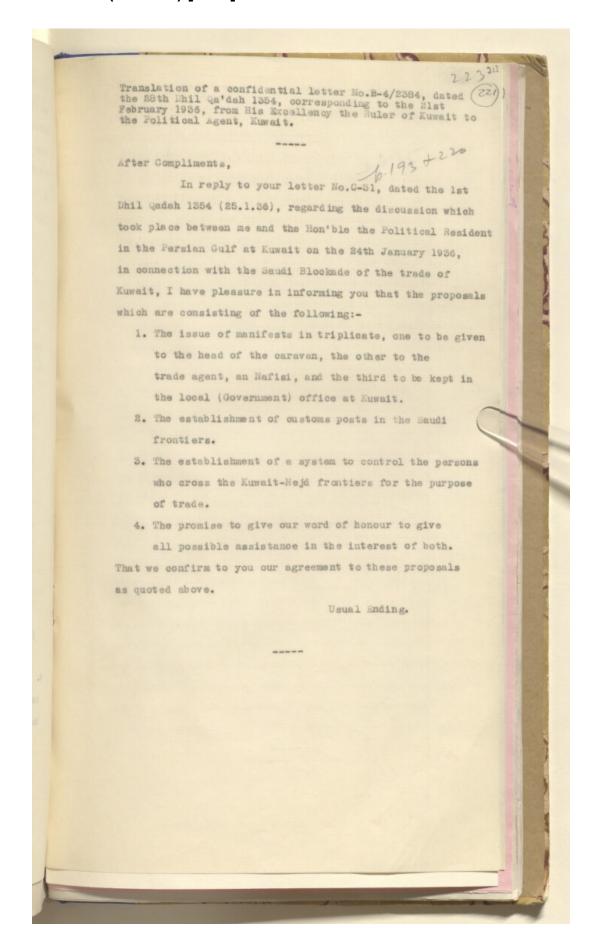
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٠٢ ظ] (٩١٠/٤٤٥)



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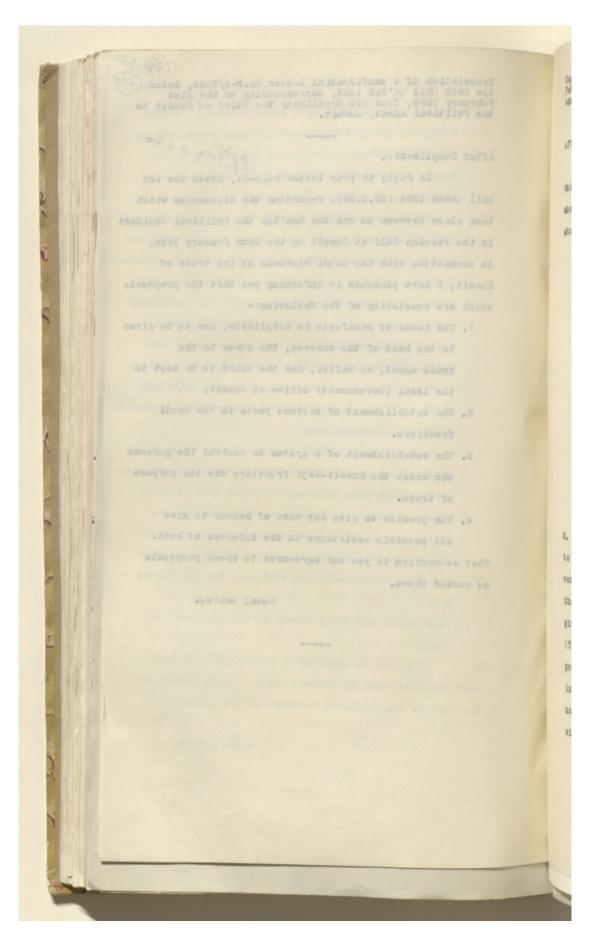


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢١ و] (٥٠/٤٥٠)



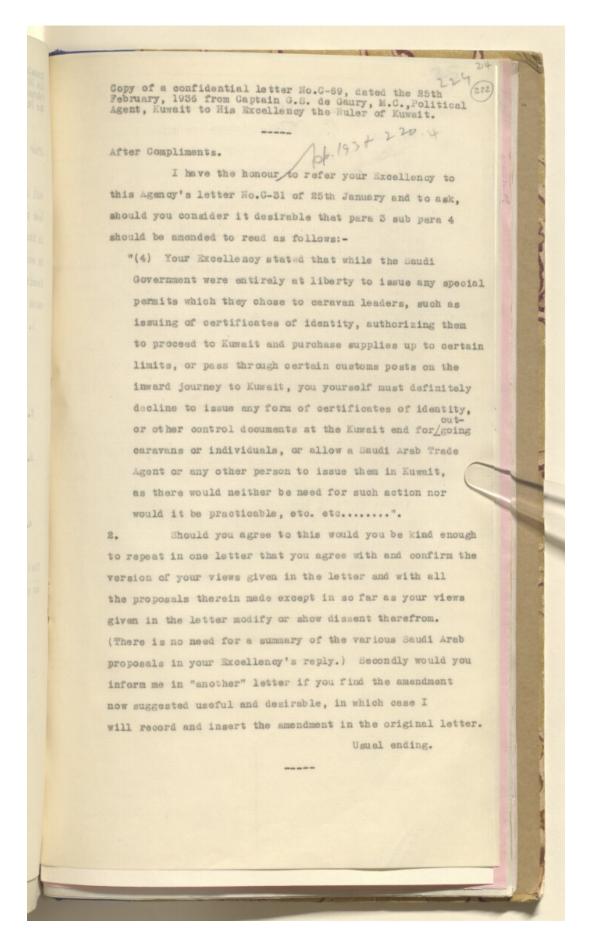


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢١ظ] (١٠/٤٥١)



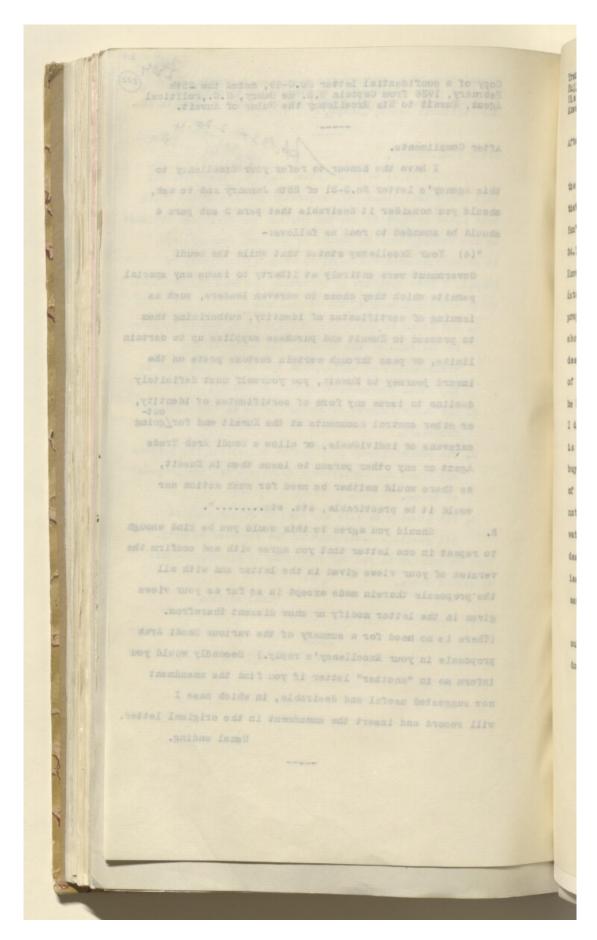


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٢ و] (٢٥١/٥١٥)



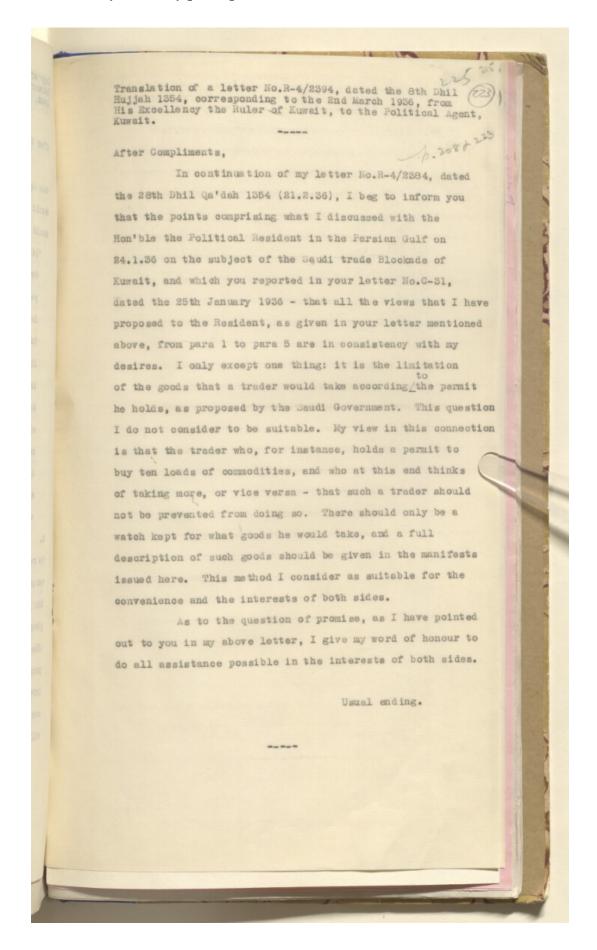


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٢ظ] (١٠/٤٥٣)



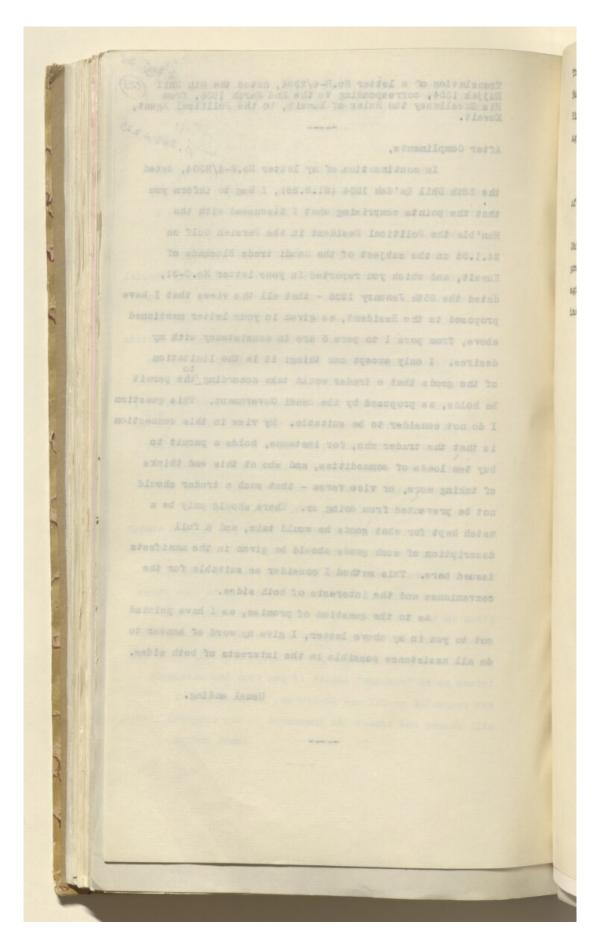


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٣ و] (١٠١٠/٥)



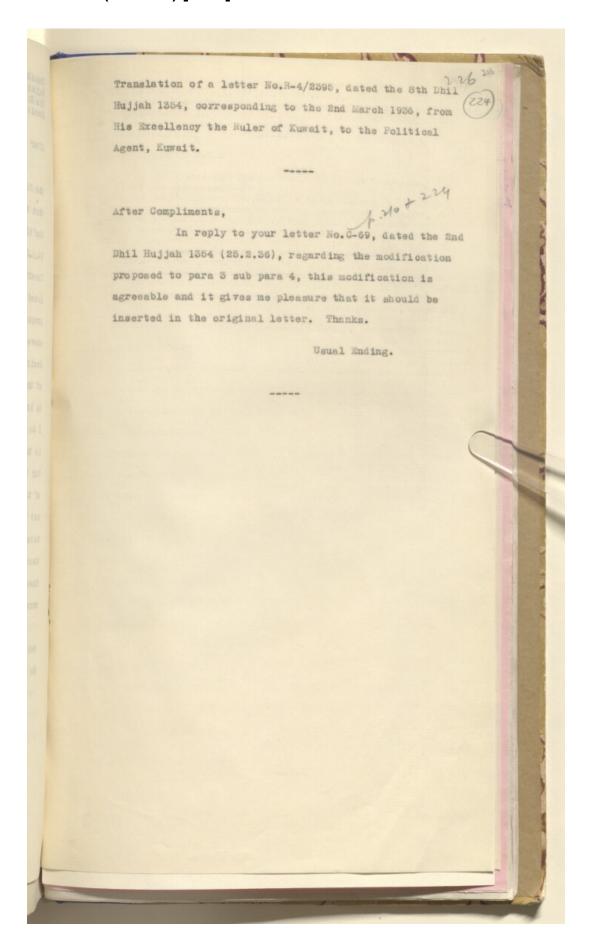


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٣٣ظ] (٥٥٠/٠١٥)



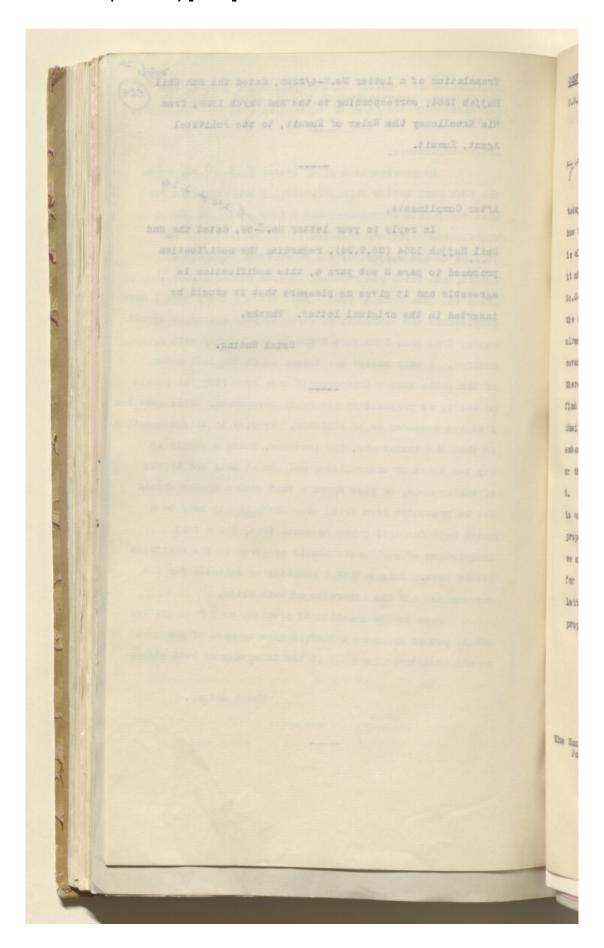


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٤ و] (٥١٠/٤٥٦)



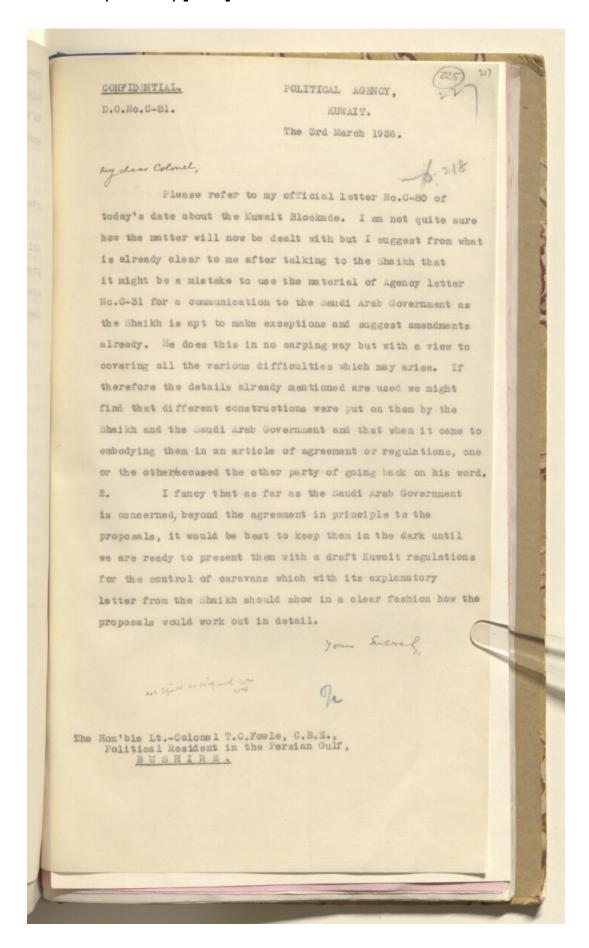


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٤ظ] (١٠/٤٥٧)



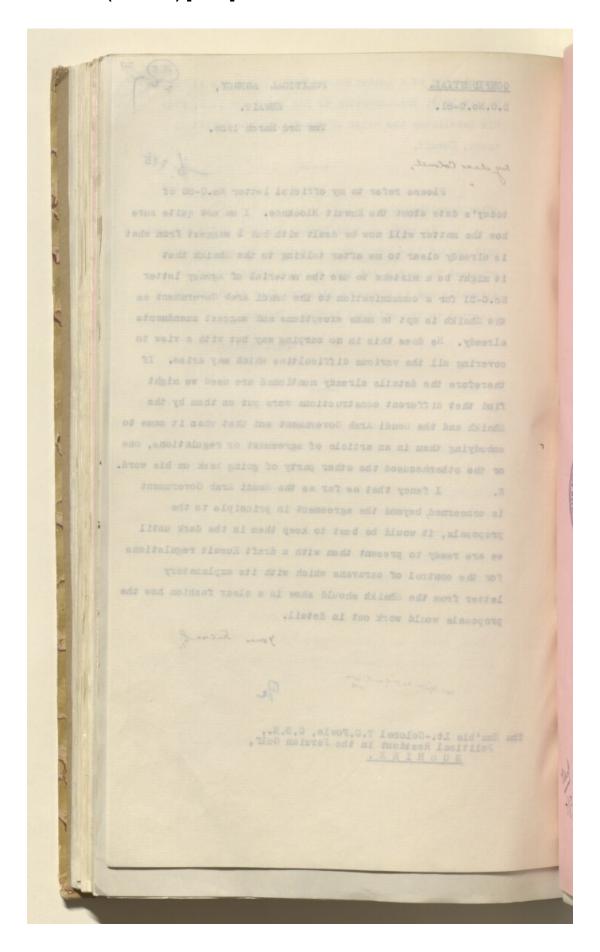


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٥٥ و] (١٠/٤٥٨)



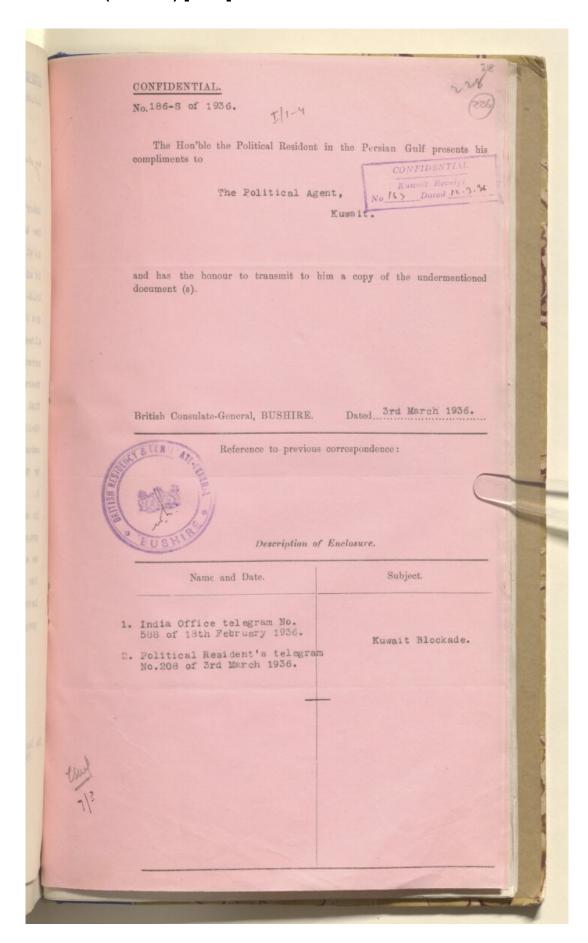


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٥٥ ظ] (٩٥١/١٥)



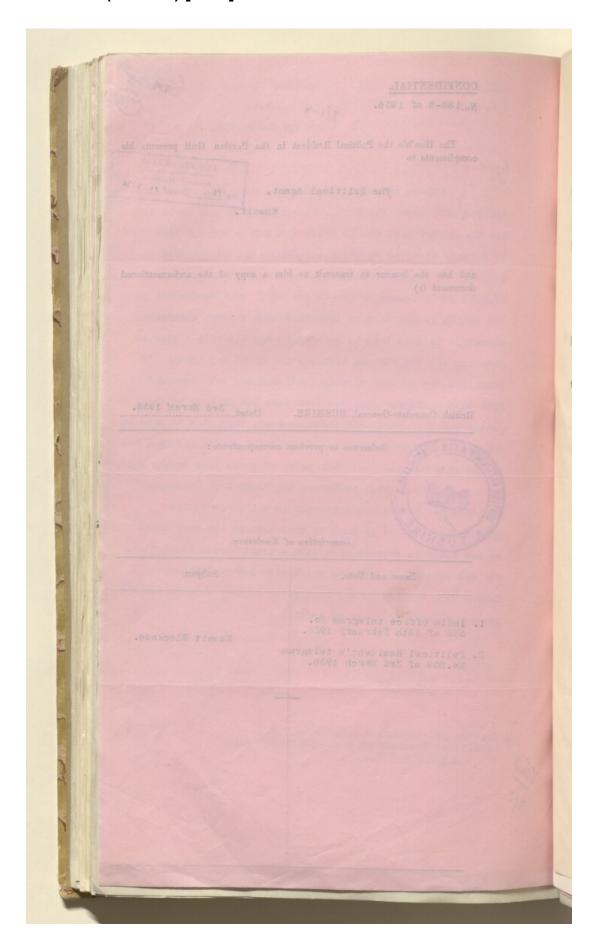


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٦و] (٢٠١٠/٥١٠)



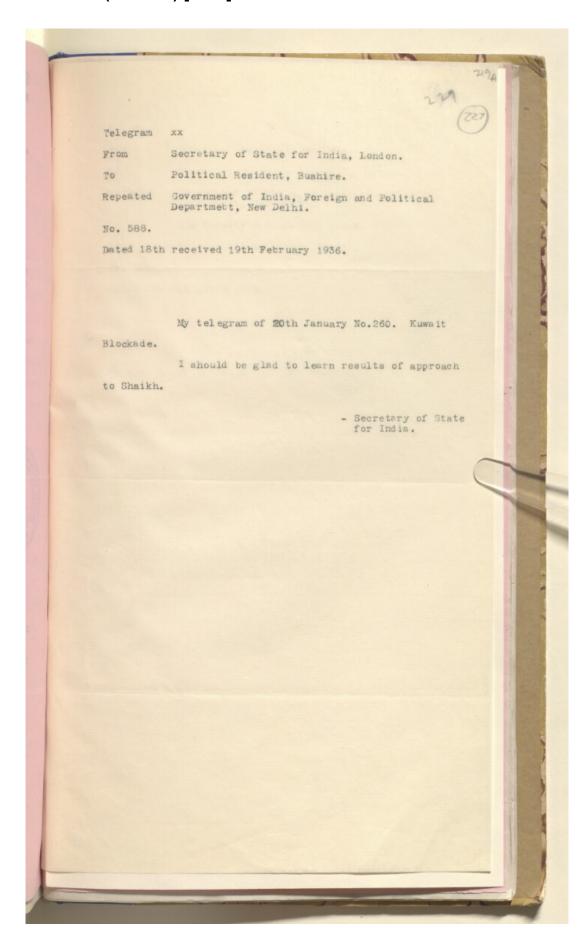


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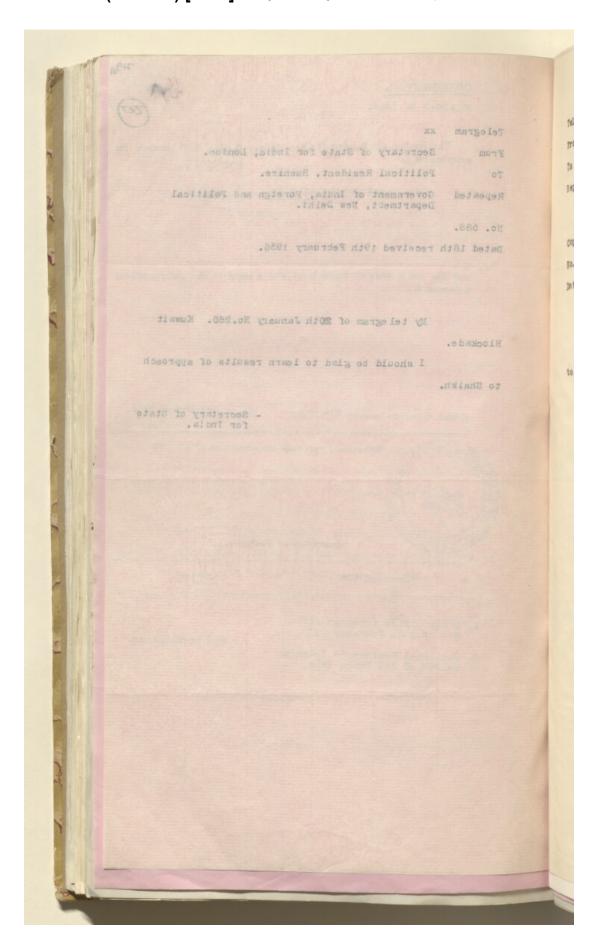


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٧٧ و] (٢٠١/٤٦٥)



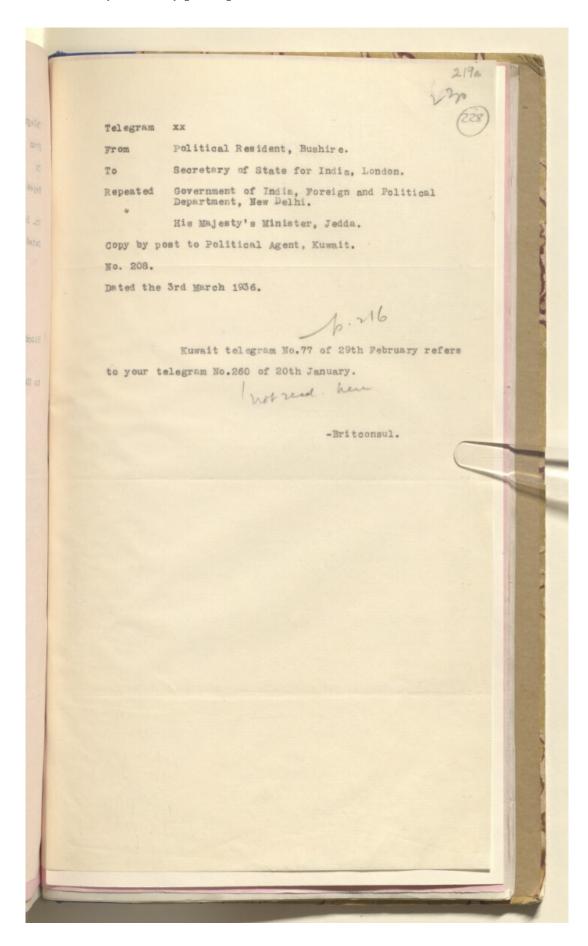


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٧ظ] (١٠/٤٦٣)



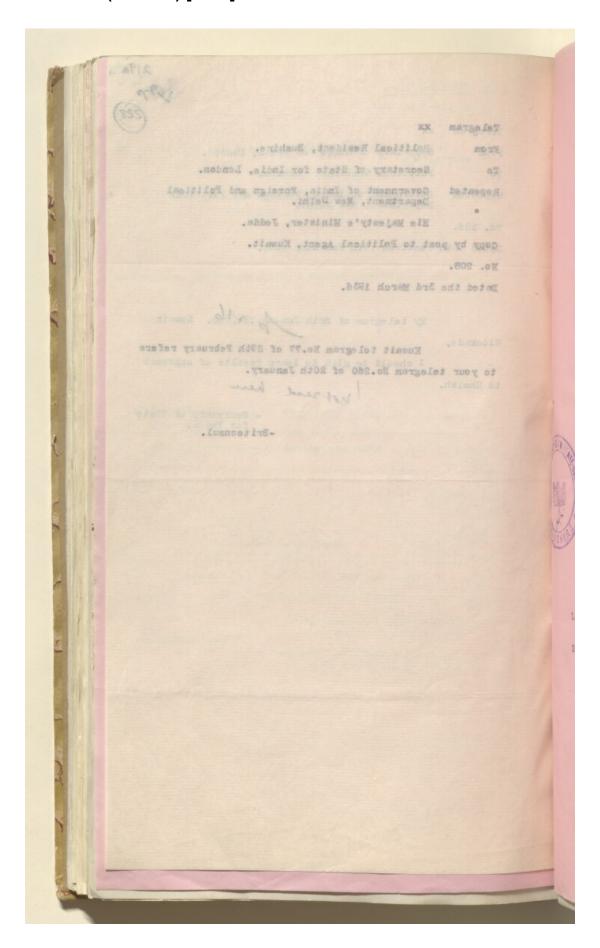


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٨ و] (٢٠٤/١٥)



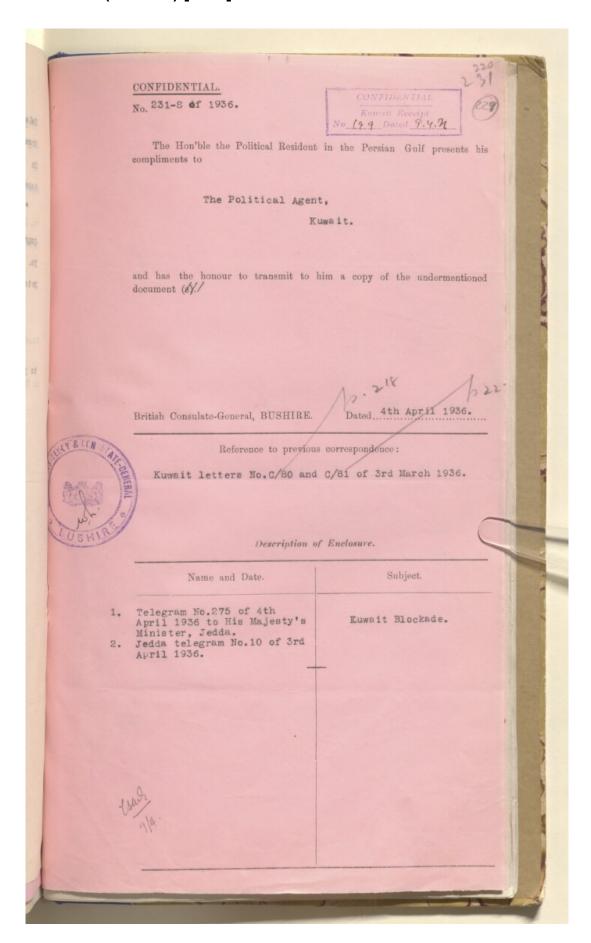


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٢٨ظ] (١٠/٤٦٥)



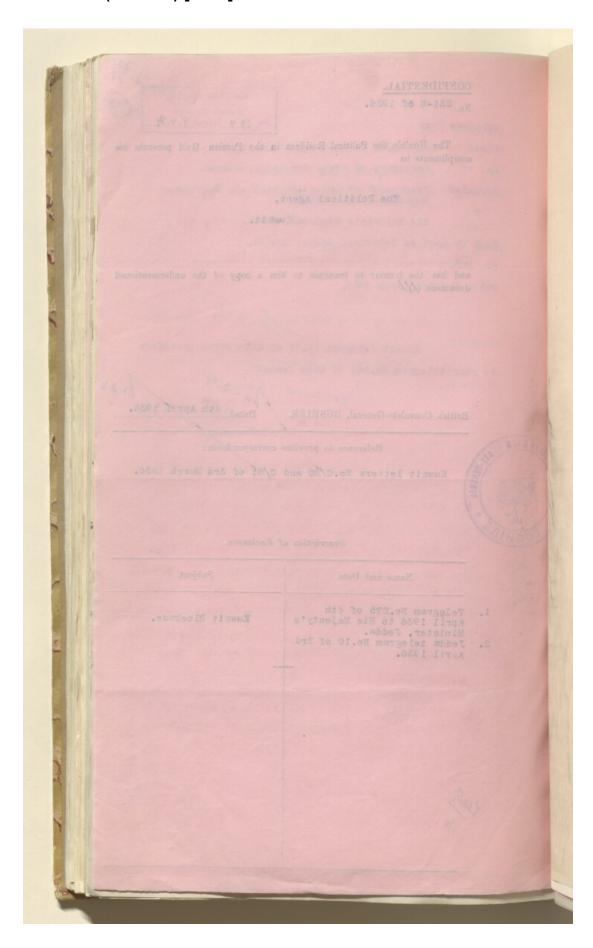


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦٩ و] (٢٦١/٥١٥)



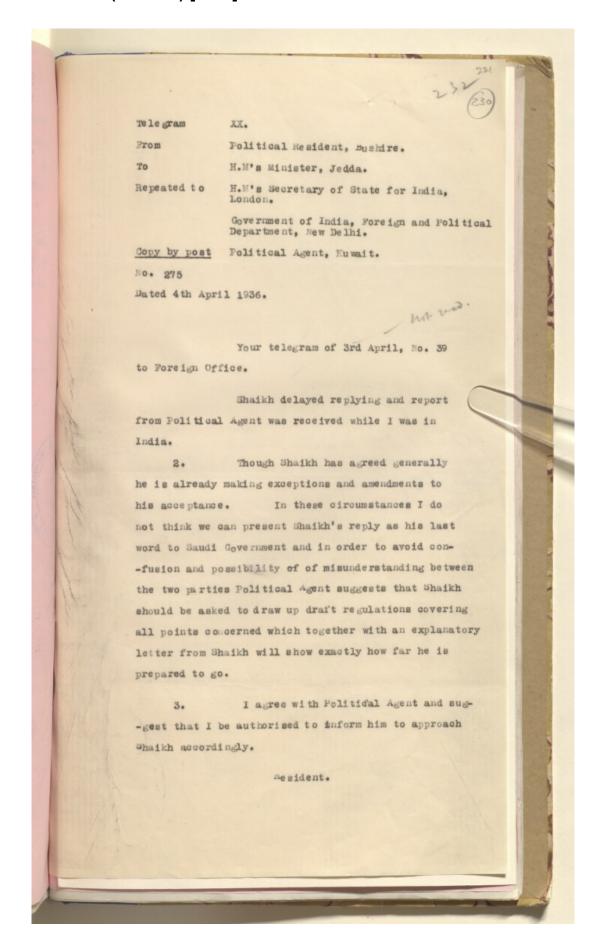


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٦٩ظ] (١٠/٤٦٥)



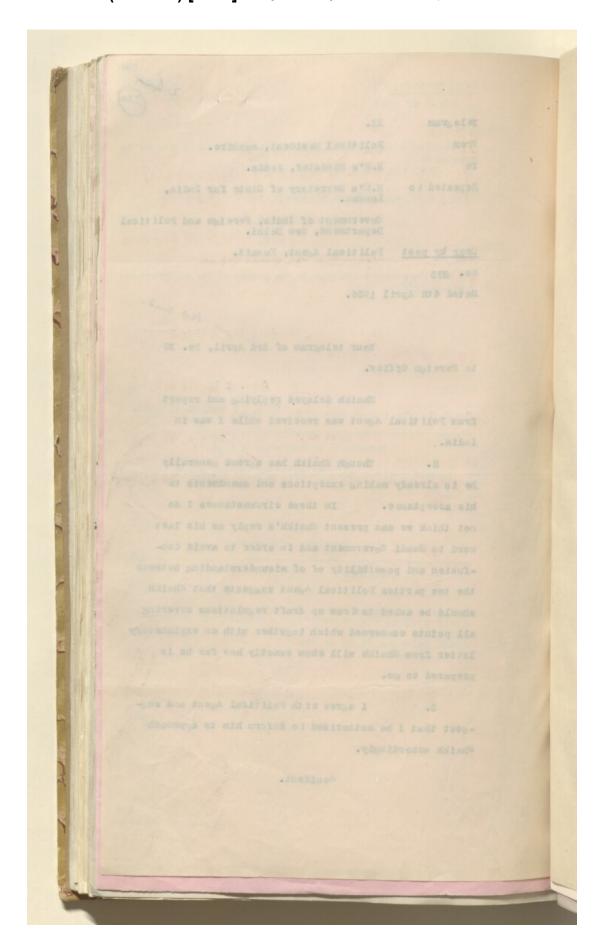


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠٠ و] (١٠/٤٦٨)





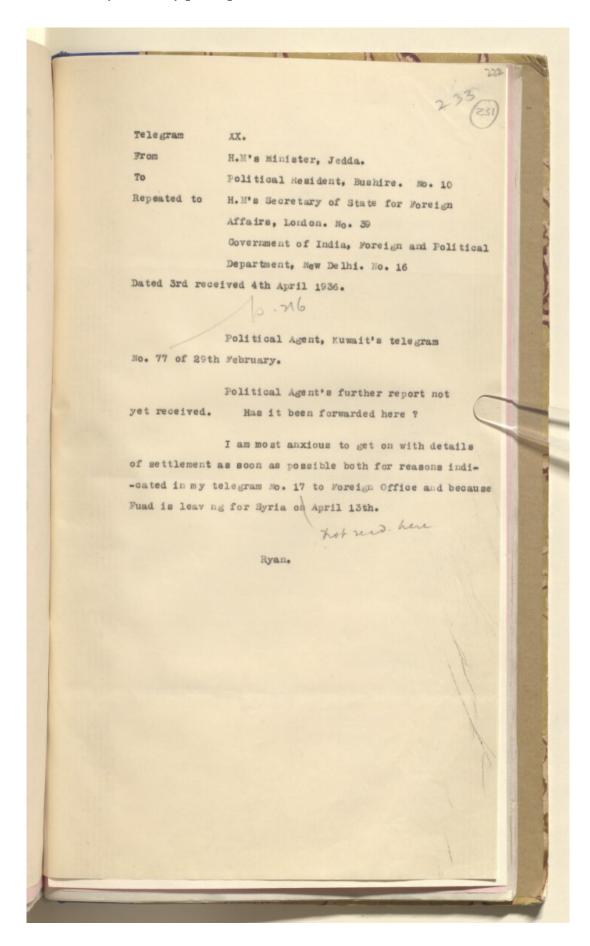
"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٠٠ظ] (١٠/٤٦٩)



اعرض على مكتبة قطر الرقمية: archive/81055/vdc 100042317214.0x000046/العربية/archive/81055/vdc

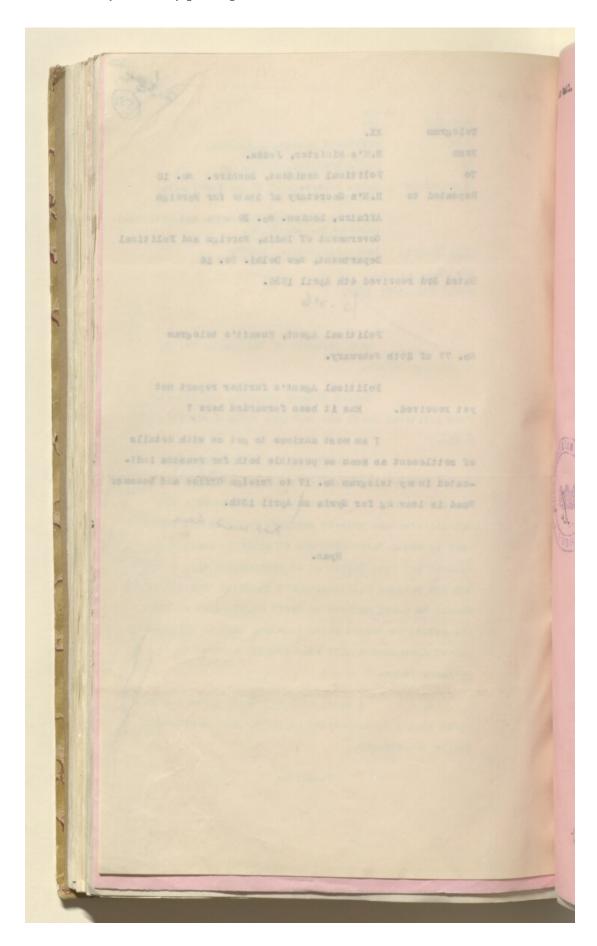


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣١١ و] (١٠/٤٧٠)



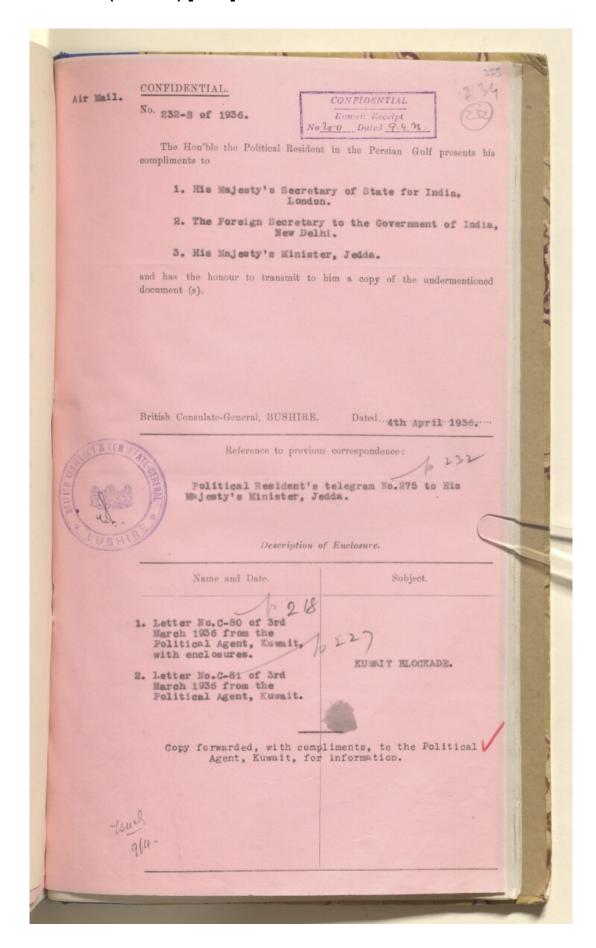


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦١ظ] (١٠/٤٧١)



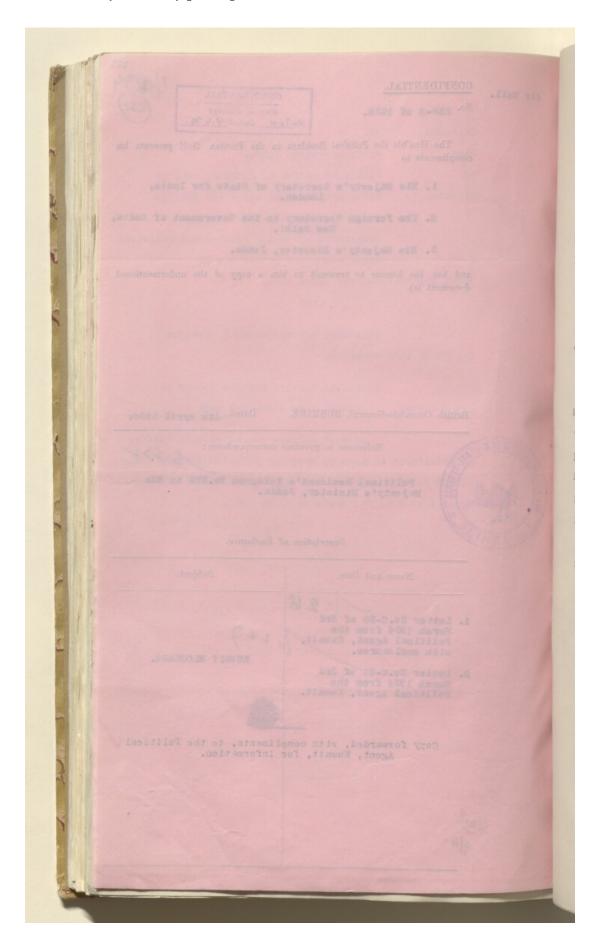


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦٢ و] (٢٧١/٥١)



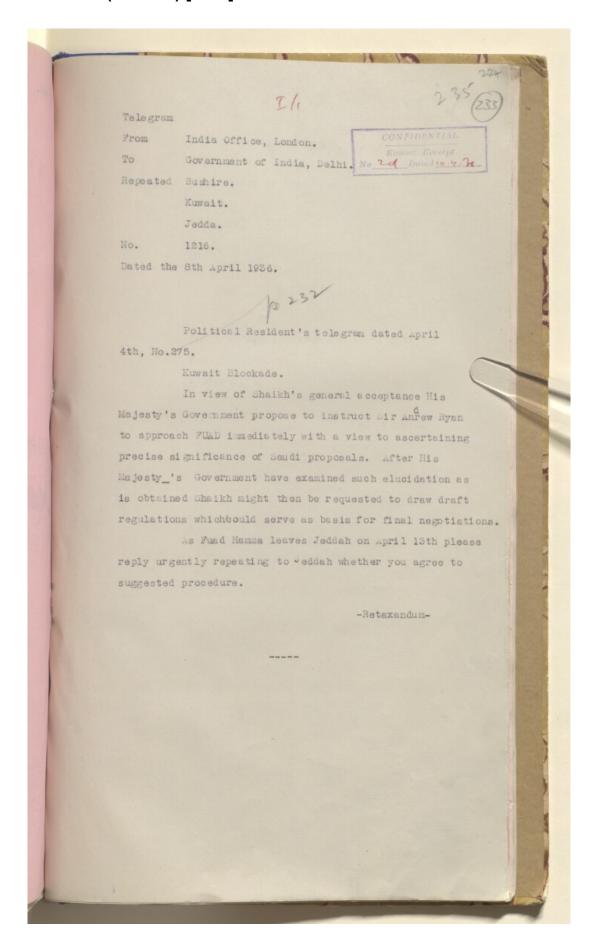


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٣٢ظ] (٣٧٠/٥١٥)



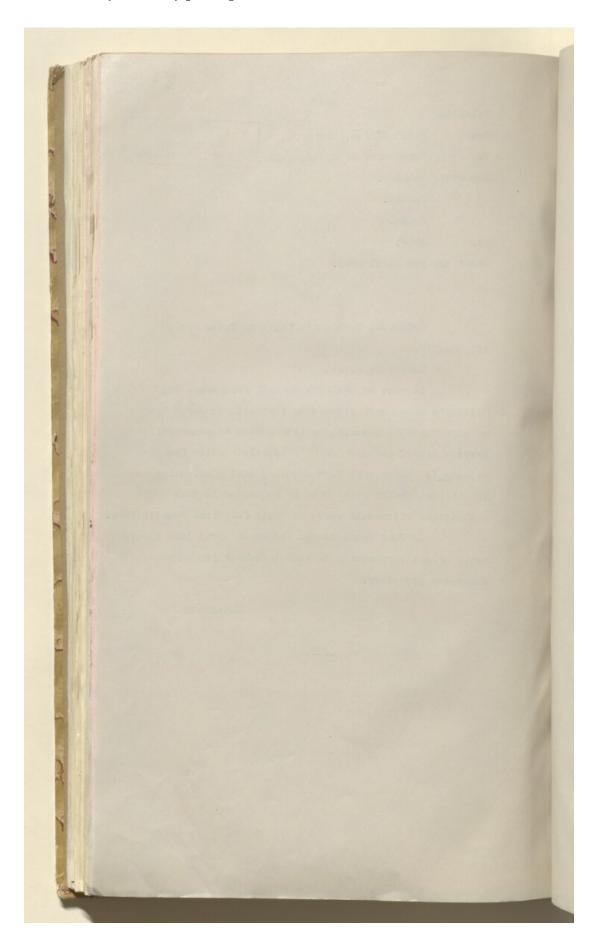


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣٦ و] (١٠/٤٧٤)



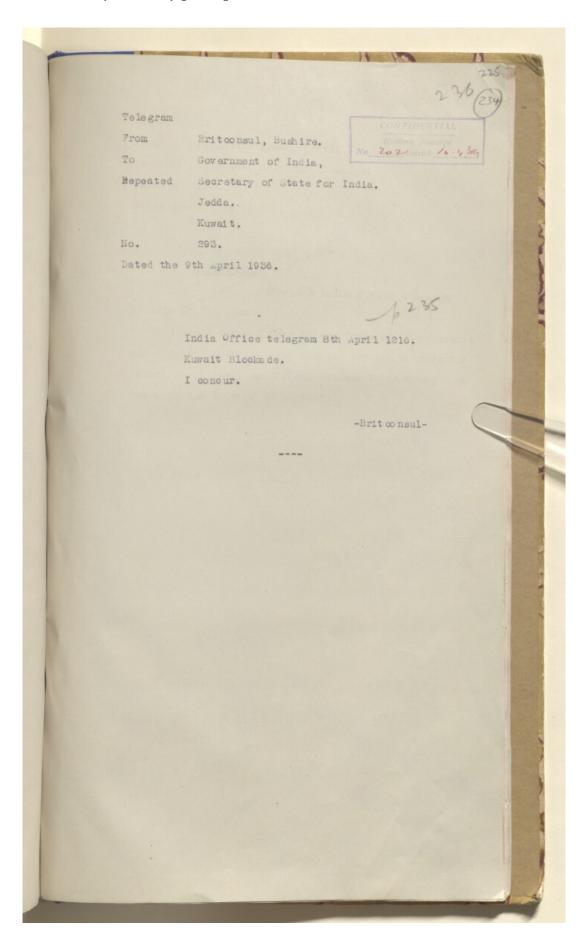


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٣٦ظ] (٥٧٠/٠١٥)



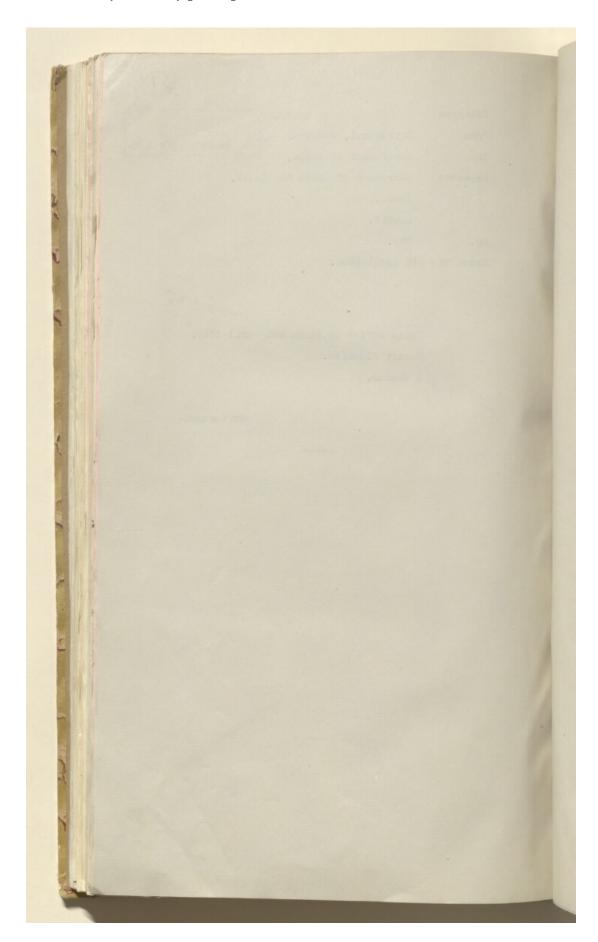


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٣٢و] (٢٧٤/٠١٥)



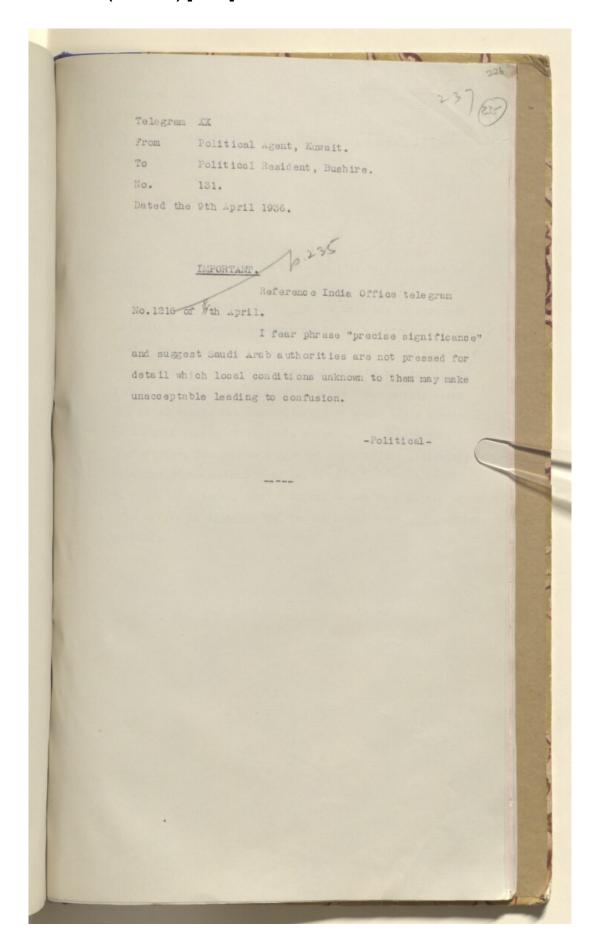


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤٠ظ] (٧٧٤/١٥)



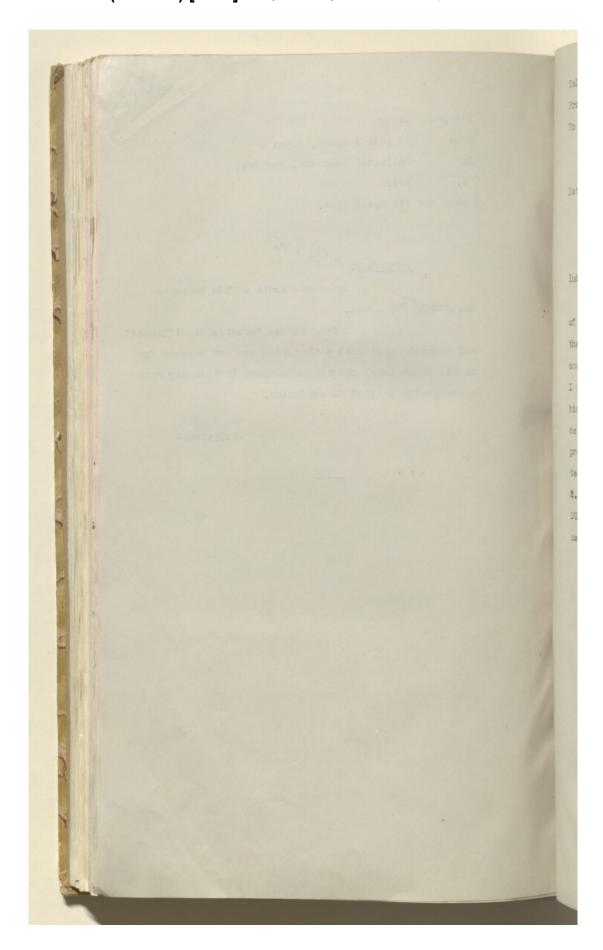


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٥٥] (١٠/٤٧٨)



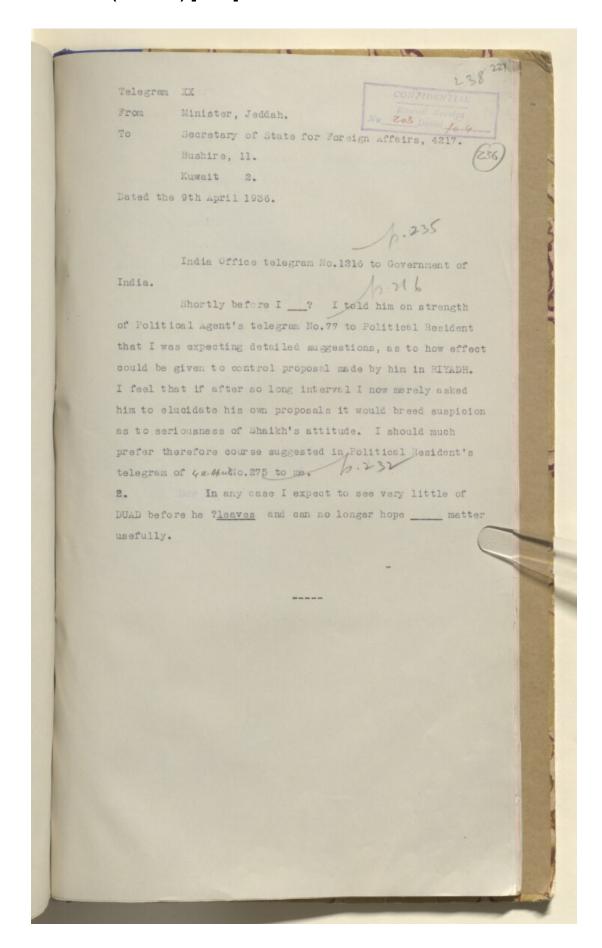


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٣٢ظ] (٩٧٤/١٥)



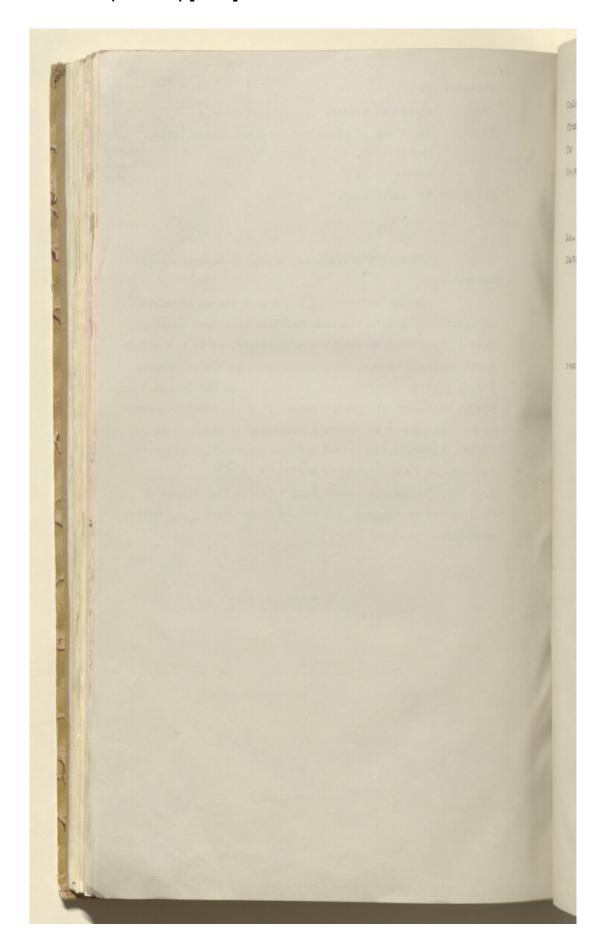


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦٦] (١٠/٤٨٠)



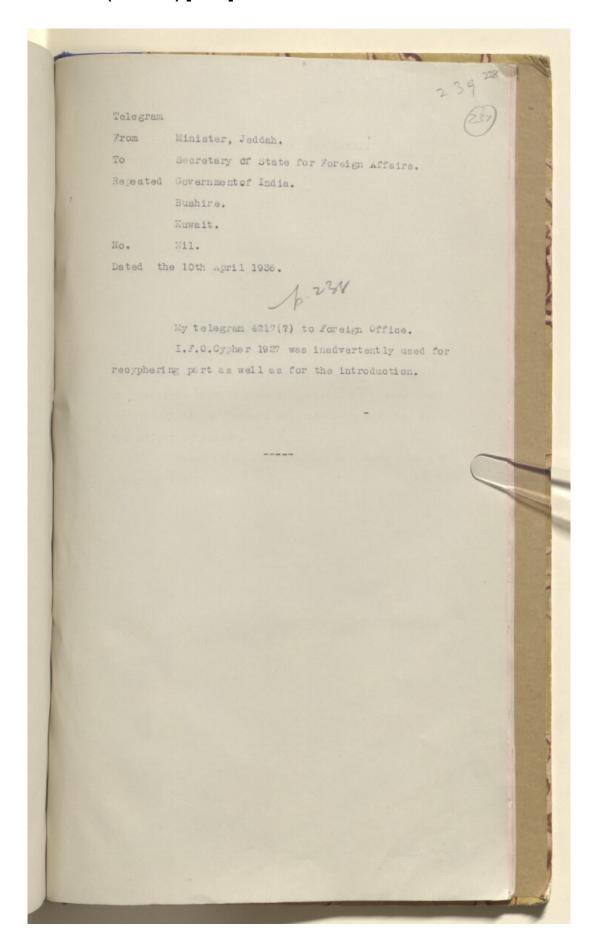


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٦٦ظ] (١٠/٤٨١ه)



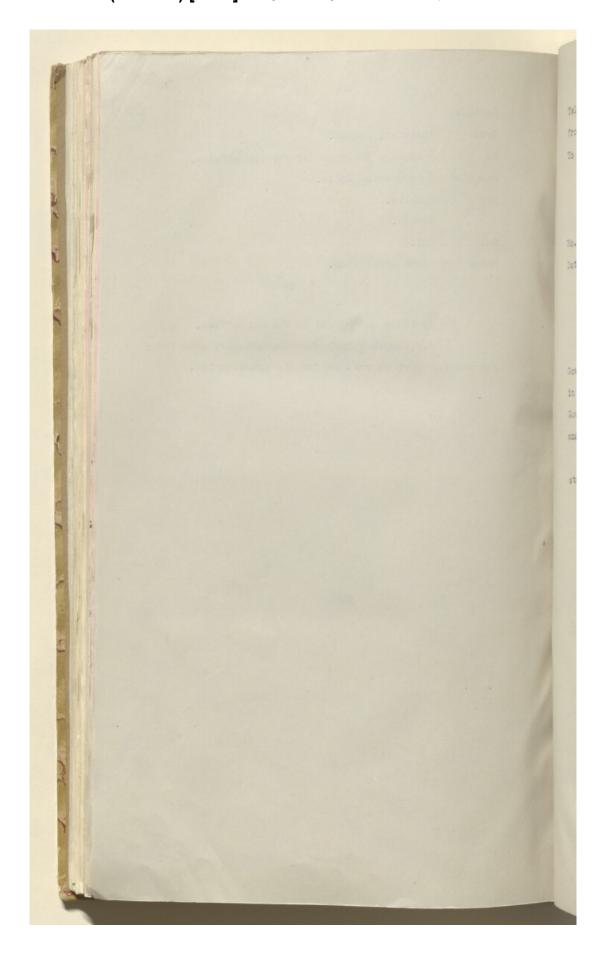


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٣٧و] (٢٨٤/٥١٥)



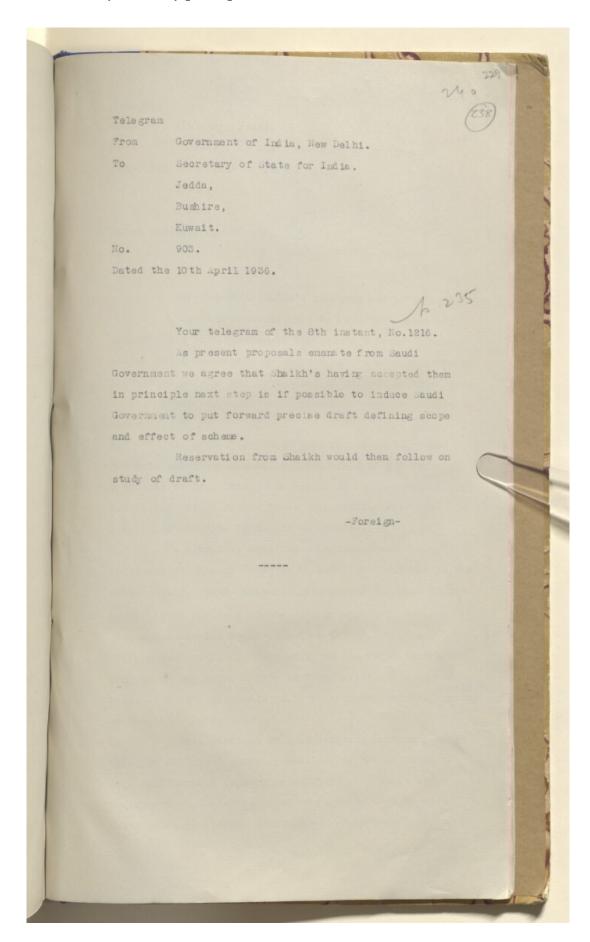


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٣٢ظ] (١٠/٤٨٣)



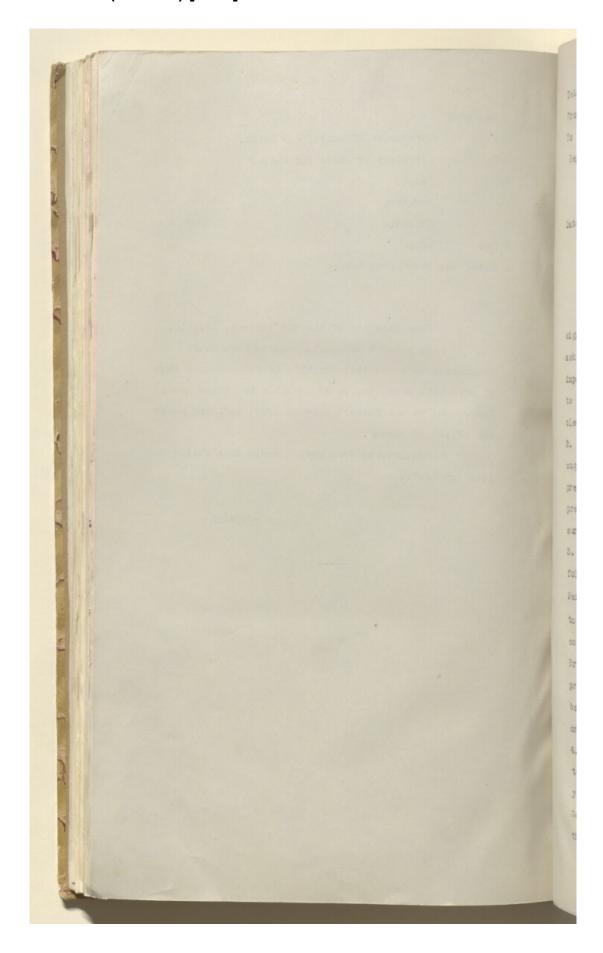


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٨٨ و] (١٠/٤٨٤)



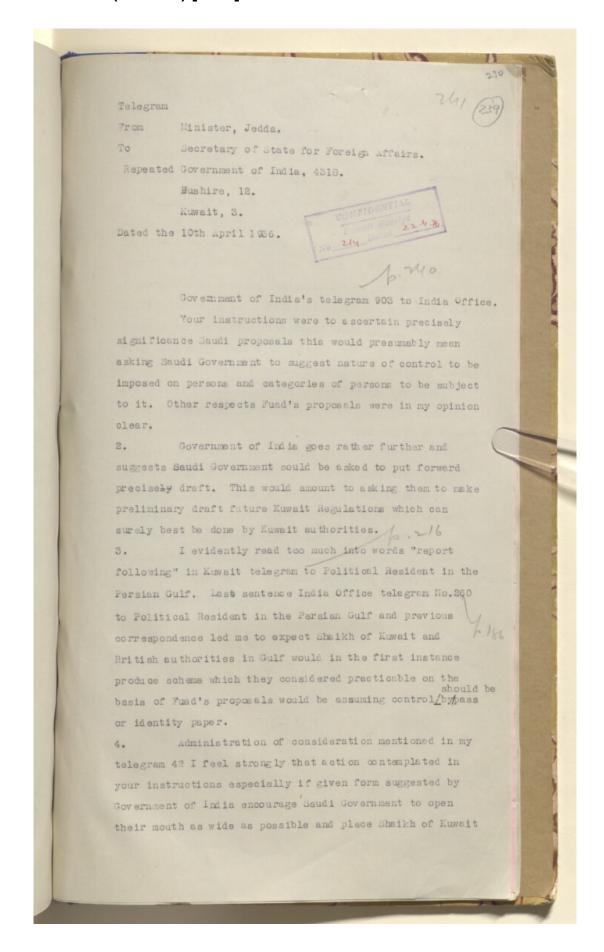


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٨٨ظ] (٥٨٠/٠١٥)



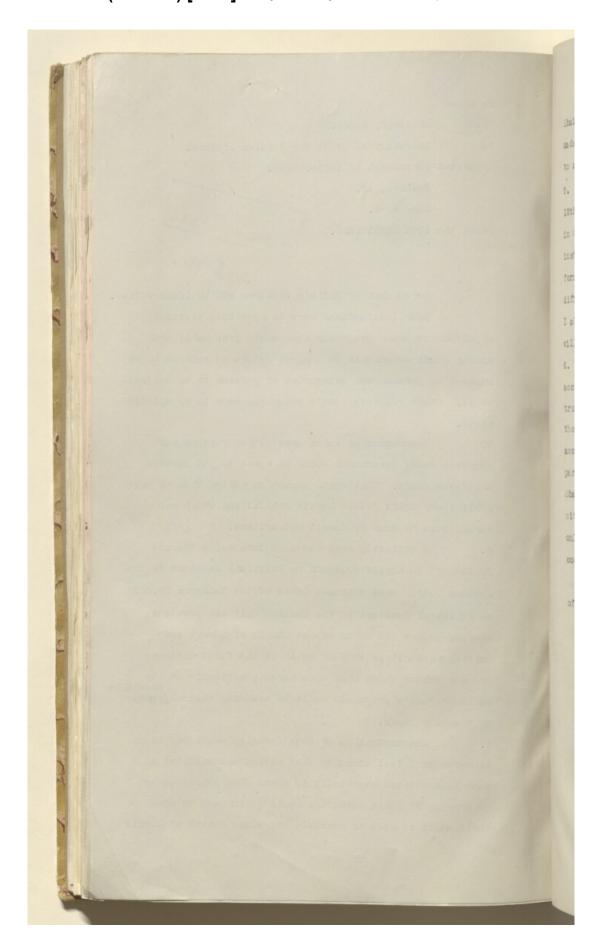


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٩٩ و] (١٠/٤٨٦)



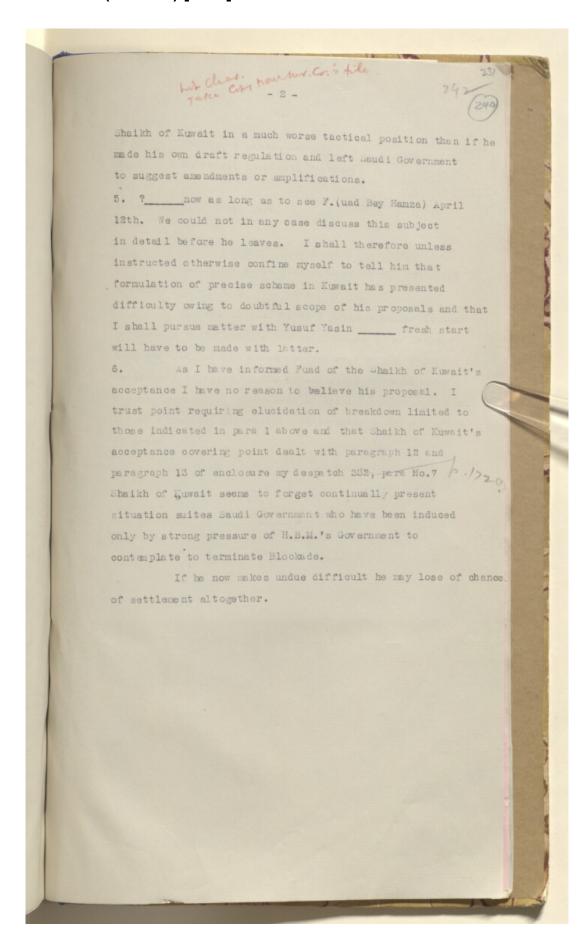


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٩٦ظ] (١٠/٤٨٧)



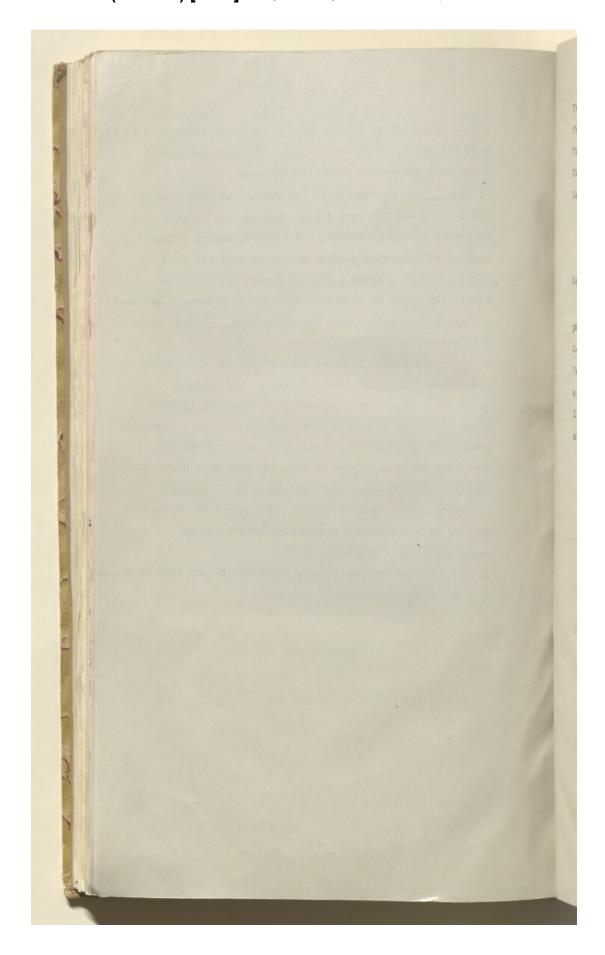


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٠١ و] (٨٨ ١٠/١٥)



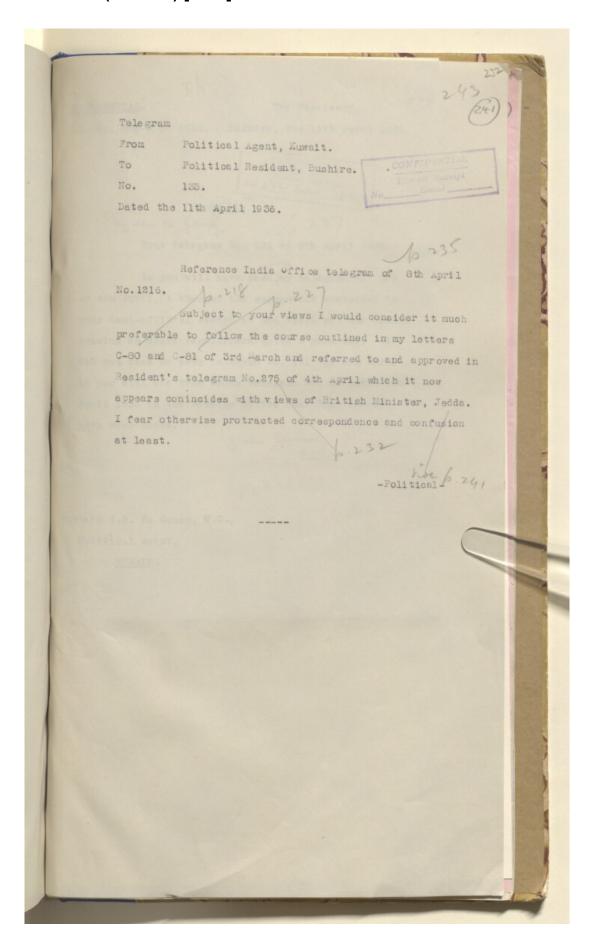


"١/١ المجلد ١/ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٠٤٢ظ] (٩٨٤/١٥)



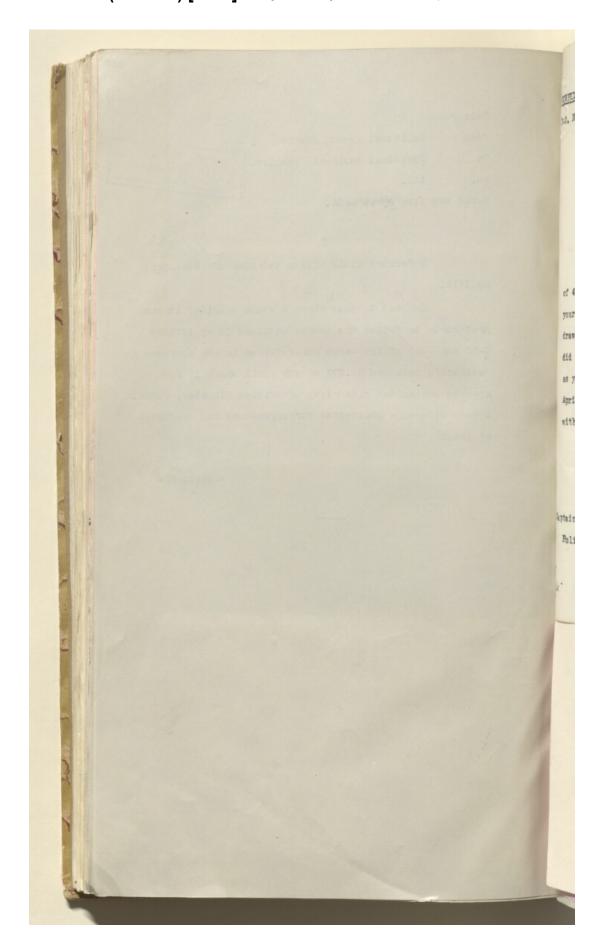


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٤٢ و] (٩٠/٥١٥)



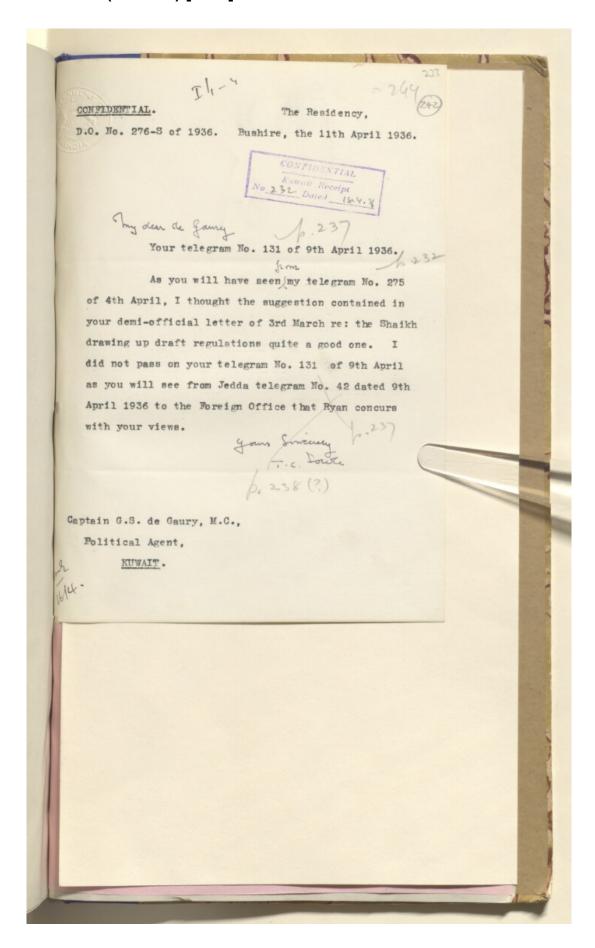


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [١٤٢ ظ] (٩١،١٠٥)



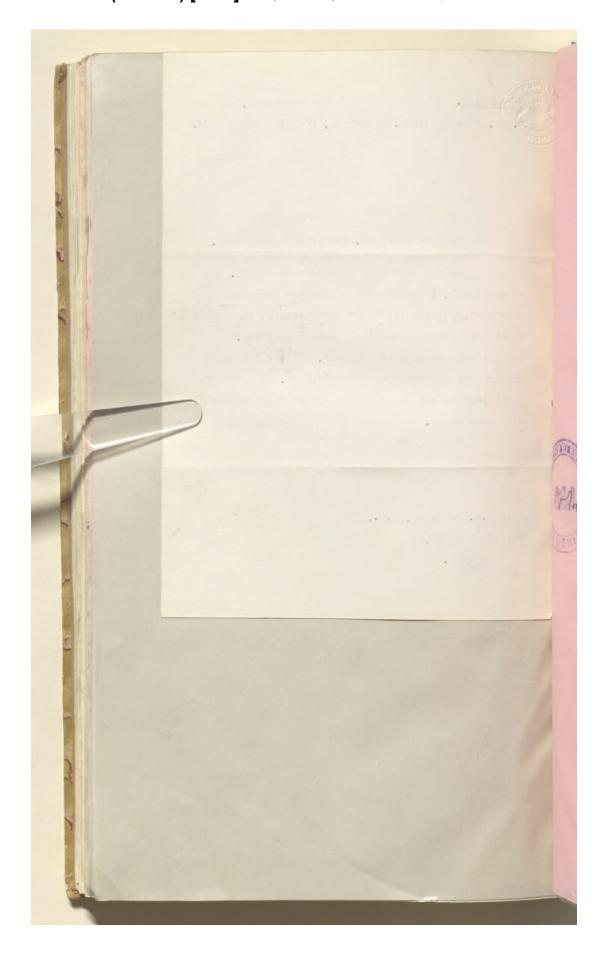


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤٢و] (١٠/٤٩٢)



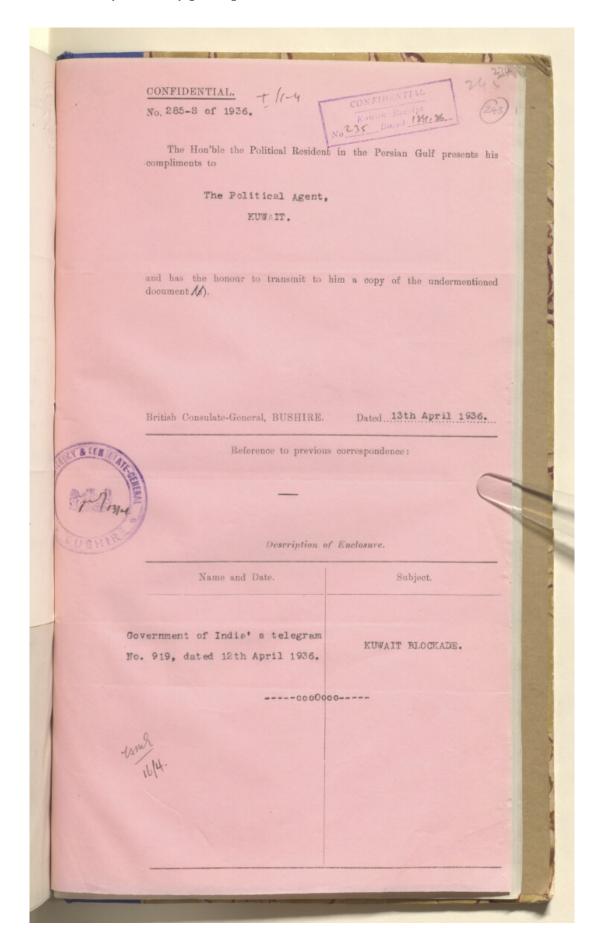


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤٢ظ] (٩٣ ١٠/١٥)



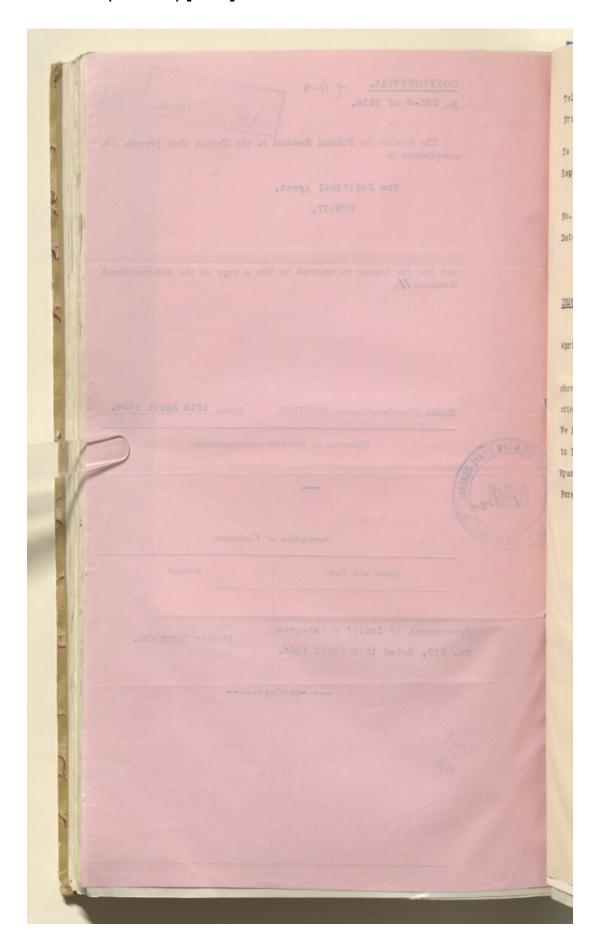


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤٢ و] (٤٩٤/١٥)



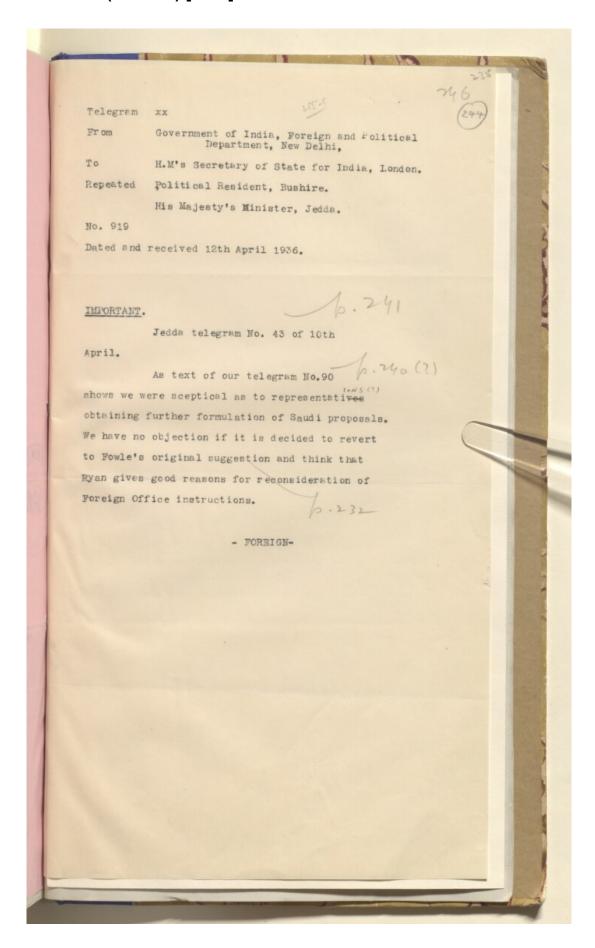


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٣٤٢ظ] (٥٩٠/١٥)



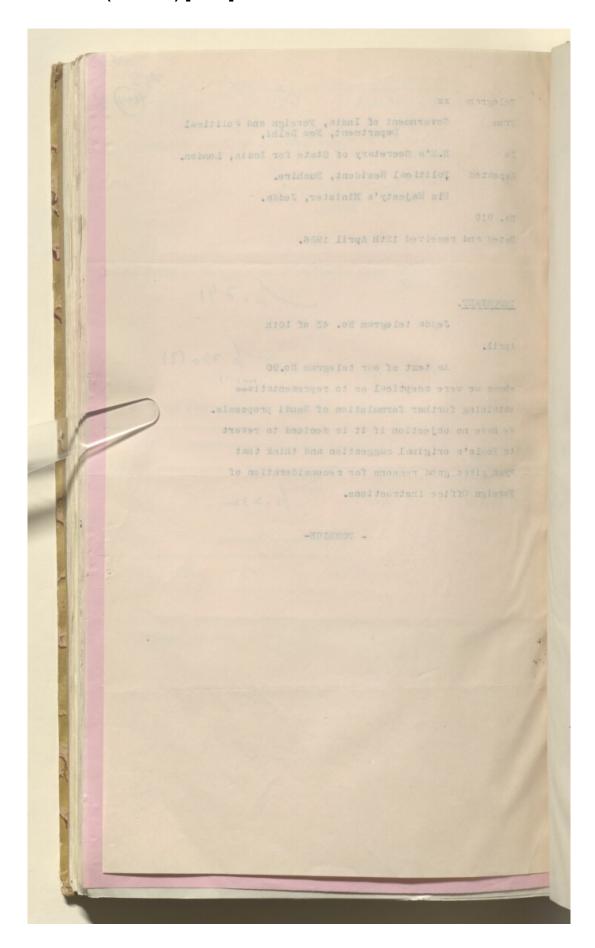


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٤٢و] (١٠/٤٩٦)



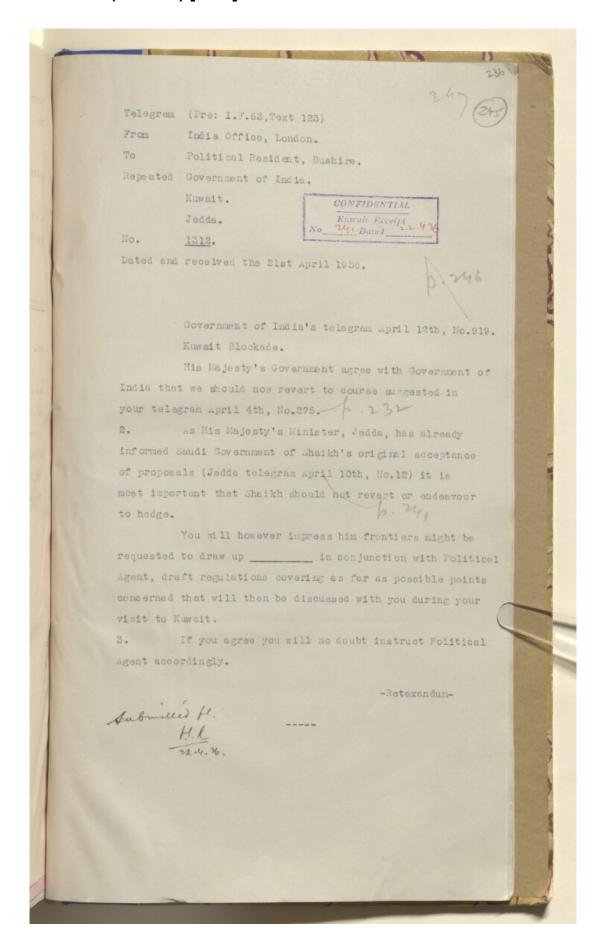


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٤٤٢ظ] (١٠/٤٩٧)



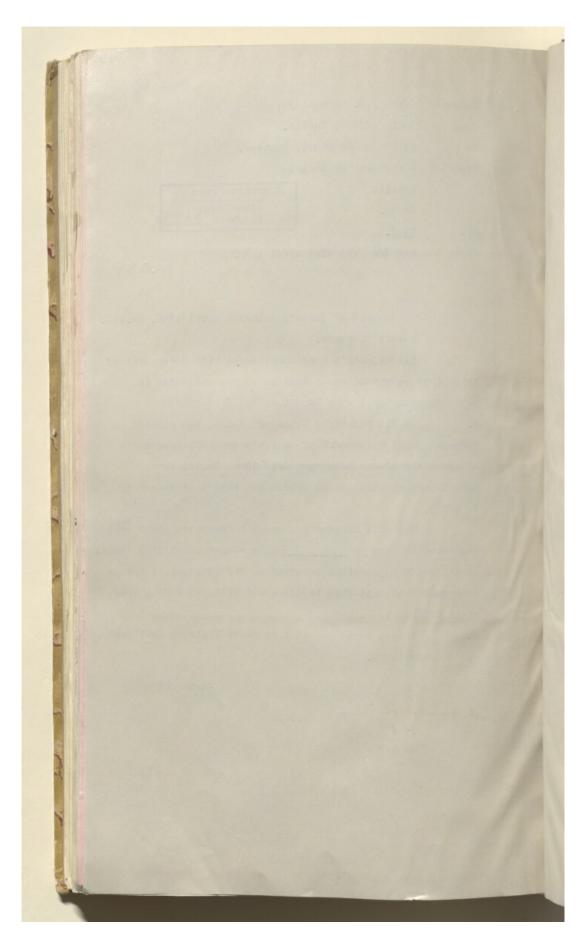


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥١٠و] (١٠/٤٩٨)



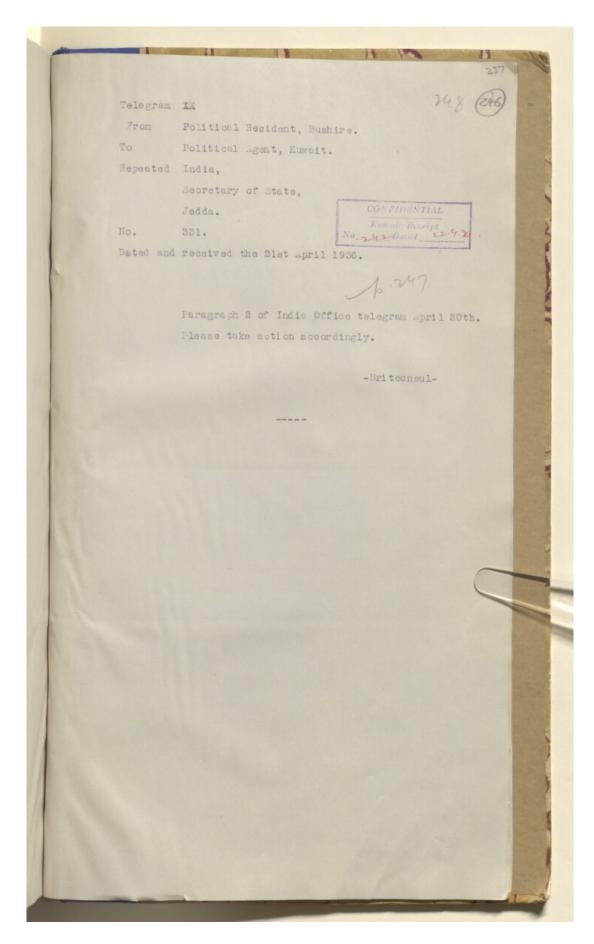


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٥٤٢ظ] (٩٩٪١٠٥)



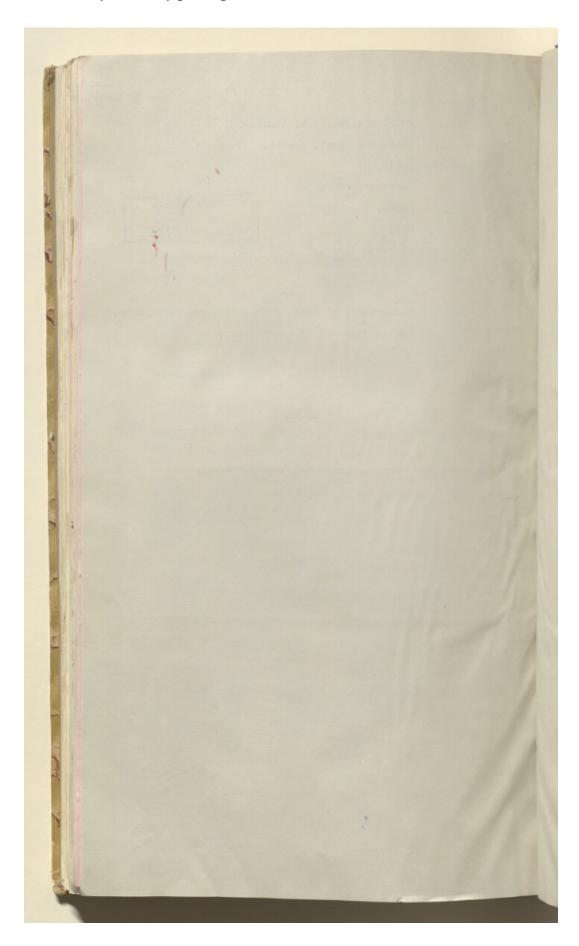


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤٦و] (٥٠٠/٥٠)



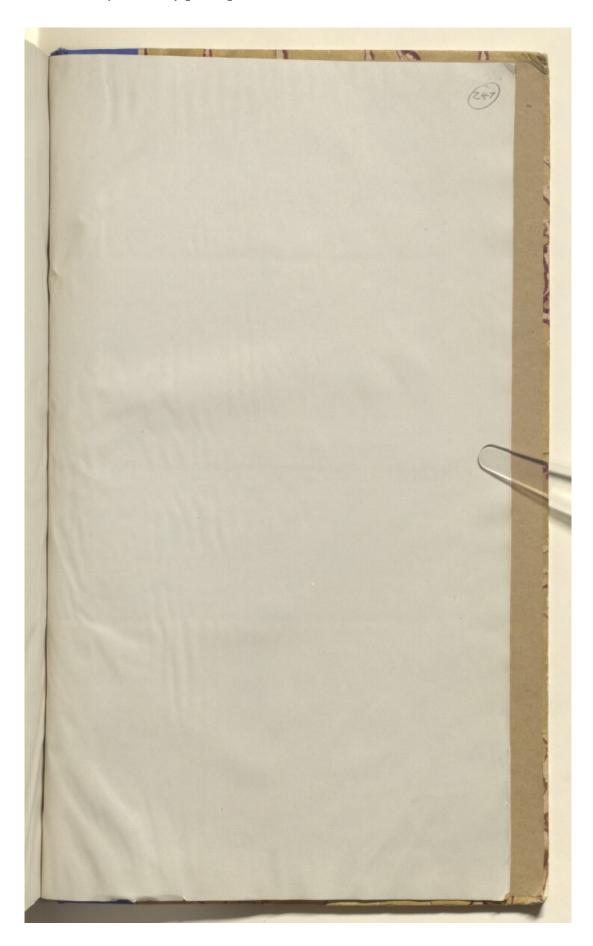


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٢٤٢ظ] (١٠/٥٠١)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٤٢و] (٢٠٥/٠١)



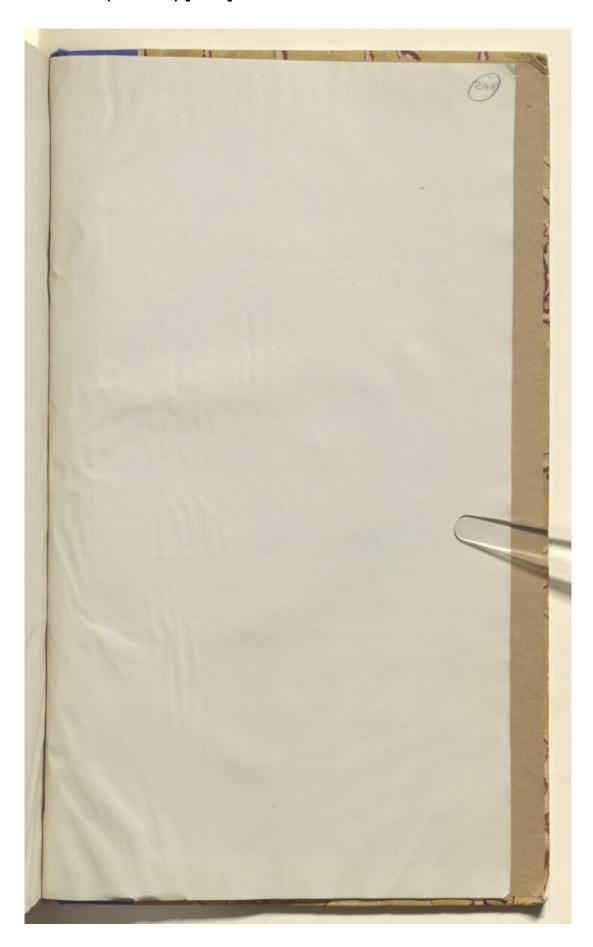


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٧٤٢ظ] (٣٠٥/٠١٥)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٤٢و] (١٠/٥٠٥)



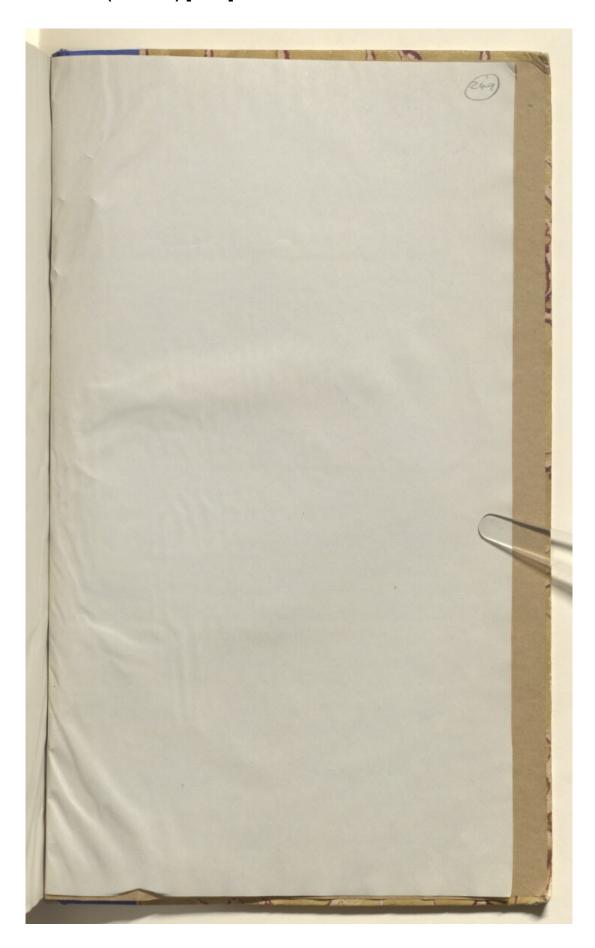


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٨٤٢ظ] (٥٠٥/٠١٥)



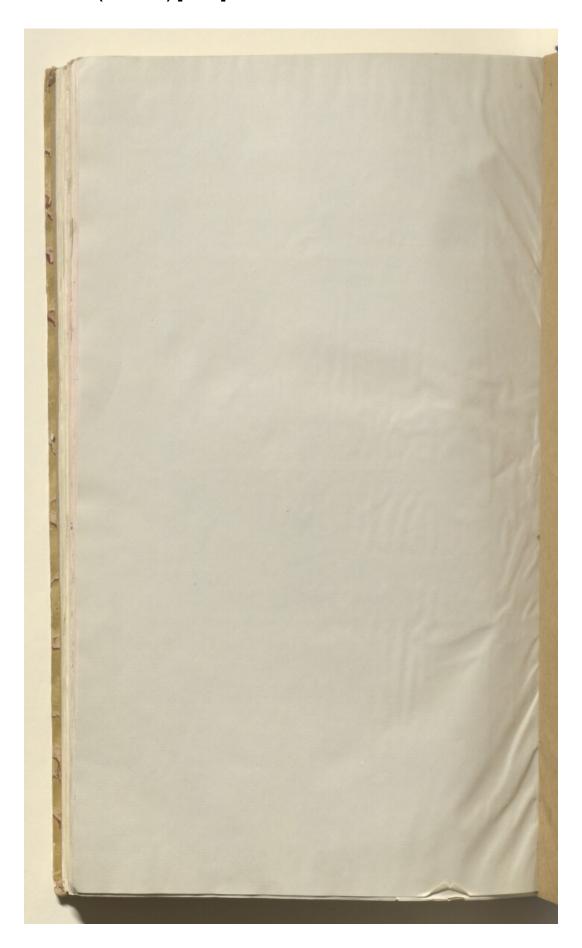


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٤٢و] (٥٠٠/٥٠)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [٩٤٢ظ] (١٠/٥٠٧)



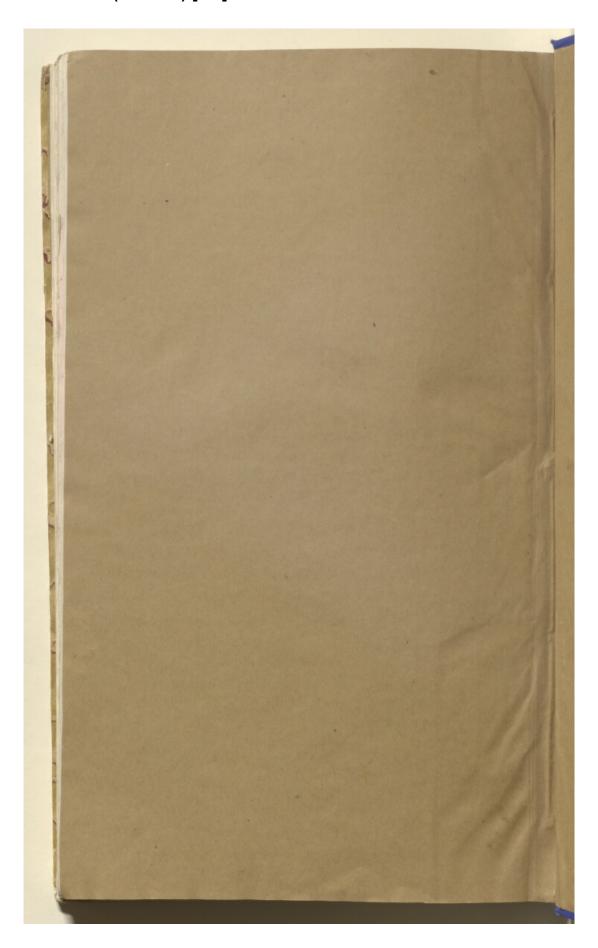


"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [ii-و] (١٠/٥٠٨)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [ii-ظ] (١٠/٥٠٩)





"١/١ المجلد ١٧ العلاقات الكويتية السعودية" [خلفي-داخلي] (١٠/٥١٠)

